

# Program Structure

Program: MSc (Physics)

Program Code: SBR0201

Batch: 2019-21

Department of Physics
School of Basic Sciences and Research



- 1. Standard Structure of the Program at University Level
- 1.1 Vision, Mission and Core Values of the University

## Vision of the University

To serve the society by being a global University of higher learning in pursuit of academic excellence, innovation and nurturing entrepreneurship

## **Mission of the University**

- 1. Transformative educational experience
- 2. Enrichment by educational initiatives that encourage global outlook
- 3. Develop research, support disruptive innovations and accelerate entrepreneurship
- 4. Seeking beyond boundaries

# **Core Values**

- Integrity
- Leadership
- Diversity
- Community

#### 1.2 Vision and Mission of the School

#### **School of Basic Sciences and Research**

## **Vision of the School**

Achieving excellence in the realm of basic and applied sciences to address the global challenges of evolving society

### Mission of the School

- 1. To equip the students with knowledge and skills in basic and applied sciences
- 2. Capacity building through advanced training and academic flexibility.
- 3. To establish center of excellence for ecologically and socially innovative research.
- 4. To strengthen inter institutional and industrial collaboration for skill development and global employability.



#### 1.3.1 Programme Educational Objectives (PEO) for MSc (Physics) program

- PEO1: To prepare students to attain successful professional careers by applying critical thinking and skills based on Physics in their professions or higher education to meet the challenges in industry, academia or the pursuit of other fields.
- PEO2: To engage Students in lifelong learning, adapt to evolving technologies, and work in interdisciplinary research to design innovative products and solutions to become successful professionals, entrepreneurs or researchers.
- PEO3: To provide an opportunity to the students to explore research and development, in collaboration with other institutions, in the areas of Material Sciences, Nuclear Sciences and Renewable Energy.
- PEO4: To impart values in students to practice professional ethics, communicate effectively, emerge as leaders in chosen fields and be socially responsible.

#### 1.3.2 Program Outcomes (PO's)

- PO1: Proficiency Students should demonstrate proficiency in Nuclear and Particle Physics, Advanced Quantum Mechanics, Spectroscopy, Statistical Mechanics, Electronics, Characterization & Synthesis of Materials, Solid State Physics and Renewable Energy and should be able to apply these functions, principles and concepts for solving professional or research problems.
- PO2: Skills Students should understand the need and acquire skills to design and conduct physics experiments, as well as to analyze and interpret data. He should also learned analytical skills on an advanced level, needed in industry, consultancy, education, research, or public administration.
- PO3: Communication Students should understand and capable of writing scientific publication and present their research works in conferences and seminars.
- PO4: Research Students shall have ability to Identify, formulate, research literature, and analyses substantiated conclusions to take up higher education or work on interdisciplinary research problems or take up physics as a teaching profession.
- PO5: Responsibility Students shall have a clear understanding of professional and ethical responsibility.
- PO6: Life-long learning Recognize the need for, and have the preparation and ability to engage in independent and life-long learning in the broadest context of research and technology.
- 1.3.3 Program Specific Outcomes (PSO's)
- PSO1: Materials Science An idea about all types of crystal defects and dislocations, information about Phase diagrams and general diffusion theory in detail, A fair idea of plastic deformation and fracture of material from an engineering point of view, A comprehensive awareness of the most important engineering material of the century namely polymers and state of the art facts and techniques of the synthesis and characterization of materials.
- PSO2: Nano Science Studying nano science will contribute to the development of technology and devices such as single photon sources, solar cells, nano electronics and nanomaterial's. Highly relevant to the recruitment needs of industrial employers, particularly in the semiconductor, telecommunications and imaging sectors and for further research.



MSc. Physics Batch: 2019-2021 TERM: I

| S.        | S. Subject Subjects |   | Teaching Load |       |        |         | Pre-Requisite/ Co | Type of Course:                                |
|-----------|---------------------|---|---------------|-------|--------|---------|-------------------|--|
| No.       | Code                |   | L             | T     | P      |         | Requisite         | • CC   |
|           |                     |   |               |       |        | Credits |                   | <ul><li>AECC</li><li>SEC</li><li>DSE</li></ul> |
|           |                     |   | THE           | ORY S | UBJEC' | TS      |                   | •  |
| 1.        | MPH112              | Solid state physics                         | 4             | 0     | 0      | 4       | Pre-Requisite     | CC   |
| 2.        | MPH119              | Mathematical Physics                        | 4             | 0     | 0      | 4       | Pre-Requisite     | CC   |
| 3.        | MPH120              | Quantum mechanics                           | 4             | 0     | 0      | 4       | Pre-Requisite     | CC   |
| 4.        | MPH111              | Classical mechanics                         | 4             | 0     | 0      | 4       | Pre-Requisite     | CC   |
| 5.        | MMT129              | Introduction to MATLAB and its Applications | 2             | 0     | 2      | 3       | Pre-Requisite     | GE1  |
| Practical |                     |   |               |       |        |         |                   |  |
| 6.        | MPH155              | Physics Lab-1                               | 0             | 0     | 6      | 3       | Pre-Requisite     | CC   |
| 7.        | MPH156              | Physics Lab-2                               | 0             | 0     | 6      | 3       | Pre-Requisite     | CC   |
|           | TOTAL CREDITS 25    |   |               |       |        |         |                   |  |



MSc. (Physics) Batch: 2019-2021 TERM: II

| S.<br>No. | Course<br>Code | Course   | Teaching Load |        |      | Core/Elective | Type of Course: • CC |   |
|-----------|----------------|--|---------------|--------|------|---------------|----------------------|---|
|           |                |  | L             | Т      | P    | Credits       |                      | <ul><li> AECC</li><li> SEC</li><li> DSE</li></ul> |
|           |                | TI   | HEOR          | Y SUBJ | ECTS |               |                      |   |
| 1.        | MPH115         | Renewable energy sources                               | 4             | 0      | 0    | 4             | Core                 | GE 2  |
| 2.        | MPH113         | Electronics  | 4             | 0      | 0    | 4             | Core                 | CC  |
| 3.        | MPH117         | Statistical Mechanics                                  | 4             | 0      | 0    | 4             | Core                 | CC  |
| 4.        | MPH123         | Atomic, molecular physics and spectroscopic techniques | 4             | 0      | 0    | 4             | Core                 | CC  |
| 5.        | MPH122         | Advanced quantum mechanics                             | 4             | 0      | 0    | 4             | Core                 | CC  |
| 6.        | CCU 401        | Community Connect                                      | -             | -      | -    | 2             | Elective             | SEEC-1  |
|           | Practical      |  |               |        |      |               |                      |   |
| 7.        | MPH157         | Physics Lab-3  | 0             | 0      | 6    | 3             | Core                 | CC  |
| 8.        | MPH158         | Physics Lab-4  | 0             | 0      | 6    | 3             | Core                 | CC  |
|           |                | TOTAL CREDITS  |               | 28     |      |               |                      |   |



MSc. Physics Batch: 2019-2021 TERM: III

| S.      |                 |                              | Teac | <b>Teaching Load</b> |   |         | Core/Elective | Type of Course:   |  |  |
|---------|-----------------|------------------------------|------|----------------------|---|---------|---------------|---|--|--|
| No.     | Code            | L T                          |      | Т                    | P | Credits |               | <ul><li> CC</li><li> AECC</li><li> SEC</li><li> DSE</li></ul> |  |  |
|         | THEORY SUBJECTS |                              |      |                      |   |         |               |   |  |  |
| 1.      | MPH204          | Electromagnetics             | 4    | 0                    | 0 | 4       | Core          | CC  |  |  |
| 2.      | MPH205          | Materials Physics            | 4    | 0                    | 0 | 4       | Core          | DSE-1   |  |  |
| 3.      | MPH208          | Synthesis of Materials       | 4    | 0                    | 0 | 4       | Core          | DSE-2   |  |  |
| 4.      | MPH217          | Nuclear and particle physics | 4    | 0                    | 0 | 4       | Core          | CC  |  |  |
| 5.      | MPH256          | Dissertation – 1             | 0    | 0                    | 0 | 4       | Core          | DSE-3   |  |  |
| Practic | Practical       |                              |      |                      |   |         |               |   |  |  |
| 6.      | MPH257          | Specialized Physics lab      | 0    | 0                    | 6 | 3       | Core          | CC  |  |  |
|         |                 | TOTAL CREDITS                | 23   |                      |   |         |               |   |  |  |



MSc. Physics Batch: 2019-2021 TERM: IV

| S.  | Course   | Course                        |      | Teaching Load |                |         | Core/Elective | Type of Course:         |
|-----|----------|-------------------------------|------|---------------|----------------|---------|---------------|-------------------------|
| No. | Code     |                               | L    | Т             | P              | Credits |               | • CC • AECC • SEC • DSE |
|     |          |                               | THEO | RY SU         | J <b>BJE</b> ( | CTS     |               |                         |
| 1.  | OPExxx   | Open Elective                 | 2    | 0             | 0              | 2       | Elective      | SEEC 2                  |
| 2.  | MPH209   | Characterization of Materials | 4    | 0             | 0              | 4       | Core          | DSE 4                   |
| 3.  | MPH210   | Properties of Materials       | 4    | 0             | 0              | 4       | Core          | DSE 5                   |
| 4.  | MPH258   | Dissertation – 2              | 0    | 0             | 0              | 6       | Core          | DSE 6                   |
|     | TOTAL CR | EDITS                         |      |               |                | 16      |               |                         |

**Total Credits= (25+28+23+16=92)** 



C. Course Templates



| Sch | ool: SBSR          | Batch: 2019-2021  |
|-----|--------------------|---|
|     | gram: M.Sc.        | Current Academic Year: 2019-2020  |
|     | nch: Physics       | Semester: I   |
| 1   | Course Code        | MPH-112   |
| 2   | Course Title       | Solid State Physics   |
| 3   | Credits            | 4   |
| 4   | Contact Hours      | 4-0-0   |
| 7   | (L-T-P)            | 4-0-0   |
|     | Course Status      | Compulsory  |
| 5   | Course Objective   | This course provides an opportunity to develop knowledge and understanding of the key principles and applications of physics of solids.   |
| 6   | Course Outcomes    | CO1: Knowledge of real space, reciprocal space (k-space), Electrons in a Periodic Potential and Free electron theory.  CO2: Knowledge and understanding the theory of defects and diffusion in Solids.  CO3: Knowledge and understanding the theory of lattice vibrations (phonons) and use that to determine thermal properties of solids.  CO4: Knowledge and understanding of dielectric and Ferro-electric Properties of Materials.  CO5: Knowledge and understanding of magnetic and superconducting properties of solids.  CO6: Apply the knowledge gained to solve problems in solid state physics using relevant mathematical calculations. |
| 7   | Course Description | This course provides students a full exposure to the basic principles and essential concepts of Solid State Physics including theoretical description of crystal structure, lattice dynamics, thermal, electrical and magnetic properties of solids.  |
| 8   | Outline syllabus   |   |
|     | Unit 1             | Electronic Energy Bands   |
|     | A                  | Wigner Seitz cell, Brillouin Zone, Bragg planes   |
|     | В                  | Band structure, Bloch Theorem, Electrons in a Periodic Potential  |
|     | С                  | Kronig-Penney Model, Classical and quantum Free electron theory   |
|     | Unit 2             | Defects and Diffusion in Solids   |
|     | A                  | Point defects, line defects and dislocations  |
|     | В                  | Fick's law, diffusion constant  |
|     | С                  | self-diffusion, color centres and excitons.   |
|     | Unit 3             | Lattice Vibration and Thermal Properties of Solids  |
|     | A                  | Lattice Vibrations and Phonons: Linear Monoatomic and Diatomic Chains   |
|     | В                  | Acoustical and Optical Phonons. Qualitative description of the Lattice heat capacity  |
|     | С                  | Classical theory of specific heat, Einstein's and Debye's theory of specific heat of solids.  |



| Unit 4              | Dielectric  | and   | l Ferro-electri  | c Properties of Materials                   |  |  |  |  |
|---------------------|---|-------|------------------|---|--|--|--|--|
| A                   | Local Field and Clausius-Mossotti Equation, Polarization mechanism:       |       |                  |   |  |  |  |  |
|                     | Ionic Polarization, Orientational Polarization, Interfacial Polarization, |       |                  |   |  |  |  |  |
|                     | Total Polarization  |       |                  |   |  |  |  |  |
| В                   | Piezoelecti   | ricit | y, Ferroelectric | city, Pyroelectricity effect, Ferroelectric |  |  |  |  |
|                     | effect,   |       |                  |   |  |  |  |  |
| C                   | Curie-Wei   | ss L  | aw, Ferroelecti  | ric domains, Structural phase transition.   |  |  |  |  |
| Unit 5              | Magnetisr   | n ai  | nd Supercondu    | ıctivity                                    |  |  |  |  |
| A                   | Ferromagn   | etic  | Domains – Ar     | nisotropy energy, origin of domains,        |  |  |  |  |
|                     | transition 1  | egio  | on between don   | nains, Bloch wall, Coercive force,          |  |  |  |  |
|                     | Temperatu   | re d  | lependence of s  | pontaneous magnetisation,                   |  |  |  |  |
| В                   | Saturation  | Ma    | gnetization, An  | tiferromagnetism, Ferrimagnetism,           |  |  |  |  |
|                     | Anisotropi  | c an  | nd Giant Magne   | etoresistance, London equation;             |  |  |  |  |
| C                   | Elementary  | y Bo  | CS theory, coh   | erence Length, Quantization of magnetic     |  |  |  |  |
|                     | flux, Josep   | hso   | n effect.        |   |  |  |  |  |
| Mode of examination | Class test (  | (10)  | ,Assignments     | (10) and presentation (10)                  |  |  |  |  |
| Weightage           | CA  |       | MTE              | ETE   |  |  |  |  |
| Distribution        | 30%   |       | 20%              | 50%   |  |  |  |  |
| Text book/s*        | Introduction to solid state physics: C. Kittel                            |       |                  |   |  |  |  |  |
| Other References    | 2. Solid State Physics: S.O. Pillai                                       |       |                  |   |  |  |  |  |
|                     | 3. Solid State Physics: A. J. Dekker                                      |       |                  |   |  |  |  |  |
|                     |   | •     |                  | s: Richar Jerome Weiss                      |  |  |  |  |
|                     | 5. I  | ntro  | duction to soli  | ds: L.V. Azaroff                            |  |  |  |  |



| Scho | ool: SBSR             | Batch: 2019-21  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|------|-----------------------|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|
|      | gram: M.Sc.           | Current Academic Year: 2019-20  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|      | nch: Physics          | Semester: I   |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1    | Course Code           | MPH 119   |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2    | Course Title          | MATHEMATICAL PHYSICS  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 3    | Credits               | 4   |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 4    | Contact Hours         | 4-0-0   |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|      | (L-T-P)               |   |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|      | Course Status         | Compulsory  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 5    | Course<br>Objective   | <ol> <li>The objective of this course is to familiarize the students with various techniques of solving ordinary and partial differential equations.</li> <li>To understand the concepts of Laplace and Fourier transformations, basic statistical and numerical methods and their applications.</li> </ol>   |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 6    | Course<br>Outcomes    | CO1: Explain the methods of solving differential equations of various types.  CO2: Explains the methods of solving Heat, Wave and Laplace's   |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|      |                       | Equations  CO3: Know that any periodic function can be expressed as a Fourier series and fundamental mathematical properties of the Fourier and Laplace transform.  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|      |                       | CO4: Know the condition(s) for a complex variable function to be analytic and/or harmonic, able to determine the points of singularities of a function and understand the concept of sequences and series with respect to the complex numbers.  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|      |                       | CO5: Describe various probability distributions and their applications.   |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|      |                       | CO6: Describe and use the concepts of different numerical methods.  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 7    | Course<br>Description | This course is an introduction to the fundamentals of Ordinary and partial differential equations, Integral transformations, complex variables, statistics and numerical analysis. The main objective of the course is to develop the basic understanding of differential equations, Fourier and Laplace Transforms, complex variables and numerical methods. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 8    | Outline syllabus      |   |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|      | Unit 1                | Ordinary Differential Equations   |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|      | A                     | Linear ordinary differential equations of first & second order.   |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|      |                       | Series solution of differential equation, Special functions (Hermite,   |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|      | В                     | Bessel, Laguerre and Legendre functions). Green's function  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|      | С                     | Partial differential equations (Laplace, wave and heat equations in two and three dimensions)   |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|      | Unit 2                | Fourier series, Fourier and Laplace transforms  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|      | A                     | Fourier series, Fourier series in change of interval, Half range sine and cosine series. Transform.   |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|      | В                     | Fourier Transforms, Fourier Cosine and sine Transform, properties of Fourier  |  |  |  |  |  |  |



|              |   |   | Beyond Boundaries                              |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|--------------|---|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| C            | Laplace tran  | sform of some   | standard functions and its properties, Inverse |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|              | Laplace tran  | Laplace transform and Convolution theorem                               |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Unit 3       | Complex A   | Complex Analysis  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A            | Elements of complex analysis, analytic functions.   |   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| В            | Taylor & La   | Taylor & Laurent series.  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| С            | Poles, residu   | es and evaluati   | on of integrals.                               |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Unit 4       | Probability   | and Statistics  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A            | Elementary  | probability theo  | ory, random variables.                         |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| В            | Binomial, Po  | oisson and norn   | nal distributions                              |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| С            | Central limit   | theorem.  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Unit 5       | Numerical 7   | Гесhniques  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A            | Elements of   | Elements of computational techniques: root of functions, interpolation, |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|              | extrapolation.  |   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| В            | Integration by trapezoidal and Simpson's rule.  |   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| C            |   |   | rential equation using Runge-Kutta method      |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|              | and Finite di   | fference metho  | od .   |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Mode of      | Theory  |   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| examination  |   | T   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Weightage    | CA  | MTE   | ETE  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Distribution | 30%   | 20%   | 50%  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Text book/s* |   | •   | anced Engineering Mathematics", John Wiley     |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|              |   | ons Inc.  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|              | 2. Jain, M.K., and Iyengar, S.R.K., "Advanced Engineering Mathematics", Narosa Publications |   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|              |   |   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Other        | 1. S.L. Ross, "Differential Equations", John Willey & Sons Inc.                             |   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| References   |   |   | K. Kapoor: Fundamentals of Mathematical        |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|              | Statis  | stics: Sultan Ch  | and and Sons.                                  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|              |   |   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|              |   |   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |



| Sch | nool: SBSR          | Batch: 2019-2021   |  |  |
|-----|---------------------|--|--|--|
|     | ogram: MSc (Physics |  |  |  |
|     | anch:               | Semester: I  |  |  |
| 1   | Course Code         | MPH 120  |  |  |
| 2   | Course Title        | Quantum Mechanics  |  |  |
| 3   | Credits             | 4  |  |  |
| 4   | Contact Hours (L-7  | Γ-P) 4-0-0   |  |  |
|     | Course Status       | Compulsory   |  |  |
| 5   | Course Objective    | <ol> <li>pinpoint the historical aspects of development of quantum mechanics, understand the uncertainty, dirac notations</li> <li>relations understand and explain the differences between classical and quantum mechanics, understand the idea of wave function</li> <li>solve Schrodinger equation for simple potentials</li> <li>spot, identify and relate the eigenvalue problems for energy, momentum, angular momentum and central potentials.</li> </ol>                                   |  |  |
| 6   | Course Outcomes     | After the completion of this course, the student will be able to CO1 understanding and relating the events which led toward the development of quantum mechanics CO2 understanding the basic principles of wave mechanics CO3 relating the knowledge of mathematics to the formalism of quantum mechanics CO4 ability to solve simple problems exactly CO5 adapting the gained knowledge to be implement. CO6 Understanding the concept of Quantum Mechanics and its application for real problems |  |  |
| 7   | Course Description  |  |  |  |
| 8   | Outline syllabus    | I  |  |  |
|     | Unit 1              |  |  |  |
|     |                     | ntroduction to the course and Prerequisite required, Linear vector space –   |  |  |
|     | S                   | tate space, Dirac notation and Representation of State Spaces, Concept of Kets, Bras and Operators   |  |  |
|     |                     | Expectation Values, Superposition Principle, Orthogonality, Completeness, Expansion of State Vector, Non commutating Observables   |  |  |



|     |              |   |                         | Beyond Boundaries                     |  |  |  |  |  |
|-----|--------------|---|-------------------------|---------------------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|
|     | С            | Commutation and Comp<br>Generalized Uncertainty R   |                         | basis, Unitary operators.             |  |  |  |  |  |
| I   | Unit 2       | •   |                         |                                       |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1   | A            | Postulates of Quantum mechanics, State function and its interpretation  |                         |                                       |  |  |  |  |  |
|     | В            | Wave-function in coordinate and momentum representations, Expansion of  |                         |                                       |  |  |  |  |  |
|     |              | a State Function and Superposition of states  Matrix representation of State Vectors and operators, Continuous Ba |                         |                                       |  |  |  |  |  |
|     | С            |   |                         | erators, Continuous Basis,            |  |  |  |  |  |
|     |              | Relation between a State V  |                         |                                       |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1   | Unit 3       |   |                         |                                       |  |  |  |  |  |
| l — | A            | Schrödinger equation  | and its applications    | - In one dimensional                  |  |  |  |  |  |
|     |              | consideration: Schrödin   |                         |                                       |  |  |  |  |  |
|     |              | independent).   | 8 1                     |                                       |  |  |  |  |  |
|     | В            |   | ticle in one-dimensiona | al potential well (finite and         |  |  |  |  |  |
|     |              | infinite depth) and its ener  |                         | F                                     |  |  |  |  |  |
|     | С            |   |                         | (finite and infinite width)           |  |  |  |  |  |
|     | -            | and penetration problems.   |                         | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1   | Unit 4       | penetration problems.   |                         |                                       |  |  |  |  |  |
| _   |              | ~   |                         | in three dimensional                  |  |  |  |  |  |
|     | A            |   |                         |                                       |  |  |  |  |  |
|     |              | consideration: Free particl   |                         |                                       |  |  |  |  |  |
|     | В            | Motion of a charged particle in a spherically symmetric field   |                         |                                       |  |  |  |  |  |
| (   | C            |   | wave functions of Hyd   | rogen atom; Expression of             |  |  |  |  |  |
|     |              | Bohr radius   |                         |                                       |  |  |  |  |  |
|     | Unit 5       |   |                         |                                       |  |  |  |  |  |
| I — | A            | Schrödinger interaction Pi  |                         |                                       |  |  |  |  |  |
| l — | В            | Heisenberg interaction Pic  | *                       |                                       |  |  |  |  |  |
|     | C            |   |                         | r Harmonic Oscillator with            |  |  |  |  |  |
|     |              | Operator Method, Coheren  | nt States               |                                       |  |  |  |  |  |
|     | Mode of      | Theory  |                         |                                       |  |  |  |  |  |
| •   | examination  |   |                         |                                       |  |  |  |  |  |
|     |              |   |                         |                                       |  |  |  |  |  |
|     | Weightage    | CA  | MTE                     | ETE                                   |  |  |  |  |  |
|     | Distribution | 30%   | 20%                     | 50%                                   |  |  |  |  |  |
|     | Text Book/s  | 1. Nouredine Zettili, Qu  | antum Mechanics: conc   | epts and applications, John           |  |  |  |  |  |
|     |              | Wiley & Sons (2001)   |                         |                                       |  |  |  |  |  |
|     |              | 2. L. Schiff, Quantum M   | lechanics, Mcgraw-Hill  | (1968).                               |  |  |  |  |  |
|     | Other        | 1. B. H. Bransden an  | nd C. J. Joachain, Qua  | antum Mechanics, Pearson              |  |  |  |  |  |
|     | References   | Education 2nd Ed.   | (2004)                  |                                       |  |  |  |  |  |
|     |              | 2. R. L. Liboff, Intro  | ductory Quantum Mec     | hanics, Pearson Education,            |  |  |  |  |  |
|     |              | 2. R. L. Liboff, Introductory Quantum Mechanics, Pearson Education, 4th Ed. (2003).                               |                         |                                       |  |  |  |  |  |
|     |              | ` '   | odern Quantum Mech      | anics, Pearson Education              |  |  |  |  |  |
|     |              | (2002).   | Yamitaiii 1,10011       | minus, i carson Laucation             |  |  |  |  |  |
|     |              | , ,   | -M Van Quantum Ma       | chanics: Fundamentals,2nd             |  |  |  |  |  |
|     |              | 4. IX. OUMITICA AIIA I  | -ivi Tan, Quantum Me    | chames. Fundamentals,2110             |  |  |  |  |  |
|     |              | Ed Comingon (2000   | 2)                      |                                       |  |  |  |  |  |
|     |              | Ed., Springer (200)<br>5. D. J. Griffiths.  | <i>'</i>                | tum Mechanics, Pearson                |  |  |  |  |  |



|  |    | Beyond Boundaries                                      |
|--|----|--|
|  |    | Education (2005).                                      |
|  | 6. | P. W. Mathews and K. Venkatesan, A Textbook of Quantum |
|  |    | Mechanics, Tata McGraw Hill(1995).                     |
|  | 7. | F. Schwabl, Quantum Mechanics, Narosa (1998).          |



| C - l | -1. CDCD                | D-4-L. 2010 21   |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|-------|-------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
|       | ool: SBSR               | Batch: 2019-21   |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| )     | gram: M.Sc.             | Current Academic Year: 2019-20 Semester: I   |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|       | nch: Physics            |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1     | Course Code             | MPH111   |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2     | Course Title            | Classical Mechanics  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 3     | Credits                 | 4  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 4     | Contact<br>Hours(L-T-P) | 4-0-0  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|       | Course Status           | Compulsory   |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 5     | Course<br>Objective     | <ul> <li>To make the students familiar with the concepts Constraints and generalized coordinates, d' Alembert's principle and virtual work.</li> <li>To understand the concept of Hamilton's principle, Hamilton's canonical equations of motion, cyclic coordinates, Central Forces, Lagrangian and Hamiltonian, em forces, coupled oscillators.</li> <li>To know the concept of Canonical Transformations, Hamilton Jacobi theory, action and angle variables, Small oscillations, principal axis transformation, Degrees of freedom for a rigid body, Euler angles.</li> <li>To understand the concept of Two body central force problem, reduction to the equivalent one body problem, equation of motion and first integral, Virial theorem.</li> </ul>   |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 6     | Course<br>Outcomes      | CO1: Learn the basic concepts of Constraints and generalized coordinates, d' Alembert's principle and virtual work, Euler-Lagrange equations of motion.  CO2: Understand the Hamilton's principle, Hamilton's canonical equations of motion, cyclic coordinates, Central Forces — Lagrangian and Hamiltonian, em forces, coupled oscillators. Canonical variables, Poisson's bracket.  CO3: Able to explain the Canonical Transformations, Hamilton Jacobi theory, action and angle variables, centre of mass and laboratory systems.  CO4: Figure out the Small oscillations, principal axis transformation, normal coordinates and its applications to linear molecules. Degrees of freedom for a rigid body, Foucault's pendulum.  CO5: State the concepts of Two body central force problem, reduction to the equivalent one body problem, equation of motion and first integral, Virial theorem.  CO6: Analyse the concepts of Lagrangian Formulation, Hamiltonian Formulations, Canonical Transformations, Thoery of Small Oscillations, Two Body Problem. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 7     | Course<br>Description   | This course is about describing the concepts of Lagrangian Formulation, Hamiltonian Formulations, Canonical Transformations, Theory of Small Oscillations, Two Body Problem.   |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 8     | Outline Syllabu         |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|       | Unit 1                  | Lagrangian Formulation   |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|       | A                       | Constraints and generalized coordinates  |  |  |  |  |  |  |



| 1 1                       | I   | <u> </u>   | Beyond Boundaries             |  |  |
|---------------------------|---|--|-------------------------------|--|--|
| В                         | d' Alembert's principle and virtual work  Euler-Lagrange equations of motion, variational calculus.  Hamiltonian Formulations  Hamilton's principle, Hamilton's canonical equations of motion, cyclic coordinates, Central Forces |  |                               |  |  |
| С                         |   |  |                               |  |  |
| Unit 2                    |   |  |                               |  |  |
| A                         |   |  |                               |  |  |
| В                         | Lagrangian and Hamiltonian, em forces, coupled oscillators  |  |                               |  |  |
| С                         | Canonical variables, Poisson's bracket, Jacobi identity.  |  |                               |  |  |
| Unit 3                    | Canonical Transformation  |  |                               |  |  |
| A                         | Canonical Transformations, symmetry   | ons, generators of infi<br>y principles and conservation | nitesimal canonical<br>n laws |  |  |
| В                         | Hamilton Jacobi theory, ac  |  |                               |  |  |
| С                         | centre of mass and laborat  | ory systems.   |                               |  |  |
| Unit 4                    | Thoery of Small Oscillat  | ions   |                               |  |  |
| A                         | Small oscillations, princip applications to linear mole   | al axis transformation, norm                             | al coordinates and its        |  |  |
| В                         | Degrees of freedom for a rigid body, Euler angles, Rotating frame, Coriolis force, Foucault's pendulum  |  |                               |  |  |
| С                         | Eularian coordinates and equations of motion for a rigid body, motion of a symmetrical top.   |  |                               |  |  |
| Unit 5                    | Two Body Problem  |  |                               |  |  |
| A                         | Two body central force problem, reduction to the equivalent one body problem  |  |                               |  |  |
| В                         | equation of motion and fir  | st integral, Virial theorem                              |                               |  |  |
| С                         |   | bit, Kepler problem, precess                             | ing orbits.                   |  |  |
| Mode of Examination       | Theory  |  |                               |  |  |
| Weightage<br>Distribution | CA<br>30%   | MTE<br>20%   | ETE<br>50%                    |  |  |
| Text Book/s               | <ol> <li>Classical Mechanics by H.Goldstein, Narosa Publishing Home, New Delhi.</li> <li>Classical Mechanics by N.C.Rana and P.S.Joag, Tata Mc-Graw Hill Publishing Company Limited, New Delhi.</li> </ol>                        |  |                               |  |  |
| Other<br>References       | <ul> <li>3. Introduction to Classical Mechanics by R.G.Takawale and P.S.Puranik, Tata Mc-Graw Hill Publishing Company Limited, New Delhi.</li> <li>4. Classical Mechanics by J.C.Upadhyaya, Himalaya Publishing House.</li> </ul> |  |                               |  |  |



| Scl                  | hool: SBSR               | Batch: 2019- 2021  |
|----------------------|--------------------------|--|
| Program: M.Sc.       |                          | Current Academic Year: 2019-20   |
| Branch: Mathematics, |                          | Semester: I  |
| Physics, Chemistry   |                          | Schiester. 1   |
| 1                    | Course Code              | MMT-129  |
| 2                    | Course Title             | Introduction to MATLAB and its applications  |
| 3                    |                          | 3  |
|                      | Credits                  |  |
| 4                    | Contact Hours<br>(L-T-P) | 2-0-2  |
|                      | Course Status            | Compulsory   |
| 5                    | Course Objective         | The goal of this course is to introduce the necessary mathematical concepts for MATLAB and cover the syntax and semantics of MATLAB including control structures, comments, variables, functions etc. Once the foundations of the language have been established students will explore different types of scientific programming problems including curve fitting, ODE solving etc.  |
| 6                    | Course Outcomes          | CO1: Describe the fundamentals of MATLAB and use MATLAB for interactive computations. (K2, K3) CO2: Demonstrate with strings and matrices and their uses. (K2, K3) CO3: Illustrate basic flow controls (if-else, for, while). (K3) CO4: Create plots and export this for use in reports and presentations. (K3, K5) CO5: Develop program scripts and functions using the MATLAB development environment. (K4, K5) CO6: Write the program for evaluates linear system of equations, ordinary differential equations in MATLAB. (K5, K6) |
| 7                    | Course Description       | The course will give the fundamental knowledge and practical abilities in MATLAB required to effectively utilize this tool in technical numerical computations and visualisation in other courses.  Syntax and interactive computations, programming in MATLAB using scripts and functions, rudimentary algebra and analysis. One- and two-dimensional graphical presentations. Examples on engineering applications.  |
| 8                    | Outline syllabus         | Introduction to MATLAB and its applications  |
|                      | Unit 1                   | Introduction   |
|                      | A                        | Vector and matrix generation, Subscripting and the colon notation.   |
|                      | В                        | Matrix and array operations and their manipulations,   |
|                      | С                        | Introduction to some inbuilt functions.  |
|                      | Unit 2                   | Relational and Logical Operators   |
|                      | A                        | Flow control using various statement and loops including If-End statement, If-Else –End statement  |
|                      | В                        | Nested If-Else-End Statement,  |
|                      | С                        | For – End and While-End loops with break commands.   |
|                      | Unit 3                   | m-files  |
|                      |                          |  |



|  |   |  | Beyond Boundaries  |  |  |  |
|--|---|--|--|--|--|--|
| A  | Scripts a   | and functions  |  |  |  |  |
| В  | concept   | of local and gl  | obal variable  |  |  |  |
| С  | few exai  | few examples of in-built functions, editing, saving m-files.   |  |  |  |  |
| Unit 4   | Two dir   | Two dimensional Graphics   |  |  |  |  |
| A  | Basic Pl  | ots, Change in   | axes and annotation in a figure  |  |  |  |
| В  | multiple  | plots in a figu  | re   |  |  |  |
| С  | saving a  | nd printing fig  | ures   |  |  |  |
| Unit 5   | Applica   | Applications of MATLAB   |  |  |  |  |
| A  | Solving   | a linear system  | of equations,  |  |  |  |
| B Curve fitting with polynomials using inbuilt function su |   |  | nomials using inbuilt function such as polyfit,  |  |  |  |
|  | solving equations in one variable,  |  |  |  |  |  |
| C  | Solving   | Solving ordinary differential equations using inbuilt functions  |  |  |  |  |
| Mode of  | Theory  | Theory   |  |  |  |  |
| examination  |   |  |  |  |  |  |
| Weightage  | CA  | MTE  | ETE  |  |  |  |
| Distribution   | 30%   | 20%  | 50%  |  |  |  |
| Text book  | An intro  | An introduction to MATLAB: Amos Gilat  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Other References  1. Applied Numerical Methods with Matlab for engineering and Scientists by stevenchapra, Mcgraw Hill. |  |  |  |  |  |
| Other References   |   |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |   |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 2. (  | Getting started  | with Matlab: RudraPratap   |  |  |  |
|  |   |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | B C Unit 4 A B C Unit 5 A B C Mode of examination Weightage Distribution Text book                                      | B concept C few exar Unit 4 Two din A Basic Pl B multiple C saving a Unit 5 Applica A Solving B Curve fi solving of C Solving Weightage Distribution Text book  Other References  C few exar  Two din Text book  A Basic Pl Solving a C Solving a Curve fi solving of Curve fi solving of A Solving A So | B concept of local and gloc C few examples of in-bui Unit 4 Two dimensional Gra A Basic Plots, Change in B multiple plots in a figure Saving and printing figure Unit 5 Applications of MAT A Solving a linear system B Curve fitting with poly solving equations in one C Solving ordinary differ Mode of Examination Weightage CA MTE Distribution 30% 20% Text book An introduction to MA Other References 1. Applied Numer Scientists by steep |  |  |  |



