

Programme Structure

SHARDA SCHOOL OF NURSING SCIENCE AND RESEARCH

Bachelor of Science Nursing

Programme Code: SNS0101

Batch: 2023-2027



Batch: 2023-2027, I SEMESTER

S.	PaperID	Subjec	Subjects		L-D-	·P		Core/Elective	V -
No.		tCode		L	D	P	Credits	Pre- Requisite/ Co Requisite	1. CC 2. AECC 3. SEC 4. DSE
			THEORY	SUBJEC	CTS	I		I	
1.	123501	BSNS 101	Communicative English	40	-	-	2	-	CC,AECC, DSE
2.	12502	BSNS 102	Applied anatomy and applied Physiology	120	-	-	6	-	CC,AECC,SEC, DSE
3.	12503	BSNS 103	Applied sociology and applied psychology	120	-	-	6	-	CC,AECC,SEC, DSE
4.	12505	BSNS202	Nursing foundation 1	120	80		8	-	CC,AECC,SEC, DSE
			PRACTI	CAL C	OURS	SES		<u> </u>	
5.	12505	BSNS202	Nursing foundation 1	-	-	160	2	-	CC,AECC,SEC, DSE
	<u> </u>		TOTAL CREDIT	_1	I	I	24		



Batch: 2023-2027, II SEMESTER

S.N	Paper ID	Subject Code	Subjects		L-D-l	P		Core/Elective	Type of Course
		Code		L	D	P	Credits	_	1. CC 2. AECC 3. SEC 4. DSE
THEO	RY SUBJEC	CTS		•					
1.	12504	BSNS 201	Applied Biochemistry and Applied Nutrition & Dietetics	100	-	-	5	-	CC,AECC,SEC,DSE
2.	12505	BSNS 202	Nursing foundation II	120	120	-	9	-	CC,AECC,SEC,DSE
3.	12506	BSNS 203	Health/ Nursing Informatics & Technology	40	40	-	3	-	CC,AECC,SEC,DSE
PRAC	TICAL COU	RSES		1	l	I.			
4.	12507	BSNS 251	Nursing foundation II	-	-	320	4	-	CC,AECC,SEC,DSE
			TOTAL CREDITS				21		



Batch: 2023-2027, III SEMESTER

S. No.	PaperID	Subject Code	Subjects		L-D-P						Credits	Core/Elective Pre-Requisite/ Co Requisite	Type of Course 1. CC 2. AECC 3. SEC 4. DSE
				L	D	P							
THEO	RY SUBJEC	CTS	1		1			1					
1.	12508	BSNS 301	Applied Microbiology and infection control including safety	40	40	-	3	-	CC,AECC,SEC,DSE				
2.	12512	BSNS 401	Pharmacology I & Pathology I	40		-	2	-	CC,AECC,SEC,DSE				
3.	12510	BSNS 3023	Adult health nursing I	140	40	-	8	-	CC,AECC,SEC,DSE				
PRAC'	TICAL COU	JRSES			_								
4.	12511	BSNS 351	Adult health nursing I	-	-	480	6	-	CC,AECC,SEC,DSE				
			TOTAL CREDITS				19						



Batch: 2023-2027, IV SEMESTER

S. No.	Paper ID	Subject Code			P	Credits	Core/Elective Pre-Requisite/ Co Requisite	Type of Course 1. CC 2. AECC	
				L	D	P	010416	o requisite	3. SEC 4. DSE
THEO	RY SUBJEC	CTS							
1.	12512	BSNS 401	Pharmacology (I&II) & Pathology & genetics	80	-	-	4	-	CC,AECC,SEC,DSE
2	12513	BSNS 402	Adult health nursing II	140	40	-	8	-	CC,AECC,SEC,DSE
3	12514	BSNS 403	Professional, ethics and professional values	20	-	-	1	-	CC,AECC,SEC,DSE
PRAC	TICAL COU	URSES							
5.	12515	BSNS 451	Adult health nursing II	-	-	480	6		CC,AECC,SEC,DSE
			TOTAL CREDITS				19		



