

School of Basic Sciences and Research

Department of Chemistry and Biochemistry

Program Structure AY-2019-22

B.Sc. (Hons) Biochemistry Program Code: SBR0103



1. TITLE: Bachelor of Science (Hons.) in Biochemistry

2. DURATION OF THE COURSE: 3 YEARS

3. YEAR OF IMPLIMENTATION

This syllabus will be implemented for the session 2018-2021 onwards.

4. PREAMBLE

Total Credits- 145

Total Number of Semesters – 6 (Two semesters per year)

Total Number of Theory Papers – 31

Total Number of Practical courses – 12

Total Number of Minor Projects/Dissertations- 02

Number of papers (theory) per semester -05/06

Number of Laboratory courses per semester – 03/02



1.1 Vision, Mission and Core Values of the University

		Semester 1			Semester 2			
No.	Code	Course	Credit		No.	Code	Course	Credit
1	BBC102	Biomolecules	4		1	BBC 103	Tools and Techniques in Biochemistry	4
2	CSE115	Introduction to "C" programming	2		2	BBC104	Cell Biology	4
3	BCH101	Physical Chemistry-I	4		3	MTH215	Biostatistics	4
4	MSM101	Foundation Course in Mathematics	4		4	BCH102	Organic Chemistry-I	4
5	ARP101	Communicative English-1	2		5	EVS106	Environmental Studies	3
6	BCH151	Chemistry Lab-I	1		6	BCH152	Chemistry Lab-II	1
7	BBC151	Biological Science Lab-1	1		7	BBC152	Biological Science Lab-2	1
8	CSP115	"C" Programming Lab	2					
	To	tal Credit	20			To	tal Credit	21
		Semester 3					Semester 4	•
No.	Code	Course	Credit		No.	Code	Course	Credit
1	BBC201	Metabolism of Carbohydrates and Lipids	4		1	BBC204	Human Physiology	4
2	BBC202	Molecular Biology-I	4		2	BBC205	Enzymology	4
3	BCH302	Organic Chemistry-III	4		3	BBC206	Metabolism of Amino acids and nucleotides	4
4	BBC203	Introduction to microbiology	4		4	BBC207	Molecular biology-II	4
5	BCH201	Inorganic Chemistry-I	4		5	BBC208	Introduction to Cancer Biology	4
6	ABCXXX	University elective	2		6	BBC252	Molecular Biology Lab	2
7	CCU401	Community Connect	2		7	BBC253	Enzymology Lab	2
8	BBC251	Biological Science Lab-3	1					
9	BCH251	Chemistry Lab-III	1					
	To	tal Credit	26			To	tal Credit	24
		Semester 5	L				Semester 6	l
No.	Code	Course	Credit		No.	Code	Course	Credit
1	BBC301	Genetics	4		1	BBC306	Genetic Engineering and Biotechnology	4
2	BBC302	Hormonal Biochemistry	4		2	BBC307	Cell Signaling	4
3	BBC303	Immunology	4		3	BBC308	Bioinformatics	4
4	BBC304	Proteins	4		4	BBC309	Membrane Biochemistry and Bioenergetics	4
5	BBC305	Medical Biochemistry	4		5	BBC310/ BBC311	Virology/ Plant Physiology	4
6	BBC351	Genetics Lab	2			BBC354	Genetic Engineering Lab	2
7	BBC352	Immunology Lab	2		6	BBC355	Bioinformatics Lab	2
8	BBC353	Project/Dissertation	3		7	BBC356	Project/Dissertation	3
	To	tal Credit Total credits	of the B.S	c. (Hons) Bi		otal Credit Program: 145	27



Vision of the University

To serve the society by being a global University of higher learning in pursuit of academic excellence, innovation and nurturing entrepreneurship

Mission of the University

- 1. Transformative educational experience
- 2. Enrichment by educational initiatives that encourage global outlook
- **3.** Develop research, support disruptive innovations and accelerate entrepreneurship
- 4. Seeking beyond boundaries

Core Values

- Integrity
- Leadership
- Diversity
- Community



1.2 Vision and Mission of the School

School of Basic Sciences and Research

Vision of the School

Achieving excellence in the realm of basic and applied sciences to address the global challenges of evolving society

Mission of the School

- 1. To equip the students with knowledge and skills in basic and applied sciences
- **2.** Capacity building through advanced training and academic flexibility.
- **3.** To establish center of excellence for ecologically and socially innovative research.
- **4.** To strengthen interinstitutional and industrial collaboration for skill development and global employability.



1.3 Vision and Mission of Department of Chemistry and Biochemistry

Vision of Department of Chemistry and Biochemistry

Strive to achieve excellence in teaching and research in the field of Chemistry and Biochemistry and to build human resource for solving contemporary problems

Mission of Department of Chemistry and Biochemistry

- Providing distinctive and relevant education in Chemistry and Biochemistry to students.
- Motivating young minds through innovative teaching methods, to acquire theoretical knowledge and practical skills in different disciplines of chemistry and empowering them with problem solving skills.
- Nurturing innovation by carrying out world class research and scholarly work
- Promoting interdisciplinary research in collaboration with national/international laboratories/Institutions.



1.4.1 Programme Educational Objectives (PEO)

- **PEO 1:** To provide students the comprehensive knowledge base in biochemistry and applied sciences through analytical and application based learning.
- **PEO 2:** To inculcate in students the critical analysis skills, questioning and reasoning power and train them for a future career in higher studies and research.
- **PEO 3:** To provide students high quality teaching through innovative methods and empowering them with hands on training on various aspects of biochemistry and allied biological subjects.
- **PEO 4:** To encourage students to build their potential in scientific knowledge and interdisciplinary research to serve or contribute to the society



1.4.3Program Outcomes (PO's)

PO 1: Knowledge- Students will be able to gain in-depth and detailed functional knowledge of the fundamental concepts and experimental methods of biochemistry and allied sciences

PO 2: Proficiency- Students will demonstrate competence in the analysis and critique of scholarly work in their area of expertise in biochemistry

PO 3: Research- Students will demonstrate their academic skills necessary to take up higher education on core or interdisciplinary research issues.

PO 3: Skills- Students will be able to design, conduct, analyze, and interpret data for a biochemistry and interdisciplinary research study

PO 4: Communication- Students will be capable to demonstrate their skills necessary for scientific communication/ oral and poster presentation/ Journal club / mini projects / Dissertation.

PO 6: Responsibility- Students shall have a clear understanding of professional and ethical responsibility



MESTER	COURSE OPTED	COURSE NAME	Credits
	Ability Enhancement Compulsory Course-I	Communicative English-1	2
	Core course-I	Biomolecules	4
	Core course-I Practical	Biological Science Lab-I	1
ı	Generic Elective-I	Physical Chemistry-I	4
	Generic Elective-I Practical	Chemistry Lab-I	1
	Generic Elective-II	Foundation course in mathematics	4
	Ability Enhancement Elective Course-I	Introduction to "c" Programming	4
	Ability Enhancement Compulsory Course-II	Environmental Studies	3
	Core course-II	Tools and Techniques in Biochemistry	4
	Core course-III	Cell Biology	4
II	Core course-III Practical	Biological Science Lab-2	1
	Generic Elective-III	Biostatistics	4
	Generic Elective-IV	Organic Chemistry-I	1
	Generic Elective-IV Practical	Chemistry Lab-II	4
	Core course-IV	Metabolism of Carbohydrates and Lipids	4
	Core course-V	Molecular. Biology-I	4
	Core course V Practical	Biological Science Lab-3	1
	Discipline Specific Elective-I	Introduction to microbiology	4
III	Ability Enhancement Elective Course-II	From University List	2
	Generic Elective-V	Inorganic Chemistry-I	4
	Generic Elective-V Practical	Chemistry lab-3	1
	Generic Elective-VI	Organic Chemistry-III	4
	Ability Enhancement Compulsory Course- III	Community Connect	2
	Core course-VI	Human Physiology	4
	Core course-VII	Enzymology	4
	Core course VII Practical	Enzymology Lab	2
IV	Core course-VIII	Metabolism of Amino acids and Nucleotides	4
	Core course VIII Practical	Molecular Biology lab	2
	Core course-IX	Molecular Biology-II	4
	Discipline Specific Elective-II	Introduction to Cancer Biology	4
	Core course-X	Genetics	4
	Core course X Practical	Genetics Lab	2
	Core course-XI	Hormonal Biochemistry	4
V	Core course-XII	Immunology	4
\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	Core course XII Practical	Immunology Lab	2
	Core course-XIII	Proteins	4
	Discipline Specific Elective-III	Medical Biochemistry	4
	Discipline Specific Elective-IV	Project-1/ Dissertation	3
	Core course-XIV	Genetic Engineering and Biotechnology	4
	Core course XIV Practical	Genetic Engineering Lab	2
	Core course-XV	Cell Signaling	4
VI	Core course-XVI	Bioinformatics	4
"	Core course XVI Practical	Bioinformatics Lab	2
	Core course-XVII	Membrane Biochemistry and Bioenergetics	4
	Discipline Specific Elective-V	Virology/ Plant Physiology	4
	Discipline Specific Elective-VI	Project-2/ Dissertation	3



Core Course (C):

- 1. Biomolecules
- 2. Tools and Techniques in biochemistry
- **3.** Cell Biology
- **4.** Metabolism of Carbohydrates and Lipids
- **5.** Molecular Biology.-I
- **6.** Human Physiology
- **7.** Enzymology
- 8. Metabolism of Amino acids and Nucleotides
- 9. Molecular Biology-II
- 10. Genetics
- 11. Hormonal Biochemistry
- **12.** Immunology
- 13. Proteins
- 14. Genetic Engineering and biotechnology
- 15. Cell Signalling
- **16.** Bioinformatics
- 17. Membrane Biochemistry and Bioenergetics

Discipline Specific Elective Course (DSE):

- 1. Introduction to microbiology
- **2.** Introduction to cancer biology
- 3. Medical Biochemistry
- 4. Dissertation/Project-I
- **5.** Virology/ Plant Physiology
- **6.** Dissertation/Project-II

General Elective course (GE-I to GE-VI):

- 1. Physical Chemistry-I
- 2. Foundation course in Mathematics
- 3. Biostatistics
- 4. Organic Chemistry-I
- 5. Inorganic Chemistry-I
- **6.** Organic Chemistry-III

Ability Enhancement Compulsory Course (AECC):

- 1. Basic /Intermediate English
- 2. Environmental Studies
- 3. Community Connect

Ability Enhancement Elective Course (AEEC)

- 1. Introduction to "C" Programming
- 2. From University List



ester	CORE COURSI	E (CC): (17)	Ability Enhancement Compulsory Course (AECC) (2)	Ability Enhancement Elective Course (AEEC) (Skill Based) (2)	Elective: Discipline Specific DSE (6)	Elective: Generic (GE) (6)
I	Biomole	cules	AECC-1	AEEC-1		GE-1 GE-2
II	Tools and technique in biochemistry	Cell Biology	AECC-2			GE-3
III	Metabolism of Carbohydrates and lipids	Molecular Biology-1	AECC-3	AEEC-2	DSE-1	GE-4 GE-5 GE-6
	Human Physiology	Enzymology				
IV	Metabolism of amino acids and nucleotides	Molecular Biology-2			DSE-2	
V	Genetics Immunology	Hormonal Biochemistry Proteins			DSE-3 DSE-4	
	Genetic Engineering and Biotechnology	Cell Signaling			DSE-5	
VI	Bioinformatics Membrane Biochemistry and Bioenergetics				DSE-6	
Credits	83		7	6	22	27



TERM: I

S. No.	Subject	Subjects	ojects Teaching Load			Credits	Core/ Elective
	Code	,	L	T	P		
1	BBC102	Biomolecules	Biomolecules 3 1 0		0	4	CC
2	CSE115	Introduction to "C " Programming	2	0	0	2	AEEC
3	BCH101	Physical Chemistry-I 3 1 0			0	4	GE
4	MSM101	Foundation Course in Mathematics 3 1 0 4			4	GE	
5	ARP101	Communicative English-1 1 0 0			2	AECC	
		Practical					
1	BBC151	Biological science Lab- I	0	0	2	1	CC
2	BCH 151	Chemistry Lab-1	0	0	2	1	GE
3	CSP115	"C" Programming Lab 0 0 3			2	AEEC	
			20				



TERM: II

		-	Tea	ching L	oad			
S. No.	Course Code	Course Code Course		Т	P	Credits	Core/Elective	
	Theory Subjects							
1	BBC 103	Tools and Techniques in Biochemistry	3	1	0	4	CC	
2	BBC104	Cell Biology	3	1	0	4	CC	
3	MTH215	Biostatistics	3 1 0		4	GE		
4	BCH102	Organic Chemistry-I	3 0 0		0	4	GE	
5	EVS106	Environmental Studies	3	0	0	3	AECC	
		Practical						
1	BBC152	Biological science Lab-II	0	0	2	1	CC	
2	BCH 152	Chemistry Lab-2	0 0 2		1	GE		
	TOTAL CREDITS 21							



TERM: III

	Paper	ID			Topo	hing Lo	od.		Core/Elective
S. No.	Course (Course	L	T	P	Credits	Core/Elective
				Theory S	l			l I	
1	BBC2	201		Metabolism of arbohydrates and Lipids	3	1	0	4	CC
2	BBC2	202	(G	lecular Biology-1 ene organization, ication and repair)	3	1	0	4	CC
3	всн3	302	Org	anic Chemistry-III	3	1	0	4	GE
4	BBC2	203	-	Introduction to microbiology	3	1	0	4	DSE
5	ВСН2	201	Inorganic Chemistry-I		3	1	0	4	GE
6	ABCX	XX	Ur	niversity Elective	2	0	0	2	AEEC
7	CCU4	01	Co	mmunity Connect	0	0	4	2	AECC
				Prac	tical				
1		BBC 2	251	Biological science Lab-III	0	0	2	1	CC
2		BCH 2	Chemistry Lab-3		0	0	2	1	GE
					TOTA	L CRE	DITS	26	



TERM: IV

S. No.	Course Code	Course	Tea	ching L	⊿oad	Credits	Core/Elective	
5.110.			L	T	P	-		
	Theory Subjects							
1	BBC204	Human Physiology	3	1	0	4	CC	
2	BBC205	Enzymology	3	1	0	4	CC	
3	BBC206	Metabolism of Amino acids and nucleotides	3	1	0	4	CC	
4	BBC207	Molecular biology-II	3	1	1	4	CC	
5	BBC208	Introduction to Cancer Biology	3	1	0	4	DSE	
		Practic	eal					
1	BBC252	MolecularBiologyLab	0	0	3	2	CC	
2	BBC253	EnzymologyLab 0 0 3		2	CC			
	TOTAL CREDITS 24							



TERM: V

S. No.	Course Code	Course	Tea	ching L	oad	Credits	Core/Elective
5.110.	Course Coue		L	T	P	Cituits	
		Theory S	ubjects				
1	BBC301	Genetics	3	1	0	4	CC
2	BBC302	Hormonal Biochemistry	3	1	0	4	CC
3	BBC303	Immunology	3	1	0	4	CC
4	BBC304	Proteins	3	1	0	4	CC
5	BBC304	Medical Biochemistry	3	1	0	4	DSE
		Practical/	Project				
1	BBC351	Genetics Lab	0	0	3	2	CC
2	BBC352	Immunology Lab	0	0	3	2	CC
3	BBC353	Project/Dissertation-I 0 0 3		3	3	DSE	
			ТО	TAL CR	EDITS	27	



TERM: VI

C No	Course Code	Corrego	Teac	hing L	oad	Credits	Core/Elective
S. No.	Course Code	Course	L	Т	P	Credits	
		Theory Subj	ects				
1	BBC306	Genetic Engineering and Biotechnology	3	3 1 1		4	CC
2	BBC307	Cell Signaling	3	1	0	4	CC
3	BBC308	Bioinformatics	3	3 1 1			CC
4	BBC309	Membrane Biochemistry and Bioenergetics	* 3 1 1 7			CC	
5	BBC310/ BC311	Virology/ Plant Physiology 3 1 0		4	DSE		
		Practical/ Pro	oject				
1	BBC354	Genetic Engineering Lab	0	0	3	2	CC
2	BBC355	BioinformaticsLab	0	0	3	2	CC
3	BBC356	Project/Dissertation 3 0 0		3	DSE		
		27					
		145					



Core Theory Courses:

2.1.1: Biomolecules (BBC 102)

School:	SBSR	Batch: 2019-22
Progran	n:B.Sc. (Honours)	Current Academic Year: 2019-20
Branch:	Biochemistry	Semester: Term I
1	Course Code	BBC102
2	Course Title	Biomolecules
3	Credits	4
4	Contact Hours	3-1-1
	(L-T-P)	
	Course Status	Compulsory
5	Course Objective	 Recognize monosaccharides and their derivatives, understand how monosaccharides cyclize to form two different anomers and how a glycosidic bond links two monosaccharides. Know the overall structure of an amino acid and the structures of the 20 different 'R' groups, understand how peptide bonds link amino acid residues in a polypeptide. Understand that the planar character of the peptide group limits the conformational flexibility of the polypeptide chain, become familiar with the different structures form of protein. Become familiar with the structures and nomenclature of the major classes of lipids,including fatty acids, triacylglycerols, glycerophospholipids, sphingolipids, and steroids. Become familiar with the structures and nomenclature of the eight common nucleotides, understand how nucleotides are linked together to form nucleic acids and become familiar with the structural features of the DNA double helix.
6	Course Outcomes	Having successfully completed this module students will be able to; CO 1: Discuss chemical and molecular processes take place in and between cells related to carbohydrate, recognize the structure and properties of simple carbohydrates, oligosaccharides and polysaccharides. CO 2: Write the different structure and learn the function of different amino acids. CO 3: Understand the different levels of proteins structure and its importance and principles, concepts and facts of the structure and their related functions of proteins.



		CO 4: Discuss the structure, functions of different lipids and its
		importance as energy storage, understand of structure properties and
		biological functions of lipids and biological membranes.
		CO 5: Understand why DNA is genetic material, DNA functions,
		Watson and Crick structure, understand of structure properties and
		biological roles heterocyclic bases nucleotides and nucleic acids in living
		organism.
		CO 6: Understand structure, function and importance of all
		macromolecules necessary for human beings.
7	Course	This course covers basic structures and functions of carbohydrates, amino
	Description	acids, proteins, lipids and nucleic acids.
8	Outline syllabus :	Biomolecules
	Unit 1	Carbohydrates and glycobiology
	A	Monosaccharides - structure of aldoses and ketoses, ring structure of
		sugars, conformations of sugars, mutarotation, anomers, epimers and
		enantiomers, structure of biologically important sugar derivatives.
	В	Disaccharides - reducing and non-reducing disaccharides.
		Polysaccharides – homo and hetero polysaccharides, structural and
		storage polysaccharides.
	С	Structure and role of proteoglycans, glycoproteins and glycolipids
		(gangliosides and lipopolysaccharides).
	Unit 2	Amino acids
	A	Structure and classification, physical, chemical and optical properties of
		amino acids.
	В	Amino acids and their properties - hydrophobic, polar and charged.
	C	Essential and non-essential amino acid.
	Unit 3	Protein and its structure
	A	Organization of protein structure into primary, secondary, tertiary and quaternary structures.
		1
	В	fibrous and globular proteins; elementary ideas onprotein denaturation and renaturation
		Structure and function of Insulin, glutathione, antidiuretic hormone,
	С	hemoglobin and myoglobin
	Unit 4	Lipids
		Building blocks of lipids - fatty acids, glycerol, ceramide. Storage lipids -
	A	triacyl glycerol and waxes.
	В	Structural lipids in membranes – glycerophospholipids, galactolipids and sulpholipids, sphingolipids and sterols, structure, distribution and role of
	В	membrane lipids.
	С	Plant steroids. Lipids as signals, cofactors and pigments
	Unit 5	Nucleic acids
1		= '=



A			e and properties. Nucleic acid structure – Watson-			
	Crick n	nodel of DNA				
В	Structu	re of major sp	ecies of RNA - mRNA, tRNA and rRNA. Nucleic			
D	acid che	emistry - UV a	absorption, effect of acid and alkali on DNA.			
С	Other fo	unctions of nu	cleotides - source of energy, component of			
	coenzymes, second messengers.					
Mode of	Theory	Theory				
examination						
Weightage	CA	MTE	ETE			
Distribution	30%	20%	50%			
	1.	Principle of B	iochemistry by Nelson and Cox, 3rd edition.			
Text book/s*	2.	Fundamentals	of Biochemistry by Voet and Voet, 3rd edition.			
	3.	Biochemistry	ByLubertStryer, 5th Edition.			
Other References	Nil	_				



2.1.2: Tools and Techniques (BBC103)

Schoo	ol: SBSR	Batch: 2019-22
Progr	ram: B.Sc.	Current Academic Year: 2019-2020
(Hone	ours)	
Branc	ch: Biochemistry	Semester: Term II
1	Course Code	BBC103
2	Course Title	TOOLS AND TECHNIQUES IN BIOCHEMISTRY
3	Credits	4
4	Contact Hours	3-1-1
	(L-T-P)	
	Course Status	Compulsory
5	Course	1. To introduce the students about the basic concepts making of various
	Objective	kinds of solution and the use of buffer
		2. To discuss about the role of electric current in the movement of
		biomolecules through polymer and the various application of the
		technique 3. To make the student understand about the centrifugal and centripetal
		forces which is necessary for the rotation of biomolecules at a very high
		speed at very low temperature
		4. To make the students aware of the fact of separation techniques using
		various chromatographic procedures
		5. To study the role and application of various spectroscopic techniques
		used in research
		6.
6	Course	CO 1: Understand the effectiveness of preparing a solution in the laboratory
	Outcomes	classes and the importance of buffer in the experiment. CO 2: Able to correlate the role of applied current in the movement of
		biomolecules
		CO 3: Explain the centrifugation process in detail thereby will help them in
		doing research
		CO 4: Under the various separation techniques of biomolecules like protein,
		nucleic acid etc.
		CO 5: Explain the concept of spectroscopic method and other technique
		CO 6: Understand all basic concept of techniques given and apply them in
		problem solving in research/projects
7	Course	This course describes the importance of the tools and techniques and their
/		working principle for the use in experimental purpose.
	Description	working principle for the use in experimental purpose.