| Sch          | ool: SBSR        | Batch: 2019-2021   |  |  |  |
|--------------|------------------|--|--|--|--|
| Program: MSc |                  | Current Academic Year: 2019-20   |  |  |  |
|              | ysics)           | Current reducine real. 2017 20   |  |  |  |
|              | nch:             | Semester: I  |  |  |  |
| 1            | Course Code      | MPH 155  |  |  |  |
| 2            | Course Title     | Solid state physics lab  |  |  |  |
| 3            | Credits          | 3  |  |  |  |
| 4            | Contact Hours    | 0-0-6  |  |  |  |
| •            | (L-T-P)          |  |  |  |  |
|              | Course Status    | Compulsory   |  |  |  |
| 5            | Course           | 1. To Understand the significance and value of solid state physics, both   |  |  |  |
|              | Objective        | scientifically and practically.  |  |  |  |
|              |                  | 2. To understand laboratory experiments to Interpreting results, error   |  |  |  |
|              |                  | analysis, writing reports and analyzing data.  |  |  |  |
|              |                  | 3. To learn the fundamental properties of semiconductors.  |  |  |  |
|              |                  | 1  |  |  |  |
|              |                  | 4. Apply key analysis techniques to understand the   |  |  |  |
|              |                  | 5. To understand laboratory experiments  |  |  |  |
| 6            | Course           | CO1: Student will be able to determine the Planck's constant and   |  |  |  |
|              | Outcomes         | excitation potential of mercury.   |  |  |  |
|              |                  | on the contract of the contrac |  |  |  |
|              |                  | CO2: Student will be able conclude the value of the ratio of charge to mass  |  |  |  |
|              |                  | (e/m) of an electron using a cathode-ray tube.   |  |  |  |
|              |                  |  |  |  |  |
|              |                  | CO3: Student will be able to understand the concept of and susceptibility  |  |  |  |
|              |                  | of paramagnetic solution by Quinck's Tube Method and Energy Band Gap   |  |  |  |
|              |                  | of Semiconductor materials.  |  |  |  |
|              |                  | COA. Student will be able to understand the Hystoresis loss of Magnetic  |  |  |  |
|              |                  | CO4: Student will be able to understand the Hysteresis loss of Magnetic materials and the dielectric constant of some materials  |  |  |  |
|              |                  | materials and the dielectric constant of some materials  |  |  |  |
|              |                  | CO5: Student will be able to understand the concept of Hall effect Carrier   |  |  |  |
|              |                  | density and mobility of a semiconductor material.  |  |  |  |
|              |                  |  |  |  |  |
|              |                  | CO6: Student will be able to know the python programming language.   |  |  |  |
| 7            | Course           | This course integrates exposure of the theory of Solid State Physics with  |  |  |  |
|              | Description      | experimental demonstrations in the Physics Lab. The course will provide a  |  |  |  |
|              |                  | valuable overview of the fundamental applications of the physics of solids.  |  |  |  |
| 8            | Outline syllabus |  |  |  |  |
|              | Unit 1           | Practical related to   |  |  |  |
|              |                  | 1. To determine the Planck's constant by measuring radiation in a fixed  |  |  |  |
|              |                  | spectral range.  |  |  |  |
|              |                  | 2. To measure the excitation potential of mercury using the Franck-Hertz   |  |  |  |
|              |                  | method.  |  |  |  |
|              |                  |  |  |  |  |



|  |   |   |                  | Beyond Boundaries                                |  |
|--|---|---|------------------|--|--|
|  | Unit 2  | Practical re  | lated to         |  |  |
|  | 3. To determine the value of the ratio of charge to mass (e/m) of |   |                  |  |  |
| electron by Thomson's method using a cathode-ray tube. |   |   |                  | thod using a cathode-ray tube.                   |  |
|  |   |   |                  |  |  |
|  |   | 4. Measuren   | nent of suscept  | tibility of paramagnetic solution (Quinck's Tube |  |
|  |   | Method).  | 1                |  |  |
|  | Unit 3  | Practical re  | lated to         |  |  |
|  |   | 5. Understanding basics of GM Counter.  |                  |  |  |
|  |   |   | $\mathcal{E}$    |  |  |
|  |   | 6. St   | udy of the cha   | aracteristics of a GM tube and determination of  |  |
|  |   |   | •                | e, plateau length / slope.                       |  |
|  |   |   |                  |  |  |
|  | Unit 4 Practical related to                                       |   |                  |  |  |
|  |   | <ul><li>7. To measure the dielectric constant of some materials.</li><li>8. To understand Hall effect and determine Hall co-efficient, Carrie</li></ul> |                  |  |  |
|  |   |   |                  |  |  |
|  |   |   |                  |  |  |
|  |   | density and mobility of a semiconductor material.   |                  |  |  |
|  | Unit 5  | Practical re  | lated to         |  |  |
|  |   | 9. Experimen  | nt related to py | thon programming language-(1).                   |  |
|  |   | _   |                  | bython programming language-(2).                 |  |
|  | Mode of   | Practical and   |                  |  |  |
|  | examination   |   |                  |  |  |
|  | Weightage   | CA  | MTE              | ETE  |  |
|  | Distribution  | 60%   | 0%               | 40%  |  |
|  | Text book/s*  | _   |                  |  |  |
|  | Other   |   |                  |  |  |
|  | References  |   |                  |  |  |



| Sch            | ool: SBSR     | Batch: 2019-2021  |
|----------------|---------------|---|
| Program: M.Sc. |               | Current Academic Year: 2019-2020  |
|                | nch: Physics  | Semester: 1st   |
| 1              | Course Code   | MPH156  |
| 2              | Course Title  |   |
| 3              |               | Quantum physics lab using scilab software 3                                   |
|                | Credits       |   |
| 4              | Contact Hours | 0-0-6   |
|                | (L-T-P)       |   |
| _              | Course Status | Compulsory  |
| 5              | Course        | To Understand Scilab basics   |
|                | Objective     | To learn inbuild functions of scilab and will learn to define new             |
|                |               | function  |
|                |               | To verify various physics laws  |
|                |               | To solve quantum mechanics problems   |
| 6              | Course        | CO1: Learn the Basics of Sci lab, Inbuild functions and plotting              |
|                | Outcomes      | CO2: Learn to preserve data, Complex and Character data, string function,     |
|                |               | Multidimensional arrays   |
|                |               | CO3: Able to write the program for Hookes law, spring constant and            |
|                |               | Classical equation of motion: harmonic oscillator (low, moderate & high       |
|                |               | damping case)   |
|                |               | CO4: Able to solve Schrodinger equation for the ground and excited state      |
|                |               | of an atom and to find their energies and to plot corresponding               |
|                |               | wavefunctions in scilab   |
|                |               | CO5: Able to solve the Schrodinger equation for hydrogen atom in sci lab      |
|                |               | CO6: Learn physics concepts via writing scilab programs.                      |
| 7              | Course        | This course is about to understand Scilab basics, to learn inbuild functions  |
|                | Description   | of scilab and will learn to define new function, to verify various physics    |
|                |               | laws and to solve quantum mechanics problems.                                 |
| 8              | •             | s: This course is about to understand Scilab basics, to learn inbuild         |
|                |               | lab and will learn to define new function, to verify various physics laws and |
|                |               | m mechanics problems.   |
|                | Unit 1        | Practical based on Basics of Sci lab, Inbuild functions and plotting          |
|                |               | Sub unit – a: Introduction to Scilab, Command window, Figure window,          |
|                |               | Edit window, Variables and arrays, Initializing variables in Scilab           |
|                |               | Sub Unit b:Multidimensional arrays, Sub-array, Special values,                |
|                |               | Displaying output data, data file, Scalar and array operations, Hierararchy   |
|                |               | of operations, Built in Scilab functions,                                     |
|                |               | Sub Unit c: Introduction to plotting, 2D and 3D plotting, Branching           |
|                |               | Statements and program design, Relational and logical operators, the          |
|                |               | while loop, for loop, details of loop operations, break and continue          |
|                |               | statements, nested loops, logical arrays and vectorization. User defined      |
|                |               | functions   |
|                | Unit 2        | Practical related to lean to preserve data, Complex and Character             |
|                |               | data, string function, Multidimensional arrays                                |
|                |               | Sub unit - a, Introduction to Scilab functions, Variable passing in Scilab,   |





| Mode of examination       | Practical       |                                  |               |            |         |         |            |
|---------------------------|-----------------|----------------------------------|---------------|------------|---------|---------|------------|
| Weightage<br>Distribution | CA<br>60%       | MTE<br>0%                        | ETE<br>40%    |            |         |         |            |
| Text book/s*              |                 | putational Ph<br>national Pvt. L | ,             | ker, 1st   | Edn., 2 | 2015, S | Scientific |
| Other<br>References       | 2014<br>• Getti | uide to MATL.                    | mbridge Unive | ersity Pre | ess     |         | <i>C</i> , |



| Sohe          | ool: SBSR       | Batch: 2019-2021   |
|---------------|-----------------|--|
| Program: M.Sc |                 | Current Academic Year: 2019-2020   |
|               |                 | Semester: II   |
|               | nch: Physics    |  |
| 1             | Course Code     | MPH115   |
| 2             | Course Title    | Renewable Energy Sources   |
| 3             | Credits         | 4  |
| 4             | Contact         | 4-0-0  |
|               | Hours           |  |
|               | (L-T-P)         |  |
|               | Course Status   | Compulsory   |
| 5             | Course          | 1. To know the importance of Physics and Materials Science.                |
|               | Objective       | 2. To utilize the various synthesis procedure to develop materials.        |
|               |                 | 3. To explain the practical application of materials in various area       |
| 6             | Course          | CO1: Learn the basics of Materials/Technology                              |
|               | Outcomes        | CO2: Understand the correlation between Applied science and Technology     |
|               |                 | CO3: Apply the concept of materials and technology at certain levels.      |
|               |                 | CO4: Develop devices using materials.                                      |
|               |                 | CO5: Create the path to handle materials.                                  |
|               |                 | CO6: Expertise in various tools will make a bridge between industry and    |
|               |                 | students and find out the platform for employment in high tech industries  |
|               |                 |  |
| 7             | Course          | This course is based on renewable energy that is collected from renewable  |
|               | Description     | resources, which are naturally replenished on a human timescale, such as   |
|               |                 | sunlight, wind, rain, tides, waves, and geothermal heat. Renewable energy  |
|               |                 | often provides energy in four important areas: electricity                 |
|               |                 | generation, air and water heating/cooling, transportation, and rural (off- |
|               |                 | grid) energy services  |
| 8             | Outline syllabu |  |
|               | Unit 1          | Natural and Renewable Energy Resources                                     |
|               | A               | Natural resources and associated problems, Forest, Water, Mineral, Food,   |
|               |                 | Energy and Land resources  |
|               | В               | Use and over-exploitation, Concept of an ecosystem, Environmental          |
|               |                 | Pollution, Nuclear hazards   |
|               | С               | Renewable Energy sources: Definition and types of renewable sources,       |
|               |                 | Wind, Ocean, Geothermal, Biomass, Hydro as renewable energy resources      |
|               | Unit 2          | Solar Energy: Fundamental and Material Aspects                             |
|               | A               | Fundamentals of photovoltaic Energy Conversion Physics and Material        |
|               |                 | Properties, Types of solar energy conversion                               |
|               | В               | solar thermal: basics and design of water heaters, solar ponds, Basic to   |
|               |                 | Photovoltaic Energy Conversion: Optical properties of Solids               |
|               | С               | Direct and indirect transition semiconductors, interrelationship between   |
|               |                 | absorption coefficients and band gap recombination of carriers.            |
|               | Unit 3          | Solar Energy: Different Types of Solar Cells                               |
|               | A               | Types of Solar Cells, p-n junction solar cell, Transport Equation, Current |
|               |                 | Density, Open circuit voltage and short circuit current                    |



|              |   |                  | Beyond Boundaries                                |  |
|--------------|---|------------------|--|--|
| В            | Brief descript  | ion of single o  | crystal silicon and organic and Polymer Solar    |  |
|              | Cells, Elemer   | ntary Ideas of   | Advanced Solar Cells e.g. Tandem Solar cells,    |  |
|              | Solid Liquid.   | Junction Solar   | Cells  |  |
| С            | Nature of Semiconductor, Principles of Photo-electrochemical Solar Cells. |                  |  |  |
| Unit 4       | Hydrogen Ei   | nergy: Funda     | mentals, Production and Storage                  |  |
| A            | Hydrogen as   | a source of en   | ergy, Solar Hydrogen through Photoelectrolysis,  |  |
|              | Physics of ma   | aterial characte | eristics for production of Solar Hydrogen        |  |
| В            |   |                  | storage processes, special features of solid     |  |
|              | hydrogen stor   | age materials    |  |  |
| С            | Structural and  | d electronic c   | characteristics of storage material, New Storage |  |
|              | Modes.  |                  |  |  |
|              |   |                  |  |  |
| Unit 5       | Hydrogen Energy: Safety and Utilization                                   |                  |  |  |
| A            | Various factors relevant to safety, use of Hydrogen as Fuel, Use in       |                  |  |  |
|              | Vehicular trai  | nsport, Hydrog   | gen for Electricity Generation                   |  |
| В            | Fuel Cells, Various type of Fuel Cells, Applications of Fuel Cell         |                  |  |  |
| C            | Elementary co   | oncepts of oth   | er Hydrogen- Based devices such as Hydride       |  |
|              | Batteries   |                  |  |  |
| Mode of      | Theory  |                  |  |  |
| examination  |   |                  |  |  |
| Weightage    | CA  | MTE              | ETE  |  |
| Distribution | 30%   | 20%              | 50%  |  |
| Text book/s* | 1.Fundamenta  | als of Solar Ce  | ells Photovoltaic Solar Energy                   |  |
|              | :Fahrenbruch  | &Bube            |  |  |
| Other        | 1.Solar Cell I  | Devices-Physic   | cs :Fonash                                       |  |
| References   |   |                  | olar Cells: Chandra                              |  |
|              | 3. Hydrogen a   | as an Energy (   | Carrier Technologies Systems Economy: Winter     |  |
|              | &Nitch (Eds.  | )                |  |  |
|              |   |                  | geryCarrier : Andreas Zuttel, Andreas            |  |
|              | Borgschulte and Louis Schlapbach  |                  |  |  |
|              |   |                  |  |  |



| Scho              | ool: SBSR                | Batch: 2019-2021  |  |
|-------------------|--------------------------|---|--|
|                   | gram: M.Sc.              | Current Academic Year: 2019-20  |  |
|                   | nch: Physics             | Semester: II  |  |
| 1                 | Course Code              | MPH113  |  |
| 2                 | Course Title             | Electronics   |  |
| 3                 | Credits                  | 4   |  |
| 3                 | Contact Hours            |   |  |
| 4                 | (L-T-P)                  | 4-0-0   |  |
|                   | Course Status Compulsory |   |  |
|                   | Course Status            | 1.To make students aware of Physics of semiconductors.                        |  |
|                   | Course                   | 2. To impart the in depth knowledge of electronic devices like amplifiers,    |  |
| 5                 | Objective                | op-amp, oscillators etc.  |  |
|                   | Objective                | 3. To give the idea of digital electronics.                                   |  |
|                   |                          | After the completion of this course, the student will be able to              |  |
|                   |                          | CO1: understand the physics and underlying phenomena in semiconductors.       |  |
|                   |                          | CO2: know the working of transistor and use it as amplifier                   |  |
|                   |                          |   |  |
| 6                 | Course                   | CO3: use operational amplifier as mathematical operator.                      |  |
| 0                 | Outcomes                 | CO4: appreciate the working of oscillators and its applications.              |  |
|                   |                          | CO5: understand the components of digital electronics like flipflops,         |  |
|                   |                          | counters, converters, decoders etc.   |  |
|                   |                          | CO6: appreciate the physics of semiconductors and will be able to apply the   |  |
|                   |                          | concept on various devices.   |  |
|                   | Course                   | This course teaches the students about the physics of the semiconductor       |  |
| 7                 | description              | materials and then how to apply this knowledge in understanding the           |  |
|                   |                          | working of various devices like transistors, op-amps, oscillators and digital |  |
|                   | 0 11 0 11 1              | electronics.  |  |
| 8 Outline Syllabu |                          |   |  |
|                   | Unit 1                   | Review of Semiconductors  |  |
|                   | A                        | Energy bands, Intrinsic and extrinsic semiconductors, direct and indirect     |  |
|                   |                          | band gap semiconductors, concept of density of states and Fermi-level         |  |
|                   | В                        | carrier concentrations at equilibrium, Temperature dependence of carrier      |  |
|                   | -                        | concentrations and mobility, carrier generation and recombination             |  |
|                   | С                        | Continuity equation, p-n junction : qualitative description of current flow,  |  |
|                   |                          | Small signal of model of p-n junction   |  |
|                   | Unit 2                   | Transistor as Amplifier   |  |
|                   | A                        | Transistor action, Charge transport and amplification, Minority carrier       |  |
|                   |                          | distributions and terminal currents   |  |
|                   | В                        | Base width modulation, Ebers – Moll Model, Hybrid pi model, RC coupled        |  |
|                   |                          | transistor amplifier  |  |
|                   | С                        | Multi-stage transistor amplifier, Frequency response, negative feedback       |  |
|                   | Unit 3                   | Operational Amplifier   |  |
|                   | A                        | Review of Op-amps, current mirror, input impedance of OP-AMP                  |  |
|                   | В                        | OP-AMP parameters and their frequency response, Differential amplifier,       |  |