Batch: 2023-2027, V SEMESTER

S.N	PaperID	Subject	Subjects		L-D-			Core/Elective	Type of Course 1. CC 2. AECC 3. SEC 4. DSE
		Code		L	D	P	Credits	Pre- Requisite/ Co Requisite	
THEO	RY SUBJEC	ETS			1		l		
1.	NA	NA	Child Health Nursing I including essential newborn care (ENBC), FBNC, IMNCI &PLS Modules	60	40	-	4	-	CC,AECC,SEC,DSE
2.	NA	NA	Mental health nursing I	60	-	-	3	-	CC,AECC,SEC,DSE
3.	NA	NA	Community health nursing- I including environmental science and epidemiology	100	-	-	5	-	CC,AECC,SEC,DSE
4.	NA	NA	Educational technology/ nursing education	40	40	-	3	-	CC,AECC,SEC,DSE
5.	NA	NA	Introduction to forensic nursing and Indian law	20	-	-	1	-	CC,AECC,SEC,DSE
PRAC'	TICAL COU	RSES						<u> </u>	
6.	NA	NA	Child health nursing -I	-	-	160	2	-	CC,AECC,SEC,DSE
7.	NA	NA	Mental health nursing –I	-	-	80	1	-	CC,AECC,SEC,DSE
8.	NA	NA	Community health nursing - I	-	-	160	2	-	CC,AECC,SEC,DSE
	<u> </u>	1	TOTAL CREDITS	<u> </u>			21		



Batch: 2023-2027, VI SEMESTER

S.N	Paper ID	Subject	Subjects		L-D-	·P		Core/Elective	Type of Course
		Code		L	D	P	Credits	Pre-Requisite/ Co Requisite	1. CC 2. AECC 3. SEC 4. DSE
THEO	RY SUBJEC	CTS							
1.	NA	NA	Child Health Nursing-II	40	-	-	2	-	CC,AECC,SEC, DSE
2.	NA	NA	Mental Health Nursing-II	40	-	-	2	-	CC,AECC,SEC, DSE
3.	NA	NA	Nursing management and leadership	60	-	-	3	-	CC,AECC,SEC, DSE
4.	NA	NA	Midwifery/Obstetrical and gynecology Nursing I	60	40	-	4	-	CC,AECC,SEC, DSE
PRAC	TICAL COU	RSES		•	•				
5.	NA	NA	Child Health Nursing-II	-	-	80	1	-	CC,AECC,SEC, DSE
6.	NA	NA	Mental Health Nursing-II	-	-	160	2	-	CC,AECC,SEC, DSE
7.	NA	NA	Nursing management and leadership	-	-	80	1	-	CC,AECC,SEC, DSE
8.	NA	NA	Midwifery/Obstetrical and gynecology Nursing I	-	-	240	3	-	CC,AECC,SEC, DSE
			TOTAL CREDITS				18		