8	Outline syllabus	
	Unit 1	Biochemical reagents and solutions
	A	Safety practices in the laboratory. Preparation and storage of solution
	В	Concentration and storing of the solutions. Quantitative transfer of liquids. Concept of a buffer
	С	Henderson-Hassel batch equation, Working of a pH meter
	Unit 2	Electrophoresis
	A	Basic Principle of electrophoresis, Factors affecting electrophoretic mobility, Agarose gel electrophoresis,
	В	PAGE, SDS-PAGE, Native gels, Blotting techniques: Southern Blotting
	С	Northern Blotting and Western Blotting, Iso-electric focusing of proteins
	Unit 3	Centrifugation
	A	Principle of sedimentation, sedimentation coefficient, Principle of centrifugation
	В	Various types of centrifuges, different types of rotors for centrifuges
	С	Differential centrifugation, density gradient centrifugation
	Unit 4	Chromatography and Separation technique
	A	Methods of protein precipitation and purification, Salting out, Isoelectric Dialysis, Ultrafiltration
	В	Mobile and immobile phase, Basic principle of chromatography, Partition coefficient, paper chromatography, Thin layer chromatography
	С	Gel permeation chromatography, Affinity chromatography, Ion-exchange chromatography
	Unit 5	Spectroscopic Techniques and applications
	A	Design of spectrophotometer, principle, Beer's Lambert's Law
	В	UV, IR, NMR and ESR



С	Applications of techniques Theory		
Mode of examination			
Weightage	CA	MTE	ETE
Distribution	30%	20%	50%
Text book/s*	 Lehninger: Principles of Biochemistry (2013) 6th ed., Nelson, D.L. and Cox, M.M., W.H. Freeman and Company (New York), ISBN:13: 978-1-4641-0962-1 / ISBN:10:1-4292-3414- 8 The Tools of Biochemistry (1977; Reprint 2011) Cooper, T.G., Wiley India Pvt. Ltd. (New Delhi), ISBN: 978-81-265-3016-8. 		
Other References	1. Physical Biochemistry (2009) 2nd Edition., Sheehan, D., Wiley-Blackwell (West Sussex), ISBN:9780470856024 / ISBN: 9780470856031		



2.1.3: Cell Biology (BBC104)

School: SBSR		Batch: 2019-22		
Progra	m:B.Sc.	Current Academic Year: 2019-20		
(Honou				
Branch	1:	Semester: Term II		
Bioche	mistry			
1	Course Code	BBC104		
2	Course Title	Cell Biology		
3	Credits	4		
4	Contact	3-1-0		
	Hours (L-T-			
	P)			
	Course Status	Compulsory		
5	Course	1. To introduce the students about the basic understanding of unit of life.		
	Objective	2. To discuss about concepts of prokaryotic and eukaryotic cell and its		
		organization.		
		3. To make the student understand about nucleus and various nuclear		
		components and their chemical and structural organization		
		4. To make the students aware of the plasma membrane and importance		
		of it being semipermeable and the transport mechanism involved		
		across the membrane.		
		5. To study the cell division and the process of cell to cell interactions		
6	Course	CO 1: Understand the minute facts about cell and the overall structural and		
	Outcomes	organization.		
		CO 2: Correlate the role of various cell organelles and nuclear components		
		involved.		
		CO 3: Understand the role of various cell organelles		
		CO 4: Explain the transport of biomolecules across the membrane in detail		
		and thereby help them to carry over the facts in doing research CO 5: Understand the cell division and various cell to cell interactions		
		involving tight and gap junctions		
		CO 6: Understand the importance, organization and basic functions of cell and		
		apply the concepts to enhance research understanding and presentation skills		
7	Course	This course describe the importance and better understanding of unit of life-		
,	Description	Cell and its organization		
	Description	Con and its organization		
8 Outline syllabu		I IS		
	Unit 1	Cell		
	A	Cell as a basic unit of living systems- cell theory,		
	В	structure, function, and biosynthesis of cellular organelles		



	С	Differences between prokaryotic and eukaryotic cells and animal and plant cells				
	Unit 2	Cell organelle				
	A	Ribosomes, Golgi ap				
	В	endoplasmic reticulu	ım, lysosomes, m	itochondria,		
	C	chloroplasts, peroxis	somes			
	Unit 3	Nucleus and nuclea				
	A	Ultra structure of nu	cleus and its com	ponents,		
	В	structural organis heterochromatin,	ation, centrom	eres, telomeres, euchromatin and		
	С	polytene and lampb	rush chromosom	es		
	Unit 4	Plasma Membrane				
	A	Structure and function	on of plasma mer	nbrane		
	В	Transport across me	mbranes			
	С	Active and passive t	ransport, ion cha	nnel		
	Unit 5	Cell cycle and Cell-	to Cell Interacti	on		
	A	Cell division- Mitosis and meiosis				
	В	cytoskeleton, cell me	ovements and			
	С	Cell-cell interactions	s, tight & gap jun	ctions		
	Mode of	Theory				
	examination					
	Weightage Distribution	CA 30%	MTE 20%	ETE		
	50%					
	Text book/s*	 Cooper G.M., and Hausman R.E., The Cell: A Molecular Approach, 5th Edition. Sinauer Associates (2009). Karp G., Cell and Molecular Biology: Concepts and Experiments, 6th Edition. Wiley (2009). 				
	Other Ref	-				



2.1.4:Metabolism of Carbohydrates and Lipids (BBC201)

School: SBSR		Batch: 2019-22
Progr	am:B.Sc.	Current Academic Year: 2019-20
(Hono	ours)	
Branc	ch: Biochemistry	Semester: Term III
1	Course Code	BBC201
2	Course Title	Metabolism of Carbohydrates and Lipids
3	Credits	4
4	Contact Hours (L-T-P)	3-1-0
	Course Status	Compulsory
5	Course Objective	1. Understand that different organisms use different strategies for capturing free energy from their environment and can be classified by their requirement for oxygen.
		2. Understand that glycolysis involves the breakdown of glucose to pyruvate while using the free energy released in the process to synthesize ATP from ADP and Pi.
		3. Understand that the pathway provides NADPH for reductive biosynthesis and ribose-5-phosphate for nucleotide biosynthesis in the quantities that the cell requires.
		4. Understand that the citric acid cycle is a multistep catalytic process that converts acetyl groups derived from carbohydrates, fatty acids, and amino acids to CO ₂ , and produces NADH, FADH ₂ , and GTP.
		5. Understand that triacylglycerols are broken down by lipases, and the products are absorbed by the intestine.
6	Course Outcomes	Having successfully completed this module students will be able to;
		CO 1: Employ the basic metabolic reactions and its mechanism that occur in our body and importance of control of metabolic reactions. CO 2: Understand breakdown of glucose, generation of ATP, regulation of glycolysis and disorder related to pathway. CO 3: Know the formation, degradation of glycogen and importance of glycogen storage as a source of energy. CO 4: Discuss the significance, control of TCA cycle and differentiate TCA cycle steps among bacteria, human and other animals.



7	Course	CO 5: Understand the structure of fatty acid synthase, functions of different enzymes involved in fatty acid synthesis and degradation, differentiate between different oxidation of fatty acids. CO 6: Understand how to control metabolic process, diseases associated with macromolecules of life and its significance. This course covers the metabolism of carbohydrates, Lipidsand their
/	Description	regulation.
8	Outline syllabus	
	Unit 1	Basic concept of metabolism
	A	Autotrophs, heterorophs.
	В	Metabolic pathways, catabolism, anabolism.
	С	ATP as energy currency, reducing power of the cell
	Unit 2	Glycolysis, Gluconeogenesis and pentose phosphate pathway
	A	Glycolysis - a universal pathway, reactions of glycolysis, fermentation, fates of pyruvate, feeder pathways for glycolysis, galactosemia.
	В	Regulation of glycolysis. Synthesis of glucose from non-carbohydrate sources, reciprocal regulation of glycolysis and gluconeogenesis.
	С	Pentose phosphate pathway and its importance.
	Unit 3	Glycogen metabolism
	A	Glycogenesis and glycogenolysis
	В	Regulation of glycogen metabolism
	С	Glycogen storage diseases.
	Unit 4	Citric acid cycle
	A	Production of acetyl CoA, reactions of citric acid cycle.
	В	Anaplerotic reactions, amphibolic role, regulation of citric acid cycle
	С	Glyoxalate pathway, coordinated regulation of glyoxalate and citric acid pathways.
	Unit 5	Fatty acid synthesis and oxidation



A	Fatty acid syn chain fatty ac	-	. Synthesis of saturated, unsaturated, odd and even
В	Biosynthesis of cholesterol, triglycerides and phospholipid. β oxidation of saturated, unsaturated fatty acids,		
C Regulation of fatty acid oxidation, peroxisomal oxidation, ω oxidation bodies metabolism			lation, peroxisomal oxidation, ω oxidation, ketone
Mode of examination	Theory		
Weightage	CA	MTE	ETE
Distribution	30%	20%	50%
Text book/s*	2. Fundament	als of Biochen	by Nelson and Cox, 4 ^{TH e} d. nistry by VoetandVoet, 3 rd ed. ryer, Fifth Edition.
Other References	1. Harper's Bi	ochemistry	



$\textbf{2.1.5:} \ \textbf{Molecular Biology-I:} \ \textbf{Gene Organization, Replication and Repair} \ (\textbf{BBC202})$

School: SBSR		Batch: 2019-22		
Progran	n:B.Sc.	Current Academic Year: 2019-20		
(Honou	's)			
Branch:	Biochemistry	Semester: Term III		
1	Course Code	BBC202		
2	Course Title	Molecular Biology- I: Gene Organization, Replication and Repair		
3	Credits	4		
4	Contact	4-0-0		
	Hours			
	(L-T-P)			
	Course Status	Compulsory		
5	Course	1. Understand that a DNA helix can have the A, B, or Z conformation.		
	Objective	Understand that DNA replication mechanism in Prokaryotes and Eukaryotes.		
		2. Explain why DNA polymerase requires a template and a primer and		
		summarize the functions of the following proteins in E. coli DNA		
		replication: DNA polymerase I, DNA polymerase III, DnaA, helicase,		
		SSB, primase, the sliding clamp, clamp loader, DNA ligase, Tus, and topoisomerase.		
		3. Understand that DNA is susceptible to damage from a variety of		
		sources and mutagenicity, which is related to carcinogenicity, can be tested.		
6	Course	Having assessfully completed this medule attribute will be able to:		
0	Outcomes	Having successfully completed this module students will be able to;		
		CO 1: Understand the basic chemical structure of DNA, how ds-DNA converts		
		into ss-DNA, vice versa and what factors affect these function.		
		CO 2: Differentiate organization of genes among viruses, bacteria, animals and		
		plants, understand how histones protein are associated with DNA and its		
		packing.		
		CO 3: Know DNA polymerase requires a template and primers to synthesize		
		DNA and that double-stranded DNA is replicated semi-discontinuously by		
		experiment proof.		
		CO 4: Explain how DNA topology and chromatin structure affects the processes of DNA replication, repair, and transcription.		



		CO 5: Discuss mechanisms by which DNA can be damaged and describe the
		molecular mechanisms by which protein complexes repair or bypass different
		forms of DNA damage.
		CO 6: Interpretate how DNA is organized in different species, function of
		different proteins/enzymes responsible for DNA replication and factors
		associated with DNA repair
7	Course	This course covers the Gene Organization, DNA Replication and Repair
	Description	
8	1	Outline syllabus
	Unit 1	Structure of DNA
	A	DNA structure, features of the double helix
	В	Various forms of DNA
	С	Denaturation and reassociation of DNA.
	77.11.0	
	Unit 2	Genes and genomic organization
	A	Genome sequence and chromosome diversity
	В	Definition of a gene, organization of genes in viruses, bacteria, animals and
		plants
	С	Nucleosome structure and packaging of DNA into higher order structures.
	Unit 3	Replication of DNA
	Unit 3	Replication of DNA
	A	DNA polymerase, the replication fork, origin of replication, enzymes and
		proteins in DNA replication, various modes of replication.
	В	Stages of replication of <i>E. coli</i> chromosome, replication in eukaryotes.
		Comparison of replication in prokaryotes and eukaryotes.
	С	Inhibitors of DNA replication and applications in medicine, topoisomerase
		inhibitors and their application in medicine.
	Unit 4	Recombination of DNA and Molecular basis of mutations
	A	Homologous recombination, proteins and enzymes in recombination, site-
		specific recombination, serine and tyrosine recombinases
	В	Biological roles of site-specific recombination. Importance of mutations in
		evolution of species.
	С	Types of mutations - transition, transversions, frame shift mutations, mutations
		induced by chemicals, radiation, transposable elements, Ames test
		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
	Unit 5	Various modes of DNA repair
		•
	1	



A	Replication er	rors and mism	atch repair system, repair of DNA damage	
В	direct repair, l	direct repair, base excision repair, nucleotide excision repair,		
С	recombination	repair, transle	esion DNA synthesis	
Mode of	Theory			
examination				
Weightage	CA	MTE	ETE	
Distribution	30%	20%	50%	
Text book/s*	1. Principle of Biochemistry by Nelson and Cox, fourth edition.			
	2. Fundamentals of Biochemistry by Voet and Voet, Third edition.			
	3. Biochemistry ByLubertStryer, Fifth Edition.			
	4. Principles of Genetics (2010) 5th ed., Snustad, D.P. and Simmons, M.J.,			
	John Wiley & Sons Asia.			
Other	1. Harper's Bi	1. Harper's Biochemistry		
References				



2.1.6: Introduction to Microbiology (BBC203)

School: SBSR		Batch: 2019-22		
Progra	m: B.Sc. (Honours)	Current Academic Year: 2019-2020		
Branch	:Biochemistry	Semester: Term III		
1	Course Code	BBC203		
2	Course Title	INTRODUCTION TO MICROBIOLOGY		
3	Credits	4		
4	Contact Hours (L-T-P)	3-1-0		
	Course Status	Discipline Specific Elective		
5	Course Objective	 To introduce students to basic concepts in microbiology. To elaborate the mode of reproduction, growth curve and the mechanism of gene transfer in bacteria To understand the harmful bacteria and the role of beneficial bacteria in human welfare. To study the application of various microbes in medical, beverage, agriculture, food and dairy industry 		
6	Course Outcomes	CO 1: Understand the history, basic concepts of microbial biochemistry with reference to bacteria and its classification. CO 2: Introduce the concept of germination, sporulation, growth, growth curve and various factors affecting it. CO 3: Understand the types of bacterial, as DNA reproduction, transposable elements and significance of plasmids as vector, in gene therapy etc and exploit the knowledge in research avenues. CO 4: Understand the industrial applications of microorganism in human welfare, This will increase their exposure and help them to go for interdisciplinary research. CO 5: This will give an idea to exploit microorganism and improve their industrial prospects of food, beverages, agriculture and dairy research CO 6: Understand the history, ultra structure of microbes with special reference to bacteria nd its role in human welfare, reproduction and its applications in food industry, medical, beverage, agriculture and dairy industry and research.		
7	Course Description	This course covers the basic introduction to microbes and its role in human welfare. Also various applications of microorganisms in food industry, medical, beverage, agriculture and dairy industry		
8		Outline syllabus		
	Unit 1	Introduction to Microbes		
	A	History of microbiology, five kingdom classification, Prokaryotic & Eukaryotic cell		
	В	Ultra structure of bacteria, Nutritional Classification of bacteria, Gram positive and Gram negative bacteria		



С	Cyanobacteria; Archaea; Mycoplasma, PPLO				
Unit 2	Baterial Sporulation and Growth				
A	Sporulation in Bacteria, endospore and its types, Spore germination,				
	generation time				
В	Diauxi, continous, synchronus and asynchronus growth of bacteria				
C	Growth curve; Growth inhibitory substances (Temperature, acidity,				
	alkalinity temperature, etc), measurement of bacterial growth (Direct				
	and indirect method)				
Unit 3 Bacterial Reproduction					
A	Modes of reproduction, ,Mechanisms of gene transfer in bacteria				
В	Transposable genetic elements, Types of transposition (cut-and-paste,				
	replicative and retrotransposons)				
С	Plasmids: Types, function and applications				
Unit 4	Bacteria and Human Welfare				
A Beneficial and harmful bacteria; Soil microflora-like l					
	actinomycetes, algae, protozoa and viruses B Role of microbes in weathering of minerals and soils formation				
В					
	components of soil				
C	Biofertilizers BGA, Rhizobia, Biopesticides, Mycorriza.				
Unit 5	Applied Microbiology				
A	Important microorganisms in Food industry; preservation				
В	Microbial production of food (Indian food, fermented meat,				
	preparation of bread, fermented protein, single cell protein)				



2.1.7: Human Physiology (BBC204)

Schoo	ol: SBSR	Batch: 2019-22		
Program: B.Sc. (Hons)		Current Academic Year: 2019-2020		
Branch: Biochemistry		Semester: Term IV		
1	Course Code	BBC204		
2	Course Title	HUMAN PHYSIOLOGY		
3	Credits	4		
4	Contact Hours	3-1-0		
	(L-T-P)			
	Course Status	Compulsory		
5	Course Objectives	 To familiarize students with the principles and basic facts of Animal Physiology and with some of the laboratory techniques and equipment used in the acquisition of physiological data. The course will focus on organ-system physiology, however, cellular and molecular mechanisms will be discussed in order to present a current view of physiological principles. To emphasize more on nervous, respiratory, renal, digestive, and nervous physiology To introduce students to many of the key concepts of Human physiology related diseases through a survey in different hospitals 		
6	Course Outcomes	Having successfully completed this module students will be able to- CO 1: Describe, identify, and/or explain: the various physiological organ- systems and their importance to the integrative functions, fundamentals of digestive enzymes secretion, reactions of enzymes of the human body. CO 2: Explain the mechanism of respiration, transport of O2 and CO2, function of hemoglobin. CO 3: Apply their knowledge in how kidney works as blood pressure measuring device and how urine concentrate by counter current multiplier system. CO 4: Understand heart pumping mechanism, execute the principle of EEG. CO 5: Describe endocrine system with focus on classic endocrine glands, including the hypothalamus and the pituitary glands, thyroid and parathyroid glands, adrenal glands, endocrine pancreas, their hormones and it mechanism of action and mechanism of action potential generation. CO 6: Demonstrate an in-depth understanding of human physiology, identify how changes in normal physiology lead to diseases.		



7	Course	This course covers the basic information of Animal/ Human physiology and			
	Description	various diseases of particular organ.			
8	1	Outline syllabus			
	Digestive System				
	Unit 1 A	Structure and functions of different components, digestion and absorption of carbohydrates, lipids and proteins,			
	В	role of various enzymes andhormones involved in these processes, mechanism of HCl formation in stomach,			
	С	role of bile salts in lipid digestion and absorption. Neural and hormonal regulation of gastro-intestinal tract (GI) tract.			
	Unit 2	Respiration			
	A	Organization of respiratory system. Exchange of gases, Transport of oxygen			
	В	role ofhaemoglobin, oxyhaemoglobin dissociation curve and its significance, Transport of CO ₂ : Bohr's effect, isohydric transport of CO ₂ and chloride shift			
	С	Acid-base balance:acidosis and alkalosis, role of lung and kidney in regulation of acid-base balance			
	Unit 3	Renal physiology			
	A	Anatomy of the; nephron and its organization, functions of glomerular membrane, glomerular filtration rate (GRF),			
	В	structural and functional characteristics of tubulesselective reabsorption and secretion by active and passive transports of varioussubstances (sugars, amino acids, urea & creatinine),			
	С	concentrating phenomenon ofurine, role of aldosterone and antidiuretic hormone			
	Unit 4	Blood and Circulatory system			
	A	Blood components and their functions genesis of erythrocytes and leukocytes, granular and agranular system and inflammation, phagocytosis by neutrophils andmacrophages			
	В	Functions of T & B lymphocytes: Mechanism of blood clotting byIntrinsic and Extrinsic pathways,			
	С	structure of heart, the origin and propagation ofheart beat, cardiac cycle and electrocardiogram			
	Unit 5	Neurochemistry, neurophysiology and Introduction to Endocrine glands			
	A	Central Nervous system. Peripheral Nervous system. Blood brain barrier and CSF.			
	В	Membrane potentials. Synaptic transmission, Neurotransmitters			
	С	Glands and hormones, Secretory mechanisms, Endocrine and neuroendocrine systems, Cellular mechanism of hormone action, Physiological effects of hormones			
	Mode of examination	Theory			



Weightage	CA	MTE	ETE		
Distribution	30%	20%	50%		
Text book/s*	1. Text book of Medical Physiology by Guyton and Hall, 11th Edition.				
	2. Human Physiology by Stuart Ira Fox, 12 th Edition.				
	3. Harper's Biochemistry- Victor W. Rodwell, David A, Bender,				
	Kathleen M. Botham, Peter J. Kennelly and P.Anthony Weil. McGraw				
	Hill Education,	Hill Education, Lange Medical Books, 30 th Edition.			
Other	1. Animal Physiology by Jain.				
References	-				



2.1.8: Enzymology (BCC205)

School: SBSR		Batch: 2019-22			
_	ram: B.Sc.	Current Academic Year: 2019-2020			
_ `	ours)				
Bran	ch: Biochemistry	Semester : Term IV			
1	Course Code	BBC205			
2	Course Title	ENZYMOLOGY			
3	Credits	4			
4	Contact Hours (L-T-P)	3-1-1			
	Course Status	Compulsory			
6	Course Objective Course Outcomes	 To introduce the concept and importance of enzyme in the human body and living cell To have a deep understanding of the classification and identification of enzyme To familiarize with the factors effecting the enzyme velocity, like the temperature, p H and substrate To introduce the concept of enzyme kinetics and the equation given by Michaelis and Menton To introduce the various enzyme isolation and purification techniques from various sources. Understand the mechanism of action of enzyme Understand the various enzyme kinetics and will be able to corelate the Vmax, Km in the Michaelis Menton equation Co 3: Correlate the isolation technique of plant cell from that of animal and microbial cells Explain the regulation strategies of allosteric enzyme and the mechanism of various inhibition process 			
		CO 5: Elaborate the various application of enzyme in different fields CO 6: Apply the overall concepts of enzymology in different field of biochemistry			
7	Course	This course describe the importance, isolation, purification of biocatalyst, role of			
	Description	biocatalyst in the catalysis of biochemical reaction and the regulation of metabolic			
0		pathways, also the various application of enzyme in different fields			
8	TIm:4 1	Outline syllabus Engyme Classification			
	Unit 1	Enzyme Classification			
	A	Classification; Nomenclature and EC number of enzymes			
	В	Co-enzyme and Co-factors; NAD/NADH, FAD/FADH2, pyridoxal			
		phosphate, thymine pyrophosphate,			



	С	Isoenzymes-Lactate dehydrogenase and alkaline phosphatase, Allosteric
		enzymes: positive and negative regulation
	Unit 2	Enzyme Kinetics
	A	Enzyme substrate complex and mechanism of enzyme action: Lock and key
		hypothesis, induced fit theory and acid base catalysis
		Factors affecting rates of enzymatic reactions (pH, temperature, substrate
		concentration),
	С	Overview of Michaelis-Menten equation and Line Weaver Burk equation.
	Unit 3	Enzyme Kinetics
	A	Irreversible inhibition with examples, reversible inhibition with examples:
	В	Competitive, non-competitive and un-competitive inhibition.
	С	Methanol poisoning, transpeptidase inhibition and nerve gas, catalytic antibody.
	Unit 4	Isolation and Localization of Enzymes
	A	Isolation of enzymes from various sources, Homogenization and
		centrifugation technique.
	В	Purification of enzymes: Ammonium sulphate precipitation, dialysis
	С	Gel filtration chromatography, ion exchange chromatography, affinity
		chromatography.
	Unit 5	Industrial Applications of enzyme
	A	Applications of enzyme in beverage industry and leather industry
	В	Food processing industry and dairy industry
	С	Pharmaceutical industry, medicine/drug, health and biosensor industry
	Mode of examination	Theory



Weightage	CA	MTE	ETE
Distribution	30%	20%	50%
Text book/s*	Clinic 2. Copel	al Chemistry, Vand R. A., Enz	L., Enzymes: Biochemistry, Biotechnology, Woodhead Publishing (2007). ymes: A Practical Introduction to Structure, a Analysis. Wiley (2000).
Other Refer			



2.1.9 : Metabolism of Amino Acids and Nucleotides (BBC206)

School: SBSR		Batch: 2019-22		
Program: B.Sc.		Current Academic Year: 2019-20		
(Honours)				
Brane	ch: Biochemistry	Semester: Term IV		
	1			
1	Course Code	BBC206		
2	Course Title	Metabolism of Amino Acids and Nucleotides		
3	Credits	4		
4	Contact Hours (L-T-P)	3-1-0		
	Course Status	Compulsory		
5	Course Objective	 Understand that proteins to be degraded are taken up by lysosomes or conjugated to the protein ubiquitin. Understand that transamination reaction of an amino acids during amino acid catabolic process. Understand that five reactions incorporate ammonia and an amino group into urea and that the rate of the urea cycle changes with the rate of amino acid breakdown. Understand the mechanisms that regulate purine nucleotide synthesis and that salvage reactions convert purines to their nucleotide forms. Understand what steps are the major control points for pyrimidine nucleotide synthesis. 		
6	Course Outcomes	Having successfully completed this module students will be able to- CO 1: Discuss transamination interconverts an amino acid and an keto acid and that oxidative deamination of glutamate releases ammonia for disposal, employ the reaction mechanism of urea cycle and role of ammonia toxicity. CO 2: Know the enzymes associated with amino acids catabolism, responsible for causing various disorders. CO 3: Discuss the reactions of formation of various amino acids, neurotransmitters and disorder associated with these. CO 4: Understand how multiple amino acids are involved in formation of nucleotide and functions of different inhibitors (chemotherapeutic drugs/ anticancer drug) of nucleotide biosynthesis at particular steps. CO 5: Differentiate between purine and pyrimidines degradation and how it is linked to cause diseases.		