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|                     | transfer characteristics of a differential amplifier   |     |     |
|---------------------|--|-----|-----|
| С                   | Comparators (Schmitt trigger) and F to V and V to F Converters   |     |     |
| Unit 4              | Oscillators  |     |     |
| A                   | Positive feedback, conditions for oscillation  |     |     |
| В                   | Phase shift oscillator, Multivibrators: types of multi-vibrators   |     |     |
| С                   | timer 555: block diagram and operations, applications  |     |     |
| Unit 5              | Digital Electronics  |     |     |
| A                   | Review of Flipflops, Asynchronous and synchronous Counter  |     |     |
| В                   | Mod counters, Ring counters, Shift Registers (SISO, SIPO, PISO, PIPO), A to D and D to A converter   |     |     |
| С                   | Multiplexer, Demultiplexer, Decoder, Encoder   |     |     |
| Mode of Examination | Theory   |     |     |
| Weightage           | CA   | MTE | ETE |
| Distribution        | 30%  | 20% | 50% |
| Text Book/s         | <ol> <li>Solid State Electronic Devices- Streetman and Banerjee, Pearson Education.</li> <li>Integrated Electronics- Millman - Halkias, Tata Mc Graw Hill.</li> </ol>  |     |     |
| Other<br>References | <ol> <li>Electronic Devices and Circuit Theory- Robert Boylestad and Louis Nashelsky, Prentice Hall.</li> <li>Digital Electronics, Malvino and Leech Prentice Hall of INdia</li> <li>Op-amp and Linear Integrated Circuits by – R.A.Gayakwad</li> <li>Op-amp and Circuits by – Coughlin and Driscoll</li> <li>Digital electronics by Floyd.</li> </ol> |     |     |



| apply it in solving the problems. CO4: learn the concept of Fermi Dirac Statistics and its properties. CO5: develop an understanding of diffusion, random walk, and second order phase transitions. CO6: understand, analyze and apply the concept of statistical mechanics to various problems which help to explain the behavior of large systems.  This course introduces the various concepts, methods and terminologies of statistical mechanics that are further used to develop the statistics for Bose-Einstein, Fermi-Dirac etc. Statistical Mechanics can be used to explain the thermodynamic behavior of large system.  Unit 1 Review of Classical Statistics A Review of the ideas of phase space, phase points; Micro canonical, canonical and grand canonical Ensembles. B Density of phase points, Partition function formulation (for Distinguishable and Indistinguishable particles. C Liouville's equation and Liouville's theorem.  | 0.1 | 1. CDCD     | D-4-L-2010 2021  |  |
|--|-----|-------------|--|--|
| Branch: Physics   Semester: II   |     |             |  |  |
| Course Code   MPH 117  | 0   |             |  |  |
| Credits  |     | •           | · ·  |  |
| 3   Credits   4   Contact Hours (L-TP)   |     |             |  |  |
| Course Status  |     |             |  |  |
| Course Status   Compulsory   |     |             | -  |  |
| Course Status   Compulsory   | 4   |             | 4-0-0  |  |
| This course aims:   Objective  |     |             |  |  |
| 1. To establish a foundation in Statistical mechanics.     2. To impart the concept of phase space ensembles, the distinction between distinguishable and indistinguishable particles.     3. To provide detailed understanding of Bose Einstein statistics and Fermi-Dirac statistics.     4. Introduction to random walk, diffusion, Landau theory of phase transitions and Ising model.     Course Outcomes   |     |             | Compulsory   |  |
| 2. To impart the concept of phase space ensembles, the distinction between distinguishable and indistinguishable particles.  3. To provide detailed understanding of Bose Einstein statistics and Fermi-Dirac statistics.  4. Introduction to random walk, diffusion, Landau theory of phase transitions and Ising model.  6 Course Outcomes  COI: acquire knowledge of phase space, ensembles, Liouville's theorem and phase space Introduction to random walk, diffusion, Landau theory of phase transitions and Ising model.  volume.  CO2: understand the concepts of Boltzmann entropy, Boltzmann statistics, equipartition of energy and apply them to equilibrium properties of ideal systems.  CO3: learn fundamentals of Bose-Einstein statistics and its properties apply it in solving the problems.  CO4: learn the concept of Fermi Dirac Statistics and its properties.  CO5: develop an understanding of diffusion, random walk, and second order phase transitions.  CO6: understand, analyze and apply the concept of statistical mechanics to various problems which help to explain the behavior of large systems.  7 Course  Description  This course introduces the various concepts, methods and terminologies of statistical mechanics that are further used to develop the statistics for Bose-Einstein, Fermi-Dirac etc. Statistical Mechanics can be used to explain the thermodynamic behavior of large systems.  8 Outline syllabus  Unit 1 Review of Classical Statistics  A Review of the ideas of phase space, phase points; Micro canonical, canonical and grand canonical Ensembles.  B Density of phase points, Partition function formulation (for Distinguishable and Indistinguishable particles.  C Liouville's equation and Liouville's theorem.  | 5   |             | This course aims:  |  |
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| Distinguishable and Indistinguishable particles. C Liouville's equation and Liouville's theorem.   |     |             |  |  |
| C Liouville's equation and Liouville's theorem.  | B   |             |  |  |
|  |     |             |  |  |
| Unit 2 Basic Concepts of Classical Statistics  |     |             |  |  |
|  |     | Unit 2      | Basic Concepts of Classical Statistics   |  |



|              | Beyond Boundaries  |  |  |
|--------------|--|--|--|
| A            | Law of equi-partition of energy and its application to specific heat and its                 |  |  |
|              | limitations  |  |  |
| В            | Equilibrium properties of ideal systems: ideal gas, Harmonic oscillators                     |  |  |
| C            | Rigid rotators, Para magnetism. Chemical potential.  |  |  |
| Unit 3       | Bose Einstein Statistics   |  |  |
| A            | B-E distribution function, properties of ideal Bose gas, Photon Gas, Bose                    |  |  |
|              | Einstein Condensation  |  |  |
| В            | Properties of liquid He (qualitative treatment), Transition in liquid He <sup>4</sup> ,      |  |  |
|              | Superfluidity in He <sup>4</sup> .   |  |  |
| С            | Radiation as photon gas and thermodynamic functions of photon gas,                           |  |  |
|              | Bose derivation of Planck's Law.   |  |  |
| Unit 4       | Fermi Dirac Statistics   |  |  |
| A            | F-D distribution function, properties of ideal Fermi gas, Completely and                     |  |  |
|              | Strongly degenerate Fermi gas.   |  |  |
| В            | Fermi energy, Fermi level, Equivalence of Fermi level and the                                |  |  |
| B            | electrochemical potential, Chemical potential of the fermion.                                |  |  |
| С            |  |  |  |
|              | Specific heat of metals, White dwarf stars, Chandrashekhar mass limit for white dwarf stars. |  |  |
| Unit 5       |  |  |  |
|              | Diffusion, Random walk and Phase Transitions   |  |  |
| A            | Diffusion equation, Random walk  |  |  |
| В            | First and second order phase transitions, Landau theory                                      |  |  |
| C            | 1-D Ising model, Graphical explanation of Ising model of                                     |  |  |
| 7.5.1.0      | ferromagnetism.  |  |  |
| Mode of      | Theory/Jury/Practical/Viva   |  |  |
| examination  |  |  |  |
| Weightage    | CA MTE ETE   |  |  |
| Distribution | 30% 20% 50%  |  |  |
| Text book/s* | 1. Statistical Physics by F Reif (Tata McGraw-Hill Company Ltd,                              |  |  |
|              | 2008)  |  |  |
|              | 2. Statistical Mechanics, R.K. Patharia, Pergamin press, Oxford.                             |  |  |
|              | 3. Statistical Mechanics by K. Huang, Wiley and sons.  |  |  |
|              | 4. Statistical Mechanics and dynamics by Henry J. Eyring, Wiley and                          |  |  |
|              | sons.  |  |  |
|              | 5. Fundamentals of classical and statistical thermodynamics,                                 |  |  |
|              | Bimalendu N. Roy, Wiley  |  |  |
|              |  |  |  |
| Other        | 1. Thermal Physics, S. C. Garg, R. M. Bansal, C. K. Ghosh, Tata                              |  |  |
| References   | McGraw-Hill  |  |  |
|              | 2. Thermodynamics and Statistical Mechanics, Greiner, Springer                               |  |  |
|              | 3. Statistical and Thermal Physics: an introduction by S.Lokanathan                          |  |  |
|              | and R.S.Gambhir.   |  |  |



| S       | School: SBSR Batch: 2019-21 |   |  |
|---------|-----------------------------|---|--|
|         |                             | Current Academic Year: 2019-20  |  |
| Branch: |                             | Semester: II  |  |
| _       | Course Code                 | MPH 123   |  |
| 2       |                             | Atomic, molecular physics and   |  |
| _       | Course True                 | spectroscopic techniques  |  |
| 3       | Credits                     | 4   |  |
| _       | Contact Hours (L-T-P)       | 3-1-0   |  |
| Ė       | Course Status               | Compulsory  |  |
| 5       | Course Objective            | To know concept of atomic physics of one electron atom  |  |
|         | Course Cojective            | 2. To understand concept of atomic physics of many electron   |  |
|         |                             |   |  |
|         |                             | atom  |  |
|         |                             | 3. To understand effect of magnetic and electric field on an  |  |
|         |                             | atom.   |  |
|         |                             | 4. To understand the concept of molecular Physics.  |  |
|         |                             | 5. To understand the working principle of spectroscopic   |  |
|         |                             | techniques.   |  |
|         |                             | 1   |  |
| 6       | Course Outcomes             | After the completion of this course, the student will be able to  |  |
|         |                             | CO123.1: know about different atom model and will be able to  |  |
|         |                             | differentiate different atomic systems, different coupling schemes,   |  |
|         |                             | Discuss the relativistic corrections for the energy levels of the   |  |
|         |                             | hydrogen atom and their effect on optical spectra   |  |
|         |                             | CO123.2: Explain the observed dependence of atomic spectral lines   |  |
|         |                             | on externally applied electric and magnetic fields  |  |
|         |                             | CO123.3: Discuss the importance of spin orbit interactions.   |  |
|         |                             | CO123.4: State and justify the selection rules for various optical  |  |
|         |                             | spectroscopies in terms of the symmetries of molecular vibrations   |  |
|         |                             | CO123.5: Identify the basic components of spectroscopic   |  |
|         |                             | instrumentation. Demonstrate a working knowledge of IR, NMR,  |  |
|         |                             | ESR and Mossbauer spectroscopy.   |  |
|         |                             | CO123.6: Understanding spectroscopy the way other common tools of measurement like the watch or the ruler are understood and also |  |
|         |                             | understanding basic concepts of instrumentation, data acquisition   |  |
|         |                             | and data processing.  |  |
| 7       | Course Description          | This course addresses various aspects of spectroscopic analysis   |  |
| '       | Course Description          | relevant to both research and industry. Students will learn the   |  |
|         |                             | relative merits of the techniques, the operating principles, and  |  |
|         |                             | develop problem solving skills generally useful in chemical   |  |
|         |                             | analysis. The objectives of this subject are to provide students with   |  |
|         |                             | an increased knowledge of advanced principles, with emphasis on:  |  |
|         |                             | - understanding how light interacts with matter and how it can be   |  |
|         |                             | used to quantitatively understand samples.  |  |
|         |                             | - understanding spectroscopy the way other common tools of  |  |
|         |                             | measurement like the watch or the ruler are understood  |  |
|         |                             |   |  |



|   |   | Beyond Boundaries   |  |  |
|---|---|---|--|--|
|   |   | - seeing that spectroscopy is a set of tools that can put be together in  |  |  |
|   |   | different ways to understand systems and solve problems   |  |  |
|   |   | - understanding basic concepts of instrumentation, data acquisition   |  |  |
|   |   | and data processing.  |  |  |
| 8   | Outline syllab  | utline syllabus   |  |  |
|   | Unit 1 Fine and Hyperfine Structure                                       |   |  |  |
|   | A General discussion in Hydrogen spectra, Hydrogen-like systems, Spectra  |   |  |  |
|   | monovalent atoms  |   |  |  |
|   | B Introduction to electron spin, spin-orbit interaction and fine structu  |   |  |  |
|   | relativistic correction to spectra of hydrogen atom, Selection rules; Lan |   |  |  |
|   | shift.  |   |  |  |
|   | C   | Effect of external magnetic field - Strong, moderate and weak field.  |  |  |
|   |   | Hyperfine interaction and isotope shift; Hyperfine splitting of spectral lines;   |  |  |
|   | Broadening of spectral lines.   |   |  |  |
|   | Unit 2  | Many Electron Atom  |  |  |
|   | A   | Independent particle model; He atom as an example of central field approximation; Central field approximation for many electron atom;   |  |  |
|   | В   | Slater determinant; L-S and j-j coupling; Equivalent and nonequivalent  |  |  |
|   |   | electrons   |  |  |
|   | C   | Energy levels and spectra; Spectroscopic terms; Hunds rule; Lande interval  |  |  |
|   |   | rule; Alkali spectra.   |  |  |
|   | Unit 3 Rotational and Vibrational Spectra                                 |   |  |  |
|   |   | Concept of molecular potential, Born-Oppenheimer approximation and  |  |  |
| separation of electronic and nuclear motions in molecules |   | separation of electronic and nuclear motions in molecules   |  |  |
|   | B Band structures of molecular spectra. Molecular rotation: Energy l      |   |  |  |
|   | diatomic molecules under rigid rotator and non-rigid rotator mo           |   |  |  |
|   |   | Selection rules, Spectral structure, Structure determination  |  |  |
|   | С   | Isotope effect, Centrifugal distortion, Symmetric top molecules, Molecular vibrations: Harmonic oscillator and the anharmonic oscillator approximation, Morse potential. Vibration-rotation spectra: Pure vibrational transitions, Pure rotational transitions, Vibration-rotation transitions. |  |  |
|   | Unit 4  | Electronic and Raman Spectra  |  |  |
| electronic transitions                                    |   | Electronic transitions: Franck-Condon principle, Rotational structure of electronic transitions   |  |  |
|   |   | Dissociation energy of molecules, Continuous spectra  |  |  |
|   |   | Raman transitions and Raman spectra, Characteristics of Raman Lines,  |  |  |
|   | Stoke's and Anti-Stoke's Lines, Complimentary Character of Raman          |   |  |  |
|   | infrared Spectra.   |   |  |  |
| Unit 5 Basic Aspects of Photo Physical Processes          |   | 1   |  |  |
|   |   | Radiative and non-radiative transitions; fluorescence and phosphorescence   |  |  |
|   | B Nuclear Magnetic resonance spectroscopy. Electron spin reso             |   |  |  |
|   | spectroscopy  |   |  |  |
|   | С   | Mossbauer spectroscopy.   |  |  |
|   | Mode of   | Theory  |  |  |
|   | examination   |   |  |  |
|   | Chailliation  | <u>l</u>  |  |  |



|              |  |                       | ,     |
|--------------|--|-----------------------|-------|
| Weightage    | CA   | MTE                   | ETE   |
| Distribution | 30%  | 20%                   | 50%   |
| Text Book/s  | 1. Introduction of atomic spectroscopy: White                      |                       |       |
|              | 2. C. L. Banwell and E. M. McCash. 'Fundamentals of Molecular      |                       |       |
|              | Spectroscopy' Tata- McGraw-Hill.                                   |                       |       |
| Other        | 8. G. Herzberg. 'Molecular Spectroscopy (Diatomic Molecules)' Van- |                       |       |
| References   | Nostrand.  |                       |       |
|              | 9. G. M. Barrow. 'Molecular Spectroscopy'. McGraw-Hill.            |                       |       |
|              | 10. J.Michael Hollas. 'Modern spectroscopy'. John-Wiley & sons.    |                       |       |
|              | 11. G.Aruldhas 'Molecular Spectroscopy'.                           |                       |       |
|              | 12. Bransden and Joac  | hin. 'Atoms and Molec | ules' |



|                                      | ool: School of Basic     | Batch:2019-2021  |
|--------------------------------------|--------------------------|--|
| Sciences and Research Program: M. Sc |                          | Current Academic Year: 2019-2020   |
| Branch: Physics                      |                          | Semester: II   |
|                                      | Course Code              | MPH 122  |
| 2                                    |                          |  |
|                                      | Course Title             | Advance Quantum Mechanics  |
| 3                                    | Credits                  | 4  |
| 4                                    | Contact Hours<br>(L-T-P) | 4-0-0  |
|                                      | Course Status            | Compulsory   |
| 5                                    | Course<br>Objective      | <ol> <li>The course should give the in depth knowledge about the foundations of quantum mechanics and skills in problem solving in quantum mechanics.</li> <li>Various approximation methods for not exactly solvable systems.</li> <li>To know the concept of angular momentum and scattering.</li> <li>The course treats non-relativistic quantum mechanics, in detail and gives an introduction to relativistic quantum mechanics.</li> </ol> |
| 6                                    | Course<br>Outcomes       | After the completion of this course students will be able to:  CO 1: Explain orbital and spin momentum operator formalism.  CO 2: Demonstrate the time independent perturbation theory.  CO 3: Explain the variational and WKB methods.  CO 4: Apply the scattering theory to various problems.  CO 5: Explain the relativistic quantum mechanics.  CO 6: Comprehend quantum mechanical applications at the research level                       |
| 7                                    | Course description       | "Advanced Quantum Mechanics" is a core continuation course in quantum mechanics including angular momentum, approximate methods, scattering theory and relativistic quantum mechanics that aim at the applications of quantum mechanics. The course should give you deeper knowledge about the foundations of quantum mechanics and skills in problem solving in quantum mechanics.  |
| 8                                    | Outline Syllabus         |  |
|                                      | Unit 1                   | Angular Momentum   |
|                                      | A                        | Generalized angular momentum, Infinitesimal rotation, Generator of rotation, Commutation rules, Matrix representation of angular momentum operators  |
|                                      | В                        | Spin, Pauli spin matrices, Rotation of spin states   |
|                                      | С                        | Coupling of two angular momentum operators, Clebsch Gordon coefficients, Applications  |
| Unit 2                               |                          | <b>Approximate methods: Time Independent Perturbation Theory</b>   |
|                                      | A                        | Approximation methods: Time-independent perturbation theory for non-degenerate states,   |
|                                      | В                        | Approximation methods: Time-independent perturbation theory for degenerate states,   |