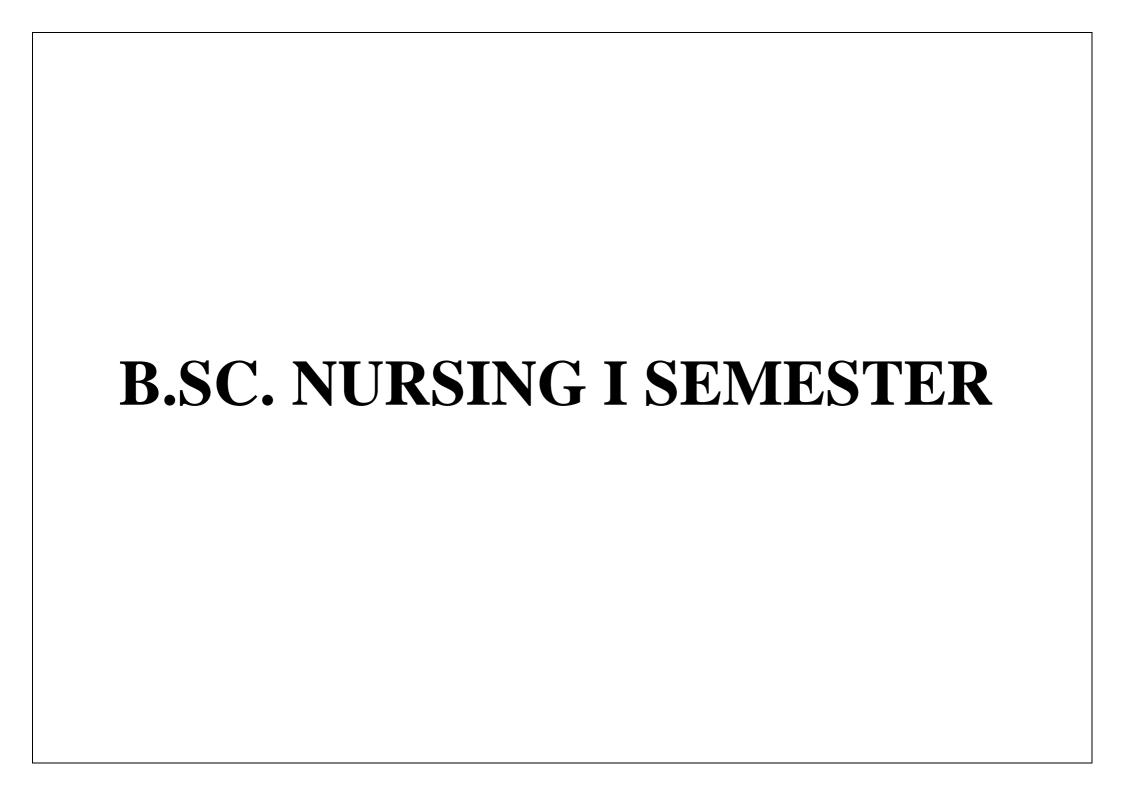
Batch: 2023-2027, VII SEMESTER

S.N	Paper ID	Subject Code	Subjects		L-D-P			Core/Elective Pre-	Type of Course
		Code		L	D	P	Credits	Requisite/ Co Requisite	1. CC 2. AECC 3. SEC 4. DSE
THEO	RY SUBJEC	CTS							
1.	NA	NA	Community Health Nursing – II	100	-	-	5	-	CC,AECC,SEC,DSE
2.	NA	NA	Nursing Research and statistics	40	80 (PROJECT - 40)	-	4	-	CC,AECC,SEC,DSE
3.	NA	NA	Midwifery/Obstetrical and gynecology Nursing II	60	40	-	4	-	CC,AECC,SEC,DSE
PRAC'	TICAL COU	RSES							
4.	NA	NA	Community Health Nursing – II	-	-	160	2	-	CC,AECC,SEC,DSE
5.	NA	NA	Midwifery/Obstetrical and gynecology Nursing II	-	-	320	4	-	CC,AECC,SEC,DSE
		•	TOTAL CREDITS			•	19		



Batch: 2023-2027, VIII SEMESTER (INTERNSHIP)

S.N	Paper ID	Subject	Subjects		L-D	-P		Core/Elective Pre-	Type of Course
		Code		L	D	P	Credits	Requisite/ Co Requisite	 CC AECC SEC DSE
PRAC	TICAL COU	RSES						•	
1.	NA	NA	Community health nursing (4weeks)	-	-			-	CC,AECC,SEC,DSE
2.	NA	NA	Adult health nursing (6 weeks)	-	-	1056		-	CC,AECC,SEC,DSE
3.	NA	NA	Child health nursing (4 weeks)	-	-	hrs.	12	-	CC,AECC,SEC,DSE
4.	NA	NA	Mental health nursing (4 weeks)	-	-			-	CC,AECC,SEC,DSE
5.	NA	NA	Midwifery (4 weeks)	-	-			-	CC,AECC,SEC,DSE





S	CHOOL: SSNSR	BATCH-2023-2027						
	PROGRAMME	B.Sc. (NURSING)						
	SEMESTER	I Semester						
1	Course Code	BSNS101						
2	Course Title	Communicative English						
3	Contact Hours-L-D-P	40						
4	Course Status	CC,AECC, DSE						
5	Course Objectives	In respective sub-parts						
6	Course Outcome	CO1- Speak and write grammatically correct English						
		CO2- Develop skill in listening comprehension and communicate effectively.						
		CO3- Develop ability to read, understand and express meaningfully.						
		CO4- Develop writing skills						
		CO5- Develop skill in spoken English						
		CO6- Apply LSRW (learning, speaking, reading, and writing) skills in combination to teach educate and share						
		information, ideas and results in nursing field.						
7	Course Description	The course is designed to enable students to enhance their ability to speak and write the language (and use						
		English) required for effective communication in their professional work. Students will practice their skills inverbal						
		and written English during clinical and classroom experience.						