		CO 6: Understand synthesis, degradation and diseases linked to amino acids and nucleotides.
7	Course Description	This course covers the Metabolism of Amino Acids and Nucleotides
8	Outline syllabus	
	Unit 1	Overview of amino acid metabolism
	A	Nitrogen cycle, incorporation of ammonia into biomolecules. Metabolic fates of amino groups
	В	Protein calorie malnutrition - Kwashiorkar and Marasmus.
	С	Nitrogen balance, transamination, role of pyridoxal phosphate, urea cycle and inherited defects of urea cycle.
	Unit 2	Catabolism of amino acids
	A	Catabolic pathways of amino acids
	В	Disorders of amino acids metabolism, phenylketonuria, alkaptonuria, maple syrup urine disease
	С	methylmalonic acidemia (MMA), homocystinuria and Hartnup's disease
	Unit 3	Biosynthesis of amino acids and precursor functions of amino acids
	A	Overview of amino acid synthesis. Biosynthesis of non-essential amino acids and its regulation.
	В	Biosynthesis of creatine and creatinine, catecholamines (dopamine, epinephrine, norepinephrine) and neurotransmitters (serotonin, GABA).
	С	Porphyrin biosynthesis, catabolism and disorders of porphyrin metabolism.
	Unit 4	Biosynthesis of purine and pyrimidine nucleotides
	A	De novo synthesis of purine and pyrimidine nucleotides
	В	Regulation and salvage pathways
	С	Biosynthesis of deoxyribonucleotides, conversion to triphosphates
	Unit 5	Degradation of purine and pyrimidine nucleotides
	A	Digestion of nucleic acids, degradation of purine and pyrimidine nucleotides.
	В	Inhibitors of nucleotide metabolism.
	С	Disorders of purine and pyrimidine metabolism – Lesch-Nyhan syndrome, Gout, SCID, adenosine deaminase deficiency
	İ	



Mode of	Theory				
examination					
Weightage	CA	MTE	ETE		
Distribution	30%	20%	50%		
Text book/s*	1. Princip	1. Principle of Biochemistry by Nelson and Cox, fourth edition.			
	2. Fundamentals of Biochemistry by Voet and Voet, Third edition.				
	3. Biochemistry ByLubertStryer, Fifth Edition.				
Other References	1. Harper's Biochemistry				



2.1.10: Molecular Biology-II: Gene Expression & Regulation (BBC207)

School: SBSR		Batch: 2019-22	
Program:B.Sc. (Honours)		Current Academic Year: 2019-20	
Branch:	Biochemistry	Semester: Term IV	
1	Course Code	BBC207	
2	Course Title	Molecular Biology-II:Gene Expression & Regulation	
3	Credits	4	
4	Contact Hours (L-T-P)	3-1-1	
	Course Status	Compulsory	
5	Course Objective	 Understand that transcription process in Prokaryotes and Eukaryotes and able to compare it. Understand that as the polymerase processively extends an RNA chain, another polymerase can initiate transcription. Understand that transcription termination is a complex multistep process. Understand the Why RNA processing/ modification is required in Prokaryotes and Eukaryotes. Understand the importance of protein targeting, degradation and how gene expression can be regulated in Prokaryotes and Eukaryotes. 	
6	Course Outcomes	Having successfully completed this module students will be able to; CO 1: Understand that the genetic code is based on codons that are read sequentially, and that each codon represents one amino acid or a stop signal and that the genetic code is degenerate, nonrandom, and nearly universal, discuss RNA polymerase has a structure and mechanism similar to those of DNA polymerases and that bacterial transcription begins with the RNAP holoenzyme binding to a promoter to melt apart the DNA and differentiate RNA synthesis between prokaryotes and eukaryotes. CO 2: Know that initiation factors help to assemble the ribosomal subunits, deliver the initiator tRNA, and in eukaryotes, locate the initiation codon and that the ribosome selects the correct aminoacyl–tRNA, catalyzes the transpeptidation reaction, and then translocates along the mRNA during the elongation phase of protein synthesis also that a release factor and ribosome recycling factor participate in terminating polypeptide synthesis. CO 3: Know that eukaryotic mRNAs are modified by a 5' cap and a 3' poly(A) tail, that eukaryotic genes include introns that must be spliced out by the action of snRNPs in the spliceosome.	



		CO 4: Know that a single gene can generate several protein products
		through alternative mRNA splicing and that prokaryotic and eukaryotic rRNA and tRNA precursors are variously processed by endonucleolytic cleavage, covalent modification, splicing, and nucleotide addition, understand how proteins are degraded by proteosomal machinery, and also
		by another pathway
		CO 5: Differentiate gene expression between prokaryotes and eukaryotes
		and importance of gene regulation.
		CO 6: Understand the phenomenon of transcription, how RNA is involved
		in protein synthesis, importance of protein targeting and its modification.
7	Course	This course covers the Gene expression, regulation and protein targeting in
	Description	Prokaryotes and Eukaryotes.
8	Outline syllabus	
	Unit 1	Biosynthesis of RNA in prokaryotes
	A	RNA polymerases, transcription cycle in bacteria, sigma factor, bacterial promoters.
	В	Three stages of RNA synthesis, initiation, elongation and termination,
		rho-dependent and rho-independent termination.
	С	Inhibitors of transcription.
	Unit 2	Biosynthesis of RNA in eukaryotes
	A	Comparison between prokaryotic and eukaryotic transcription.
	В	Transcription by RNA polymerase II, RNA polymerase II core promoters, general transcription factors, transcription by RNA polymerase I and III.
	С	Inhibitors of eukaryotic transcription and their applications. Various types of RNA processing.
	Unit 3	RNA splicing
	A	Chemistry of RNA splicing, the spliceosome machinery,
	В	splicing pathways, group I and group II introns, alternative splicing,
	С	exon shuffling, RNA editing.
	Unit 4	Biosynthesis of proteins, protein targeting and degradation
	A	Messenger RNA, transfer RNA, attachment of amino acids to tRNA, the ribosome - initiation, elongation and termination of translation, regulation of translation.
	В	Comparison of prokaryotic and eukaryotic protein synthesis. Use of antibiotics in understanding protein synthesis.
	С	Post translational modifications, glycosylation, signal sequences for nuclear transport, bacterial signal sequences, import of proteins by receptor mediated endocytosis, specialized systems for protein degradation.
	Unit 5	Regulation of gene expression in Prokaryotes and Eukaryotes



	A	Principles of gene regulation, negative and positive regulation, concept of operons, regulatory proteins, activators, repressors, DNA binding domains, regulation of lac operon and trp operon			
	В		Heterochromatin, euchromatin, chromatin remodeling, regulation by phosphorylation of nuclear transcription factors,		
	С			A interference, synthesis and function of miRNA ation of nuclear transcription factors.	
	Mode of examination	Theory			
W	eightage eightage	CA	MTE	ETE	
Di	istribution	30%	20%	50%	
Te	ext book/s*	1. Molecular Biology of the Gene (2008) 6th ed., Watson, J.D., Baker, T.A.et.al 2Lehninger: Principles of Biochemistry (2013) 6th ed., Nelson, D.L. and Cox, M.M., W. H. 3. Biochemistry by Voet and Voet.			
Ot	ther Ref.	1. Harpe	r's Biochemist	ry	



2.1.11: Introduction to Cancer Biology (BBC208)

School: SBSR		Batch: 2019-22		
Program: B.Sc.		Current Academic Year: 2019-2020		
(Honou	rs)			
Branch:	Biochemistry	Semester: Term IV		
1	Course Code	BBC208		
2	Course Title	INTRODUCTION TO CANCER BIOLOGY		
3	Credits	4		
4	Contact Hours (L-T-P)	3-1-0		
	Course Status	Discipline Specific Elective		
5	Course Objective	 To introduce students to many of the key concepts of cancer biology. To promote the understanding of basic facts, mechanism, concepts and to inculcate interest in clinical research in the field of cancer. To elaborate various types of carcinogenesis and the mechanism involved to understand chemical, physical and X-ray induced carcinogenesis. To discuss the key characteristics of normal and malignant cell and understanding of spread of disease. To explain, classify different treatment modalities involved in cancer. To elaborate on mechanisms for various cell death pathways 		
6	Course Outcomes	CO 1: Understand the principles and the mechanism of various cancer causing chemicals, and radiations used in day to day life which will be an eye opener to their scientific knowledge and aspire them in interdisciplinary research. CO 2: Understand the characteristics of cancer, process of spread of cancer (Metastasis), angiogenesis and factors leading to epithelial to mesenchymal transition and vice versa. CO 3: Understanding the molecular cell biology of cancer involving Oncogenes, identification of oncogenes, oncogene-protooncogene activity. All these concepts enhance their curiosity in subject, enhancing their reasoning ability and aspiring them to go for higher studies and serve the society. CO 4: Introduce the various emerging markers and therapeutic modalities of cancer. CO 5: Understand the various cell death pathways CO 6:Understand the principles and types of carcinogenesis, characteristics of tumor and the molecular biology of cancer including the biomarkers and various cell death pathways and exploit the above knowledge for research and presentations		



7	Course Description	This course covers the basic steps and principles of carcinogenesis. It also provides the in-depth knowledge of biochemistry of cancer and the various therapeutic modalities	
8	Outline syllabus		
	Unit 1	Principles of carcinogenesis	
	A	Chemical carcinogenesis, Metabolism of carcinogenesis, Targets of chemical carcinogenesis	
	В	Principles of physical carcinogenesis	
	С	X-ray radiation: mechanism of radiation carcinogenesis	
	Unit 2	Characteristics of tumor	
	A	Metastasis; Migration and Invasion, various steps involved in metastasis	
	В	Epithelial to Mesenchymal Transition (EMT) and its types	
	С	Angiogenesis: Hypoxia and vascular endothelial growth factor(VEGF) induced angiogenesis	
	Unit 3	Molecular cell biology of cancer	
	A	Oncogenes, Discovery and Identification of oncogenes	
		Retroviruses and oncogenes, strategy for detecting nonviral Oncogenes (Transfection assay)	
	С	Oncogenes/Proto-oncogene activity	
	Unit 4	Therapeutic modalities of cancer	
	A	Emerging markers of cancer	
	В	Cancer detection with biomarkers, problems of early detection	
	С	Different forms of therapy, Chemotherapy, Radiation Therapy and Immunotherapy	
	Unit 5	Cell death pathway	
	A	Introduction to Necrosis, Senescence and Programmed cell death	
	В	Mechanisms of apoptosis, Apoptosis triggered by mitochondria (Intrinsic pathway), Apoptosis mediated by membrane death receptors (Extrinsic pathway), Cross talk between intrinsic and extrinsic pathways, Apoptosis inducing factors	
	С	Apoptosis in cancer, mutations that affect extrinsic pathway and regulators of intrinsic pathway, Alternative death pathway (Autophagy)	



Mode of	Theory		
examination	CA	MTE	ETE
Weightage	_		
Distribution	30%	20%	50%
Text book/s*	 Weinberg R.A., The Biology of Cancer, 2ndEdition. Garland Science (2007). Pecorino L., Molecular Biology of Cancer: Mechanisms, Targets, and Therapeutics, 2nd Edition. Oxford University (2008) Pardee A.B. and Stein G.S., The Biology and Treatment of Cancer: Understanding Cancer. Wiley-Blackwell (2009) 		
Other References	Review articles		



2.1 .12: Genetics (BBC301)

School: SBSR		Batch: 2019-22		
Program:	B.Sc. (Honours)	Current Academic Year: 2019-2020		
Branch: Biochemistry		Semester: Term V		
1	Course Code	BBC 301		
2	Course Title	GENETICS		
3	Credits	4		
4	Contact Hours (L-T-P)	3-1-1		
	Course Status	Core Subject		
5	Course Objective	 To introduce the students about the concepts of Mendelian genetics, his laws of inheritance and application of genetics To discuss the other non mendelian traits and the mechanism of formation of that traits and the condition like epistasis. To understand the theory of chromosomal inherence and the mechanism behind the inheritance process To have a deep understanding and effect of change in chromosome number and chromosome structure, their consequences and the disease associated with it. To introduce about the gene mutation, their effect in the environment and the various disorders associated with it. 		
6	Course Outcomes	CO 1: Understand not only mechanism behind both the Mendelian and non mendelian genetics but also the various application of genetics in the field of agriculture CO 2: Discuss the various abnormalities associated with the change in chromosome number and structure and to deduce some methods for rectification CO 3: Correlate the effect of gene mutation with environment and other external and spontaneous events CO 4: Understand the genetics in the bacteria and how gene from a dead bacteria finally forms a new bacteria CO 5: Explain how population plays a role in genetics and genetics are applied in the field of agriculture. CO 6: Apply the basic concepts of genetics in doing field related projects or lab based projects.		
7	Course Description	This course describes the various laws governing Mendelian and non Mendelian genetics and how these principles and laws and applied in the different field of agriculture and plants.		



8		Outline syllabus					
	Unit 1	Mendelian Genetics					
	A	History of Ger	netics; Concept	of Genes, Mendelian genetics, monohybrid and			
	A	dihybrid cross					
	В	Mendelian ger	Mendelian genetics- different type epistasis,				
	С	Multiple alleles, sickle cell anemia, hemophilia and other genetic disorder					
	Unit 2	Chromosoma	l Theory of In	heritance			
	A	Chromosome number.	Structure; Chro	omosomal anomalies- changes in chromosome			
	В	Non dysjunction	on mechanism	and changes in chromosome structure.			
	С	Sex Chromoso	omes and sex li	nkage mechanism in drosophila.			
	Unit 3	Gene Mutatio	n				
	A	Gene fine stru	cture and Mole	cular concept of gene			
	В	Mutation and its type: Somatic and germinal mutation					
	С	Spontaneous and induced mutation, Molecular basis of gene mutation					
	Unit 4	Microbial Genetics and Extranuclear Genome					
	A	Microbial genetics- conjugation, transformation, transduction					
	В	Extra-nuclear inheritance in Higher plants; transposable element and its role in agriculture					
	С	An overview of Mitochondrial genome and chloroplast genome.					
	Unit 5	Population Genetics					
	A	Effect of gene and allelic frequencies in a population (Hardy-Weinberg					
	A	Principle and equation);					
	В	Natural Selection: Stabilizing, disruptive and directive selection,					
	С	Bottle neck effect and founder effect, balanced polymorphism					
	Mode of	Theory					
	examination						
	Weightage	CA	MTE	ETE			
	Distribution	30%	20%	50%			



Text book	 Snustad D.P., and Simmons M.J., <i>Principles of Genetics</i>, 6th Edition. John Wiley & Sons (2011). Griffiths A.J.F., Wessler S.R., Carroll S.B., and Doebley J., <i>Introduction to Genetic Analysis</i>, 10th Edition. W. H. Freeman (2010). Genetics: A conceptual approach,4th edition by Benjamin A Pierce.
Other Reference	1. Genetics: A conceptual approach,4 th edition by Benjamin A Pierce.



2.1.13: Hormonal Biochemistry (BBC302)

School: SBSR		Batch: 2019-22		
Progr	am: B.Sc. (Honours)	Current Academic Year: 2019-20		
Branch: Biochemistry		Semester:Term V		
1	Course Code	BBC302		
2	Course Title	HORMONAL BIOCHEMISTRY		
3	Credits	4		
4	Contact Hours (L-T-P)	3-1-0		
	Course Status	Core Subject		
5	Course Objective	 To introduce the mechanism of various types of signaling involved with hormones and their classification To discuss the role of various receptors where various hormones bind so as to know the sensitization and de sensitization process. To elaborate the functions and working mechanism of various hormones released from various endocrine glands of our body To explain the pathophysiology and biochemical actions of hormones of pancreas and adrenal cortex To introduce the various hormones of male and female reproductive tract and their role in the human body. 		
6	Course Outcomes	CO 1: Understand the role, function and importance of hormones inside our body and will be able to differentiate them from a biocatalyst CO 2: Correlate hormonal regulation with the metabolic pathways CO 1: Evaluate the various pathophysiological condition of over secretion and under secretion of hormones so as to formulate some solution to the problem CO 3: Recognize the factors associated with the release of hormones and their dependence on sex,age etc CO 4: Understand the mechanism of action of hormones from the various endocrine glands CO 5: Under the function and regulation of all the hormones and their physiology, pathophysiology in clinical diagnosis and clinical biochemistry		
7	Course Description	This course covers the information about the role of regulating molecule, hormone in all the signaling aspects and the overall expression of these		
		signals in various organs of our body		
8	Outline syllabus			



Unit 1	Introduction to end	locrinology			
A	Functions of hormones and their regulations. Chemical signaling-endocrine, paracrine,				
	autocrine, intracrine				
В	Classification of Hormones and their function				
С	Transport of hormon	es in the blood	circulation.		
Unit 2	Hormones and rece	eptors			
A	Endocrine glands and their Receptor. Sensitization and Desensitization of receptors				
В	G protein linked hormone receptors and their Structures				
С	Physiological and B	Physiological and Biochemical actions of hormones			
Unit 3	Hypothalmic, Pitui	tary, thyroid ar	nd pancreatic Hormones		
A	CRH, TRH, GnRH,	PRL/PRIH, GH	RH/GHRIH		
В	Growth hormone, T3	3, T4, TSH			
С	Vasopressin, Oxytocin, Insulin and Glucagon				
Unit 4	Hormones of Adrenal Cortex				
A	Aldosterone (renin angiotensin system) and cortisol				
В	Epinephrine and nor epinephrine. Flight, fight and fear response.				
С	Pathophysiology and biochemical action of diabetes type I and type II.				
Unit 5 Reproductive Hormones					
A	Male and female Sex hormones, LH, FSH				
В	Prolactin, Interplay of hormones during Reproductive cycle,				
С	Pregnancy, Parturition, & Lactation; Hormone based Contraception				
Mode of	Theory				
examination					
Weightage	CA	MTE	ETE		
Distribution	30%	20%	50%		
Text book/s*	 Cox, M.M. and Nelson, D.L. (2008) Lehninger Principles of Biochemistry, W.H. Freeman and Company, New York, Widmaier, E.P.,Raff, H. and Strang, K.T.(2008). Vander, Sherman, Luciano's Human Physiology, McGraw- Hill Higher Education 				
Other	Darnell, J., Lodish, F.	I. and Baltimore	, D.(2008). Molecular Cell Biology, Scientific		
References American Books.					



2.1.14: Immunology (BBC303)

Scho	ool: SBSR	Batch : 2019-22
Prog	gram: B.Sc.	Current Academic Year: 2019-2020
(Hor	nours)	
Bran	nch:	Semester: Term V
Bioc	hemistry	
1	Course Code	BBC303
2	Course Title	IMMUNOLOGY
3	Credits	4
4	Contact Hours (L-T-P)	3-1-1
	Course Status	Core Subject
5	Course Objective	 To introduce to the students about the various cells, tissues ,organs, and organ system involved in the defense mechanism of human and the role of B cells an T cells To explain the functions of B cells and the role of antibody in eliminating the pathogens and the mechanism of compliment system To discuss about the major histocompatibility, the genes and the proteins involved in the complex and how these complex play an essential role in differentiating own antigen from foreign To elaborate the various mechanism involved in the killing of bacteria or virus using T cell and the activation of these cells To introduce about the various immunological techniques involved in the identification of unknown antigen in the given sample like immunoprecipitation etc.
6	Course Outcomes	CO 1: Understand the importance of immunology in biochemistry and the mechanism of elimination of virus and bacteria from the human cells CO 2: Recognize the difference between our antigen from the foreign antigen by knowing the mechanism of MHC complex CO 3: Evaluate and correlate the immunological techniques with that of other biological techniques so as to know the different ways of estimating the unknown antigens CO 4: Understand the real mechanism behind the Tcell and B cell mediated killing of virus and bacteria CO 5: Understand the working principle of various tissues and organs of immune system CO 6: Understand the overall fundamentals behind immulogy and how this is linked with the development of new drugs



Course	This course covers the mode of action and functions of various immune cells			
	like B, T and antibody in killing of pathogenic bacteria and viruses which			
Description	enters in our body after crossing the first line of defense			
Outline syllabus				
Unit 1	Organs and Cells of Immune System			
A	Types of immunity-innate, acquired, active and passive. Elements of immune system			
В	Primary and secondary lymphoid organs and tissues,			
С	T-helper cell, T-cytotoxic cell, B-cells, antigen presenting cell.			
Unit 2	Antibody and compliment system			
A	Types of antibodies and their structures: isotypes, allotypes, and idiotypes			
В	Structure and function of immunoglobulins, organization and expression of Ig genes; Immunoglobulin			
С	and T-cell receptor genes; Complement activation by classical and alternate pathways.			
Unit 3	MHC complex and antigen presentation			
A	General organization and inheritance of MHC			
В	Distribution and role of MHC class I and class II proteins			
С	Different pathways of antigen processing and presentation			
Unit 4	Regulation of Immune ResponseBioinfor and cytotoxicity			
Δ	Generation of humoral cell and cell mediated immune responses, mechanism			
A	of activation of B cell			
В	Mechanism of activation of B cell and T cell lymphocyte			
С	Cell mediated cytotoxicity; antibody-dependent cel mediated cytotoxicity			
Unit 5	Immune technology			
	Unit 1 A B C Unit 2 A B C Unit 3 A B C Unit 4 A B C			



A	Basic concept of vaccination and different types of vaccines and their mechanism, modes of vaccination,			
В	Hypersensitivi	ity type I and ty	pe II with examples	
С	Hybridoma ted	chnology, mon	oclonal antibodies and their applications.	
Mode of	Theory			
examination				
Weightage	CA	MTE	ETE	
Distribution	30%	20%	50%	
	1. Delves P.J., Martin S.J., Burton D.R., and Roitt I.M., Roitt's			
Text book/s*	Essential Immunology, 12th Edition. Wiley-Blackwell (2011).			
Text book/s	2. Owen	Stranford S., Kuby Immunology, 7th Edition.		
	W. H.	Freeman (2013		
Other References	1. Paul W.E., Fundamental Immunology, 7th Edition. LWW (2012). 26			



2.1.15: Proteins (BBC304)

School	: SBSR	Batch: 2019-22		
Progra	m: B.Sc. (Hons.)	Current Academic Year: 2019-2020		
Branch	: Biochemistry	Semester: Term V		
1	Course Code	BBC304		
2	Course Title	Proteins		
3	Credits	4		
4	Contact Hours (L-T-P)	3-1-0		
	Course Status	Compulsory		
5	Course Objective	 Understand protein extraction method. Know the different structure of proteins. Understand diseases associated with protein structure. Basic knowledge biological functions of different proteins. 		
6	Course Outcomes	Having successfully completed this module students will be able to; 1. extract and purify proteins for downstream processing. 2.describe the chemical nature of enzymes and their function in biochemical reactions. 3.understand primary, secondary, tertiary and quaternary structure in proteins and identify the types of interactions important in each case. 4. know the importance of protein folding and its disadvantage in relation to human beings. 5. understand about protein databases and important tool to study protein structures 6. know about protein extraction methods for downstream processing, structure of proteins, protein folding and its associated disorder and important tool to study protein structures.		
7	Course Description	This course covers the structure, function and folding of proteins.		
8	Outline syllabus			
	Unit 1	Extraction of proteins for downstream processing		
	A	Solubilization of proteins from their cellular and extracellular locations.		