|   |              |   |                            | Beyond Boundaries           |  |  |  |  |
|---|--------------|---|----------------------------|-----------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| C |              | Time independent  | perturbation theory A      | Applications: anharmonic    |  |  |  |  |
|   |              | oscillator, Helium ator   | m, Stark effect in hydrog  | gen atom.                   |  |  |  |  |
| U | Jnit 3       | <b>Approximation Meth</b>   | nods: Time dependent       | perturbation, variational   |  |  |  |  |
|   |              | and WKB methods   | _                          |                             |  |  |  |  |
| A | 1            | Time-dependent pertu  | urbation theory; Harmo     | onic perturbation; Fermi's  |  |  |  |  |
|   |              | golden rule. Sudden ap  | oproximation.              | _                           |  |  |  |  |
| B | 3            | Variational method and its applications (1-D harmonic oscillator, groun |                            |                             |  |  |  |  |
|   |              | state energy of Hydrogen atom),   |                            |                             |  |  |  |  |
|   |              | WKB approximation a   | and application to 1-D     | harmonic oscillator, WKB    |  |  |  |  |
|   |              | method; Connection for  | ormula,                    |                             |  |  |  |  |
| U | Jnit 4       | Scattering Theory   |                            |                             |  |  |  |  |
| A | Λ            |   |                            | y a fixed centre of force,  |  |  |  |  |
|   |              | scattering amplitude d  | ifferential and total cros | s sections,                 |  |  |  |  |
| B | 3            | -   |                            | al theorem, Scattering by a |  |  |  |  |
|   |              | hard sphere and potent  |                            |                             |  |  |  |  |
|   |              |   | 1                          | Green's function, Born      |  |  |  |  |
|   |              | approximation, Yukawa and Coulomb potential.                            |                            |                             |  |  |  |  |
| U | Jnit 5       | Relativistic quantum  |                            |                             |  |  |  |  |
| A |              | Introduction to Relativistic quantum mechanics                          |                            |                             |  |  |  |  |
| В |              | Klein-Gordon and Dir  | •                          |                             |  |  |  |  |
| C |              | Semi-classical theory   | of radiation.              |                             |  |  |  |  |
|   | Mode of      | Theory  |                            |                             |  |  |  |  |
| E | Examination  |   |                            |                             |  |  |  |  |
|   | Veightage    | CA  | MTE                        | ETE                         |  |  |  |  |
|   | Distribution | 30%   | 20%                        | 50%                         |  |  |  |  |
| T | Text books   | <ol> <li>Quantum Mecl</li> </ol>  | hanics by L.I. Schiff      |                             |  |  |  |  |
|   |              | <ol><li>Quantum mech</li></ol>  | nanics – concepts and ap   | plications by N. Zettili.   |  |  |  |  |
| C | Other        | Modern quantum mechanics by J.J. Sakurai and San Fu Tuan                |                            |                             |  |  |  |  |
| R | References   | 2. Introductory Quantum Mechanics, R. L. Liboff, Addison-               |                            |                             |  |  |  |  |
|   |              | Wesley.   |                            |                             |  |  |  |  |
|   |              | 3. Principles of Quantum Mechanics, R. Shankar.                         |                            |                             |  |  |  |  |
|   |              | 5. Timespies of Quantum Mechanics, IX. Shankar.                         |                            |                             |  |  |  |  |



| SCF                    | IOOL: SBSR          | Batch: 2019-2021  |  |  |  |  |
|------------------------|---------------------|---|--|--|--|--|
| Program: M. Sc         |                     | Current Academic Year: 2019-20  |  |  |  |  |
| <b>Branch: Physics</b> |                     | Semester: II  |  |  |  |  |
| 1                      | Course<br>Number    | Course Code: CCU 401/ Course ID: 30804  |  |  |  |  |
| 2                      | <b>Course Title</b> | Community Connect   |  |  |  |  |
| 3                      | Credits             |   |  |  |  |  |
| 4                      | ( <b>L-T-P</b> )    | (0-0-2)   |  |  |  |  |
| 5                      | Learning<br>Hours   | Contact Hours 30 Project/Field Work 20 Assessment 00 Guided Study 10 Total hours 60   |  |  |  |  |
| 6                      | Course              | 1. Contribute to the holistic development of students by making   |  |  |  |  |
|                        | Objectives          | them more aware of socially and economically disadvantaged communities and their specific issues  2. Provide more richer context to classrooms, so as to make them more effective laboratories of learning by aligning them to social realities beyond textbooks  3. Provide scope to faculty members to align their teaching and research goals by giving them ample opportunity to carry out community -oriented projects  4. Ensure that the community connect programs provides benefits to communities in tangible ways so that they may feel perceptibly better off post the interaction and involvement of the Sharda academic community  5. Provide ample opportunity for Sharda University academic community to contribute effectively to society and nation building |  |  |  |  |
| 7                      | Course<br>Outcomes  | After completion of this course students will be able to:  CO1: Students learn to be sensitive to the living challenges of disadvantaged communities.  CO2: Students learn to appreciate societal realities beyond textbooks and classrooms  CO3: Students learn to apply their knowledge via research, and training for community benefit  CO4: Students learn to work on socio-economic projects with   |  |  |  |  |



| 1          |            | teamwork and timely delivery   |  |  |  |  |  |
|------------|------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
|            |            |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|            |            | CO5: Students learn to engage with communities for meaningful contribution to society  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 8          | Theme      | Major themes for research:   |  |  |  |  |  |
|            |            | <ol> <li>Survey and self-learning: In this mode, students will make survey, analyze data and will extract results out of it to correlate with their theoretical knowledge. E.g. Crops and animals, land holding, labour problems, medical problems of animals and humans, savage and sanitation situation, waste management etc.</li> <li>Survey and solution providing: In this mode, students will identify the common problems and will provide solution/ educate rural population. E.g. air and water pollution, need of after treatment, use of renewable (mainly solar) energy, electricity saving devices, inefficiencies in cropping system, animal husbandry, poultry, pest control, irrigation, machining in agriculture etc.</li> <li>Survey and reporting: In this mode students will educate villagers and survey the ground level status of various government schemes meant for rural development. The analyzed results will be reported to concerned agencies which will help them for taking necessary/corrective measures. E.g. Pradhan Mantri Jan Dhan Yojana, Pradhan Mantri MUDRA Yojana, Pradhan Mantri Awas Yojana, Pradhan Mantri FasalBima Yojana, Swachh Bharat Abhiyan, Soil Health Card Scheme, Digital India, Skill India Program,BetiBachao, BetiPadhao Yojana, DeenDayal Upadhyaya Gram Jyoti Yojana, Shyama Prasad Mukherjee Rurban Mission, UJWAL Discom Assurance Yojana, PAHAL,Pradhan Mantri Awas Yojana, Pradhan Mantri Suraksha Bima Yojana, Pradhan Mantri Jan Aushadhi Yojana, Pradhan Mantri KhanijKshetra Kalyan Yojana, Pradhan Mantri Suraksha Bima Yojana, UDAN scheme, DeenDayal Upadhyaya Grameen Kaushalya Yojana, Pradhan Mantri Sukanya Samriddhi Yojana, Sansad Adarsh Gram Yojana, Pradhan Mantri Sukanya Samriddhi Yojana, Sansad Adarsh Gram Yojana, Pradhan Mantri Sukanya Samriddhi Yojana, Sansad Adarsh Gram Yojana, Pradhan Mantri Sukanya Samriddhi Yojana, Sansad Adersh Gram Yojana, Pradhan Mantri Sukanya Samriddhi Yojana, Sansad Adersh Gram Yojana, Pradhan Mantri Sukanya Samriddhi Yojana, Sansad Adersh Gram Yojana, and Ayushman Bharat Yoj</li></ol> |  |  |  |  |  |
| 9.1        | Guidelines | It will be a group assignment.   |  |  |  |  |  |
| <b>/•1</b> | Guidellies | It will be a group assignment.   |  |  |  |  |  |



|     |                      | Beyond Boundaries  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|-----|----------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
|     | for Faculty          | There should be not more than 10 students in each group.                         |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|     | <b>Members</b>       | The faculty guide will guide the students and approve the project title and      |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|     |                      | help the student in preparing the questionnaire and final report.                |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|     |                      | The questionnaire should be well design and it should carry at least 20          |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|     |                      | questions (Including demographic questions).                                     |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|     |                      | The faculty will guide the student to prepare the PPT.                           |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|     |                      | , ,  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|     |                      | The topic of the research should be related to social, economical or             |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|     |                      | environmental issues concerning the common man.                                  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|     |                      | The report should contain 2,500 to 3,000 words and relevant charts, tables       |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|     |                      | and photographs.   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|     |                      | Plagiarism check of the report must.   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|     |                      | ETE will conduct out of 100, divided in three parts (i) 30 Marks for report      |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|     |                      | (ii) 30 Marks for presentation (iii) 40 Marks for knowledge.                     |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|     |                      | The student should <b>submit the report</b> to CCC-Coordinator signed by the     |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|     |                      | faculty guide by   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|     |                      | The students have to send the hard copy of the <b>report and PPT</b> , and then  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|     |                      | only they will be allowed for ETE.   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 9.2 | Role of CCC-         | The CCC Coordinator will supervise the whole process and assign                  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 7.2 | Coordinator          | students to faculty members.   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|     | Coordinator          | students to faculty members.   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|     |                      | 1. PG- M.ScSemester II - the students will be allocated to faculty               |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|     |                      | member (mentors/faculty member) in odd term.                                     |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 9.3 | Layout of the        | Abstract (250 words)   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|     | Report               |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|     | •                    | a. Introduction  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|     |                      | b. Literature review(optional)   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|     |                      | c. Objective of the research   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|     |                      |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|     |                      | d. Research Methodology  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|     |                      | e. Finding and discussion  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|     |                      | f. Conclusion and recommendation   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|     |                      | g. References  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|     |                      |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|     |                      | Note: Research report should base on primary data.                               |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|     |                      |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 9.4 | <b>Guideline for</b> | Title Page: The following elements must be included:                             |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|     | Report               |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|     | Writing              | • Title of the article;  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|     |                      | • Name(s) and initial(s) of author(s), preferably with first names               |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|     |                      | spelled out;   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|     |                      | • Affiliation(s) of author(s);   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|     |                      | Name of the faculty guide and Co-guide   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|     |                      | <b>Abstract:</b> Each article is to be preceded by a succinct abstract, of up to |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|     |                      | 250 words, that highlights the objectives, methods, results, and                 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|     |                      | conclusions of the paper.  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|     |                      | Text:Manuscripts should be submitted in Word.                                    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|     |                      | _  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|     |                      | • Use a normal, plain font (e.g., 12-point Times Roman) for text.                |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |



|     |                  | UNIVERSITY Beyond Boundaries  |
|-----|------------------|---|
|     |                  | Use italics for emphasis.   |
|     |                  | • Use the automatic page numbering function to number the pages.  |
|     |                  | • Save your file in docx format (Word 2007 or higher) or doc format   |
|     |                  | (older Word versions)   |
|     |                  | Reference list:   |
|     |                  | The list of references should only include works that are cited in the text                                     |
|     |                  | and that have been published or accepted for publication.   |
|     |                  | The entries in the list should be in alphabetical order.  |
|     |                  | Journal article   |
|     |                  | Hamburger, C.: Quasimonotonicity, regularity and duality for nonlinear  |
|     |                  | systems of partial differential equations. Ann. Mat. Pura Appl. 169, 321–                                       |
|     |                  | 354 (1995)  |
|     |                  | Article by DOI  |
|     |                  | Sajti, C.L., Georgio, S., Khodorkovsky, V., Marine, W.: New nanohybrid  |
|     |                  | materials for biophotonics. Appl. Phys. A (2007). doi:10.1007/s00339-   |
|     |                  | 007-4137-z  |
|     |                  | Book  |
|     |                  | Geddes, K.O., Czapor, S.R., Labahn, G.: Algorithms for Computer   |
|     |                  | Algebra. Kluwer, Boston (1992)  |
|     |                  | Book chapter  |
|     |                  | Broy, M.: Software engineering — from auxiliary to key technologies. In:  |
|     |                  | Broy, M., Denert, E. (eds.) Software Pioneers, pp. 10–13. Springer,   |
|     |                  | Heidelberg (2002)   |
|     |                  | Online document   |
|     |                  | Cartwright, J.: Big stars have weather too. IOP Publishing PhysicsWeb.  |
|     |                  | http://physicsweb.org/articles/news/11/6/16/1 (2007). Accessed 26 June  |
|     |                  | 2007  |
|     |                  | Always use the standard abbreviation of a journal's name according to the                                       |
|     |                  | ISSN List of Title Word Abbreviations, see  |
|     |                  | www.issn.org/2-22661-LTWA-online.php  |
|     |                  | For authors using EndNote, Springer provides an output style that   |
|     |                  | supports the formatting of in-text citations and reference list.  |
|     |                  | EndNote style (zip, 2 kB)   |
|     |                  | Tables: All tables are to be numbered using Arabic numerals.  |
|     |                  | Figure Numbering: All figures are to be numbered using Arabic   |
| 0.5 | Earne of         | numerals.   |
| 9.5 | Format:          | The report should be Spiral/ hardbound  The Design of the Cover page to report will be given by the Coordinator |
|     |                  | The Design of the Cover page to report will be given by the Coordinator-<br>CCC                                 |
|     |                  |   |
|     |                  | Cover page Acknowledgement  |
|     |                  | Content   |
|     |                  | Project report  |
|     |                  | Appendices  |
| 9.6 | <u>Important</u> | Students should prepare questionnaire and get it approved by concern  |
| 7.0 | Dates:           | faculty member and submit the final questionnaire within  |
|     | Daus.            | ractity member and submit the iniai questionnaire within  |

Page 41 **Physics Department** 



|   |              | Beyond Boundaries   |
|---|--------------|---|
|   |              | to CCC- Coordinator.  |
|   |              | Students will complete their survey work within and submit              |
|   |              | the same to concern faculty member. (Each group should complete 50      |
|   |              | questionnaires)   |
|   |              | The student should show the 1st draft of the report to concern faculty  |
|   |              | member within and submit the same to concern faculty                    |
|   |              | member.   |
|   |              | Faculty members should give required inputs, so that students can       |
|   |              | improve their project work and make the final report submission on      |
|   |              | improve their project work and make the final report such instrument    |
|   |              | The students should submit the hard copy and soft copy of the report to |
|   |              | CCC-Coordinator signed by the faculty guide within                      |
|   |              | The students should submit the soft copy of the PPT to CCC-             |
|   |              | Coordinator signed by the faculty guide within                          |
|   |              | The final presentation will be organized on                             |
| 9.7   | ETE          | The students will be evaluated by panel of faculty members on the       |
| 9.1   | EIE          |   |
|   |              | basis of their presentation on  |
| 10  | Course Ev    | aluation  |
| 10.01   |              |   |
| 10.01 Continuous Assessment  Questionnaire design |              |   |
|   |              |   |
| 10.7  | Report Wi    |   |
| 10.02   | 2   ETE (PPT | presentation) 40%   |



| Coh      | ool: School of   | Batch: 2019-2021   |  |  |  |  |  |
|----------|------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
|          | ic Sciences and  | Datch: 2019-2021   |  |  |  |  |  |
|          | earch            |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|          | gram: MSc        | Current Academic Year: 2019-2020   |  |  |  |  |  |
|          | nch: Physics     | Semester: II   |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1        | Course Code      | MPH 157  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2        | Course Title     | Physics Lab 3 (Electronics Lab)  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 3        | Credits          | 2  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 4        | Contact Hours    | 0-0-6  |  |  |  |  |  |
| '        | (L-T-P)          |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|          | Course Status    | Compulsory   |  |  |  |  |  |
| 5        | Course           | 1.To gain practical knowledge of electronics experiments                         |  |  |  |  |  |
|          | Objective        | 2.To study basic electronic components   |  |  |  |  |  |
|          |                  | 3.To observe the characteristics of the OpAmp, different types of FETs and       |  |  |  |  |  |
|          |                  | Flipflops.   |  |  |  |  |  |
|          |                  | 4. To study amplitude modulation demodulation.                                   |  |  |  |  |  |
| 6        | Course           | After successful completion of this course the students will/will be able to:    |  |  |  |  |  |
|          | Outcomes         | CO1: Acquire knowledge of Operational amplifier and will be able to              |  |  |  |  |  |
|          |                  | construct various circuits using ICs and different components.                   |  |  |  |  |  |
|          |                  | <b>CO2:</b> Analyze the characteristics and various operations of the OpAmp.     |  |  |  |  |  |
|          |                  | CO3: Determine the parameters of JFET.   |  |  |  |  |  |
|          |                  | <b>CO4:</b> Determine characteristics of MOSFET, UJT.                            |  |  |  |  |  |
|          |                  | CO5: Build various Flip-Flops, shift registers etc.                              |  |  |  |  |  |
|          |                  | <b>CO6:</b> Use equations/theoretical concept to verify the experimental results |  |  |  |  |  |
|          |                  | with ability to conduct, analyze and interpret experiments                       |  |  |  |  |  |
| 7        | Course           | This course is designed to provide students with lab experience in               |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1        | Description      | designing various electronic circuits, study their characteristics and analyze   |  |  |  |  |  |
|          | 1                | the results.   |  |  |  |  |  |
| 8        | Outline syllabus | S  |  |  |  |  |  |
|          | Unit 1           |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|          | A                | 1. To calculate the Operational Amplifier parameter common mode                  |  |  |  |  |  |
|          | В                | rejection ratio (CMRR)   |  |  |  |  |  |
|          | С                | 2. To study the Operational Amplifier as a negative feedback                     |  |  |  |  |  |
|          |                  | amplifier  |  |  |  |  |  |
| <u> </u> | Unit 2           |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|          | A                | 3. To study the Operational Amplifier as Adder and Subtractor                    |  |  |  |  |  |
|          | В                | 4. To study Amplitude Modulation and Demodulation                                |  |  |  |  |  |
|          | C                |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|          | Unit 3           |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|          | A                | 5. To draw the static characteristics of a junction field effect transistor      |  |  |  |  |  |
|          | В                | (JFET) and hence to determine its parameters.                                    |  |  |  |  |  |
|          | С                | 6. To study the characteristics of a MOSFET.                                     |  |  |  |  |  |
|          |                  |  |  |  |  |  |  |



|  |  | Beyond Boundaries  |  |  |  |
|--|--|--|--|--|--|
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 7. To study the characteristics of a Uni-junction Transistor (UJT).      |  |  |  |  |  |
| 8. To build JK Master-slave flip-flop using Flip-Flop ICs                |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 9. To build a 4-bit Counter using D-type/JK Flip-Flop ICs and study      |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 10. To make a 4-bit Shift Register (serial and parallel) using D-type/JK |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| r r  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Practical/Viva   |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| CA   | MTE  | ETE  |  |  |  |
| 60%  | 0%   | 40%  |  |  |  |
| <ol> <li>Basi</li> </ol>   | c electronics  | and linear circuits - N N Bhargava, D C  |  |  |  |
| Kuls   | shreshtha, S C   | Gupta, Tata McGraw-Hill publishing company   |  |  |  |
| Ltd.   |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2. Line  | ar Integrated C  | Circuits- D Choudhary Roy  |  |  |  |
| 1. Practical Physics- C L Arora, S. Chand Publishing                     |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2. Lab   | Manual   |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 9. To be timing the first time of the first time | 9. To build JK Master  9. To build a 4-bit Cotiming diagram.  10. To make a 4-bit Sh Flip-Flop ICs.  Practical/Viva  CA MTE  60% 0%  1. Basic electronics Kulshreshtha, S C Ltd.  2. Linear Integrated C |  |  |  |