В	Use of simple grinding methods, homogenization, ultrasonication
С	French press and centrifugation.
Unit 2	Covalent structure of proteins
A	Organization of protein structure into primary, secondary, tertiary and quaternary structures.
В	N-terminal and C-terminal amino acid analysis. Sequencing techniques - Edman degradation.
С	Generation of overlap peptides using different enzymes and chemical reagents. Disulfide bonds and their location.
Unit 3	Three dimensional structures of proteins
A	Nature of stabilizing bonds - covalent and non covalent. Importance of primary structure in folding.
В	The peptide bond - bond lengths and configuration. Dihedral angles psi and phi.
С	Helices, sheets and turns. Ramachandran map. Techniques used in studying 3-D structures - X-ray diffraction.
Unit 4	Protein folding and conformational diseases
A	Denaturation and renaturation of Ribonuclease A. Introduction to thermodynamics of folding and molten globule.
В	Assisted folding by molecular chaperones, chaperonins, Defects in protein folding
С	Diseases, Alzheimer's and Prion based.
Unit 5	Introduction to protein structure databases
A	Protein sequence and structure databases (PDB)
В	Use of sequence and domain information
С	Viewing protein structures using in silico tools
Mode of examination	Theory n



Weightage	CA	MTE	ETE
Distribution	30%	20%	50%
Text book/s*	and Constant 2. Freem ISBN: 3. Physical (West 4. The T	ox, M.M., W.H an and Compar 10:1-4292-341 cal Biochemistr Sussex), ISBN ools of Biocher	ny (New York), ISBN:13: 978-1-4641-0962-1/
Other	-		
References			



2.1.16: Medical Biochemistry (BBC305)

School: SBSR		Batch: 2019-22		
Progr	ram: B.Sc.	Current Academic Year: 2019-2020		
(Hone				
Brane	ch:Biochemistry	Semester: Term V		
1	Course Code	BBC305		
2	Course Title	MEDICAL BIOCHEMISTRY		
3	Credits	4		
4	Contact Hours (L-T-P)	3-1-0		
	Course Status	Discipline Specific Elective		
5	Course Objective	 To introduce students to basic concepts of clinical and nutritional biochemistry. To understand the diagnostic significance of various organ function tests like liver, renal and gastric function tests. To elaborate on significance of serum enzymes and the deranged enzyme pattern in various diseases in comparison to normal profile. To study the concept of caloric value of foods and energy as regards to diet To understand the concept of balanced diet and its implications to nutrition 		
6	Course	nutrition		
	Outcomes	CO 1: Understand the basic concepts of clinical biochemistry and its diagnostic value. CO 2: Understand the various metabolic and nutritional diseases related which will increase their scientific knowledge and help them to go for interdisciplinary research. CO 3: Understanding the significance of enzymes as diagnostic tool CO 4: Application based learning will broaden their potential and help them to explore the wide world of clinical and nutritional biochemistry for research. CO 5:Understanding of concept of diet and nutrition CO 6: Understanding of clinical and nutrition biochemistry which will open new vistas for research to serve the society. Understanding of basic concepts of clinical and nutritional biochemistry		
7	Course Description	This course covers the basic concepts of clinical and nutritional biochemistry. The knowledge of metabolic diseases, various organ function tests and enzyme		



		patterns used in diagnostic analysis will provide the understanding and will
	0 11 11 1	enhance their interest in interdisciplinary research
8	Outline syllabus	
	Unit 1	Basic concepts of clinical biochemistry
	A	Standard solutions, Specimen collection and processing (Blood, urine, faeces)
	В	Anti-coagulant preservatives for blood and urine
	С	Transport of specimens
	Unit 2	Disease related to carbohydrate metabolism
	A	Regulation of blood sugar, Glycosuria and its types.
	В	Oral glucose tolerance test in normal, prediabetic and diabetic conditions.
	С	Hyperglycemia, hypoglycemia, ketonuria
	Unit 3	Organ function test
	A	lipoproteins: Classifications, composition, mode of action,.Dyslipoproteinemias, atherosclerosis
	В	fatty liver; Liver function test
	С	Renal function test: Clearance test – Urea, Creatinine, Inulin, PAH test, Gastric function test: Collection of gastric contents, examination of gastric residuum, FTM, stimulation test, tubeless gastric analysis
	Unit 4	Clinical Enzymology
	A	Functional and non- Functional plasma enzymes, significance and sources of plasma/ serum enzymes.
	В	Isoenzymes, Lactate dehydrogenase (LDH), Creatinine Phosphokinase (CPK), Alkaline phosphatase (ALP)
	С	Enzyme patterns in acute pancreatitis, myocardial infarction, and muscle wasting.
	Unit 5	Diet and Nutrition
	A	Basal Metabolic rate (BMR), Respiratory quotient (RQ), Biological functions of Vitamin A, D, E, K, Vitamin B complex and Vitamin C



В	Role of carbohydrates, protein, lipids and minerals in diet, concept of baldiet, protein Energy Malnutrition (PEM) and its types, Obesity C Food additives, Food preservatives standard, adulteration of food			
С				
Mode of examination	Theory			
Weightage	CA	MTE	ETE	
Distribution	30%	20%	50%	
Text book/s*	1. Text book of Clinical Biochemistry - Carl A. Burdis and Ed Ashwood 2. Text book of Medical Biochemistry - Dr. M.N. Chatterjee a		·	
	Shinde 3. Clinical chemistry in diagnosis and treatment - Philip D. Mayne 4. Clinical chemistry – William Hoffman			
Other	1. Clinical Biochemistry with clinical correlation – Devin, Wiley			
References	2. Practica	l clinical bioche	mistry – Harold Varley, CBS, New Delhi	



2.1 .17: Genetic Engineering and Biotechnology (BBC306)

School: SBSR		Batch: 2019-22		
Progr	am:B.Sc.	Current Academic Year: 2019-20		
(Hono	ours)			
Branc	ch: Biochemistry	Semester: Term VI		
1	Course Code	BBC306		
2	Course Title	Genetic Engineering & Biotechnology		
3	Credits	4		
4	Contact Hours (L-T-P)	4-0-0		
	Course Status	Compulsory		
5	Course Objective	 Understand how molecular machines are constructed and regulated so that they can accurately copy, repair, and interpret genomic information. Appreciate that molecular biology/ recombinant DNA technology is a dynamic and ever-changing experimental science. Understand the cloning criteria, screening, selection, identification and their expression. How to prepare genomic and c DNA library, understand the different techniques of genetic engineering, PCR, microarray etc Become comfortable with reading and critiquing primary research papers. 		
6	Course Outcomes	Having successfully completed this module students will be able to; CO 1: Distinguish between different recombinant DNA technology related restriction enzymes, modified enzymes and their functions. CO 2: Understand the criteria for cloning, selection and expression vectors based on E.coli, plasmids, plants, animals and mammals. CO 3: Discuss the differences among different types of gene transfer method and its advantage and disadvantage. CO 4: Explain how to make c-DNA and genomic DNA library, its advantage and disadvantage, know about preparation of probes and clone identification. CO 5: Understanding the gene amplification/ expression by PCR (Polymerase Chain Reaction), also gene expression by micro array technique, principle of southern, northern and western blotting, polymorphism study by different markers, importance of DNA sequencing.		



		CO 6: Understand different types and functions of restriction enzymes, cloning vectors, gene delivering mechanism, methods of clone identification and important tools in genetic engineering.
7	Course Description	This course covers the how to make recombinant DNA molecule with different types of tools and technique and its application.
8	Outline syllabus	
	Unit 1	Introduction to recombinant DNA technology
	A	Overview of recombinant DNA technology.
	В	Restriction and modification systems
	C	restriction endonucleases and other enzymes used in manipulating DNA molecules.
	Unit 2	Cloning vectors for prokaryotes and eukaryotes
	A	Plasmids and bacteriophages as vectors for gene cloning.
	В	Cloning vectors based on <i>E. coli</i> plasmids, pBR322, pUC18, pGEM3Z. Cloning vectors based on M13 and λ bacteriophage.
	С	Vectors for yeast, higher plants and animals.
	Unit 3	Introduction of DNA into cells and selection for recombinants
	A	Uptake of DNA by cells, preparation of competent cells. Selection for transformed cells.
	В	Identification for recombinants - insertional inactivation, blue-white selection.
	С	Introduction of phage DNA into bacterial cells. Identification of recombinant phages. Various gene transfer mechanism.
	Unit 4	Methods for clone identification
	A	The problem of selection, direct selection, marker rescue.
	В	Gene libraries, identification of a clone from gene library, colony and plaque hybridization probing,
	С	methods based on detection of the translation product of the cloned gene.
	Unit 5	Techniques in Genetic Engineering
	A	Fundamentals of polymerase chain reaction, designing primers for PCR. Studying PCR products.
	В	Cloning PCR products. Real time PCR. Different types of blotting techniques.
	С	Micro array. Nucleic acid sequencing, RFLP, RAPD



Mode of examination	Theory		
Weightage	CA	MTE	ETE
Distribution	30%	20%	50%
Text book/s*	Black (Oxfo 2. Princi Primro R. M., 3. 3. Molec DNA	well publishing rd, UK), ISBN: ples of Gene ose, S.B., and T Blackwell published Biotechnol (2010) 4th ed.,	978-1-4051-8173-0. Manipulation and Genomics (2006) 7th ed.,
Other References	1. Bioch	emistry by Nels	son and Cox.



2.1.18: Cell Signalling (BBC307)

School: SBSR		Batch: 2019-22		
Program	n: B.Sc. (Honours)	Current Academic Year: 2019-2020		
Branch	:Biochemistry	Semester: Term VI		
1	Course Code	BBC307		
2	Course Title	Cell Signaling		
3	Credits	4		
	Contact Hours	3-1-0		
4				
	(L-T-P)			
	Course Status	Compulsory		
5	Course Objective	 To introduce students to concepts of cell signalling. To elaborate the mechanism of cell signalling, cellular communicate and the various pathways involved in it. To understand the role of kinases, receptors, secondary messengers and modulation of different signaling. To study the role of signalling in cell proliferation and apoptosis. 		
6	Course Outcomes	CO 1: Understand the main principles of signalling, concept of a good signal, different ways in which the cell signal to each other and the coordination of signalling. This will inculcate the knowledge and research avenues for students. CO2: Understand the applications of signalling in cellular proliferation and apoptosis to raise their interest in interdisciplinary research. CO3: Understand the significance of cell signalling and signal transduction. CO4: Understanding of various pathways involved in signal transduction. This will give them a vision and provide them an option for higher studies. CO5: Understanding of signal transduction pathways involved in therapeutics for cure of cancer. This learning will increase their research potential to serve the society. CO6: Understanding of concept of cell signaling involving intracellular communication for the coordination of a good signal. In addition the role of various signaling pathways involved in cellular proliferation, apoptosis and therapeutics for the cure of cancer and introducing this knowledge for betterment of society.		
7	Course Description	This course covers the concept of cell signaling involving intracellular communication for the coordination of a good signal. In addition the role of various signaling pathways involved in cellular proliferation, apoptosis and therapeutics for the cure of cancer.		
8	Outline syllabus			



Unit 1	Overview of signaling		
A	Basic introduction of cell signaling, description of good signal		
В	Different ways in which the cell signal to each other, coordination of		
D	signaling		
C	Brief history and techniques of cell signaling		
Unit 2	Cellular communication		
A	Main principles of cell signaling		
В	Intracellular communication; various ways of intracellular communication		
C	Extracellular matrix; Neurotransmitters; Neurohormones; Regulation by		
С	neurotransmitters and neurohormones		
Unit 3	Signal transduction		
A	Transcription factors		
D	Receptors, Involvement of receptors in signaling, Types of receptors in		
В	signaling, G-protein coupled receptor mediated signaling		
С	Secondary messengers and modulation of different signalling		
Unit 4	Serine/Threonine and Tyrosine Specific Protein Kinases		
A	Classification and regulation of protein kinases		
В	Protein kinase pathway		
С	Regulation of P13K and Akt pathway		
Unit 5	Map kinases and their regulation		
A	Concept of kinases and their function		
В	MAPK cascades, Regulation of MAPK pathway, Role of MAPK in cell proliferation		
С	Possible roles of phosphatises and inhibitory proteins		
Mode of	Theory		
examination			
Weightage	CA MTE ETE		
Distribution	30% 20% 50%		
Text book/s*	 Hancock J.T., "Cell Signalling", Oxford University Press, 2010. Gomperts B.D., Kramer I.M. and Tatham P.E.R., "Signal Transduction", Academic Press, 2009. Krauss G., "Biochemistry of Signal Transduction and Regulation", Wiley-VCH, 2008. 		



1.19: Bioinformatics (BBC308)

School: SBSR		Batch: 2019-22		
Progra	m: B.Sc.	Current Academic Year: 2019-2020		
(Honours)				
Branch	: Biochemistry	Semester:Term VI		
1	Course Code	BBC308		
2	Course Title	BIOINFORMATICS		
3	Credits	4		
4	Contact Hours (L-T-P)	3-1-1		
	Course Status	Core Subject		
5	Course Objective	 To acquire a fundamental knowledge of basic computational biology To study, design and analyze in silico experiments. To learn the procedure of sequence alignment and its application in molecular phylogenetics. To understand different techniques used for gene prediction and creation of biological databases 		
6	Course Outcomes	CO 1: Review different biological databases and softwares required for computational biology. CO 2: Integrate data, perform DNA sequencing and interpret the results. CO 1: Predict protein structure, function and folding, Compute DNA-protein interaction and apply the information in drug designing. CO 3: Design and predict the function of proteins and genes by different algorithms. Apply different techniques for gene prediction and motifs identification. Design experiments to find ESTs and SNPs. CO 4: Perform genomic sequencing and determine transcription factor computational biology. Retrieve date using different databases (NCBI, EMBL, SwissPort). CO 5: Understanding of artificial intelligence and computational biology for research avenues		
	Course	This course will introduce the artificial intelligence and computation biology		
7	Description			
8	Outline syllabus			
1	Unit 1	Introduction to Bioinformatics		



A	Introduction to bioinformatics; Scope and importance;			
В	Large scale ge	eneration of mo	lecular biology data;	
С	Quality of dat	a; metadata; Su	immary and reference systems	
Unit 2	Genome			
A			gene expression, proteomics, Transcription factor de polymorphism	
В	Computationa	l representation	n of molecular biological data, Storage techniques,	
С	Databases and controlled vocabularies, Boolean search, Fuzzy search.			
Unit 3	Database ana	llysis		
A	Biological dat	abase and their	special requirements sequences	
В	Macromolecu	lar structures; (Chemical Compounds, Genetic variability	
С	Phylogenetic a	analysis		
Unit 4	Expression of data			
Δ.	Representation pattern and relationship, alignment, regular expression,			
A	hierarchies, (Markov Chains & Bayes Note)			
В	Methods of presenting large quantities of biological data;			
С	Anatomical visualization and database driven websites			
Unit 5	Pattern analysis in Sequences			
A	Motif represer	ntation: consen	sus, regular expressions; PSSMs; Markov models	
В	Regulatory se	equence identif	ication using Meme;	
С	Gene finding:	composition b	ased finding, sequence motif-based finding	
Mode of	Theory			
examination				
Weightage	CA	MTE	ETE	
Distribution	30%	20%	50%	
Text book/s*	 Lesk A., Introduction to Bioinformatics, 3rd Edition. Oxford University Press (2008). Peyzner P., and Shamir R., Bioinformatics for Biologists. Cambridge University Press (2011). Xiong J., Essential Bioinformatics. Cambridge University Press (2006). NIL			
Other References				



2.1.20: Membrane Biochemistry and Bioenergetics (BBC309)

School: SBSR		Batch: 2019-22		
Program	: B.Sc. (Honours)	Current Academic Year: 2019-2020		
Branch:	Biochemistry	Semester: Term VI		
1	Course Code	BBC309		
2	Course Title	MEMBRANE BIOCHEMISTRY AND BIOENERGETICS		
3	Credits	4		
4	Contact Hours (L-T-P)	3-1-0		
	Course Status	Core Subject		
5	Course Objective	 To introduce the students with the concepts of membrane and how membranes are classified To enable the students to learn about the various types and categories of proteins, their function in the human body To explain the different types of junctions, their role in transport system and the concept of liposomal model To elaborate the various mechanism of transport and importance of ssuch transport in day to day life's physiological processes. To discuss about the various receptors involved in the transport system and the mode of regulation 		
6	Course Outcomes	 CO1: Understand the complex transport mechanism in a more simplified manner by the use of various diagrams and models CO2: Discuss the overall classification and composition of membranes and their role in the human body CO3: Understand the concept behind the liposome and the ways to deliver drugs in the tissues of affected organs CO4: Differentiate between porous and non porous membrane and their methods of transport through them CO5: Understand the role receptors, protein pumps an other junctions in the transport CO6: Understand the fundamentals of membrane and its importance to life, different proteins and lipids associated withthe membrane. 		
7	Course Description	This course covers the role of various proteins and receptors in the membranes and their mode of action and function, also the thermodynamics involved in it.		
8	Outline syllabus			



	Unit 1	Membranes				
	A	Membranes and	l their biologi	cal and non-biological classification		
-	В	Different model	ls of lipid bila	yer, synthetic membrane, types and their role		
-	С	reverse osmosis	s, functions of	membranes		
	Unit 2	Composition of	f Biological N	Membranes		
	A	Integral protein	s, their types	and functions, peripheral proteins, their types and		
-	В	Channel proteins, protein pumps				
-	С	Membrane lipid	ls, classificati	on and structure		
	Unit 3	Introduction to	o bioenergeti	es		
	A	Laws of thermo	•	itochondrial membrane and Electron transport		
	В		Peter Mitchell's chemiosmotic hypothesis. Proton motive force. Fo F1ATP synthase, structure			
	С	Mechanism of ATP synthesis. Metabolite transporters in mitochondria. ROS production and antioxidant mechanisms.				
Unit 4		Membrane transport				
	A	Active and passive diffusion, Fick's law; Transport through porous, non- porous, and ion exchange membranes				
-	В	Symport, antiport and uniport; Anion and glucose transporter				
	С	Sodium-potassium pumps- examples and metabolic significance				
	Unit 5	Membrane rec	eptors			
-	A	Structure and fu	inctions of GI	PCR, Methods for studying membrane receptors		
-	В	Functions and mechanism of adrenergic and cholinergic receptors				
-	С	Neural receptors and its significance.				
	Mode of	Mode of Theory				
	examination					
	Weightage	CA	MTE	ЕТЕ		
	Distribution	30%	20%	50%		



	1. Cox, M.M. and Nelson, D.L. (2008) Lehninger Principles of Biochemistry,	
	W.H. Freeman and Company, New York, USA	
Text book/s*	2. Voet, D and Voet, J.G, (2009) Biochemistry, John Wiley and Sons, N.Y.	
	USA.	
	35	
	1. Cox, M.M. and Nelson, D.L. (2008) Lehninger Principles of Biochemistry,	
Other	W.H. Freeman and Company, New York, USA	
References	2. Voet, D and Voet, J.G, (2009) Biochemistry, John Wiley and Sons, N.Y.	
	USA	



2.1.21: Virology (BBC 310)

School: SBSR		Batch: 2019-22
Progra	m: B.Sc. (Honours)	Current Academic Year: 2019-20
Branch	n:Biochemistry	Semester: Term VI
1	Course Code	BBC310
2	Course Title	VIROLOGY
3	Credits	4
3	Contact Hours	3-1-0
4	Contact Hours	3-1-0
	(L-T-P)	
	Course Status	Discipline Specific Elective course
		1. To introduce students to basic knowledge of term virology and the
		salient features of viruses.
		2. To elaborate the methods of isolation, purification and cultivation of viruses
5	Course Objective	3. To understand the importance of viruses, their mode of transmission,
		taxonomy, classification and life cycle.
		4. To study the application of viruses in recombinant DNA
		Technology
6	Course Outcomes	 CO1: Understand the basic structure and salient features of viruses including its isolation, purification cultivation, role in causing cancer and various ways of its transmission as it is hot topic of research in current scenario CO2: Understanding of nomenclature and viral taxonomy CO3: Understanding of multiplication and replication strategies of virus CO4: Understanding of mode of transmission in plants and animals CO5: Introducing the importance of viruses like in industrial applications for synthesis of antiviral compounds, viral vaccines for prevention and control of viral diseases as well as expose their young brain towards interdisciplinary research in medical biochemistry. Undestanding the significance of viruses as vector in recombinant DNA technology. This will open vistas for higher studies. CO6: Understanding of basic knowledge of viruses, taxonomy, and their importance in industrial applications
7	Course Description	This course gives the basic knowledge of viruses, taxonomy, and classification, methods for isolation, purification and cultivation of viruses. In addition, will cover the industrial application of viruses in recombinant DNA Technology



8	Outline syllabus					
	Unit 1	Introduction to Virology				
	A	Discovery of viruses; General properties of viruses				
	В	Morphology and ultra structure of viruses, Isolation, purification and cultivation of viruses				
	С	Viroids and prions				
	Unit 2	Viral Taxonomy				
	A	Diversity of viruses; Salient features of viral genomes				
	В	Classification and nomenclature of viruses infecting microbes				
	С	Classification and nomenclature of viruses infecting plants and animals				
	Unit 3	Multiplication and Replication Strategies				
	A	Replication strategies of viruses as per Baltimore classification				
	В	Assembly, maturation and release of virions; Concept of early and late proteins				
	С	Multiplication curve, lytic and lysogenic phages (lambda and P1 phage)				
	Unit 4	Transmission				
	A	Mode of transmission in plant and animals				
	В	Cell to cell transmission, Viremia				
	С	Persistent and non-persistent mode of transmission				
	Unit 5	Importance of viruses				
	A	Concepts of oncogenes; DNA and RNA oncogenic viruses				
	В	Prevention and control of viral diseases; Antiviral compounds, interferons and viral vaccines				
	С	Application of viral vectors in cloning and expression				



Mode of examination	Theory		
Weightage	CA	MTE	ETE
Distribution	30%	20%	50%
Text book/s*	 Dimmock N.J., Easton A.L., and Leppard K.N., Introduction Modern Virology, 6th Edition. Wiley-Blackwell (2007). Carter J. and Saunders V., Virology: Principles and Application Wiley (2007). Acheson N.H., Fundamentals of Molecular Virology, 2nd Edit Wiley (2011) 		5 th Edition. Wiley-Blackwell (2007). nders V., Virology: Principles and Applications.
Other References	Nil		



2.1.22: Plant Physiology (BBC311)

School: SBSR		Batch: 2019-22
Program:	B.Sc.	Current Academic Year: 2019-20
(Honours)		
Branch: B	iochemistry	Semester: Term VI
1	Course Code	BBC311
2	Course Title	Plant Physiology
3	Credits	4
4	Contact Hours(L-T-P)	3-1-0
	Course Status	Disci[pline Specific Elective
5	Course Objective	 Introduce the students to the structural organization of plant cells. Understand the cell wall structure formation and growth give an overview of photosynthesis and its significance to plant and human environment. Introduce the students to the biochemistry of plant developments. Understand and explain secondary metabolites and their potential therapeutic and nutritional uses Explain the biosynthetic pathway of plant hormones. Discuss the roles of biochemists and allied scientists in the development of medicinal plants
6	Course Outcomes	 CO1: Understand nitrogen metabolism, functions of nitrogenase, nitrate and nitrite reductase in nitrogen assimilation. CO2: Explain and understand the biochemistry of photosynthetic process and its relation to man and it's environment. CO3: Know the enzymatic pathway of glycolysis ,TCA cycle, ATP synthesis mechanism by oxidative phosphorylation pathway and role of mitochondria in respiration. CO4: Explain the structure and functions on xylem, phloem, transport mechanism in plants. CO5: Understand the biochemical events associated with growth regulatorsand herbicides,know the importance of plant hormones and secondary metabolites to plant growth and development and also its significance in human nutrition and health.explain and understand the biochemistry of plant growth and development.



		CO6: Understand plant physiology and biochemistry processes by nitrogen metabolism, respiration, photosynthesis, transport mechanism and significance of plant growth hormones and metabolites.
7	Course Description	This course covers the plant physiology and biochemistry.
8	Outline syllab	us
	Unit 1	Nitrogen metabolism
	A	Biological Nitrogen fixation by free living and in symbiotic association, structure and function of enzyme Nitrogenase.
	В	Nitrate assimilation: Nitrate and Nitrite reductase. Primary and secondary ammonia assimilation in plants;
	С	ammonia assimilation by Glutamine synthetase-glutamine oxoglutarate amino transferase (GS-GOGAT) pathway. Seed storage proteins in legumes and cereals.
	Unit 2	Photosynthesis
	A	Chloroplast structure and photosynthetic pigments; Photosystem I and II;
	В	Light absorption, emission; Energy transfer; Z-scheme of photosynthesis,
	С	Electron transport across thylakoids; Photophosphorylation, CO ₂ fixation, C2, C4, CAM plants
	Unit 3	Respiration
	A	Aerobic and anaerobic respiration; Respiration quotient
	В	Overview of glycolysis, Regulation of plant glycolysis, Mitochondrial structure and respiration; TCA cycle
	С	Structure and function, Oxidative phosphorylation.
	Unit 4	Transport Processes in Plant
	A	Root as absorbing surface; Ion traffic in root; Xylem and phloem: structure and function; Nature of membranes
	В	Active and passive transport systems, Carrier and Ion channels, driving forces and flow, transport through phloem
	C	transport of organic solutes; Transport system; Transpiration Pull theory
	Unit 5	Regulation of plant growth and Secondary metabolites
	A	Introduction to plant hormones (Auxin, Cytokinins, Gibberellins, Abscisic acid, Jasmonic acid) and their effect on plant growth and development



В	phenylpropand	oids, Coumari	xamples of major phenolic groups; simple as, Benzoic acid derivatives, flavonoids, tannins plant phenolics,
С	Classification of terpenoids and representative examples from each classification of terpenoids.		
Mode of	Theory		
examination			
Weightage	CA	MTE	ETE
Distribution	30%	20%	50%
Text book/s*	 Plant Biochemistry (2008), Caroline Bowsher, Martin steer, Alyso Tobin, Garlandscience ISBN 978-0-8153-4121-5. Biochemistry and molecular Biology of plant-Buchanan. (2005) 1 edition. Publisher: I K International. ISBN-10: 8188237116, ISBN 978-8188237111. Plant Biochemistry by P.M Dey and J.B. Harborne (Editors) (1997 Publisher: Academic Press 		e ISBN 978-0-8153-4121-5. lecular Biology of plant-Buchanan. (2005) 1 K International. ISBN-10: 8188237116, ISBN-13: y P.M Dey and J.B. Harborne (Editors) (1997)
Other References	Biochemistry by Nelson and Cox.		



ELECTIVE COURSES FOR DIFFERENT DEPAREMENTS

2.1,23: Introduction to Life Science (BBC101)

School: SBSR		Batch: 2019-22		
Program: B.Sc.		Current Academic Year: 2019-2020		
(Honours)				
Branch:	Chemistry	Semester:1		
1	Course Code	BBC 101		
2	Course Title	Introduction to life Science		
3	Credits	4		
4	Contact Hours	3-1-0		
	(L-T-P)			
	Course Status	Elective course (For other disciplines)		
5	Course Objective	 To introduce the students about the concept of biology and how it is used in day to day life To explain the formation of earth and the rise of life thereafter and also to discuss about the abiotic and biotic condition existing about that time To introduce about the classification system adopted in diversity of life To explain the genetics of Mendel's period and it has influence life there after To discuss about the molecular role of genetic variation and the central dogma of life. 		
6	Course Outcomes	 CO1: Learn how biology is used in day to day life. How field of biology is useful in all field of science to provide basic biology knowledge CO2: Elaborate the scientific theory of the formation of earth and how exist evolve after the formation of earth. CO3: Discuss the diversification of life and the classification system involved in this diversification CO4: Learn the various law in Mendel's genetics and the role of genetics in agriculture and all other fields and introducing the ethic and reponsibilty of biology in combination with inter disciplinary research to serve the society 		



genetics involved in it. CO6: Introduces the information about the early evolution and diversification of life, patterns of inheritance and the molecular bast transmission of genetic information. This course overs the information about the various early evolution of earth and life after that and how the life has diversified thereafter and lead to varianges in the planet. Outline syllabus Unit 1 Biological System A Introduction to concepts of biology; C A closer look at the ecosystem and cell; Biology in everyday life Unit 2 Evolutionary history of biological diversity A Early earth and the origin of life; Major events in the history of life; B Phylogeny and the tree of life; C Concepts of species; Mechanisms of speciation. Unit 3 Classification and diversity A Classifying the diversity of life B Kingdoms of life, Prokaryotes, Eukaryoyes C Archae, Concepts of taxa Unit 4 Mendelian Genetics A Patterns of inheritance and question of biology B Mendel's law and genetic variation C phenotype and genotype Unit 5 Modern Genetics The malamular basics of genetic information			CO5: Explain the mechanism of genetic variation and the molecular					
diversification of life, patterns of inheritance and the molecular bast transmission of genetic information. This course covers the information about the various early evolution of ear and life after that and how the life has diversified thereafter and lead to various early evolution of ear and life after that and how the life has diversified thereafter and lead to various early evolution of early early life that and how the life has diversified thereafter and lead to various early evolution of early life that and how the life has diversified thereafter and lead to various early evolution of early life that and life after that and how the life has diversified thereafter and lead to various early evolution of early early life that the planet. Biological System A closer look at the ecosystem and cell; Biology in everyday life that the ecosystem								
This course covers the information about the various early evolution of ear and life after that and how the life has diversified thereafter and lead to various early evolution of ear and life after that and how the life has diversified thereafter and lead to variance in the planet. 8 Outline syllabus Unit 1			CO6: Introduces the information about the early evolution and the					
This course covers the information about the various early evolution of ear and life after that and how the life has diversified thereafter and lead to variance changes in the planet. 8 Outline syllabus Unit 1 Biological System A Introduction to concepts of biology; B Themes in the study of biology; C A closer look at the ecosystem and cell; Biology in everyday life Unit 2 Evolutionary history of biological diversity A Early earth and the origin of life; Major events in the history of life; B Phylogeny and the tree of life; C Concepts of species; Mechanisms of speciation. Unit 3 Classification and diversity A Classifying the diversity of life B Kingdoms of life, Prokaryotes, Eukaryoyes C Archae, Concepts of taxa Unit 4 Mendelian Genetics A Patterns of inheritance and question of biology B Mendel's law and genetic variation C phenotype and genotype Unit 5 Modern Genetics The prolocular besides of genetic information.			diversification of life, patterns of inheritance and the molecular basis of					
7 Description and life after that and how the life has diversified thereafter and lead to varient changes in the planet. 8 Outline syllabus Unit 1 Biological System A Introduction to concepts of biology; B Themes in the study of biology; C A closer look at the ecosystem and cell; Biology in everyday life Unit 2 Evolutionary history of biological diversity A Early earth and the origin of life; Major events in the history of life; B Phylogeny and the tree of life; C Concepts of species; Mechanisms of speciation. Unit 3 Classification and diversity A Classifying the diversity of life B Kingdoms of life, Prokaryotes, Eukaryoyes C Archae, Concepts of taxa Unit 4 Mendelian Genetics A Patterns of inheritance and question of biology B Mendel's law and genetic variation C phenotype and genotype Unit 5 Modern Genetics The prologular barging of genetics information.			transmission of genetic information.					
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Outline syllabus Unit 1	7		and life after that and how the life has diversified thereafter and lead to various					
Unit 1 Biological System A Introduction to concepts of biology; B Themes in the study of biology; C A closer look at the ecosystem and cell; Biology in everyday life Unit 2 Evolutionary history of biological diversity A Early earth and the origin of life; Major events in the history of life; B Phylogeny and the tree of life; C Concepts of species; Mechanisms of speciation. Unit 3 Classification and diversity A Classifying the diversity of life B Kingdoms of life, Prokaryotes, Eukaryoyes C Archae, Concepts of taxa Unit 4 Mendelian Genetics A Patterns of inheritance and question of biology B Mendel's law and genetic variation C phenotype and genotype Unit 5 Modern Genetics		Description	changes in the planet.					
A Introduction to concepts of biology; B Themes in the study of biology; C A closer look at the ecosystem and cell; Biology in everyday life Unit 2 Evolutionary history of biological diversity A Early earth and the origin of life; Major events in the history of life; B Phylogeny and the tree of life; C Concepts of species; Mechanisms of speciation. Unit 3 Classification and diversity A Classifying the diversity of life B Kingdoms of life, Prokaryotes, Eukaryoyes C Archae, Concepts of taxa Unit 4 Mendelian Genetics A Patterns of inheritance and question of biology B Mendel's law and genetic variation C phenotype and genotype Unit 5 Modern Genetics The molecular basics of genetic information	8	-	S					
B Themes in the study of biology; C A closer look at the ecosystem and cell; Biology in everyday life Unit 2 Evolutionary history of biological diversity A Early earth and the origin of life; Major events in the history of life; B Phylogeny and the tree of life; C Concepts of species; Mechanisms of speciation. Unit 3 Classification and diversity A Classifying the diversity of life B Kingdoms of life, Prokaryotes, Eukaryoyes C Archae, Concepts of taxa Unit 4 Mendelian Genetics A Patterns of inheritance and question of biology B Mendel's law and genetic variation C phenotype and genotype Unit 5 Modern Genetics The measular begins of genetic information		Unit 1						
C A closer look at the ecosystem and cell; Biology in everyday life Unit 2 Evolutionary history of biological diversity A Early earth and the origin of life; Major events in the history of life; B Phylogeny and the tree of life; C Concepts of species; Mechanisms of speciation. Unit 3 Classification and diversity A Classifying the diversity of life B Kingdoms of life, Prokaryotes, Eukaryoyes C Archae, Concepts of taxa Unit 4 Mendelian Genetics A Patterns of inheritance and question of biology B Mendel's law and genetic variation C phenotype and genotype Unit 5 Modern Genetics The melogular besign of genetic information		A	Introduction to concepts of biology;					
Unit 2 Evolutionary history of biological diversity A Early earth and the origin of life; Major events in the history of life; B Phylogeny and the tree of life; C Concepts of species; Mechanisms of speciation. Unit 3 Classification and diversity A Classifying the diversity of life B Kingdoms of life, Prokaryotes, Eukaryoyes C Archae, Concepts of taxa Unit 4 Mendelian Genetics A Patterns of inheritance and question of biology B Mendel's law and genetic variation C phenotype and genotype Unit 5 Modern Genetics The melogular begins of genetic information		В	Themes in the study of biology;					
A Early earth and the origin of life; Major events in the history of life; B Phylogeny and the tree of life; C Concepts of species; Mechanisms of speciation. Unit 3 Classification and diversity A Classifying the diversity of life B Kingdoms of life, Prokaryotes, Eukaryoyes C Archae, Concepts of taxa Unit 4 Mendelian Genetics A Patterns of inheritance and question of biology B Mendel's law and genetic variation C phenotype and genotype Unit 5 Modern Genetics The molecular basics of genetic information		С	A closer look at the ecosystem and cell; Biology in everyday life					
B Phylogeny and the tree of life; C Concepts of species; Mechanisms of speciation. Unit 3 Classification and diversity A Classifying the diversity of life B Kingdoms of life, Prokaryotes, Eukaryoyes C Archae, Concepts of taxa Unit 4 Mendelian Genetics A Patterns of inheritance and question of biology B Mendel's law and genetic variation C phenotype and genotype Unit 5 Modern Genetics The molecular basics of genetic information		Unit 2	Evolutionary history of biological diversity					
C Concepts of species; Mechanisms of speciation. Unit 3 Classification and diversity A Classifying the diversity of life B Kingdoms of life, Prokaryotes, Eukaryoyes C Archae, Concepts of taxa Unit 4 Mendelian Genetics A Patterns of inheritance and question of biology B Mendel's law and genetic variation C phenotype and genotype Unit 5 Modern Genetics The molecular basics of genetic information		A	Early earth and the origin of life; Major events in the history of life;					
Unit 3 Classification and diversity A Classifying the diversity of life B Kingdoms of life, Prokaryotes, Eukaryoyes C Archae, Concepts of taxa Unit 4 Mendelian Genetics A Patterns of inheritance and question of biology B Mendel's law and genetic variation C phenotype and genotype Unit 5 Modern Genetics The melocular basics of genetic information		В	Phylogeny and the tree of life;					
A Classifying the diversity of life B Kingdoms of life, Prokaryotes, Eukaryoyes C Archae, Concepts of taxa Unit 4 Mendelian Genetics A Patterns of inheritance and question of biology B Mendel's law and genetic variation C phenotype and genotype Unit 5 Modern Genetics The molecular basics of genetic information		С	Concepts of species; Mechanisms of speciation.					
B Kingdoms of life, Prokaryotes, Eukaryoyes C Archae, Concepts of taxa Unit 4 Mendelian Genetics A Patterns of inheritance and question of biology B Mendel's law and genetic variation C phenotype and genotype Unit 5 Modern Genetics The molecular basics of genetic information		Unit 3	Classification and diversity					
C Archae, Concepts of taxa Unit 4 Mendelian Genetics A Patterns of inheritance and question of biology B Mendel's law and genetic variation C phenotype and genotype Unit 5 Modern Genetics The molecular basics of genetic information		A	Classifying the diversity of life					
Unit 4 Mendelian Genetics A Patterns of inheritance and question of biology B Mendel's law and genetic variation C phenotype and genotype Unit 5 Modern Genetics The molecular basics of genetic information	_	В	Kingdoms of life, Prokaryotes, Eukaryoyes					
Unit 4 Mendelian Genetics A Patterns of inheritance and question of biology B Mendel's law and genetic variation C phenotype and genotype Unit 5 Modern Genetics The molecular basics of genetic information		С	Archae, Concepts of taxa					
B Mendel's law and genetic variation C phenotype and genotype Unit 5 Modern Genetics The molecular basics of genetic information		Unit 4						
C phenotype and genotype Unit 5 Modern Genetics The molecular basics of genetic information		A	Patterns of inheritance and question of biology					
Unit 5 Modern Genetics The molecular basics of genetic information		В						
The molecular besies of constitution		С	phenotype and genotype					
A The molecular basics of genetic information		Unit 5						
		A	The molecular basics of genetic information					
B Flow of genetic information from DNA to RNA		В	Flow of genetic information from DNA to RNA					
C Flow of genetic information from RNA to protein		С	Flow of genetic information from RNA to protein					
Mode of Theory		Mode of	Theory					
examination		examination						
CA MTE ETE			CA MTE ETE					



	eightage stribution	30%	20%	50%
Tex	at book/s*	Bioche and Co Regina editior Raven Hill Pu Reece,	emistry, W.H. Freeman ompany, New York ald H. Garrett • Charles M of Johnson, Mason, Losos, S ublication	(2008) : Lehninger Principles of . Grisham(2010) : Biochemistry, 4 th inger: Biology, 9 th edition, Mc Graw and Minosky, Jackson: Campbell up Publication.
	Other	edition . Donale	n, W.H Freeman and Compa	am: Life the science of biology, 9 th ny. modynamics,2 nd edition, Cambridge



2.1 .24: Human health and Disease (BBC312)

School: SBSR		Batch: 2019-22	
Program: B.Sc. (Honours)		Current Academic Year: 2019-2020	
Branch	:Biochemistry	Semester:	
1	Course Code	BBC312	
2	Course Title	HUMAN HEALTH AND DISEASE	
3	Credits	2	
	Contact Hours	2-0-0	
4			
	(L-T-P)		
	Course Status	Elective course (for other disciplines)	
		1. To introduce students to basic knowledge of biology, concept of	
		balanced diet and healthy lifestyle	
5	Course Objective	2. To understand the composition of balanced diet and basic food	
		groups, malnutrition, metabolic and lifestyle related diseases.	
		groups, manualizati, mountain and mostly to return a disouscess	
		CO1: Understand the basic biology including the role of balanced	
		diet and its composition. Also introducing the professional ethical	
		responsibility	
		CO2: Understand the life style related, metabolic, nutrition related	
		and metabolic disorders, which they can pursue further for higher	
		studies to add on their research value to it	
6	Course Outcomes	CO3: Give them idea about nutrition, diet and its implications in	
	Course outcomes		
		healthy life.	
		CO4: Understand the clinical implications of disease and the research	
		avenues	
		CO5: Provide updates on heart disease, AIDS, addiction etc	
		CO6: Understand the significance of health and disease	
		This course will give concents shout begin hymner highers and the lynewledge	
7	Course Description	This course will give concepts about basic human biology and the knowledge of how human body maintains a healthy balance whereas disturbances of this	
,	Course Description	balance underlie diseases	
8	Outline syllabus	balance underne diseases	
0	Unit 1	Basics of health and clinical implications of diseases	
		Concept of health and disease, factors influencing health and risk factors for	
	A	developing disease, Immunity and immunization	
	-	Importance of Hygiene practices for disease prevention, metabolic and	
	В	lifestyle related diseases (Diabetes),	
		Multifactorial diseases (Cancer, Heart disease, mental illness, addiction),	
	С	Human Immunodeficiency Disease (HIV-AIDS)	
	Unit 2	Metabolic and lifestyle disorders	



A	Balanced die nutrients),	et and its comp	oosition, Elemen	nts of nutrition (macr	o and micro	
В		Factors affecting food and nutrition (Like socioeconomic, cultural, traditional etc), Diet and its types, FAD Diet and its pros and cons				
С		Classification of Food, Food additives, Preservatives, Impact of food preservatives and adulterants on health, Deficiency diseases: Malnutrition				
Mode of examination	Theory					
Weightage	CA	MTE		ETE		
Distribution	30%	20%		50%		
Text book/s*	Krause's Food and nutrition care process by L Kathleen et al					
Other References	Nil					



ELECTIVE COURSES (THEORY)

E1. Syllabus of Introduction to 'C' Programming (CSE115)

School: SET		Batch: 2019-22			
Progra	am: BSc	Current Academic Year:2019-2020			
Branc		Semester: I			
1	Course Code	CSE115 Course Name:			
2	Course Title	Introduction to 'C' Programming			
3	Credits	2			
4	Contact Hours (L-T-P)	2-0-0			
	Course Status				
5	Course Objective	To understand and demonstrate how to solve logical and scientific problems using programming.			
6	Course Outcomes	 On successful completion of this module students will be able to: Identify and understand the working of key components of a computer system. Apply and practice logical ability to solve the problems. Generate efficient and schematic solution to the problems. 			
7	Course Description	To understand and demonstrate how to solve logical and scientific problems using programming.			
8	Outline syllabus				
	Unit 1	Basics of computers			
	A	Introduction to computers: Von- Neumann's Model, Components, Devices.			
	В	Data representation in computers (Number, Character).			
	С	Introduction to Softwares: System, Application			
	Unit 2	Fundamental of Logic Buildings (Algorithms)			
	A	Problem Solving Aspects: Input, Output, Process(relationships between input and output), Verification, solve real life problems, case study examples.			
	В	Type of constructs in algorithm to solve problem: Declaration, assignment, decision and control.			
	С	Implementation of Algorithms: Computer Programming Evolution, Translators: Assembler, Compiler, Interpreter			
	Unit 3	Basics of Flowcharts			
	A	Flowchart: Elements, need of input and output.			
	В	Identifying and understanding input/output, branching and iterations in flowchart.			



С	Conversion o	f algorithm	s in flowchart.	
Unit 4	C Language	C Language-I		
A	Introduction	to C progra	mming language: Structure of a C program.	
В	Compilation	and executi	ion of C program.	
D	Data types, V	ariables, C	onstants, Identifiers and keywords, Operators.	
C	Types of Sta	Types of Statements: Assignment, Control, jumping.		
Unit 5	C Language	-II		
A	Control states	Control statements: Decisions, Loops, break, continue		
В	Nesded Loop			
C	Arrays: One dimensional Array, Sorting, Searching			
Mode of	Theory			
examination				
Weightage	CA	MTE	ETE	
Distribution	30%	20%	50%	
Text book/s*	1. Yashavant Kanetkar, "Let Us C", BPB.			
Other	1. Byron Gottfried, "Programming with C",TMH.			
References	2.R. G. Drom	ney, "How t	to Solve It by Computer", Pearson.	