| School: SBSR |                  | Batch: 2019-2021  |  |  |  |  |  |
|--------------|------------------|---|--|--|--|--|--|
| Program: MSc |                  | Current Academic Year: 2019-20  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ,            | ysics)           |   |  |  |  |  |  |
|              | nch:             | Semester: II  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1            | Course Code      | MPH 158   |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2            | Course Title     | Physics Lab 4 (Nuclear lab)   |  |  |  |  |  |
| 3            | Credits          | 2   |  |  |  |  |  |
| 4            | Contact Hours    | 0-0-6   |  |  |  |  |  |
|              | (L-T-P)          |   |  |  |  |  |  |
|              | Course Status    | Compulsory  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 5            | Course           | To understand laboratory experiments to Interpreting results,             |  |  |  |  |  |
|              | Objective        | error analysis, writing reports and analyzing data.                       |  |  |  |  |  |
|              |                  | To develop a sense of understanding of statistical mechanics              |  |  |  |  |  |
|              |                  | To develop working knowledge of Nuclear physics                           |  |  |  |  |  |
|              |                  | To have understanding of software scilab                                  |  |  |  |  |  |
|              |                  | To have anderstanding of software serial                                  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 6            | Course           | CO1: Students will be able to understand the particle nature of light.    |  |  |  |  |  |
|              | Outcomes         | CO2: Students will be able to use scilab for understanding the basic      |  |  |  |  |  |
|              |                  | important laws of statistical and nuclear physics                         |  |  |  |  |  |
|              |                  | CO3: Students learn to plot Planck's law of Black body radiation,         |  |  |  |  |  |
|              |                  | Rayliegh Jeans law, Specific Heats of Solids etc.                         |  |  |  |  |  |
|              |                  | CO4: Students will learn plotting different functions (a) Maxwel          |  |  |  |  |  |
|              |                  | Boltzmann distribution b) Fermi-Dirac distribution c) Bose-Einste         |  |  |  |  |  |
|              |                  | distribution with energy.   |  |  |  |  |  |
|              |                  | CO5: Students will be able to understand the statistics of the nuclear    |  |  |  |  |  |
|              |                  | counting and show that the mean, variance, and standard deviation         |  |  |  |  |  |
|              |                  | follow Poisson distribution and the mean value (N) is equal to the        |  |  |  |  |  |
|              |                  | variance $(\sigma^2)$   |  |  |  |  |  |
|              |                  | CO6: Students will learn how to use GM counter and its applications in    |  |  |  |  |  |
|              |                  | determination of its operating voltage, plateau length / slope,           |  |  |  |  |  |
|              |                  | Verification of Inverse Square Law for γ rays, estimate the efficiency of |  |  |  |  |  |
|              |                  | the GM counter, determine the range and maximum energy of beta            |  |  |  |  |  |
|              |                  | particle using half thickness method. And backscattering of beta          |  |  |  |  |  |
|              |                  | particles.  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 7            | Course           | This course integrates exposure of the theory of Statistical and Nuclear  |  |  |  |  |  |
|              | Description      | Physics with experimental demonstrations in the Physics Lab. The          |  |  |  |  |  |
|              |                  | course will provide a valuable understanding of software scilab and its   |  |  |  |  |  |
|              |                  | use to understand the basic concepts of Statistical Mechanics.            |  |  |  |  |  |
| 8            | Outline syllabus | 3   |  |  |  |  |  |
|              | Unit 1           | Practical based on semi-conductors  |  |  |  |  |  |
|              |                  | 1. Plot Planck's law for Black Body radiation and compare it with         |  |  |  |  |  |
|              |                  | Raleigh-Jeans Law at high temperature and low temperature.                |  |  |  |  |  |
|              |                  | 2. Plot Specific Heat of Solids (a) Dulong-Petit law, (b) Einstein        |  |  |  |  |  |
|              |                  | distribution function, (c) Debye distribution function for high           |  |  |  |  |  |
|              |                  | temperature and low temperature and compare them for these                |  |  |  |  |  |
|              |                  | two cases.  |  |  |  |  |  |



|  |  |  | Beyond Boundarie |  |  |  |
|--|--|--|------------------|--|--|--|
| Unit 2   | Practical  | related to   |                  |  |  |  |
| 3.Plot the following functions with energy at different temperat Maxwell-Boltzmann distribution b) Fermi-Dirac distribution c) Einstein distribution 4.To study the statistics of the nuclear counting and show the mean, variance, and standard deviation follow Poisson distribution the mean value (N) is equal to the variance ( $\sigma^2$ ). |  |  |                  |  |  |  |
| Unit 3   | Practical  | related to   |                  |  |  |  |
|  | 5. Study   | Understanding the basics of GM counter and its Applications.  5. Study of the characteristics of a GM tube and determination of i operating voltage, plateau length / slope. |                  |  |  |  |
| Unit 4   | Practical  | Practical related to  6. Verification of Inverse Square Law for γ rays. 7. To estimate the efficiency of the GM counter.   |                  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |                  |  |  |  |
| Unit 5   | Practical related to   |  |                  |  |  |  |
|  | <ul><li>8. To determine the range and maximum energy of beta particle unhalf thickness method.</li><li>9. To study backscattering of beta particles.</li></ul> |  |                  |  |  |  |
| Mode of examination  | Practical/   | Practical/Viva   |                  |  |  |  |
| Weightage  | CA   | MTE  | ETE              |  |  |  |
| Distribution   | 60%  | 0%   | 40%              |  |  |  |
| Text book/s*   | t book/s*   -  |  |                  |  |  |  |



| Sch | ool: SBSR  | Batch: 2019-21  |  |  |  |  |  |
|-----|--|---|--|--|--|--|--|
| -   | gram:MSc (Physics)                                       |   |  |  |  |  |  |
|     | nch:   | Semester: III   |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1   | Course Code  | MPH 204   |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2   | Course Title   | Electromagnetics  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 3   | Credits  | 4   |  |  |  |  |  |
| 4   | Contact Hours  | 4-0-0   |  |  |  |  |  |
|     | (L-T-P)  |   |  |  |  |  |  |
|     | Course Status  | Compulsory  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 5   | Course Objective   | 1. To know concept of electrostatics, magnetostatics and  |  |  |  |  |  |
|     | -  | electromagnetism.   |  |  |  |  |  |
|     |  | 2. To understand the propagation of electromagnetic waves.  |  |  |  |  |  |
|     |  | 3. To utilize the laws of electromagnetism on various   |  |  |  |  |  |
|     |  | problems.   |  |  |  |  |  |
|     |  | 4. To explain the practical application of electromagnetism   |  |  |  |  |  |
|     |  | and electromagnetic waves.  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 6   | Course Outcomes  | After the completion of this course, the student will be able to  |  |  |  |  |  |
|     |  | CO1: Learn the concepts of electromagnetism.  |  |  |  |  |  |
|     |  | CO2: Learn the .basic concepts of electromagnetic waves CO3: Understand the reflection and transmission of e. m waves           |  |  |  |  |  |
|     |  |   |  |  |  |  |  |
|     |  | CO4: Apply the concept of electromagnetism at certain levels. CO5: Apply the concept of relativistic electrodynamics at certain |  |  |  |  |  |
|     |  | levels.   |  |  |  |  |  |
|     |  | CO6: Understand the application of electromagnetics on real   |  |  |  |  |  |
|     |  | problems.   |  |  |  |  |  |
| 7   | Course Description                                       | The course is a one semester advanced course on Electrodynamics   |  |  |  |  |  |
|     |  | at the M.Sc. Level. It will start by revising the behaviour of  |  |  |  |  |  |
|     |  | electric and magnetic fields, in vacuum as well as matter, and  |  |  |  |  |  |
|     |  | casting it in the language of scalar and vector potentials. Writing   |  |  |  |  |  |
|     |  | Maxwell equations in the same language will lead to the analysis  |  |  |  |  |  |
|     |  | of electromagnetic waves, their propagation, scattering and   |  |  |  |  |  |
|     |  | radiation.  |  |  |  |  |  |
|     |  | Special relativity will be introduced, which will allow the   |  |  |  |  |  |
|     |  | covariant formulation of Maxwell's equations and the Lagrangian   |  |  |  |  |  |
|     |  | formulation of electrodynamics. Relativistic motion of charges in   |  |  |  |  |  |
|     |  | electromagnetic fields, and the motion of electromagnetic fields  |  |  |  |  |  |
|     | through matter will be covered, with plenty of examples. |   |  |  |  |  |  |
| 8   | Outline syllabus   | 136   |  |  |  |  |  |
|     | Unit 1 Electrostatics and Magnetostatics                 |   |  |  |  |  |  |
|     | 1  | troduction to the course and Prerequisite required, Maxwell's Equations   |  |  |  |  |  |
|     | in differential and integral form and their Physical Me  |   |  |  |  |  |  |
|     |  | isplacement current, Modified Ampere's Law and explanation of   |  |  |  |  |  |
|     |  | odified Ampere's Law.   |  |  |  |  |  |
|     |  | calar and Vector Potential, Poisson and Laplace Equation, Laplace   |  |  |  |  |  |
|     | ec   | equation in Cartesian, Cylindrical and Spherical co-ordinate system. Brief  |  |  |  |  |  |

| * | S  | H  | A |   | R | )/    | 4 |
|---|----|----|---|---|---|-------|---|
|   | Uì | ١I |   | _ |   | <br>_ | _ |

|              |  |                           | Beyond Boundaries         |  |  |
|--------------|--|---------------------------|---------------------------|--|--|
|              | introduction to all the th   | ree Co-ordinate system    | n (Cartesian, Cylindrical |  |  |
|              | and Spherical) and how t   | to relate with each other | er. Boundary conditions   |  |  |
|              | and Boundary Value Problems, Methods of Images                             |                           |                           |  |  |
| С            | Green Function formalism   | n, Magnetic field, Mag    | gnetic flux and Magnetic  |  |  |
|              | Induction for a circular   | r carrying loop, Bou      | indary Value problems,    |  |  |
|              | Magnetic shielding and M   |                           | = =                       |  |  |
| Unit 2       | <b>Electromagnetic waves</b>   |                           |                           |  |  |
| A            | Derive electromagnetic w   | vave equation in free s   | pace, dielectric medium   |  |  |
|              | and in conducting medium   | 1.                        |                           |  |  |
| В            | Solution of electromagnetic wave equation in free space, diel              |                           |                           |  |  |
|              | medium and conducting n  | nedium, skin depth.       | _                         |  |  |
| С            | Reflection and refraction  | of em waves throug        | gh different medium for   |  |  |
|              | normal incidence and   | oblique incidence, T      | otal internal reflection, |  |  |
|              | Brewster's Law, Complex  | Refractive index          |                           |  |  |
| Unit 3       | Wave Guides  |                           |                           |  |  |
| A            | Electromagnetic waves be   | tween parallel conducto   | ors                       |  |  |
| В            | TE and TM waves  |                           |                           |  |  |
| С            | Rectangular and Cylindric  | al wave Guide, Resona     | nt Cavities               |  |  |
| Unit 4       | <b>Potentials and Fields</b>   |                           |                           |  |  |
| A            | Gauge Transformation, Coulomb and Lorentz Gauges                           |                           |                           |  |  |
| В            | Retarded Potential, L W Potential  |                           |                           |  |  |
| С            | Field of an accelerating point charge and localized oscillating source,    |                           |                           |  |  |
|              | Electric and Magnetic dip  | ole fields and radiation  |                           |  |  |
| Unit 5       | Relativistic Electrodynam  | mics                      |                           |  |  |
| A            | Covariant formalism of Maxwell's equations                                 |                           |                           |  |  |
| В            | Transformation Laws and  | its applications          |                           |  |  |
| С            | Relativistic Generation of Larmor;s Frequency, Relativistic formulation of |                           |                           |  |  |
|              | radiation by single moving   | g charge.                 |                           |  |  |
| Mode of      | Theory   |                           |                           |  |  |
| examination  |  |                           |                           |  |  |
|              |  |                           |                           |  |  |
| Weightage    | CA   | MTE                       | ETE                       |  |  |
| Distribution | 30%  | 20%                       | 50%                       |  |  |
| Text Book/s  | 1. D. J Griffths, "Introduc  | ction to Electrodynamic   | s",                       |  |  |
|              | 2. W. H Hayt & J. A. Buck, "Enginerring Electromagnetics", TMH             |                           |                           |  |  |
| Other        | 13. R. Reitz, F. J. I  | Milford and R. W. C       | Chirsty, "Foundations of  |  |  |
| References   | Electromagnetic T  |                           | ••                        |  |  |
|              | 14. J. D. Jackson, "Classical Electrodynamics", Wiley.                     |                           |                           |  |  |
|              |  | <del>,</del>              | , J                       |  |  |
| •            | •  |                           |                           |  |  |



| School: SBSR |                 | Batch: 2019-2021   |
|--------------|-----------------|--|
|              |                 |  |
|              | gram: M.Sc.     | Current Academic Year: 2020-21   |
|              | nch: Physics    | Semester: III  |
| 1            | Course Code     | MPH205   |
| 2            | Course Title    | MATERIALS PHYSICS  |
| 3            | Credits         | 4  |
| 4            | Contact         | 4-0-0  |
|              | Hours           |  |
|              | (L-T-P)         |  |
|              | Course Status   | Compulsory   |
| 5            | Course          | 1. To know the importance of Physics and Materials Science.                          |
|              | Objective       | 2. To utilize the various synthesis procedure to develop materials.                  |
|              |                 | 3. To explain the practical application of materials in various area.                |
| 6            | Course          | CO1: Learn the basics of Materials.  |
|              | Outcomes        | CO2: Understand the correlation between Materials & Physics behind                   |
|              |                 | CO3: Apply the concept of materials and technology at certain levels.                |
|              |                 | CO4: Develop devices using materials and understand science.                         |
|              |                 | CO5: Create the path to handle materials.  |
|              |                 | CO6: Expertise in various tools will make a bridge between industry and              |
|              |                 | students. Find out the platform for employment in high tech industries               |
| 7            | Course          | Material physics is the use of <u>physics</u> to describe the physical properties of |
|              | Description     | materials. It is a synthesis of physical sciences such as chemistry, solid           |
|              | 1               | mechanics, solid state physics, and materials science.                               |
|              |                 |  |
| 8            | Outline syllabu | IS   |
|              | Unit 1          | Materials: Basic Concepts  |
|              | A               | Concept of amorphous   |
|              | В               | single and polycrystalline structures and their effect on properties of              |
|              |                 | materials  |
|              | С               | Crystal growth   |
|              | Unit 2          | Imperfections in Solids  |
|              | A               | Defects, Point Defects: vacancy, substitutional, interstitial, Frenkel and           |
|              |                 | Schottky defects, equilibrium concentration of Frenkel and Schottky                  |
|              |                 | defects  |
|              | В               | Line Defects: slip planes and slip directions, edge and screw dislocations,          |
|              | B               | Burger's vector, cross-slip, glide and climb, jogs, dislocation energy, super        |
|              |                 | & partial dislocations, dislocation multiplication, Frank-Read sources               |
|              | С               | Planar Defects: grain boundaries and twin interfaces; Dislocation Theory –           |
|              |                 | experimental observation of dislocation, dislocations in FCC, HCP and                |
|              |                 | BCC lattice.   |
|              | Unit 3          | Semiconductors   |
|              | A               | Metals and Semiconductors: Conduction in metals, Mobility,                           |
|              | 11              | Semiconductors: Intrinsic, Extrinsic   |
|              | В               |  |
|              | ם               | Band structures of semiconductors, Quantum well structures, Intrinsic                |
|              |                 | carrier concentration, Defect levels in semiconductors                               |



| <br>         |   |   | Beyond Boundaries                          |  |
|--------------|---|---|--|--|
| C            | Type – III- V and II-VI group semiconductors, PN junctions, Hall Effect |   |  |  |
| Unit 4       | Ceramics and  | l Glass   |  |  |
| A            |   |   | plications of traditional and advanced     |  |
|              | ceramics, Silic   | a, glass transit  | ion temperature, commercial ceramics,      |  |
|              | mechanical pr   | operties  |  |  |
| В            | high temperature properties   |   |  |  |
| C            | Glass formation   | on – glassforme   | ers, Random network model, heat flow and   |  |
|              | precipitation from glasses, photosensitive and photochromic glasses     |   |  |  |
| Unit 5       | Polymers and  | Composites  |  |  |
| A            | Polymers, type  | es and classific  | ation, Insulating, conducting and ion      |  |
|              | conducting po   | lymers, resins  |  |  |
| В            |   | Composites: Reinforcement-Matrix Interface, Metal matrix composite, |  |  |
|              |   |   | Carbon fiber composite                     |  |
| C            | Properties and  | applications of   | f various composites                       |  |
| Mode of      | Theory  |   |  |  |
| examination  |   |   |  |  |
| Weightage    | CA  | MTE   | ETE  |  |
| Distribution | 30%   | 20%   | 50%  |  |
| Text book/s* |   |   | ons of Materials Science and Engineering", |  |
|              | McGraw Hill Book Co., 2000.   |   |  |  |
|              |   | soum, "Fundar   | mentals of Ceramics", McGraw Hill Book     |  |
|              | Co., 1997   |   |  |  |
| Other        |   | •   | 'Composite Materials Science and           |  |
| References   | Engine  | ering", Springe   | er, 2001.                                  |  |
|              |   |   |  |  |
|              |   |   | etion to Composite Materials", Cambridge   |  |
|              | Univer  | sity Press, 198   | 8.   |  |
|              |   |   |  |  |
|              | _   | • George Odian "Principles of Polymerization", John Wiley and       |  |  |
|              | sons, I   | nc, 2002.   |  |  |
|              |   |   |  |  |