E2. Syllabus of Communicative English-1 (ARP101)

Schools:SBSR		Batch : 2019-22	
		Current Academic Year: 2019-20	
		Semester: 1 st (One)	
1	Course Code	ARP101	
2	Course Title	Communicative English-1	
3	Credits	2	
4	Contact Hours(L-T-P)	1-0-2	
5	Course Objective	To minimize the linguistic barriers that emerge invaried socio-linguistic environments through the use of English. Help students to understand different accents and standardise their existing English. Guide the students to hone the basic communication skills - listening, speaking, reading and writing while also uplifting their perception of themselves, giving them self-confidence and building positive attitude.	
6	Course Outcomes		
7	Course Description	The course is designed to equip students, who are at a very basic level of language comprehension, to communicate and work with ease in varied workplace environment. The course begins with basic grammar structure	



	1		
		and pronunciation patterns, leading up to apprehension of oneself through	
		written and verbal expression as a first step towards greater employability.	
8	Outline syllabus – ARP 201		
	Unit A	Sentence Structure	
	Topic 1	Subject Verb Agreement	
	Topic2	Parts of speech	
	Topic3	Writing well-formed sentences	
	Unit B	Vocabulary Building & Punctuation	
	Topic 1	Homonyms/ homophones, Synonyms/Antonyms	
	Topic2	Punctuation/ Spellings (Prefixes-suffixes/Unjumbled Words)	
	Topic3	Conjunctions/Compound Sentences	
	Unit C	Writing Skills	
	Topic 1	Picture Description – Student Group Activity	
	Topic2	Positive Thinking - Dead Poets Society-Full-length feature film -Paragraph Writing inculcating the positive attitude of a learner through the movie SWOT Analysis – Know yourself	
	Topic3	Story Completion Exercise –Building positive attitude - The Man from Earth (Watching a Full length Feature Film)	
	Unit D	Speaking Skill	
	Topic 1	Self-introduction/Greeting/Meeting people – Self branding	
	Topic2	Describing people and situations - To Sir With Love (Watching a Full length Feature Film)	
	Topic3	Dialogues/conversations (Situation based Role Plays)	
9	Evaluations	Class Assignments/Free Speech Exercises / JAM Group Presentations/Problem Solving Scenarios/GD/Simulations (60% CA and 40% ETE	
10	Texts & References Library Links	 Blum, M. Rosen. How to Build Better Vocabulary. London: Bloomsbury Publication Comfort, Jeremy(et.al). Speaking Effectively. Cambridge University Press 	

Observations:

- 1. A Single Consolidated Syllabus has now replaced the Previous Functional English Beginners -1 and Functional English Intermediate -1
- 2. Credits previously allocated to FEN 01 Lab Sessions have been dissolved
- 3. The Pearson Voice Labs have been completely eliminated



E3. FOUNDATION COURSE IN MATHEMATICS (MSM 101)

School: SBSR		Batch : 2019- 2022		
Program:	B.Sc. (H)	Current Academic Year: 2019-20		
Branch: M	Iaths ,	Semester: I		
Physics, C	hemistry			
1	Course Code	MSM 101		
2	Course Title	FOUNDATION COURSE IN MATHEMATICS		
3	Credits	4		
4	Contact Hours (L-T-P)	3-1-0		
	Course Status	Compulsory		
5	Course Objective	 To familiarise the students with basic concepts of matrices, determinants and solving the system of linear equations. To understand the basic concept of sets theory, co-ordinate geometry, complex number and vector algebra. 		
6	Course Outcomes	CO1: Explain the concept of matrices and solve systems of linear equations and determinants. (K2,K3, K4) CO2: Explain the concept of complex numbers and calculate the nth roots of complex numbers and illustrate the solutions of simple Polynomial equations. (K2, K3, K4) CO3:Memorize the basic of Cartesian coordinate system anduse algebraic techniques to explain intercepts and explore equations of lines on the number plane. (K1, K3, K4) CO4: Describe and differentiate the symmetries from graphs of conic sections. (K1, K2) CO5: Describe and use the concepts of set theory, relation and functions. (K1,K2,K3) CO6: Explain the basic concepts of vector algebra and use to find area of parallelogram and quadrilateral, Vector triple product.(K2,K3,K4)		
7	Course Description This course is an introduction to the fundamental of Mathematics. The primary objective of the course is to develop the basic understanding of linear algebra, complex number, co-ordinate geometry, sets theory and vector algebra.			
8	Outline sylla			
	Unit 1	Matrices		
	A	Evaluation of determinants, Properties of determinants,		
	В	Matrices: types of matrices, addition, subtraction and multiplication of matrices, symmetric and skew symmetric matrix. Inverse of matrix.		



	С	Rank of a matrix, Consistency of system of equations, Characteristic equation, Cayley -Hamilton theorem.			
	Unit 2	Complex Nu			
	A	Representati of complex r	-	number in Argand plane, Modulus and argument	
	В	Algebraic operations, De- Moivre's theorem			
	С	Nth root of complex number, Euler's formula			
	Unit 3	Co-ordinate	geometry		
	A	Cartesian covarious form	•	n, Distance between two points Equations of line in	
	В	Equation of circle.	circle in various	s forms, Equation of tangent and normal to the	
	С	Equation of	ellipse, parabol	a and hyperbola	
	Unit 4	Sets Theory			
	A	Definition of set, types of sets, Union and intersection of sets, Venn diagram, De-Morgan's law.			
	В	Relation and functions.			
	С	Composite function and inverse function.			
	Unit 5	Vector Algebra			
	A	Addition and subtraction of vectors and their geometric application.			
	В	Scalar and vector product, their physical application, Projection of vector on another vector, area of triangle.			
	С			quadrilateral, Vector triple product.	
e	Mode of xamination	Theory			
1	Weightage	CA	MTE	ETE	
	Distribution	30%	20%	50%	
Т	ext book/s*	Kreyszig, E., "Advanced Engineering Mathematics", John Wile Sons Inc. Jain, M.K., and Iyengar, S.R.K., "Advanced Engineering Mathematics" Narosa Publications			
I	Other References	 Thomas, B.G., and Finny R.L., "Calculus and Analytical geometry", Pearson Education Asia, AdisonWisley. Simmons, G.F., "Differential Equations with applications", Tata McGraw-Hill. 			



E4: PHYSICAL CHEMISTRY-I (BCH 101)

School: SBSR		Batch: 2019-22
Program	n: B. Sc	Current Academic Year: 2019-20
Branch:	Chemistry	Semester: 01
1	Course	BCH 101
1	Code	
2	Course	PHYSICAL CHEMISTRY-I (C)
	Title	
3	Credits	4.0
	Contact	(3 1 0)
4	Hours	
	(L-T-P)	
	Course	Compulsory
	Status	
		1. To provide the understanding of physical states of matter and how they are related
		to daily life application
		2. To define how the initially primitive models of real gases in physical chemistry
		are elaborated to take into account more detailed observations.
	Course	3. To understand the laws of solid state chemistry and the arrangement of
5	Objective	ions/atoms/molecules in a crystal lattice
	Objective	4. To list different properties of liquids involving surface tension and viscosity
		coefficients.
		5. To extend the concept of solutions from Raoult's Law to industrial application
		processes.
		6. To provide the introduction and application of solid, liquid and gaseous states.
		CO1: The structural features of solid-state material by having the knowledge
		of packing arrangements.
		CO2: Different properties of liquids and their application in daily life.
6	Course	CO3: The separation processes of steam distillation and solvent extraction.
0	Outcomes	CO4: Ideal and Non ideal gas behaviour and their properties.
		CO5: The basics of thermodynamics to the lab-scale heat exchange processes.
		CO6: Fundamental properties, thermodynamical properties and application of all
		states of mater
		Course emphasizing on the various solid state structures and its correlation to
7	Course	atomic coordinated, distinguishing properties of liquid state, physical properties
/	Description	of molecule's in solutions and gaseous state, thermochemistry aspects of chemical
		process.
8 Outline syllab		
	Unit 1	Solid State
	A	Crystalline and amorphous solids, crystal lattices and unit cell, Crystal systems, types,
		close packing, Packing fraction, crystal density, Ionic Radii, radius ratio. X–Ray diffraction: Bragg's
	В	law,
		1417,



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С	Structures of NaCl, KCl and CsCl (qualitative treatment only). Point Defects. Glass and liquid crystals.				
Unit 2	Liquid State				
A	Qualitative treatm	ent of the struct	ure of the liquid state, Radial distribution function		
В	Physical properties of liquids: vapour pressure, surface tension, coefficient of viscosity and their determination. Effect of addition of various solutes on surface tension and viscosity. Temperature variation of viscosity of liquids and comparison with that of gases.				
С					
Unit 3	Solution				
A	pressure-composi solution, azeotrop	tion and tempoes, distillation o			
В	miscibility of liqu	ids.	ical solution temperature, effect of impurity on partial		
С	Immiscibility of lapplications, solv		e of steam distillation. Nernst distribution law and its		
Unit 4	Gaseous State				
A			tion of Ideal gas equation, Maxwell distribution of ar energies, principle of equipartition of energy,		
В	_	Deviation of gases from ideal behaviour, compressibility factor (Z) and expansitivity factor, van der Waal's equation of state and its application to explain deviation of gases.			
С	Critical constant of gas in terms of van der Waal's constant: derivation of P _c , T _c and V _c , principle of corresponding states.				
Unit 5	Thermodynamics and Thermochemistry				
A	Recapitulation of Laws of Thermodynamics, Entropy changes in reversible and irreversible processes, Entropy changes for an ideal gas in isothermal, isobaric and isochoric processes,				
В			Helmholtz free energy (A) and Gibbs free Energy (G), pressure and temperature, Maxwell relations, Gibbs-		
С			eaction at constant volume and pressure, Enthalpy of less's Law and application, measuring the enthalpy of		
Mode of	Theory				
examination					
Weightage	CA	MTE	ETE		
Distribution	30%	20%	50%		
Text book/s*	 P.W. Atkins and Julio de Paula, "Physical Chemistry", 8th Ed., W. H. Freeman Publication, 2006. G.M. Barrow, "Physical Chemistry" Tata McGraw-Hill Education, 2008. Puri, Sharma and Pathania, "Principles of Physical Chemistry" Vishal Publishing Co. Bahl Arun, Bahl B.S. and J.D Tuli, "Essentials of Physical Chemistry", S.Chand & Co. KL Kapoor, "Textbook of Physical Chemistry" Volume 1 and 2, Macmillar 				
	Publishers				



E5. Syllabus of Bio-Statistics (MTH215)

School: SBSR		Batch: 2019- 2022	
Program: B	3. Sc.	Current Academic Year: 2019-20	
Branch: Che chemistry	emistry/Bio-	Semester: Even	
1	Course Code.	MTH215	
2	Course Title	BIO-STATISTICS	
3	Credits	4	
4	Contact Hours (L-T-P)	3-1-0	
	Course status	Elective	
5	Course Objectives	To make students familiar with the concept of Probability and Statistics with emphasis on some standard probability distributions and sampling distributions.	
6 Course Outcomes		CO1:Describe the concept of Statistics and statistical inference and calculate find the measures of central tendency and dispersion of a data. (K1,K2,K3) CO2: Explain the concept of probability and evaluate the probability of various events in a random experiment, theorem on probability, conditional probability. (K2,K4,K5) CO3: Discuss the concept of normal distributions for evaluate relevant probabilities. (K1,K2,K5) CO4: Discuss about confidence interval and evaluate population parameters from the statistics of samples.(K1,K2,K5) CO5: Explain and evaluate statistical hypothesis using large and small samples. (K2,K4,K5) CO6: Describe and evaluate coefficient of correlation, rank correlation and regression lines relating two variables. (K1,K2,K5)	
7 Course Description		In this introductory statistics course we will explore the use of statistical methodology in designing, analyzing, interpreting, and presenting biological experiments and observations. We will cover descriptive statistics, probability, and hypothesis testing and statistical inference, correlation and regression techniques.	
8	Outline syllabus	:	
UNIT 1	Introduction and descriptive statistics.		
A	Some basic concepts – sampling and statistical inference		
В	Frequency distribution. Measures of central tendency – mean, median, mode, mean of the combined data.		
С	Dispersion – mean deviation, variance, standard deviation, quartiles.		
UNIT 2	Probability.		



A	Objective and subjective views on probability. Random experiment, sample space, events, mutually exclusive events, independent events, axioms of probability, conditional probability.					
В	Calculation of	Calculation of probabilities using addition theorem and conditional probability theorems.				
С	Normal distribution: use of tables to calculate probabilities and also the mean and SD of normal distribution with given probabilities.					
UNIT 3	Estimation.					
A	Confidence in	iterval of a population mean.				
В	Use of the t di	istribution in the estimation of pop	oulation mean in the	small sample cases.		
С	Estimation of	proportions.				
UNIT 4	Testing of hy	pothesis.				
A	Testing of hyp	pothesis: single population mean a	and difference of two	population means.		
В	Testing of hyp	Testing of hypothesis: single population proportion.				
C	Chi – square test – goodness of fit.					
UNIT 5	Correlation and regression.					
A	Carl Pearson's Coefficient of correlation.					
В	Rank correlati	ion.				
С	Regression lin	nes.				
	Mode of Examination	Theory				
	Weightage	CA	MTE	ETE		
	distribution	30%	20%	50%		
	Text books 1. Gupta,S.C and Kapoor,V.K, "Fundamental of Mathematical Statistics			Mathematical Statistics".		
	Other references 1. Daniel, Wayne W., "Biostatistics": Basic concept and Methodology Health Science. 2. Grewal, B.S, "Higher Engineering Mathematics".					



E6. Syllabus of Environmental Science (EVS106)

School: SBSR		Batch: 2019-22		
Progr	ram: B. Sc	Current Academic Year: 2019-20		
Brane	ch: Maths	Semester: I		
1	Course Code	EVS-106		
2	Course Title	Environmental Science		
3	Credits	03		
4	Contact Hours	3-0-0		
	(L-T-P)			
	Course Status	Compulsory		
5	Course	Enable students to learn the concepts, principles and importance of		
	Objective	environmental science		
		2. Provide students an insight of various causes of natural resource		
		depletion and its conservation		
		3. Provide detailed knowledge of causes, effects and control of different		
		types of environmental pollution and its effect on climate change, global warming and ozone layer depletion.		
		4. Provide knowledge of different methods of water conservation		
		5. Provide and enrich the students about social issues such as R&R,		
		population and sustainability.		
6	Course	CO1.Understand the principles and scope of environmental science and natural resource management and conservation		
	Outcomes	CO2. Study about pollution causes, effects and control		
		CO3. Effect of global warming and ozone layer depletion CO4. Study the methods of water conservation CO5. Understand sustainable development, resettlement an rehabilitation, impact of population explosion on environment		
		CO6.Overall understanding of the various elements of environment		
		and factors affecting environmental process and its related issues.		
7	Course	Environmental Science emphasises on various factors as		
	Description	1. Importance and scope of environmental science		
	1	2. Natural resource conservation		
		3. Pollution causes, effects and control methods		
		4. Social issues associated with environment		
8	Outline syllabus			
	Unit 1	General Introduction		
	A	Definition, principles and scope of environmental science		
	В	Land resources, Forest Resources		
	С	Water Resources ,Energy Resources		
	Unit 2	Environmental Pollution (Cause, effects and control measures)		
	A	Air pollution		



В	Water Pollutio	n			
С	Soil and Noise pollution				
Unit 3	Climate Change and its impact				
A	Concept of Glo	obal Warming a	nd greenhouse effect		
В	Ozone layer Depletion and its consequences				
С	_	Climate change and its effect on ecosystem, Kyoto protocol and IPCC concerns on changing climate			
Unit 4	Water Conser	vation			
A	Need of Water	Conservation			
В	Rain Water Ha	rvesting			
С	Watershed management				
Unit 5	Social Issues and the Environment Concept of sustainable development				
A					
В	Resettlement a studies	and rehabilitation	on of people; its problems and concerns, Case		
С	Population exp	olosion and its co	onsequences		
Mode of examination	Theory				
Weightage	CA	MTE	ETE		
Distribution	30%	20%	50%		
Text book/s*		, Benny, "Envir	onmental Studies", Tata Mcgraw-Hill.		
Other References					



E7: Organic Chemistry-1 (BCH102)

School: SBSR		Batch: 2019-22		
Progr	am: B. Sc	Current Academic Year: 2019-20		
Brane	ch: Chemistry	Semester: 02		
1	Course Code	BCH 102		
2	Course Title	Organic Chemistry-1 (C)		
3	Credits	4.0		
4	Contact Hours	(3 1 0)		
	(L-T-P)			
	Course Status	Compulsory		
5	Course Objective	 To introduce students to many of the key concepts of organic chemistry through a survey of the basic reactions types. To promote understanding of basic facts and concepts and to inculcate interest in Organic chemistry. To elaborate various electronic factors, an understanding of nucleophiles, electrophiles, electronegativity, and resonance, reaction intermediates and their effect on the course of organic reactions. To discuss the theories of organic acids/bases, the concept of Formal charges and Curley Arrow rule. To explain, classify and apply fundamental organic reactions such as SN2, SN1, E2, E1, alkene addition, electrophilic aromatic substitution, 1,2/1,4-additions to organic molecules. To elaborate logical and detailed mechanisms for various fundamental reactions which involves nomenclature, physical properties, synthesis, reactions, of alkanes, alkenes, dienes, and alkynes. To demonstrate the basics of Stereochemistry, Classify molecules as chiral or achiral, identify chiral carbons as (R) or (S), identify relationships between pairs of molecules as enantiomers, diastereomers, or equivalent, and identify when a solution is racemic versus optically active. 		
		8. To provide knowledge of basics of organic chemistry, alkanes and cycloalkanes, alkenes and dienes, alkynes and stereochemistry.		
6	Course Outcomes	Students will be able to: CO1: explain many concepts like electronic displacement, bond fission, Reaction intermediates, curly arrow rule, nucleophilicity etc. CO2: understand the synthesis, reactions of alkanes, cycloalkanes and their mechanism CO3: explain the synthesis, reactions of alkenes and dienes CO4: summarize the physical and chemical properties of alkynes CO5: explain and apply the concept of stereoisomerism and conformation CO6: apply the basic concept of organic chemistry in synthesis & reactions of hydrocarbons and analyze the stereochemistry of hydrocarbons		



7	Course Description	Course emphasizing basic organic chemistry which encompasses various types of electronic displacement, reaction intermediates. Further this course enables the students to generalize the structure properties relationship of Alkanes, alkenes, alkynes and cycloalkane. It also gives in-depth idea to prepare various above compounds by different methods. It also covers the basic information about stereoisomerism.
8	Outline syllabi	us
	Unit 1	Basics of Organic Chemistry
	A	Electronic Displacements- Inductive, electromeric, resonance and mesomeric effects, hyperconjugation and their applications; Homolytic and Heterolytic fission with suitable examples,
	В	Reaction Intermediates types, shape and relative stability of carbocations, carbanions, free radicals and carbenes Dipole moment; Organic acids and bases; their relative strength
	C	Curly arrow rules, formal charges; Electrophiles and Nucleophiles; Nucleophilicity and basicity. Introduction to types of organic reactions and their mechanism: Addition, Elimination, Substitution and rearrangement reactions.
	Unit 2	Alkanes and Cycloalkanes
	A	Alkanes- Methods of synthesis (with special reference to Wurtz reaction, Kolbe reaction, Corey-House reaction and decarboxylation of carboxylic acids & their salts)
	В	Chemical reactions: Nitration, Halogenation, Mechanism of free radical halogenation of alkanes: orientation, reactivity and selectivity.
	С	Cycloalkanes- Nomenclature, synthesis, relative stability-Baeyer Strain Theory, physical properties & Chemical properties.
	Unit 3	Alkenes and Dienes
	A	Methods of synthesis, mechanisms of dehydration of alcohols and dehydrohalogenation of alkyl halides, regioselectivity in alcohol dehydration, The Saytzeff rule, Hofmann elimination,
	В	Relative stabilities of alkenes Chemical reactions – hydrogenation, electrophilic and free radical additions, Markownikoff's rule, hydroboration, oxidation, oxymercuration-reduction.
C Epox poly		Epoxidation, ozonolysis, hydration, hydroxylation and oxidation with KMnO ₄ , polymerization. Dienes, Relative stability of dienes, Conjugated dienes, 1,2 and 1,4 additions.
	Unit 4	Alkynes
	A	Methods of synthesis, chemical reactions, acidity of terminal alkynes,
	B C	Mechanism of electrophilic and nucleophilic addition reactions
	Hydroboration-oxidation, metal-ammonia reductions, oxidation and polymerization.	
	Unit 5	Stereochemistry



A	-		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	ction: Newman proj	
	Sawhorse for	mulae, Fisch	er and flying	wedge formulae	and their
	interconversion	, Difference b	etween conforma	tion and configuration	n.
В	Conformationa	l isomerism ir	ethane, n-butan	e and unsubstituted cy	yclohexane
	(axial and equa	torial bonds),			
	Optical isome	Optical isomerism –Molecular chirality, enantiomers, stereogenic center,			
	optical activity,	optical activity, chiral and achiral molecules with one & two stereogenic centers			
С	Disasteromers,	Disasteromers, meso compounds, Absolute configuration, sequence rules, R &			
	S systems of no	omenclature.			
	Geometric ison	merism – cis	trans, E/Z syste	em of nomenclature,	geometric
	isomerism in al	licyclic compo	unds.		
Mode o	f Theory	Theory			
examin	ation				
Weight	age CA	MTE	ETE		
Distribu	ation 30%	20%	50%		
Text bo	ok/s* 1. Organic	Chemistry by	Solomon & Fryl	nle.	
	2. Advanc	ed Organic Ch	emistry by Bahl	and Bahl.	
	3. Organic	Chemistry by	Morrison and Bo	oyd.	
		4. Stereochemistry of carbon compounds; E. L. Eliel.			
		•		Iechanism; D. Nasipu	ri.
		•		echanism; P. S. Kalsi.	
	7. Conform	national analy	sis; Eliel, Allinge	er, Angyal and Morris	on.



E8: Organic Chemistry-III (BCH 302)

Program: B.Sc. Current Academic Year: 2019-20			
Course Code BCH302			
2 Course Title ORGANIC CHEMISTRY-III (C) 3 Credits 4.0 4 Contact (3-1-0) Hours (L-T-P) Course Status Compulsory 5 Course Objective 1. Cultivate an appreciation of the role of organic chemistry in ever life and in biological systems. Particular emphasis will be placed identification and core properties of oxygen, sulfur and nitrogen functional group chemistry. 2. Understand name reactions and their mechanisms of oxygen, sul nitrogen organic functional groups. 3. Discuss the physical and chemical properties and main reactions oxygen containing carbonyl group compounds.			
3			
4 Contact Hours (L-T-P) Course Status Compulsory 5 Course Objective 1. Cultivate an appreciation of the role of organic chemistry in ever life and in biological systems. Particular emphasis will be placed identification and core properties of oxygen, sulfur and nitrogen functional group chemistry. 2. Understand name reactions and their mechanisms of oxygen, sul nitrogen organic functional groups. 3. Discuss the physical and chemical properties and main reactions oxygen containing carbonyl group compounds.			
Hours (L-T-P) Course Status Compulsory 1. Cultivate an appreciation of the role of organic chemistry in ever life and in biological systems. Particular emphasis will be placed identification and core properties of oxygen, sulfur and nitrogen functional group chemistry. 2. Understand name reactions and their mechanisms of oxygen, sul nitrogen organic functional groups. 3. Discuss the physical and chemical properties and main reactions oxygen containing carbonyl group compounds.			
Course Status Compulsory			
Course Status Course Course Objective 1. Cultivate an appreciation of the role of organic chemistry in ever life and in biological systems. Particular emphasis will be placed identification and core properties of oxygen, sulfur and nitrogen functional group chemistry. 2. Understand name reactions and their mechanisms of oxygen, sul nitrogen organic functional groups. 3. Discuss the physical and chemical properties and main reactions oxygen containing carbonyl group compounds.			
 Course Objective Cultivate an appreciation of the role of organic chemistry in ever life and in biological systems. Particular emphasis will be placed identification and core properties of oxygen, sulfur and nitrogen functional group chemistry. Understand name reactions and their mechanisms of oxygen, sul nitrogen organic functional groups. Discuss the physical and chemical properties and main reactions oxygen containing carbonyl group compounds. 			
Objective life and in biological systems. Particular emphasis will be placed identification and core properties of oxygen, sulfur and nitrogen functional group chemistry. 2. Understand name reactions and their mechanisms of oxygen, sul nitrogen organic functional groups. 3. Discuss the physical and chemical properties and main reactions oxygen containing carbonyl group compounds.			
characteristic reactions of carboxylic acids. To illustrate synthesi ester using Fischer esterification. 5. Discuss the structure and reactivity of nitrogen-containing organ	organic fur and of ad s of an		
compounds. 6. Create fundamental and critical analysis about carbonyl compound carboxylic acids and their derivatives, sulphur containing function groups, nitrogen containing functional groups and heterocyclic compounds.			
6 Course CO1: Employ the chemical reactions of all above functional groups to	propose		
Outcomes multistep syntheses of a wide variety of organic compounds.			
CO2: Learn nucleophilic reactions of carbonyl compounds.			
CO3: Compare the structures, functions, and key chemical reaction principal groups of carbonyl compounds, carboxylic acids, thiols, amines isonitriles and sulphonic acids.			
CO4: Applications of carbonyl compounds, carboxylic acids, thiols,	amines.		
nitrile, isonitriles and sulphonic acids.	,		
	CO5: Contrast structure and properties of heterocyclic compounds pyrrole, furan,		