| Scho | ool: SBSR       | Batch :2019-2021   |
|------|-----------------|--|
| -    | gram: M.Sc.     | Current Academic Year: 2020-21   |
|      | nch: Physics    | Semester: III  |
| 1    | Course Code     | MPH 208  |
| 2    | Course Title    | Synthesis of Materials   |
| 3    | Credits         | 4  |
| 4    | Contact         | 4-0-0  |
|      | Hours           |  |
|      | (L-T-P)         |  |
|      | Course Status   | Compulsory   |
| 5    | Course          | 1. To know the importance of Physics and Materials Science.                  |
|      | Objective       | 2. To utilize the various synthesis procedure to develop materials.          |
|      |                 | 3. To explain the practical application of materials in various area.        |
| 6    | Course          | CO1: Learn the basics of Materials/Technology                                |
|      | Outcomes        | CO2: Understand the correlation between Applied science and Technology       |
|      |                 | CO3: Apply the concept of materials and technology at certain levels.        |
|      |                 | CO4: Develop devices using materials.  |
|      |                 | CO5: Create the path to handle materials.                                    |
|      |                 | CO6: Expertise in various tools will make a bridge between industry and      |
|      |                 | students. Find out the platform for employment in high tech industries       |
|      |                 |  |
| 7    | Course          | Chemistry has many aspects; but there are three general regions: the study   |
|      | Description     | of structures of materials, the study of reactions of materials, and the     |
|      |                 | synthesis of materials. Previously, it was generally thought that synthesis, |
|      |                 | compared with structure and reactions, was more empirical and devoid of      |
|      |                 | rigid theory. As our understanding of structures and reactions has           |
|      |                 | advanced, however, synthesis has also gradually become theoretically         |
|      |                 | grounded and systematized.   |
| 8    | Outline syllabu |  |
|      | Unit 1          | Chemical Techniques  |
|      | A               | Chemical precipitation and co-precipitation, Wet chemical methods, Metal     |
|      |                 | crystals by reduction, Sol-gel synthesis.                                    |
|      | В               | Microemulsions or reverse micelles, Hydrothermal & Solvothermal              |
|      | ~               | synthesis, Thermolysis routes  |
|      | С               | Microwave heating synthesis, Electrochemical synthesis.                      |
|      | Unit 2          | Synthesis of Nano Particles  |
|      | A               | Preparation of materials by Ball milling, Attrition and Vibration milling    |
|      | В               | Cluster compounds, Preparation of nano particles                             |
|      | C               | Preparation of nanostructured polymers/Conducting polymers, composites.      |
|      | Unit 3          | Vacuum Systems   |
|      | A               | Characteristics of vacuum: Mean free path                                    |
|      | В               | Measurement of Vacuum: Pressure gauges – Pirani and Penning Gauge;           |
|      |                 | Mechanical pumps   |
|      | C               | Rotary Vane Pumps, Diffusion & Molecular pump, pumping speed, Liquid         |



| <br>1               |   |                               | Beyond Boundaries                          |  |  |
|---------------------|---|-------------------------------|--|--|--|
|                     | Nitrogen trap   |                               |  |  |  |
| Unit 4              | Physical Vapo   | our Deposition                | 1  |  |  |
| A                   | Physical Vapor Deposition - Hertz Knudsen equation; mass evaporation  |                               |  |  |  |
|                     | rate; evaporato   | ors, e-beam                   |  |  |  |
| В                   | pulsed laser and ion beam evaporation, Hybrid and Modified PVD- Ion   |                               |  |  |  |
|                     | plating, reactiv  | plating, reactive evaporation |  |  |  |
| С                   | ion beam assis  | ted deposition,               | Sputtering techniques                      |  |  |
| Unit 5              | Chemical Vap  | our Depositio                 | on   |  |  |
| A                   | Chemical Vap<br>CVD   | or Deposition -               | - reaction chemistry and thermodynamics of |  |  |
| В                   | Thermal CVD   |                               |  |  |  |
| С                   | laser & plasma  | enhanced CV                   | D, Pyrolytic synthesis                     |  |  |
| Mode of             | Theory  |                               |  |  |  |
| examination         |   |                               |  |  |  |
| Weightage           | CA  | MTE                           | ETE  |  |  |
| Distribution        | 30%   | 20%                           | 50%  |  |  |
| Text book/s*        | Carbon Nanotubes: Synthesis, Characterization and Applications by Kamal K Kar, Research Publishing, Singapore, 2011  Principles of Nanoscience and Nanotechnology – M. A. Shah, Tokeer Ahmad (Narosa Publishing House, New Delhi, 2011)   |                               |  |  |  |
| Other<br>References | <ul> <li>Pradeep T., "NANO The Essential, understanding Nanoscience and Nanotechnology". Tata McGraw-Hill Publishing Company Limited, 2007.</li> <li>Charles P.Poole Jr. "Introduction to Nanotechnology", John Willey &amp; Sons, 2003.</li> <li>Masuo Hosokawa, Kiyoshi Nogi, Makio Naito, Toyokazu Yokoyama Nanoparticle Technology Handbook, Elsevier Publishers (2007)</li> <li>Synthesis, properties and applications by CNR Rao et.al.2002</li> <li>Nanochemistry: A Chemical Approach to Nanomaterials – Royal Society of Chemistry, Cambridge, UK,,2005</li> </ul> |                               |  |  |  |



| ~ - |                    | Beyond Boundaries  |
|-----|--------------------|--|
|     | hool: SBSR         | Batch: 2019-2021   |
|     | ogram: MSc         | Current Academic Year: 2020-2021   |
|     | anch:              | Semester: III  |
| Ph  | ysics              |  |
| 1   | Course             | MPH 217  |
|     | Code               |  |
| 2   | Course             | Nuclear and Particle Physics   |
|     | Title              |  |
| 3   | Credits            | 4  |
| 4   | Contact            | 4-0-0  |
|     | Hours              |  |
|     | (L-T-P)            |  |
|     | Course             | Compulsory   |
|     | Status             |  |
| 5   | Course             | This course aims:  |
|     | Objective          | 1. To introduce students to the fundamental principles and concepts of nuclear |
|     | J                  | and particle physics   |
|     |                    | 2. To make students acquire profound working knowledge of advanced topics      |
|     |                    | in nuclear and particle physics and their applications to real life problems.  |
| 6   | Course             | Upon successful completion of this course, the student would be able to:       |
|     | Outcomes           | e poin successful completion of this course, the student would be usic to      |
|     | o diveolités       | CO1: Understand and differentiate the types of nuclear forces, their           |
|     |                    | properties; and explain the nuclear forces using Meson theory and Yukawa       |
|     |                    | potential.   |
|     |                    | CO2: Remember the conservation laws and analyze different types of nuclear     |
|     |                    | reactions and their energetics.  |
|     |                    | CO3: Compare different types of nuclear models to obtain the angular           |
|     |                    | momenta of nuclear states.   |
|     |                    | CO4: Recognize and discriminate types of nuclear decays and the governing      |
|     |                    | theories.  |
|     |                    | CO5: Classify the elementary particles and understand their standard model.    |
|     |                    | CO6: Acquire relevant knowledge about the nuclear and particle physics to      |
|     |                    | apply it to the real-life problems.  |
|     |                    | app-) is to the real me problems.  |
| 7   | Course             | This course illustrates in depth various nuclear interactions, nuclear forces, |
| ,   | <b>Description</b> | different models depicting the nucleus, nuclear decay, types of nuclear        |
|     | 2 coci ipuon       | reactions and introduces particle physics while classifying the elementary     |
|     |                    | particles.   |
| 8   |                    |  |
|     | Unit 1             | Nuclear Interaction and Nuclear Forces   |
|     | A                  | Nuclear forces: Nuclear forces - properties of nuclear forces, exchange        |
|     | 11                 | forces, nuclear force has tensor component, charge independence, spin          |
|     |                    | dependence of nuclear forces   |
|     | В                  | <u> </u>   |
|     | D                  | <b>Two body problem:</b> Two body problem- ground state of deutron, magnetic   |
|     | <u> </u>           | moment, quadrupole moment, nucleon nucleon interaction                         |
|     | C                  | Meson Theory of Nuclear Forces: Meson theory-Yukawa potential, nucleon         |



| _            |  |  | Beyond Boundaries                              |  |  |  |
|--------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
|              | nucleon scattering   | g, charge symme  | try, isospin.                                  |  |  |  |
| Unit 2       | <b>Nuclear Reaction</b>  | ns   |  |  |  |  |
| A            |  |  | etions and conservation laws, Energetics of    |  |  |  |
| D            |  | •  | uclear reactions, Q value equations.           |  |  |  |
| В            | _  |  | ections: Scattering cross section, reaction    |  |  |  |
| С            |  |  | reactions and direct reactions.                |  |  |  |
| Unit 3       | Nuclear Models   | ering: Breit-Wig   | gner one level formula (Qualitative analysis)  |  |  |  |
|              |  | lala I i avvid dasa  | model Debu Wheeler the emi of finion           |  |  |  |
| A<br>B       |  |  | model, Bohr Wheeler theory of fission.         |  |  |  |
| D            |  |  | nce for shell effects, shell model, spin orbit |  |  |  |
|              | coupling, magic numbers, angular momenta and parities of nuclear state.  |  |  |  |  |  |
| С            |  | stimate of transit   | ion rates, Magnetic moments and Schmidt        |  |  |  |
|              | lines.   | stillate of trailsh  | ion rates, wagnetic moments and Schindt        |  |  |  |
| Unit 4       | Nuclear Decay  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A            | •  | ni theory of beta  | decay, shape of the beta spectrum, Mass of     |  |  |  |
|              |  | •  | d parity selection rule, allowed and           |  |  |  |
|              | forbidden decays   | iai momenta an   | parity selection rule, allowed and             |  |  |  |
| В            |  | <b>f-lives</b> neutrino  | physics, non-conservation of parity.           |  |  |  |
| C            |  |  | on in nuclei, angular momenta and parity       |  |  |  |
|              |  |  | n, nuclear isomerism                           |  |  |  |
| Unit 5       | Particle Physics   |  |  |  |  |  |
| A            |  | Elementary Pa  | rticles Basic forces, classification of        |  |  |  |
|              |  | elementary particles, spin and parity, determination of isospin, strangeness, lepton and baryon no., conservation laws |  |  |  |  |
|              |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| В            |  |  | eson and baryon octet, elementary ideas of     |  |  |  |
|              | SU (3), symmetry   | SU (3), symmetry quark model   |  |  |  |  |
| C            | High Energy Phy  | High Energy Physics: Types of interaction, typical strength and time scal  |  |  |  |  |
|              | conservation laws  | conservation laws, parity and time reversal, CPT theorem   |  |  |  |  |
| Mode of      | Theory/Jury/Pract  | ical/Viva  |  |  |  |  |
| examinati    |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Weightag     |  | MTE  | ETE  |  |  |  |
| Distribution |  | 20%  | 50%  |  |  |  |
| Text         |  |  | ot of Nuclear Physics" Mc Graw Hill.           |  |  |  |
| book/s*      |  | nal, "Nuclear Ph   | •  |  |  |  |
|              | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·  | Theory of Nucl   | ear Structure" East West Press Pvt Ltd,        |  |  |  |
|              | Delhi.   | "C ( )   |  |  |  |  |
|              | The state of the s | "Concept of Nu   | clear Physics" New Central Book Agency         |  |  |  |
|              | Ltd  | d Valrani "Nival   | and Douting Dhyming' Viva Doule                |  |  |  |
| Other        |  |  | ear and Particle Physics" Viva Books           |  |  |  |
| Reference    |  | 4. M L Pandya and R P S Yadav, "Elements of Nuclear Physics" K   |  |  |  |  |
| Kelelelice   |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|              | J. KKROy a   | 5. R R Roy and B P Nigam, "Nuclear Physics" New Age Internatio   |  |  |  |  |
|              |  | "Nuclear Phys  | ics" Himalaya Publication Home                 |  |  |  |
|              | _  | J J  |  |  |  |  |
|              | ,, 2 011111111   | ,  | = Imper and                                    |  |  |  |



|  | Row  |
|--|--|
|  | 8. NP-TEL (National Program on Technology Enhanced Learning) |
|  | https://www.youtube.com/playlist?list=PLbMVogVj5nJRvq-       |
|  | w3zway7k3GzmUDte3a   |



| <u> </u>     | I GDGD           | D / 1 201                      | 0.001  | Beyond Boundaries  |
|--------------|------------------|--------------------------------|--|--|
| School: SBSR |                  | Batch :201                     |  | 2000   |
|              | gram: M.Sc       | Current Academic Year: 2020-21 |  |  |
|              | nch: Physics     | Semester:                      | <u>III                                  </u> |  |
| 1            | Course Code      | MPH 256                        |  |  |
| 2            | Course Title     | Dissertation                   | n 1  |  |
| 3            | Credits          | 4                              |  |  |
| 4            | Contact Hours    | 0-0-0                          |  |  |
|              | (L-T-P)          |                                |  |  |
|              | Course Status    | Compulsor                      | •  |  |
| 5            | Course Objective |                                | •  | oon nano materials   |
|              |                  |                                |  | t free polymer electrolyte   |
|              |                  |                                |  | rical, optical and thermal studies of a systems                    |
| 6            | Course Outcomes  |                                |  | of carbon nano materials and their                                 |
|              |                  | functionaliz                   |  |  |
|              |                  |                                |  | of different types of electrolytes.                                |
|              |                  |                                |  | sic principle and working in systems like CH-                      |
|              |                  |                                |  | OM and many more in laboratory.                                    |
|              |                  |                                |  | l generation solar cells.  |
|              |                  |                                | cation of Supe                               |  |
|              |                  |                                | _  | s are in regular intervals and students present                    |
| 7            | Course           | their own w                    |  | motorials and their small action in an array.                      |
| /            | Description      |                                |  | materials and their application in energy C, Super capacitors etc. |
|              | Description      |                                |  | solvent free polymer electrolyte, application of                   |
|              |                  |                                | ls in energy dev                             |  |
| 8            | Outline syllabus | Tome nquia                     | is in energy de                              | vices.   |
|              | Unit 1           | Introduction                   | n  |  |
|              | CIIIt I          |                                |  | d in Instructional Plan  |
|              | Unit 2           | Case study                     | b una e actune                               | a in instructional Fran  |
|              | CIIIV 2          |                                | b and c detaile                              | d in Instructional Plan  |
|              | Unit 3           | Conceptual                     |  |  |
|              | 00               |                                | b and c detaile                              | d in Instructional Plan  |
|              | Unit 4           | Developmen                     |  |  |
|              |                  |                                |  | d in Instructional Plan  |
|              | Unit 5           | Finalisation                   |  |  |
|              |                  | Sub unit - a,                  | b and c detaile                              | d in Instructional Plan  |
|              | Mode of          | Jury/Practica                  |  |  |
|              | examination      |                                |  |  |
|              | Weightage        | CA N                           | MTE  | ETE  |
|              | Distribution     | 60%                            | 0%   | 40%  |
|              | Text book/s*     | Handbook of                    | f Photovoltaic S                             | Science and Engineering  |
|              |                  |                                |  | gedus; Copyright © 2003 John Wiley & Sons,                         |
|              |                  | Ltd; DOI:10.                   | .1002/0470014                                | 008  |
|              | Other References | 1. Zakaria                     | NA, Isa MIN                                  | I, Mohamed NS, et al. Characterization of                          |
|              |                  | polyvinyl ch                   | hloride/polyeth                              | yl methacrylate polymer blend for use as                           |



polymer host in polymer electrolytes. J Appl Polym Sci 2012; 126: E419–E424.