	CO6: Develop understanding and critical thinking about carbonyl compound carboxylic acids and their derivatives, sulphur containing functional group nitrogen containing functional groups and heterocyclic compounds.		
7	Course Description Organic Chemistry-III includes chemistry of carbonyl compounds, carboxylic acids and their derivatives, sulphur and nitrogen containing functional groups and heterocyclic compounds. It provides details knowledge of synthesis, structure and chemical properties. It gives detailed understanding of various mechanism of transformation of substrate into the product. It also discusses the synthesis, reaction and mechanism of substitution reaction of Furan, Pyrrole, Thiophene, Pyridine.		
8	Outline syllab		
	Unit 1	Carbonyl Compounds	
	A	Structure, reactivity and preparation; Nucleophilic additions, Nucleophilic addition-elimination reactions with ammonia derivatives with mechanism. Mechanisms of Aldol and Benzoin condensation,	
	В	Knoevenagel condensation, Claisan-Schmidt, Perkin, Cannizzaro and Wittig reaction, Beckmann and Benzil-Benzilic acid rearrangements, haloform reaction and Baeyer Villiger oxidation, α-substitution reactions	
	С	Oxidations and reductions (Clemmensen, Wolff-Kishner, LiAlH ₄ , NaBH ₄ , MPV, PDC and PGC); Addition reactions of unsaturated carbonyl compounds: Michael addition.	
	Unit 2	Carboxylic Acids and their Derivatives	
	A	Preparation, physical properties and reactions of monocarboxylic acid, Preparation and reactions of acid chlorides, anhydrides, esters and amides, Acetoacetic ester: keto-enol tautomerism, preparation by Claisen condensation, Acid hydrolysis and ketonic hydrolysis	
	В	Comparative study of nucleophilic sustitution at acyl group - Mechanism of acidic and alkaline hydrolysis of esters, Claisen condensation, Dieckmann and Reformatsky reactions	
	С	Hofmann-bromamide degradation and Curtius rearrangement. Preparation of Dicarboxylic acid (succinic acid and adipic acid), Typical reactions of dicarboxylic acids.	
	Unit 3	Sulphur containing functional groups	
	A	Preparation and reactions of thiols, thioethers, Structure & preparation sulphonic acids	
	В	Physical & Chemical properties. Derivatives of sulphonic acids.	
	С	Uses: Benzene Sulphonamide, Saccharin.	
	Unit 4	Nitrogen Containing Functional Groups	
	A	Preparation and important reactions of nitro compounds, nitriles and isonitriles, Amines: Effect of substituent and solvent on basicity; Preparation and properties:	
	D	Gabriel phthalimide synthesis	
	В	Carbylamine reaction, Mannich reaction, Hoffmann's exhaustive, Curtius & Schimidt, methylation, Hofmann-elimination reaction	



С	Distinction betw	een 1°, 2°and	3° amines with Hinsberg reagent and nitrous acid.		
	Diazonium Salts: Preparation and their synthetic applications.				
Unit 5	Heterocyclic Co	Heterocyclic Compounds			
A	Classification and nomenclature, Structure, aromaticity in 5-numbered and 6-				
	membered rings containing one heteroatom				
В	Synthesis, reactions and mechanism of substitution reactions of: Furan				
С	Synthesis, reactions and mechanism of substitution reactions of: Pyrrole,				
	Thiophene, Pyrio	dine.			
Mode of	Theory				
examination					
Weightage	CA	MTE	ETE		
Distribution	30%	20%	50%		
Text book/s*	1.Organic Chen	nistry by Solor	non & Fryhle.		
	1.Advanced Or	ganic Chemisti	ry by Bahl and Bahl.		
	2.Organic Chemistry by Morrison and Boyd.				
	3.Organic Chemistr, Vol.I by Finar.				
	4.Heterocyclic	Chemistry by J	oule & Mills.		
	-	- ·			



E9: Inorganic Chemistry-I (BCH 201)

School: SBSR		Batch : 2019-22
Prog	gram: B.Sc	Current Academic Year: 2019-20
Brai	nch:Chem (H)	Semester:3 rd
1	Course Code	BCH201
2	Course Title	Inorganic Chemistry-I
3	Credits	4
4	Contact	3-1-2
	Hours	
	(L-T-P)	
	Course Status	Compulsory /Elective/Open Elective
5	Course	1. To provide the basics of structure of atoms and the basics of theories involve
	Objective	there in.
		2. To introduce the concept of ionic bonding of solids and the different factors
		that affect ionic bonding.
		3. To illustrate the importance of covalent bonding and its usefulness in
		predicting fundamental properties of the molecules.
		4. To explain to the student about shapes of a covalent molecule
		5. To provide an introduction to the basic concepts in Molecular Orbital Theory
		and apply them to understand and compare the stability and reactivity of the
		molecules.
		6. To introduce other types of non-covalent interaction that could be present in a
		molecule.
6	Course	The student will be able to
	Outcomes	CO1 :understand the various theories to describe atomic structure
		CO2 :know about ionic bonding, significance and factors affecting the strength
		of ionic bonding
		CO3: explain the basis of covalent bonding in molecules
		CO4 : explain the basics of M.O Theory
		CO5: explain about band theory of solids and non-covalent interactions present
		in them
		CO6 :gain insight about various ionic, covalent and non-covalent interactions that are present in the molecule and their structural studies
		interactions that are present in the molecule and their structural studies
7	Course	This course describes the basic theories involved in atomic structure and
′	Description	chemical bonding. This course satisfies the requirement of B.Sc chemistry
	2 courperon	honors' programme.
		1 &
8	Outline syllabu	IS .
	Unit 1	Atomic Structure
	A	Bohr's theory, its limitations and atomic spectrum of hydrogen atom.
	В	Wave mechanics: de Broglie equation, Heisenberg's Uncertainty Principle and
		its significance, Schrödinger's wave equation, significance of ψ and ψ^2 . Quantum



Τ	·				
	atom.	r significance.	Radial and angular wave functions for hydrogen		
С		ple, Hund's ru	curves. Shapes of s , p , d and f orbitals. Pauli's alle of maximum multiplicity, Aufbau's principle		
Unit 2	Chemical Bondi	•			
A			g ionic bond; lattice energy and its calculation by		
11	Born-Haber cycle				
В	•		ing solvation energy and solubility of ionic solids.		
C			ility; Ionic Potential, Fajan's rules.		
Unit 3	<u> </u>	-	mity, ionic i otentiai, i ajan s tuics.		
A	Chemical Bonding-II Covalent bonding: Concept of Hybridization, Extent of d-orbital participation in				
A	molecular bondir	-	•		
В	Bent's Rule, Re	sonance in I	norganic molecules and ions, VSEPR theory,		
	Shortcomings of				
С	Prediction of str	uctures and v	ariation of bond angles on the basis of VSEPR		
			tion and shapes of simple inorganic molecules and		
			ClF ₃ , ICl ₂ , and H ₂ O by valence shell electron pair		
	repulsion (VSEP)		•		
Unit 4	Chemical Bondi	Chemical Bonding-III			
A	Valence bond theory - A mathematical approach and its limitations, directional				
	characteristics of covalent bond. Molecular orbital theory (LCAO method)				
В	Symmetry of mo	olecular orbita	lls, Applications of MOT to homo- and hetero-		
	nuclear diatomic	molecules,			
С	Molecular orbital energy level diagrams (He ₂ , B ₂ , C ₂ , Be ₂ , N ₂ , O ₂ , F ₂ , NO, CO,				
	HF, CN ⁻), Applic	ations of MO	theory to explain the stability of homo and hetero		
	dinuclear diatomic molecules.				
Unit 5	Chemical Bonding-IV				
A	Polar covalent bonds, Dipole moment.				
В	Hydrogen bonding and its effect on the physical and chemical properties of				
	compounds of the main group elements. van der Waal's forces (dipole-dipole				
	interactions, ion-dipole interactions, ion-induced dipole interactions)				
С	Metallic bonding	: Band theory	and its illustration.		
Mode of	Theory				
examination					
Weightage	CA	MTE	ETE		
Distribution					
	30%	20%	50%		



Text book/s*	References
	1. Lee, J.D. Concise Inorganic Chemistry ELBS, 1991.
Other	1. Douglas, B.E. and McDaniel, D.H. Concepts & Models of Inorganic
References	Chemistry Oxford, 1970
	2. Atkins, P.W. & Paula, J. <i>Physical Chemistry</i> , 10 th Ed., Oxford University
	Press, 2014.
	3. Day, M.C. and Selbin, J. Theoretical Inorganic Chemistry, ACS
	Publications, 1962.
	5. Rodger, G.E. Inorganic and Solid State Chemistry, Cengage Learning
	India Edition,
	2002.



2.2.1 Template A2: Biological Science Lab-1 (Practical)

School: SBSR		Batch: 2019- 2022			
Pogr	ram: B.Sc.(H)	Current Academic Year: 2019-20			
Brar	nch:	Semester: I			
Bioc	hemistry				
1	Course Code	BBC151			
2	Course Title	Biological Science Lab-I			
3	Credits	2			
4	Contact Hours	0-0-2			
	(L-T-P)				
	Course Status	Compulsory			
5	Course	1. The goal of this course is to introduce students to the fundamental			
	Objective	knowledge of preparation of solutions, buffers.			
		2. Understand the principles of routine instruments in use.			
		3. The course will cover the qualitative estimations of biomolecules			
		including carbohydrates, proteins, amino acids			
		4. Enhance the practical knowledge and result analysis skills			
		7. Emiliance the practical knowledge and result analysis skins			
6	Course	After completing the course the students will be-			
	Outcomes	CO1:Able to use lab instruments independently.			
		CO2: Able to prepare stock solutions, buffers etc.			
		CO3: Understand the basics of biomolecules and become familiar with			
		qualitative estimations of carbohydrates.			
		CO4: Able to understand the biochemistry of reactions.			
		CO5: Able to analyse the results and understand the biochemical reactions			
		involved.			
		CO6: Enhance the practical skills			
7	Course	The course will give the fundamental knowledge and practical abilities in			
	Description	qualitative estimations of biomolecules.			
8	Outline syllabus				
	Unit 1	Practical based on lab instruments			
		Preparation of stock solution, buffer etc			
	Unit 2	Practical related to – carbohydrate estimations			
	Unit 3	Practical related to amino acid estimations.			
	Unit 4	Practical related to protein estimation			



Un	it 5	Practical related tolipid estimation.			
Mo	de of	Practical &Viva	Practical &Viva		
exa	mination				
We	eightage	CA	MTE	ETE	
Dis	tribution	60%	0%	40%	



2.2.2: Biological Science Lab-2 (Practical)

School: SBSR		Batch: 2019- 2022
Pogi	ram: B.Sc.(H)	Current Academic Year: 2019-20
Brai	nch:	Semester: II
Bioc	hemistry	
1	Course Code	BBC152
2	Course Title	Biological Science Lab-2
3	Credits	2
4	Contact Hours	0-0-2
	(L-T-P)	
	Course Status	Compulsory
5	Course Objective	 To understand the basic concepts and methods behind Lambert-Beer's Law. To undergo some quantitative estimation of proteins using standard methods
		3. To apply some basic principle behind the quality control experiments of lipids(oils and fats)4. To understand the principle and methods behind the isolation technique of proteins from different sources
		5. To quantify unknown carbohydrates form different food sample.
6	Course Outcomes	After the completion of this course students will be able to
	Outcomes	CO1.Know the importance of Beer Lamberts Law and how to use this graphical notation in different methods
		CO2 .Understand and analyse the role of standard calibration curve and to how to use it for the estimation of unknown protein concentration from different food samples
		CO3.Use the same quality control method in determining the acid value of Butter, mustard oil, coconut oil and olive oil
CO4. Know the different isolation techniqueand how to research or projects.		CO4. Know the different isolation techniqueand how to apply it in simple research or projects.
		CO5.Analyze the result and estimate the concentration of Glucose and starch from different food samples
quantitative estimation		CO6. Understand, analyse and corelate the different methods for the quantitative estimation of carbohydrate, proteins and fat and apply them thoroughly in small projects or in research
7	Course Description	The course will give the fundamental knowledge and practical abilities in qualitative estimations of biomolecules.
8	Outline syllabus	
	Unit 1	To demonstrate the working principle of spectrophotometer



		To determine the	Lambda maxi	mum of the given solution	
Unit 2and 5 To prove and verify Beer's lambert's law using different concentric KMnO ₄ and Potassium Dichromate To determine the unknown protein using Folin - Lowry's method To estimate the reducing sugar by nitro salicylic acid (DNS) method To quantify total sugars using anthrone method			ein using Folin - Lowry's method by nitro salicylic acid (DNS) method nthrone method		
		To determine unknown protein using biuret method.			
	Unit 3	To determine the acid value of mustard oil, coconut oil, olive oil and butter			
		To determine the saponification value of the given oil sample To isolate the crude protein extract from germinating seeds and leaf Practical &Viva			
	Unit 4				
9	Mode of examination				
10	Weightage	CA	MTE	ETE	
	Distribution	60%	0%	40%	
11	Text book		·		



2.2 .3: Biological Science Lab-3 (Practical)

Scho	ool: SBSR	Batch: 2019- 2022
Pogi	ram: B.Sc.(H)	Current Academic Year: 2019-20
Brai	nch:	Semester: I
Bioc	chemistry	
1	Course Code	BBC251
2	Course Title	Biological Science Lab-3
3	Credits	2
4	Contact Hours (L-T-P)	0-0-2
	Course Status	Compulsory
5	Course Objective	To understand the working principle of various instruments use in laboratory.
		2.To have a knowledge about the preparation of reagents, media and PAGE and agarose gel.
		3. To understand the basic principle and method followed in paper chromatography.
		4. To understand plasmid isolation, purification.
		5. To understand the principle behind proteins, nucleic acid separation and isolation
6	Course Outcomes	After the completion of this course students will be able to;
		1. explain the principle and how to use instrument in laboratory.
		2. make any kind of solutions, reagents/ buffers, media, PAGE and agarose gel of their own.
		3. apply and explain the principles of experiments in research or mini projects.
		4. execute the biochemical reactions and methods of plasmid isolation and purification.
		5.explain biochemical reactions and methods associated with amino acids, proteins and nucleic acid 6. students will demonstrate a proficiency in knowledge of concepts in chemistry and biochemistry necessary to understand the underpinnings of biology.



7					
7	Course	The course will give the fundamental knowledge and practical abilities			
	Description	in qualitative estimations of biomolecules.			
8	Outline syllabus				
	Unit 1	To prepare reagent/buffers require for sodium dodecyl sulphate-			
		polyacrylamic	de gel electroph	oresis (SDS-PAGE).	
				, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
		To Prepare S	To Prepare SDS-PAGE gel.		
	Unit 2	To analyse pr	otein by SDS-F	AGE gel electrophoresis.	
	Unit 3	To separate a	and indentify a	mino acids by paper chromatography and	
			(retention facto		
	Unit 4	To prepare Li	uria-Bertani (LI	B) broth and pouring of LB agar plate.	
			`		
	Unit 5	To isolate bacterial colonies using the Quadrant Method: Streak Plate			
		Procedure			
	Unit 4	To Isolate plasmid DNA from 1-3 ml of bacterial culture (<i>E</i> .			
		coli DH5α) by boiling lysis method.			
	Unit 4	To determine the presence of DNA and quantify the size (length of the			
			-	ct by an agarose gel electrophoresis.	
		Bivi inoiceu	ie) of the produ	et by an agarose ger electrophoresis.	
	Unit 3	To determine	a the total pro	tein concentration in a given sample by	
				tem concentration in a given sample by	
	M - 1 C	Bradford method.			
	Mode of	Practical &Viv	/a		
	examination	CA	MTE	EFF	
	Weightage	CA	MTE	ETE	
	Distribution	60%	0%	40%	
	Text book				



2.2.4 Molecular Biology Lab (Practical)

Scho	ool: SBSR	Batch: 2019- 2022
Pog	ram: B.Sc.(H)	Current Academic Year: 2019-20
Bra	nch:	Semester: IV
Biod	chemistry	
1	Course Code	BBC252
2	Course Title	Molecular Biology Lab
3	Credits	3
4	Contact Hours (L-T-P)	0-0-3
	Course Status	Compulsory
5	Course Objective	1.To understand the working principle of various instruments use in molecular biology lab.2.To have a knowledge about the preparation of reagents and buffer for PAGE and agarose gel and its functions.
		 3. To understand the basic principle and method followed polymerase chain reaction. 4. To have a knowledge of competent cell preparation, transformation and plasmid isolation/purification. 5. To understand the principle behind western blot and DNA estimation
6	Course Outcomes	After the completion of this course students will be able to;
	Outcomes	CO1. prepare chemical solution and reagents to the precision appropriate to the task.
		CO2. accurately, safely and appropriately use all the equipment regularly used in DNA manipulation, including balances, pipettes, electrophoresis and centrifuges.
		CO3. demonstrate knowledge of the biochemical basis underpinning the molecular biology techniques teach in the class/ workshop.
		CO4. independently handle RNA extraction, reverse transcription, polymerase chain reaction, ligation, bacterial transformation, to DNA extraction, DNA mapping and primer design.
		CO5. transformation of plasmids, extract protein, assess and quantify expression using Western blotting.
		CO6. carry out molecular biology experiments and interpret the results, designing a strategy to circumvent potential failed experiments.
7	Course Description	To make students well versed with the theoretical concepts with experimentation
8	Outline syllabus	1
	Sacrino Syriabat	



Unit 1	To formili		and and another Dunnanting of	
Omt 1		To familiarize with how cells are made competent: Preparation of calcium competent <i>Escherichia coli</i> .		
	To perform	n heat-shock t	ransformation method of gene transfer.	
Unit 2		To extract and purify plasmid DNA using alkaline lysis method.		
Unit 3	To determ	To determine the presence of plasmid DNA and quantify the size (lengt		
	of the DN	A molecule) o	f the product by an agarose gel electrophoresis.	
	To design	primer for am	plifying gene by polymerase chain reaction.	
Unit4	To amplify	y gene in vitro	by polymerase chain reaction (PCR).	
Unit 5	To perform	n electro-blott	ing of proteins from SDS-polyacrylamide gel.	
Unit 5		To determine the antigens qualitatively by immunoblotting (western blotting) technique.		
Unit 5		To determine the concentration of a given DNA sample using diphenylamine method.		
Unit 4		To determine the melting temperature (Tm) of a given DNA sample using ultraviolet absorption.		
Unit 2	To determ	ine the present	ce of plasmid DNA and quantify the size (length	
			f the product by an agarose gel electrophoresis.	
Unit4			plifying gene by polymerase chain reaction.	
Mode o			party mg gene by portymeruse enum reaction.	
examin		Tractical & VIVA		
Weight		MTE	ETE	
Distribu	0	0%	40%	
Text bo			1	



2.2.5 : Enzymology Lab (Practical)

School: SBSR		Batch: 2019- 2022		
	n: B.Sc.(H)	Current Academic Year: 2019-20		
Brancl		Semester: IV		
Bioche	1			
1	Course	BBC253		
	Code			
2	Course	Enzymology Lab		
3	Title Credits	3		
4	Contact	0-0-3		
4	Hours	0-0-3		
	(L-T-P)			
	Course	Compulsory		
	Status			
5	Course	To understand the basic knowledge/concept about the enzyme activity i.e, how		
	Objective	many substrates are converted into how many products in one minute		
		2.To have a deep understanding about the effect of various concentration of		
		substrates on the activity of enzymes		
		3. To understand the role of p H in the overall activity of the enzyme		
		4. To calculate the various enzyme activity using the formula and to make a		
standard calibration		standard calibration curve of different known concentration of products on X		
		axis with the absorbance of the products at its Lambda max on Y axis		
		5. To know the effect of time course of the reaction catalysed by the enzyme.		
6	Course Outcomes	After the completion of this course students will be able to		
	Gutcomes	1. Determine the various ways of calculating enzyme activity of alkaline		
		phosphatase, alpha and beta amylase etc		
		2. Draw standard calibration curve of known concentration Vs Absorbance and		
		from that they can determine the product released from the graph		
		3.Find the optimum temperature and p H at which the enzyme activity is		
		maximum		



		1			
		4. Able to draw a	and interpret th	ne Michaelis Menton hyperbolic curve and know	
		the importance of	f pseudo order	kinetics	
		5. Explain the effect of different concentration of substrates on the enzyme activity of various enzymes			
7	Course	To make students	s well versed v	with the theoretical concepts with	
	Description	experimentation		•	
8	Outline sylla	bus			
	Unit 1,	To determine spectrophotome	•	y amylase activity of person using no	
		To isolate crude mechanical treati		peta amylase enzyme from sprouted seeds usin	
	Unit 2		To determine the maltose released by the crude beta amylase enzyme isolated from germinated seeds using spectrophotometric method		
		To determine the velocity of alpha		rch (Substrate) concentration on the activity an	
	Unit 3	To determine the lambda maximum of the salicylic acid in the given mixture of enzymatic solution.			
		To determine the amount of cholesterol in the serum using enzymatic method			
		To extract crude activity	form of papair	n from Papaya fruit and determine its enzyme	
	Unit 4and 5		me course of	reaction catalyzed by alkaline phosphatase(E	
		To determine the	e activity of th	ne enzyme catalase in a solution and observe th	
		effects of heat an	d cyanide inhi	ibitor upon this activity.	
		To determine the	effect of p H	on the activity of alkaline phosphatase	
	Mode of examination	Practical &Viva	•	* *	
	Weightage	CA	MTE	ETE	
	Distribution	60%	0%	40%	
	Text book		·		



2.2 .6: Genetics Lab (Practical)

Scho	ool: SBSR	Batch: 2019- 2022		
Pog	ram: B.Sc.(H)	Current Academic Year: 2019-20		
Bra	nch:	Semester: IV		
Bioc	chemistry			
1	Course Code	BBC351		
2	Course Title	Genetics Lab		
3	Credits	3		
4	Contact Hours	0-0-3		
	(L-T-P)			
	Course Status	Compulsory		
5	Course Objective	 To make students well versed with the working principles of instruments and the techniques used in the course lab. To provide thorough knowledge of formula and calculations used for the preparation of reagents, buffer and stock solutions required for specific experiments. To understand the basic principle and methodology used in respective experiment To provide knowledge of genetics involved in experiments pooled out as per theory syllabus. To enhance the practical skills, precautions involved and the result interpretation. 		
6	Course Outcomes	After the completion of this course students will be able to; CO1. Prepare chemical solution and reagents to the precision appropriate to the task. CO2. Accurately, safely and appropriately use all the equipment regularly used including balances, pipettes, electrophoresis and centrifuges. CO3.understand the theoretical concepts dealt in classes/ workshops/ seminars with hands on experience CO4.Able to understand the basic concept of genetics CO5. Able to understand the concept of polymorphism, cell division CO6. to carry out, design, and interpret the results of the experiments		
7	Course Description	To make students well versed with the theoretical concepts with experimentation		
8	Outline syllabus	1		



Unit 1,	To study the Men	delian Traits in humar	To study the Mendelian Traits in humans			
	Smear technique	to observe Barr Body	y (sex chromatin) in the buccal			
	epithelial cells of	human females	•			
Unit 2	Investigation of H	Investigation of Human Karyotypes				
Unit 3	Analysis of Varia	able Number of Tande	em Repeat Polymorphism using			
	gene specific prin	ners				
	(A)-Genomic DN	A isolation				
	Analysis of Polyr	norphism using Variat	ole Number of Tandem Repeat			
	specific primers i	n human genome				
	(B)-Quantificatio	n by electrophoresis/	spectrophotometer (Absorbance			
	at 260nm)					
	Analysis of Polyr	Analysis of Polymorphism using Variable Number of Tandem Repeat				
	1	specific primers in human genome				
	Analysis of poly	Analysis of polymorphism using gene specific primers in PCR				
Unit 4and 5	Microscopic stud	y of human blood sme	ar			
	To study the effe	ct of colchicine on the	e mitotic division of the root tip			
	cells of onion roo	cells of onion root tips				
Mode of examination	Practical &Viva	Practical &Viva				
Weightage	CA	MTE	ETE			
Distribution	60%	0%	40%			