- 2. Khatijah S, Subban RHY and Mohamed NS. Ionic conductivity of PVC-NH4I-EC proton conducting polymer electrolytes. Adv Mater Res 2012; 545: 312–316.
- 3. Chaurasia SK, Saroj AL, Shalu, et al. Studies on structural, thermal and AC conductivity scaling of PEO-LiPF6 polymer electrolyte with added ionic liquid [BMIMPF6]. AIP Adv 2015; 5: 077178.



| Sah      | ool: SBSR        | Batch: 2019-2021   |
|----------|------------------|--|
|          |                  | Current Academic Year: 2020-21   |
|          | gram: MSc        | Current Academic Year: 2020-21   |
|          | ysics)           | Compatent III  |
|          | nch:             | Semester: III  |
| 1        | Course Code      | MPH 257  |
| 2        | Course Title     | Specialized Physics lab  |
| 3        | Credits          |  |
| 4        | Contact Hours    | 0-0-6  |
|          | (L-T-P)          |  |
|          | Course Status    | Compulsory   |
| 5        | Course           | 1. To gain knowledge on the synthesis procedures of various                    |
|          | Objective        | nanomaterials.   |
|          |                  | 2. To understand laboratory experiments to investigate the properties          |
|          |                  | of materials.  |
|          |                  | 3. To learn the operation of the advanced characterization                     |
|          |                  | instruments.   |
|          |                  | 4. To understand the structural, electrical, mechanical and optic              |
|          |                  | properties of materials  |
| 6        | Course           | CO1: Student will be able to use UTM machine and calculate stress, strain      |
|          | Outcomes         | (mechanical properties) of materials   |
|          |                  | CO2: Student will be able to know about young modulus and how to find out      |
|          |                  | the value of young modules of a wire.  |
|          |                  | CO3: Student will be able to synthesis nano materials by different methods     |
|          |                  | CO4: Student will be able to operate different characterization tools.         |
|          |                  | CO5: Student will be able to analysis the output of different characterization |
|          |                  | techniques   |
|          |                  | CO6: Student will be able to find out the structural, electrical, optical and  |
|          |                  | mechanical properties of nano materials and how to tune them by chemical       |
|          |                  | substitution method.   |
| 7        | Course           | In this course of MSc (Physics), students will synthesis nano materials and    |
|          | Description      | nano composite by different chemical methods. How to use different             |
|          |                  | characterization tools to understand the structural, electrical, optical and   |
|          |                  | mechanical properties of nano materials.                                       |
| 8        | Outline syllabus |  |
|          | Unit 1           | Practical based on mechanical properties                                       |
|          |                  | 1. To determine tensile strength by Universal Testing Machine.                 |
|          | TT 14 0          | 2. To determine Young's Modulus of Steal wire by applying Load.                |
|          | Unit 2           | Practical related to   |
|          |                  | 3. To synthesis Zinc Oxide nanoparticle by chemical method.                    |
|          | II24 2           | 4. To synthesis Titanium Oxide nanoparticle by chemical method.                |
|          | Unit 3           | Practical related to   |
|          | TT               | 5. To synthesis Composite by chemical method.                                  |
|          | Unit 4           | Practical related to   |
| <u> </u> | TT. *4 5         | 6. Growth of nanoparticles by solid state method.                              |
|          | Unit 5           | Practical related to   |



|              |               |  | Beyond Boundaries                         |  |
|--------------|---------------|--|---|--|
|              | 7. To         | 7. To analyze XRD data for the determination crystallite size and        |   |  |
|              | structure of  | structure of the sample.   |   |  |
|              | 8. To         | 8. To determine dielectric properties of Zinc Oxide/TiO2 nano particles. |   |  |
|              | 9. Ana        | alysis of uv/v   | vis absorption spectrum of nanomaterials. |  |
| Mode of      | Jury/Praction | cal/Viva   |   |  |
| examination  |               |  |   |  |
| Weightage    | CA            | MTE  | ETE                                       |  |
| Distribution | 60%           | 0%   | 40%                                       |  |
| Text book/s* | -             |  |   |  |
| Other        |               |  |   |  |
| References   |               |  |   |  |



| <b>a</b> .            | 101100                               | Beyond Boundaries  |
|-----------------------|--------------------------------------|--|
|                       | ol: School of Basic                  | Batch: 2019-2021   |
| Sciences and Research |                                      |  |
| Program: M. Sc        |                                      | Current Academic Year: 2020-2021   |
|                       | ch: Physics                          | Semester: IV   |
| 1                     | Course Code                          | MPH 209  |
| 2                     | Course Title                         | CHARACTERIZATION OF MATERIALS  |
| 3                     | Credits                              | 4  |
| 4                     | Contact Hours<br>(L-T-P)             | 4-0-0  |
|                       | Course Status                        | Compulsory   |
| 5                     | Course Objective                     | <ol> <li>The course will focus on the structure-property correlations and how these could be unraveled by the use of simple characterization methods such as optical and scanning electron microscopy, x-ray diffraction and Raman spectroscopy.</li> <li>To understand the characterization methods used for state-of-the-art materials.</li> <li>To appreciate the results from characterization methods and their reliability.</li> <li>To appreciate the multiscale and multidisciplinary nature of materials</li> </ol>   |
| 6                     | Course Outcomes                      | After the completion of this course students will be able to:  CO 1: Explain know the basics of optical and Atomic Force Microscope.  CO 2: Explain the properties of electrons and the effect of accelerating potential and basic operational modes of a SPM, SEM and TEM.  CO 3: Understand the Electronic, Vibrational, Structural, Compositional properties of materials via different spectroscopy and diffraction techniques.  CO 4: Demonstrate dc conductivity and ac impedance spectroscopy.  CO 5: Explain the phase transitions in materials by thermal characterization.  CO 6: Apply materials characterization methods based on microscopy, chemical, physical and structure analysis, and thermal analysis techniques to various research problems. |
| 7                     | Course description  Outline Syllabus | Determination of the structural character and chemical composition of a material is an essential activity of material science. After completion of the course the student should have obtained knowledge of characterization of materials by introducing the basic principles and performing experiences of a large range of techniques used to characterize different types of materials.   |
| U                     | Summe Symaous                        |  |



|   |   |   | Beyond Boundaries  |
|---|---|---|--|
| Unit 1  | Microscopic Techniques  Basics of Microscope and its resolving power; Construction,  working principle and applications of optical polarizing microscope,  Magnetic force microscope, Atomic force microscope (AFM); Electron Tomography. |   |  |
| A   |   |   |  |
| В   |   |   |  |
| С   |   |   |  |
| Unit 2  | <u> </u>  |   |  |
| A   | Scanning probe microscopic (SPM) Techniques: Scanning tunneling   |   |  |
| В   | Scanning Electron Micro   | roscopy (SEM)   |  |
| С   | Transmission Electron Microscopy (TEM), and EDX (energy dispersion  |   |  |
| X-ray analysis)                                     |   |   |  |
| Unit 3  |   |   |  |
| A   | UV-visible, FT-IR, Ran  | nan and Atomic absorption   | on spectroscopy  |
| В   | X-ray diffraction, Glancing angle and wide angle, Debye-Scherer   |   |  |
|   | formula, Dislocation de   | ensity, Micro strain  |  |
| C   | AUGER Spectroscopy and X-ray photoelectron spectroscopy (XP   |   |  |
| Unit 4  | Solid state Techniques  |   |  |
| A   | Conductivity measurement: Four probe techniques   |   |  |
| B Dielectric and Impedance measurement              |   |   |  |
| C   | Dielectric measurement of materials: Frequency dependence   |   |  |
| measurement and temperature dependent measurements. |   |   | rements.   |
|   | <u> </u>  |   |  |
| A   |   |   | etry,  |
|   |   |   |  |
|   |   | nalysis.  |  |
|   | Theory  |   |  |
|   |   |   |  |
|   |   |   | ETE  |
|   |   |   | 50%  |
| Text books  | 1. Characterization of materials (Vol. 1 and 2) by E.N. Kaufm   |   | d 2) by E.N. Kaufmann,   |
|   | 2. Introduction to Nanotechnology - Charles P. Poole Jr. and Franks. J. Qwens (Wiley Interscience, 2003)  |   |  |
|   |   |   |  |
| Other References                                    |   |   |  |
|   |   |   |  |
|   |   |   |  |
| applications by CNR Rao (Taylor & Francis 2008)     |   |   | ncis 2008)   |
|   | B C Unit 2 A B C Unit 3 A B C Unit 4 A B C Unit 5 A B C Unit 5 A B C Mode of Examination Weightage Distribution Text books  | Basics of Microscope a  B working principle and a  C Magnetic force microse Tomography.  Unit 2 SPM Techniques  A Scanning probe microse microscopy (STM),  B Scanning Electron Mice C Transmission Electron X-ray analysis)  Unit 3 Spectroscopic Technic  A UV-visible, FT-IR, Ran  B X-ray diffraction, Glas formula, Dislocation de  C AUGER Spectroscopy  Unit 4 Solid state Techniques  A Conductivity measuren  B Dielectric and Impedan  C Dielectric measuren measurement and temp  Unit 5 Thermal techniques  A Thermogravimetry, Diff  B Differential Scanning C  C Differential Thermal A  Mode of Theory  Examination  Weightage CA Distribution 30%  Text books 1. Characterization John Wiley and 2. Introduction to Franks. J. Qwen Other References  1. Processing & p Shaw (Warrend 2. Chemistry of | A Basics of Microscope and its resolving power; C B working principle and applications of optical policy C Magnetic force microscope, Atomic force microscope, (SPM)  Tenture Scanning Electron Microscope, (SPM)  Total transmission Electron Microscope, Atomic force microscope, Atomic force microscope, Atomic force microscope, (SPM)  Total transmission Electron Microscope, Atomic force microscope |



## **MPH210 Properties of Materials**

| Scho            | ool: SBSR           | Batch: 2019-21  |  |  |
|-----------------|---------------------|---|--|--|
| Program: M.Sc.  |                     | Current Academic Year: 2020-21  |  |  |
| Branch: Physics |                     | Semester: IV  |  |  |
| 1               | Course Code         | MPH210  |  |  |
| 2               | Course Title        | Properties of Materials   |  |  |
| 3               | Credits             | 4   |  |  |
|                 | Contact             |   |  |  |
| 4               | Hours (L-<br>T-P)   | 4-0-0   |  |  |
|                 | Course              | Compulsory  |  |  |
|                 | Status              | Compulsory  |  |  |
|                 |                     | <ul> <li>To make the students familiar with the Stress Strain diagram for different engineering materials, Engineering and true stress strain diagram, Ductile and brittle material, Fatigue, Creep.</li> <li>To understand the concept of Classification of magnetic materials, Diamagnetism, Paramagnetism, Langevin theory of dia and paramagnetism, Weiss theory, Structure of Ferrite.</li> </ul>  |  |  |
| 5               | Course<br>Objective | • To know the concept of Dielectric Materials: Basic concepts: complex permittivity, dielectric loss factor, polarization, mechanism of polarization, Optical Properties: Refractive index and dispersion, Transmission.  |  |  |
|                 |                     | • To understand the concept of The Gibbs Phase Rule and Phase Diagrams, Phase diagram of one component system, Methods for the Study of Phase Diagrams of Condensed (solid – liquid) Systems, Binary phase diagrams, Lever rule intermediate phases.  |  |  |
| 6               | Course<br>Outcomes  | CO1: Learn the basic concepts of Engineering and true stress strain diagram, Ductile and brittle material, Tensile strength, Hardness, Impact strength, Fracture (Types and Ductile to brittle transition), Fatigue, Creep. CO2: Understand the Diamagnetism, Paramagnetism, Langevin theory of dia and paramagnetism, Weiss theory, Susceptibility measurement, Ferromagnetism, Curie-Weiss law. CO3: Able to explain the Dielectric Materials: Basic concepts: complex permittivity, dielectric loss factor, polarization, mechanism of polarization, Clausius-Mossotti Relation, Ferroelectricity. CO4: Figure out the Optical Properties: Refractive index and dispersion, Transmission, Reflection and absorption of light, Optical material for UV and IR, Optical anisotropic, Non-linear optical crystals, Photoluminescene. CO5: State the concepts of The Gibbs Phase Rule and Phase Diagrams, Phase diagram of one component system, Methods for the Study of Phase Diagrams of Condensed (solid – liquid) Systems, Binary phase diagrams, Lever rule intermediate phases, Eutectics, peritectic and eutectoids iron-iron carbide phase diagram, Microstructure, Nucleation and Growth |  |  |



|   |                       | CO6: Analyse the concepts of Mechanical Properties, Magnetic properties of materials, Dielectric properties, Optical properties of solids, Phase Diagrams.  |  |  |
|---|-----------------------|---|--|--|
| 7 | Course<br>Description | This course is about describing the concepts of Mechanical Properties, Magnetic properties of materials, Dielectric properties, Optical properties of solids, Phase Diagrams.   |  |  |
| 8 | Outline Syllab        |   |  |  |
|   | Unit 1                | Mechanical Properties   |  |  |
|   | A                     | Stress Strain diagram for different engineering materials, Engineering and true stress strain diagram, Ductile and brittle material, Tensile strength, Hardness   |  |  |
|   | В                     | Impact strength, Fracture (Types and Ductile to brittle transition), Fatigue, Creep   |  |  |
|   | С                     | Factors affecting mechanical properties.  |  |  |
|   | Unit 2                | Magnetic properties of materials  |  |  |
|   | A                     | Classification of magnetic materials, Diamagnetism, Paramagnetism, Langevin theory of dia and paramagnetism, Weiss theory   |  |  |
|   | В                     | Susceptibility measurement, Ferromagnetism, Curie-Weiss law, Antiferromagnetism   |  |  |
|   | C                     | Ferrimagnetism, Structure of Ferrite.   |  |  |
|   | Unit 3                | Dielectric properties   |  |  |
|   | A                     | Dielectric Materials: Basic concepts: complex permittivity, dielectric loss factor, polarization, mechanism of polarization, classification of dielectrics-frequency dependence of dielectric constant; Langevin's Theory of Polarization |  |  |
|   | В                     | Clausius-Mossotti Relation, Ferroelectricity, Piezoelectricity, pyro-electric states, transition temperature  |  |  |
|   | С                     | polarization catastrophe, Landau theory of first and second-order phase transitions, antiferroelectricity, ferro electric domains.  |  |  |
|   | Unit 4                | Optical properties of solids  |  |  |
|   | A                     | Optical Properties: Refractive index and dispersion, Transmission, Reflection and absorption of light   |  |  |
|   | В                     | Optical material for UV and IR  |  |  |
|   | С                     | Optical anisotropic, Non-linear optical crystals, Photoluminescene.   |  |  |
|   | Unit 5                |   |  |  |
|   | A                     | The Gibbs Phase Rule and Phase Diagrams, Phase diagram of one component system, Methods for the Study of Phase Diagrams of Condensed (solid – liquid) Systems   |  |  |
|   | В                     | Binary phase diagrams, Lever rule intermediate phases   |  |  |
|   | С                     | Eutectics, peritectic and eutectoids iron-iron carbide phase diagram, Microstructure, Nucleation and Growth   |  |  |
|   | Mode of Examination   | Theory  |  |  |

|  |   | No. of the contract of the con | Beyond Boundaries     |  |
|--|---|--|-----------------------|--|
| Weightage  | CA  | MTE  | ETE                   |  |
| Distribution   | 30%   | 20%  | 50%                   |  |
| Text Book/s  | 1988  | orgy', 3rd Edition, McGraw<br>Materials', Prentice Hall In   |                       |  |
|  | 3. Structure and Properties of Materials', Volume III,by R. M., R Shepard L. A., Wulff J.,4th Edition, John Wiley, 1984 |  |                       |  |
| Other  | 4. Introduction to Magnetic Materials, Addison-Wesley Publications, California, London, by B. D. Cullity, 1972          |  |                       |  |
| References   |   |  |                       |  |
| 5. Magnetism and Magnetic Materials, Institute of Materials by J. P. Jakubovics 1994 |   |  | of Materials, London, |  |
|  | aterials, Chapman &   |  |                       |  |



| <b>G</b> 1                    | 1 CDCD  | D ( 1 2)   | 010 2021   | Beyond Boundaries  |
|-------------------------------|---|--|--|--|
| School: SBSR Batch :2019-2021 |   |  | 2020.24  |  |
| Program: M.Sc                 |   |  | Academic Yea   | r: 2020-21   |
|                               | nch:Physics   | Semester   |  |  |
| 1                             | Course Code   | MPH 258  |  |  |
| 2                             | Course Title  | Dissertation 2   |  |  |
| 3                             | Credits   | 6  |  |  |
| 4                             | Contact Hours   | 0-0-0  |  |  |
|                               | (L-T-P)   |  |  |  |
|                               | Course Status   | Compulso   | ory  |  |
| 5                             | Course Objective  | • To   | o synthesize car                                     | bon nano materials   |
|                               |   | • To   | o develop solve                                      | nt free polymer electrolyte  |
|                               |   | <ul> <li>To study the electrical, optical and thermal studies of a sy</li> </ul> |  |  |
| 6                             | Course Outcomes   |  |  | e of carbon nano materials and their   |
|                               |   | functiona  | lization.  |  |
|                               |   | CO2: In c  | depth knowledg                                       | e of different types of electrolytes.  |
|                               |   | CO3: Fan   | niliar with the l                                    | pasic principle and working in systems like CH-                                  |
|                               |   | Impedanc   | e, Kethley-24,                                       | POM and many more in laboratory.   |
|                               |   | CO4: Fab   | rication of Thi                                      | d generation solar cells.  |
|                               |   | CO5: Fab   | rication of Sup                                      | er capacitors.   |
|                               |   | CO6: Sen   | ninars/worksho                                       | ps are in regular intervals and students present                                 |
|                               |   | their own  | work.  |  |
| 7                             | Course  | Synthesis  | of carbon nand                                       | materials and their application in energy  |
|                               | Description   |  |  | C, Super capacitors etc.   |
|                               |   | Additiona  | ally, synthesis o                                    | of solvent free polymer electrolyte, application of                              |
|                               |   | ionic liqu   | ids in energy d                                      | evices.  |
| 8                             | Outline syllabus  |  |  |  |
|                               | Unit 1  | Introducti   | on   |  |
|                               |   | Sub unit - a   | Sub unit - a, b and c detailed in Instructional Plan |  |
|                               | Unit 2  | •  | Case study   |  |
|                               |   | Sub unit - a   | Sub unit - a, b and c detailed in Instructional Plan |  |
|                               | Unit 3  | Conceptua  | ıl   |  |
|                               |   | Sub unit - a, b and c detailed in Instructional Plan                             |  |  |
|                               | Unit 4  | Development  |  |  |
|                               |   | Sub unit - a, b and c detailed in Instructional Plan                             |  |  |
|                               | Unit 5  | Finalisation   |  |  |
|                               |   | Sub unit - a, b and c detailed in Instructional Plan                             |  |  |
|                               | Mode of   | Jury/Practical/Viva  |  |  |
|                               | examination   |  |  |  |
|                               | Weightage   | CA   | MTE  | ETE  |
|                               | Distribution  | 60%  | 0%   | 40%  |
|                               | Text book/s*  | Handbook of Photovoltaic Science and Engineering                                 |  |  |
|                               |   | Antonio Luque, Steven Hegedus; Copyright © 2003 John Wiley & Sons,               |  |  |
|                               |   | Ltd; DOI:10.1002/0470014008  |  |  |
|                               | 0.1 D.C   | 1. Zakaria NA, Isa MIN, Mohamed NS, et al. Characterization of                   |  |  |
|                               | Other References  | 1. Zakaria   | . NA, Isa MI   | N, Monamed NS, et al. Characterization of  |
|                               | Mode of examination Weightage Distribution Text book/s* | Sub unit - a Jury/Praction  CA 60%  Handbook Antonio Lu Ltd; DOI:1               | MTE  0% of Photovoltaic que, Steven He 0.1002/047001 | ETE 40% Science and Engineering egedus; Copyright © 2003 John Wiley & Sons, 4008 |



polymer host in polymer electrolytes. J Appl Polym Sci 2012; 126: E419–E424.

- 2. Khatijah S, Subban RHY and Mohamed NS. Ionic conductivity of PVC-NH4I-EC proton conducting polymer electrolytes. Adv Mater Res 2012; 545: 312–316.
- 3. Chaurasia SK, Saroj AL, Shalu, et al. Studies on structural, thermal and AC conductivity scaling of PEO-LiPF6 polymer electrolyte with added ionic liquid [BMIMPF6]. AIP Adv 2015; 5: 077178.