2.2.7 : Immunology Lab (Practical)

School: SBSR		Batch: 2019- 2022		
Pog	ram: B.Sc.(H)	Current Academic Year: 2019-20		
Bran		Semester: IV		
	chemistry			
1	Course Code	BBC352		
2	Course Title	Immunology Lab		
3	Credits	3		
4	Contact Hours (L-T-P)	0-0-3		
	Course Status	Compulsory		
5	Course	To understand the difference in the collection technique adopted while		
	Objective	collecting serum and plama		
		2.To know the concept and understanding of some very important		
		immuno technology like radial immunodiffusion and		
		immunoprecipitation		
		3.To have a deep understanding of immune electrophoresis techniques		
		and the quantification of antibody thereafter.		
		4.To know the details of blood grouping and also to find out the blood		
		group of each and every student who are performing the experiments		
		5.To understand the concept behind shape and size of RBC,WBS and		
		also have clear concept of the technique of ELISA		
6	Course Outcomes	After the completion of this course students will be able to CO1.Understand what is the function of serum and plasma in our body		
		and how these are separated from each other.		
		CO2.Corelate and also understand the application behind some of the		
		most widely used immune techniques like radial immunodiffusion etc		
		CO3. Write and understand why electrophoresis is done with antibody		
		amd what is the relevance out of it.		
		CO4. Able to find out very quickly about own;s blood group and the		
		details of these blood grouping		



		CO5.Corelat	e and understa	nd enzyme linked immunosorbent assay and		
		how to use the	his technique to	o determine the unknown antigen		
		CO6.Unders	CO6.Understand, analyse the overall technology behind immunology			
		and use them	and use them in various other fields like clinical immunology and also in			
		projects				
7	Course			ed with the theoretical concepts with		
	Description	experimenta	tion			
8	Outline syllabus	s				
	Unit 1,		To separate plasma and serum from blood using anti-coagulant method			
		To determin	To determine the blood group of the given sample using antisera A, B			
		and H				
	Unit 2	To perform immunohistochemical staining for tissues				
		To demonstrate the DOT ELISA				
	Unit 3	To observe the shape and morphology of white blood cells using light				
		microscope	•			
		To count the	number of red	blood cells and white blood cells using haemo		
		cytometer				
	Unit 4and 5			phoresis and quantify the antibody		
		To perform i	mmunoprecipi	tation and determine protein A beads		
	Mode of		Practical &Viva			
	examination					
	Weightage	CA	MTE	ETE		
	Distribution	60%	0%	40%		



2.2.8: Genetic Engineering Lab (Practical)

Scho	ool: SBSR	Batch: 2019- 2022		
	ram:	Current Academic Year: 2019-20		
B.Sc	:.(H)			
Branch:		Semester: IV		
Bioc	chemistry			
1	Course	BBC354		
	Code			
2	Course	Genetic Engineering Lab		
	Title			
3	Credits	3		
4	Contact	0-0-3		
	Hours			
	(L-T-P)			
	Course	Compulsory		
	Status			
5	Course	1. To understand the working principle of various instruments used in		
	Objective	molecular biology lab.		
		2. To have a knowledge about the preparation of stock solutions, reagents and		
		buffers.		
		3. To understand the background of each experiment for clear concepts of		
		recombinant DNA technology		
		4. To enhance the practical skills amd understand the precautions involved with hands on experience.		
		5. To understand, design and analyse the results of experiments.		
6	Course	5. To understand, design and analyse the results of experiments.		
	Outcomes	After the completion of this course students will be able to;		
		1. prepare chemical solution and reagents to the precision appropriate to the		
		task.		
		2. accurately, safely and appropriately use all the equipment regularly used in		
		DNA manipulation, including balances, pipettes, electrophoresis and		
		centrifuges.		
		3. demonstrate the knowledge of the molecular biology and the tools and techniques in biochemistry to understand the recombinant DNA technology		
		4. independently handle RNA extraction, reverse transcription, polymerase		
_		chain reaction, ligation, bacterial transformation5. transformation of plasmids,		
		extract protein, assess and quantify expression using Western blotting.		
		Carry out DNA and RNA isolation, quantification, agarose gel electrophoreses,		
		advanced multiplex PCR, gradient PCR etc		
	1	1 / 0		



		6. carry out molecular biology experiments and interpret the results, designing			
		a strategy to circumvent	t potential failed ex	periments	
7	Course	To make students well v	versed with the theo	oretical concepts with	
	Description	experimentation			
8	Outline syllab	pus			
	Unit 1	Extraction of proteins from	n bacterial sample (H	E. coli)	
		To extract and purify to	tal human DNA fro	om whole frozen blood	
	Unit 2	To separate proteins of	n a denaturing Po	lyacrylamide gel and visualize the	
		separated proteins by Co	oomassie Brilliant	Blue stain.	
		To isolate total RNA fro	om the given bacter	rial culture	
	Unit 3	Separation of RNA usin	g Formaldehyde-A	garose Gels	
		To digest the pUC18 D	NA(or any plasmid) with BamH1 enzyme	
		To perform the ligation of linearized T-vector with DNA fragment or the			
		ligation of any restriction enzyme digested DNA fragments using T4 DNA			
		ligase			
	Unit 4and 5	Multiplex Polymerised Chain Reaction (PCR) using gene specific primers PART (A): Multiplex PCR			
		Multiplex Polymerised Chain Reaction (PCR) using gene specific primers PART (A): Visualization of bands by AGE			
	Mode of	Practical &Viva			
	examination				
	Weightage	CA	MTE	ETE	
	Distribution	60%	0%	40%	



2.2.9: Bioinformatics Lab

School: SBSR		Batch: 2019- 2022		
Pogram: B.Sc.(H)		Current Academic Year: 2019-20		
Brai	nch:	Semester: IV		
Biochemistry				
1	Course Code	BBC355		
2	Course Title	BioinformaticsLab		
3	Credits	3		
4	Contact Hours (L-T-P)	0-0-3		
	Course Status	Compulsory		
5	Course Objective	 To acquire a fundamental knowledge of basic computational biology To study, design and analyze in silico experiments. To learn the procedure of sequence alignment and its application in molecular phylogenetics. To understand different techniques used for gene prediction and creation of biological data bases 		
6	Course Outcomes	 CO1: Review different biological databases and softwares required for computational biology. CO2: Integrate data, perform DNA sequencing and interpret the results. CO3: Predict protein structure, function and folding, Compute DNA-protein interaction and apply the information in drug designing. CO4: Design and predict the function of proteins and genes by different algorithms. Apply different techniques for gene prediction and motifs identification. Design experiments to find ESTs and SNPs. CO5: Perform genomic sequencing and determine transcription factor computational biology. Retrieve date using different databases (NCBI, EMBL, SwissPort). CO6: Understanding of a computational biology for prediction analysis 		
7	Course Description	To make students well versed with the theoretical concepts with experimentation		
8	Outline syllabus			
	Unit 1,	To review different biological database freely available online		
	TT */ A			
	Unit 2	Integrate data and perform DNA sequencing and interpret results		
	TT 1/2	Primer designing		
	Unit 3	To retrieve data using NCBL, EMBL, SwissPort		
		Gene prediction analysis and identification of motifs		
	77.4.4.7.7	Prediction of protein structure, function and folding		
	Unit 4and 5	Design experiment to find ESTs and SNPs		
		To understand DNA-protein interaction and application in drug designing		



Mode of	Practical &Viva		
examination			
Weightage	CA	MTE	ETE
Distribution	60%	0%	40%



E2.1: Chemistry Lab-1 (Practical)

School: SBSR		Batch: 2019-22		
Program: BSc. (H)		Current Academic Year: 2019-20		
Branc	ch: Chemistry	Semester: 1		
1	Course number	BCH-151		
2	Course Title	Chemistry Lab	·I	
3	Credits	1		
4	Contact Hours (L-T-P)	0-0-2		
5	Course Objective	various volumetri	for quantitative estimation of different chemical species by c methods and to understand calorimetric formula, heat capacity atter equivalent of calorimeter and enthalpy.	
6	Course Outcomes	 Able to prepare primary standard and secondary standard solutions. Understand the importance of pH and pH meter. Explain the cause of change in thermal energy of a system during any physical or chemical change. Correlate the change in thermal energy with the heat lost or gained by the system. Distinguish between heat capacity and water equivalent of calorimeter. Able to understand the colligative properties. Able to understand the concept Kinematic viscosity. 		
7	Outline syllabus:		·	
7.01	BCH151.01	Task 1	To prepare a standard solution of sodium carbonate (Na ₂ CO ₃) and use it to standardise a given solution of HCl.	
7.02	BCH151.02	Task 2	To determine the strength of given HCl solution by titrating it against 0.1 N Na ₂ CO ₃ solution pH metrically.	
7.03	BCH 151.03	Task 3	To determine the heat capacity of the calorimeter.	
7.04	BCH 151.04	Task 4	To determine the enthalpy of neutralization of NaOH and HCl.	
7.05	BCH 151.05	Task 5	To determine the enthalpy of hydration of anhydrous copper sulphate.	
7.06	BCH 151.06	Task 6	Determination of integral enthalpy of solution of salts (KNO ₃ , NH ₄ Cl).	
7.07	BCH 151.07	Task 7	Study the variation of viscosity of sucrose solution with the concentration of solute using Ostwald viscometer.	
7.08	BCH 151.08	Task 8	To demonstrate the colligative property of elevation in boiling point.	
7.09	BCH 151.09	Task 9	To demonstrate the colligative property of depression in freezing point.	



7.10	BCH 151.10	Task 10		To demonstrate the phenomenon of osmosis using semi permeable membrane.	
8	Course Evalua	Course Evaluation			
8.1	Course work: 1	00% mark	ζS		
8.11	Attendance	None			
8.12	Homework	None			
8.13	Quizzes	None			
				done on each lab turn in the lab notebook and feedback from vork done that day. Zero, if the student is absent. 0.75N best	
8.14	Labs	marks ou	t of N such	evaluations: 100 marks	
8.15	Presentations	None			
8.16	Any other	None			
8.2	MTE	None			
8.3	End-term exam	ination: N	lone		
9	References				
9.1	Text book	O.P. Pano	dey, D.N. I	Bajpai, S.Giri, "Practical Chemistry", S. Chand & Co.	
			Eastman. E Hill p307.	L.D. and Rollefson, G.K. <i>Physical Chemistry</i> 1947 ed. McGraw-	
9.2	Other References		Pauling, L 460.	inus: General Chemistry 1970 ed. Dover Publications pp459-	
		3.	Moore, Wa	alter J. <i>Physical Chemistry</i> 1962 ed. Prentice Hall p132.	



E2.2: Chemistry Lab-II (BCH 152)

School: SBSR		Batch: 2019-22			
Program: BSc. (H)		Current Academic Year: 2019-20			
Branch: Chemistry		Semester: 1I			
1	Course number	BCH-152			
2	Course Title	Chemistry Lab-	II		
3	Credits	1			
4	Contact Hours (L-T-P)	0-0-2			
5	Course Objective	 compounds To execute compounds distillation To perform preliminary To underst compounds To underst titration to 	independently purification techniques to organic is like filtration, recrystallization, sublimation and in the qualitative test on unknown organic compounds i.e y tests, tests for extra elements. and the basic concept of quantitative analysis for organic is and the concept of organic acid and perform the acid base calculate their solubility in solvents at room temperature.		
6	Course Outcomes	 Students are able to Understand the methods of separation and purification Understand the Qualitative analysis of organic compounds Prepare solutions of different strength and standardize them Execute the volumetric analysis experiments for organic compounds 			
7	Outline syllabus:	-			
7.01	BCH-152.01	Task 1 r	Fo check the solubility of organic compounds and Filtration/Purification of organic compounds by ecrystallization using: Water solvent (Phthalic acid, Benzoic acid), Determination of the melting points of above compounds and report the yields of pure compounds.		
7.02	BCH-152.02	Task 2	To check the solubility of organic compounds and Filtration/Purification of organic compounds by recrystallization using Alcohol (naphthalene), Determination of the melting points of above compounds and report the rields of pure compounds.		
7.03	BCH-152 .03	Task 3	To check the solubility of organic compounds and Filtration/Purification of organic compounds by ecrystallization Alcohol-Water (Aspirin from tablet),		



1			Determination of the melting points of above compounds and	
			report the yields of pure compounds.	
7.04	BCH-152.04	Task 4	To perform the purification of crude naphthalene by sublimation method and calculate the percentage yield and M.P	
7.05	BCH-152.05	Task 5	Purification of organic compounds(Water + acetone) by simple distillation.	
7.06	BCH-152.06	Task 6	Elimination reaction of 2-pentanol	
7.07	BCH-152.07	Task 7	Cycloaddition reaction of Cyclopentadiene and maleic anhydride	
7.08	BCH-152.08	Task 8	To To Analyze the presence of extra elements (N, S, halogens) other than C, H, &O in the given organic compound.	
7.09	BCH-152.09	Task 9	To To Analyze the presence of extra elements (N, S, halogens) other than C, H, &O in the given organic compound.	
7.10	BCH-152 .10	Task 10	To determine the solubility of given organic acid(oxalic acid	
8	Course Evaluation			
8.1	Course work:			
8.11	Attendance	None		
8.12	Homework	None		
8.13	Quizzes	None		
		from oral quiz ab	ork done on each lab turn in the lab notebook and feedback out the work done that day. Zero, if the student is absent.	
8.14	Labs		out of N such evaluations: 100 marks	
8.15	Presentations	None		
8.16	Any other	None		
8.2	MTE	None		
8.3	End-term examination: None			
9	References			
9.1	Text book	O.P. Pandey, D.N	I. bajpai, S.Giri, "Practical Chemistry", S. Chand & Co.	
9.2	Other References	Other Vogel's "Teythook of quantitative Analysis" Pearson		



E2.3: Chemistry Lab-III (BCH 251)

School: SBSR		Batch: 2019-22		
Program: BSc. (H)		Current Academic Year: 2019-20		
Branc	h: Chemistry	Semester: 1II		
	Course number	BCH-251		
2	Course Title	Chemistry Lab-III		
3	Credits	1		
4	Contact Hours (L-T-P)	0-0-2		
5	Course Objective	 To learn the methods for calibration of laboratory glass wares used in experiments. To understand the method of solutions of different normality and Molarity. To understand the process of standardization of a given solution. To understand the concept of redox titration and the reactions involved To perform the qualitative analysis of inorganic compounds. To identify cations and anions in a given mixture. To execute independently the determination of flash point of a given oil. To determine the calorific value of any given material by bomb calorimeter. 		
6	Course Outcomes	 Students will be able to Calibrate the burette and pipette used to get the results with zero error. Prepare the solutions of any given normality and strength. Understand the estimation of mixture of salts. Standardise NaOH with oxalic acid. Understand the reactions involved in redox titrations. Measure the calorific value of any given fuel. Understand the process of determination of flash point and fire point. 		
7	Outline syllab	Outline syllabus:		
7.01	BCH 251 .01	Task 1 To calibrate the lab apparatus and preparation of solutions of different Molarity/Normality of titrants.		
7.02	BCH 251 .02	Task 2 To standardization of NaOH with standard Oxalic acid		
7.03	BCH 251 .03	Task 3 To estimate the carbonate and hydroxide present together in mixture.		
7.04	BCH 251 .04	Task 4 To estimate of Fe(II) and oxalic acid using standardized KMnO4 solution.		
7.05	BCH-251.05	Task 5-8 Semi-micro qualitative analysis using H2S of mixtures - not more than two ionic species (one anion and one cation and excluding insoluble salts) out of the following: Cations: NH4+, Pb2+, Ag+,		



		Bi3+, Cu2+, Cd2+, Sn2+, Fe3+, Al3+, Co2+, Cr3+, Ni2+, Mn2+,		
		Zn2+,Ba2+, Sr2+, Ca2+, K+ Anions: CO32-, S2-, SO2-, S2O32-,		
		NO3-, CH3COO-, Cl-, Br-, I-, NO3-,SO42-, PO43-, BO33-		
		,C2O42-, F- (Spot tests should be carried out wherever feasible)		
7.06	BCH 251 .05	Task 9 To detect flash point and fire point of a lubricant.		
7.07	DCH 251 07	Task To determine the calorific value of a fuel using Bomb Calorimeter.		
7.07	BCH 251 .07	10		
8	Course Evalua	tion		
8.1	Course work:	00% marks		
8.2	Attendance	None		
8.3	Homework	Yes		
8.4	Quizzes	Yes		
		Evaluation of work done on each lab turn in the lab, notebook and feedback		
		from oral quiz about the work done that day, punctuality, interaction. Zero, if		
		the student is absent. 0.75N best marks out of N such evaluations:		
8.5	Labs	60 marks		
8.6	Presentations	None		
8.7	Any other	None		
8.8	MTE	None		
8.9	End-term exan	l-term examination: Yes, 40 marks		
9	References	eferences		
9.1	Text book	O.P. Pandey, D.N. bajpai, S.Giri, "Practical Chemistry", S. Chand & Co.		
9.2	Other	Vocal's "Taythook of quantitative Analysis" Dearson		
7.4	References	Vogel's "Textbook of quantitative Analysis", Pearson.		



3.1: Project I

Sch	ool: SBSR	Batch :2019- 2022		
Pro	gram: B.Sc. (Hons)	Current Academic Year: 2019-20		
	nch: Biochemistry	Semester: V		
1	Course Code	BBC353		
2	Course Title	Project I		
3	Credits	3		
4	Contact Hours (L-T-P)	0-0-3		
	Course Status	Compulsory/Elective		
5	Course Objective	 Deep knowledge of a specific area of specialization by literature search Develop research/ experimentation skills as well as enhancing project writing and oral presentation skills. Inculcate team spirit and time management. 		
6	Course Outcomes	 CO1: The course basically introduce the various levels of research within the subject including literature search, developing their deeper interest / inquisitiveness in biochemistry and interdisciplinary subjects CO2: Cultivate the understanding of problem, study design, methodology/ experimentation, significance of reproducibility of results CO3: Uunderstanding of ethics of science and research for supporting higher studies. CO4: Learn effective project organizational skills along with discussions, result interpretation, and paper writing 		
7	Course Description	This course provides the applied knowledge of biochemistry and gives confidence and a solid foundation for future learning		
8	Outline syllabus	<u> </u>		
	Unit 1	Introduction of subject / Literature search		
	Unit 2	Concept building and Study designing		
	Unit 3	Experimentation / Standardization of techniques		
	Unit 4	Data collection, Discussions and result interpretation		
	Unit 5	Report writing		
	Mode of examination	Presentation and Viva		
	Weightage	CA MTE ETE		
	Distribution	60% 0% 40%		
	Text book/s*	-		
	Other References	Pubmed Search (NCBI) Review and research articles of Indexed Journals		



3.2: Project II

School: SBSR		Batch :2019- 2022		
Prog	gram: B.Sc.(Hons)	Current Academic Year: 2019-20		
	nch: Biochemistry	Semester: VI		
1	Course Code	BBC356		
2	Course Title	Project II		
3	Credits	3		
4	Contact Hours (L-T-P)	0-0-3		
	Course Status	Compulsory/Elective		
6	Course Objective Course Outcomes	 Deep knowledge of a specific area of specialization by literature search. Develop research/ experimentation skills as well as enhancing project writing and oral presentation skills Inculcate team spirit and time management. The course basically introduce the various levels of research within the subject including literature search, developing their deeper interest / inquisitiveness in biochemistry and interdisciplinary subjects Cultivate the understanding of problem, study design, methodology/ experimentation, significance of reproducibility of results Uunderstanding of ethics of science and research for supporting higher studies. 		
		CO4: Learn effective project organizational skills along with discussions, result interpretation. and paper writing		
7	Course	This course inculcates the applied knowledge of biochemistry and		
	Description	provides a confidence and a solid foundation for future learning		
8	Outline syllabus			
	Unit 1	Introduction of subject/ literature search		
	Unit 2	Concept building and study design		
	Unit 3	Experimentation/ Standardization of techniques		
	Unit 4	Data collection, Discussions and result interpretation		
	Unit 5	Report writing		
	Weightage	CA MTE ETE		
	Distribution	60% 0% 40%		
	Text book/s*	-		
	Other References	Pubmed Search (NCBI) Review and research articals of Indexed Journals		



2.23: Community Connect (CCU401)

Scho	ol: SBSR	Batch :2019- 2022		
Prog	ram: B.Sc.	Current Academic Year: 2019-20		
	nch: Biochemistry	Semester: II		
1	Course Code	CCU401		
2	Course Title	Community Connect		
3	Credits	2		
4	Contact Hours	2-0-0		
	(L-T-P)			
	Course Status	Compulsory		
5	Course Objective			
		1. To expose our students to different social issues faced by the people		
		in different sections of society.		
		2. To connect their class-room learning with problem solving skills		
		in real life scenario.		
6	Course Outcomes	After completion of this course students will be able to:		
		CO1. Recognise social problems prevailing in different sections of		
		society and finding the solution in sustainable manner.		
		CO2. Get practical exposure of all round development which		
		complements their class room learning		
		CO3. These activities will add value to students, faculty members,		
		school and university.		
		CO4. Foster the development of a sense of caring for others.		
		CO5.Make valuable contributions to communities through active		
		participation.		
		CO6.Structure time to think, talk, or write about their experiences		
		with the service activity.		
7	Course Description	In this mode, students will make survey, analyze data and will extract		
		results out of it to correlate with their theoretical knowledge. E.g.		
		Crops and animals, land holding, labour problems, medical problems		
		of animals and humans, savage and sanitation situation, waste		
		management etc.		
8	Outline syllabus			
	Unit 1	Introduction to the Topic		
	Unit 2	Drafting the questionnaire		
	Unit 3	Survey		
	Unit 4	Data collection, Discussions and result interpretation		
	Unit 5	Report writing and Presentation		
	Mode of examination	Presentation and Viva		
	Weightage	CA MTE ETE		
	Distribution	60% 0% 40%		
	Text book/s*	-		
	Other References	The entries in the list should be in alphabetical order.		



Journal article

Hamburger, C.: Quasimonotonicity, regularity and duality for nonlinear systems of partial differential equations. Ann. Mat. Pura Appl. 169, 321–354 (1995)

Article by DOI

Sajti, C.L., Georgio, S., Khodorkovsky, V., Marine, W.: New nanohybrid materials for biophotonics. Appl. Phys. A (2007). doi:10.1007/s00339-007-4137-z

Book

Geddes, K.O., Czapor, S.R., Labahn, G.: Algorithms for Computer Algebra. Kluwer, Boston (1992)

Book chapter

Broy, M.: Software engineering — from auxiliary to key technologies. In: Broy, M., Denert, E. (eds.) Software Pioneers, pp. 10–13. Springer, Heidelberg (2002)

Online document

Cartwright, J.: Big stars have weather too. IOP Publishing PhysicsWeb. http://physicsweb.org/articles/news/11/6/16/1 (2007). Accessed 26 June 2007

Always use the standard abbreviation of a journal's name according to the ISSN List of Title Word Abbreviations, see

www.issn.org/2-22661-LTWA-online.php

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