8. Outline Syllabus: BSNS101 (COMMUNICATIVE ENGLISH)

Unit	Time (Hr)	Learning Objectives	Content	Teaching Learning Activities	Assessment methods
I	3 (T)	Identify the significance of communicative English	Communication What is communication? • What are communication roles of listeners, • speakers, readers and writers as healthcare professionals	 Definitions with examples, illustrations and explanations Identifying competencies/ communicative strategies in LSRW Reading excerpts on the above and interpreting them through tasks 	Checking for understanding through tasks
II	5 (T)	Describe concepts and principles of Language (English) use in professional development such as pronunciation, vocabulary, grammar, paraphrasing, voice modulation, spelling, pause and silence	Introduction to LSRGW L – Listening: Different types of listening S – Speaking: Understanding Consonants, Vowels, Word and Sentence Stress, Intonation R – Reading: Medical vocabulary Gr – Grammar: Understanding tenses Inkers W – Writing simple sentences and short paragraphs – emphasis on correct grammar	 Exercises on listening to news, announcements, telephone conversations and instructions fromothers Information on fundamentals of Speech – Consonant, Vowel, Stress and Intonation with tasks based on these through audio/video and texts Reading a medical dictionary/ glossary of medical terms with matching exercises Information on tenses and basic concepts of correct grammar 	Through check your understanding' exercises



Unit	Time	Learning	Content	Teaching Learning	Assessment methods
	(Hrs)	Objectives		Activities through fill in the blanks, true/false questions	
Ш	5 (T)	Demonstrate attentive listening in different hypothetical situations	 Attentive Listening Focusing on listening in different situations – announcements, descriptions, narratives, instructions, discussions, demonstrations Reproducing Verbatim Listening to academic talks/ lectures Listening to presentation 	 Listening to announcements, news, documentaries with tasks based on listening With multiple choice, Yes/No and fill in the blank activities 	Checking individually against correct answers Listening for specific information Listening for overall meaning and instructions Listening to attitudes and opinions
IV	9 (T)	Converse effectively, appropriately and timely within the given context and the individual or team they are communicating with either face to face or other means	 Speaking – Effective Conversation Conversation situations – informal, formal and neutral Factors influencing way of speaking – setting, topic, social relationship, attitude and language Greetings, introductions, requesting, asking for and giving permission, speaking personally and casual conversations Asking for information, giving instructions and directions Agreeing and disagreeing, giving opinions Describing people, places, events and things, narrating, reporting & 	 Different types of speaking activities related to the content Guided with prompts and free discussions Presentation techniques Talking to peers and other adults. Talking to patients and Patient attenders Talking to other healthcare professionals Classroom conversation Scenario based learning tasks 	Individual and group/peer assessment through live speaking tests Presentation of situation in emergency and routine Handoff Reporting in doctors/nurses' rounds Case presentation Face to face oral communication Speaking individually (Nurse to nurse/patient/



Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Objectives	Content	Teaching Learning Activities	Assessment methods
V	5 (T)	Read, interpret and comprehend content in text, flow sheet, framework, figures, tables, reports, anecdotes	reaching conclusions Evaluating and comparing Complaints and suggestions Telephone conversations Delivering presentations Reading Reading Reading strategies, reading notes and messages Reading relevant articles and news items Vocabulary for everyday activities, abbreviations and medical vocabulary Understanding visuals, graphs, figures and notes on instructions Reading reports and interpreting them Using idioms and phrases, spotting errors, vocabulary for presentations Remedial Grammar	 Detailed tasks and exercises on reading for information, inference and evaluation Vocabulary games and puzzles for medical lexis Grammar activities 	doctor) and to others in the group Telephonic talking Reading/summarizing/ justifying answers orally Patient document Doctor's prescription of care Journal/news
VI	5 (T)	Enhance expressions through writing skills	 Writing Skills Writing patient history Note taking Summarizing Anecdotal records Letter writing Diary/Journal writing 	 Writing tasks with focus on task fulfilment, coherence and cohesion, appropriate vocabulary and correct grammar Guided and free tasks Different kinds of letter 	Paper based assessment by the teacher/ trainer against set band descriptors Presentation of situation Documentation Report writing



Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Objective s	Content	Teaching Learning Activities	Assessment methods
			Report writingPaper writing skill	writing tasks	Paper writing skills Verbatim reproducing Letter writing
VII	8 (T)	Apply LSRW Skill in combination to learn, teach, educate and share information, ideas and results	LSRW Skills Critical thinking strategies for listening and reading Oral reports, presentations Writing instructions, letters and reports Error analysis regarding LSRW	Valuating different options/multiple answers and interpreting decisions through situational activities Demonstration –individually and in groups Group Discussion Presentation, Role Play, Writing reports	Consolidated assessment orally and through written tasks/exercises

Course BSNS 101							
CO1		1	1	1	2	1	1
CO2	1. COMMUNICATIVE ENGLISH	1	1	1	3	1	1
CO3		1	1	1	2	1	1
CO4		1	1	1	2	1	1
CO5		1	1	1	2	1	1
CO6		2	1	1	2	1	1
AVERAG	1.17	1	1	2.17	1	1	



SCH	HOOL: SSNSR	BATCH-2023-2027		
]	PROGRAMME	B.Sc. (NURSING)		
SE	CMESTER	I Semester		
1	Course Code	BSNS102		
2	Course Title	Applied Anatomy & Applied Physiology		
3	Contact Hours-L-D-P	120		
4	Course Status	CC, AECC, SEC, DSE		
5	Course Objectives	In respective sub-parts		
6	Course Outcome	CO1- Describe the Anatomical terms and organization of Human Body Systems		
		CO2- Discuss the basic Physiological concepts of Human Body system.		
		CO3- Demonstration of mechanism of human body systems.		
		CO4- Classify the types of structures of human body system.		
		CO5- Assess the alternation in human body system in disease conditions.		
		CO6- Integrate the nursing care for the client with application and Implication of course.		
7	Course Description	Applied Anatomy- The course is designed to assists student to recall and further acquire the knowledge of the		
		normal structure of human body, identify alteration in anatomical structure with emphasis on clinical application		
		to practice nursing.		
		Applied Physiology- The course is designed to assists student to acquire comprehensive knowledge of the		
		normal functions of the organ systems of the human body to facilitate understanding of physiological basis of		
		health, identify alteration in functions and provide the student with the necessary physiological		
		knowledge to practice nursing.		



Outline Syllabus: BSNS102 (Applied Anatomy & Applied Physiology) APPLIED ANATOMY

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Objectives	Content	Teaching Learning Activities	Assessment methods
I	8 (T)	Define the terms	Introduction to anatomical terms and	Lecture cum Discussion	Quiz MCQ
		relative to the	organization of the human body	Use of models	Short answer
		anatomical position	• Introduction to anatomical terms relative to	Video demonstration	
		Describe the	position – anterior, ventral, posterior	Use of microscopic slides	
		anatomical planes	dorsal, superior, inferior, median, lateral,	Lecture cum Discussion	
		Define and describe	proximal, distal, superficial, deep, prone,	Video/Slides	
		the terms used to	supine, palmar and plantar	Anatomical Torso	
		describe	• Anatomical planes (axial/		
		movements	transverse/horizontal, sagittal/vertical plane		
		Organization of	and coronal/frontal/oblique plane)		
		human body and	• Movements (flexion, extension, abduction,		
		structure of cell,	adduction, medial rotation, lateral rotation,		
		tissues membranes	inversion, eversion, supination, pronation,		
		and glands	plantar flexion, dorsal flexion and		
		Describe the types	circumduction		
		of cartilage	• Cell structure, Cell division		
		Compare and	• Tissue – definition, types, characteristics,		
		contrast the features	classification, location		
		of skeletal, smooth	• Membrane, glands – classification and		
		and cardiac muscle	structure		
			• Identify major surface and bony landmarks		
			in each body region, Organization of		



Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Objectives	Content	Teaching Learning Activities	Assessment methods
II	6 (T)	Describe the structure of respiratory system Identify the muscles of respiration and examine their contribution to the mechanism of	 human body Hyaline, fibro cartilage, elastic cartilage Features of skeletal, smooth and cardiac muscle Application and implication in nursing The Respiratory system Structure of the organs of respiration Muscles of respiration Application and implication in nursing 	Lecture cum Discussion Models Video/Slides	Short answer Objective type
III	6 (T)	Describe the structure of digestive system	The Digestive system Structure of alimentary canal and accessory organs of digestion Application and implications in nursing•	 Lecture cum Discussion Video/Slides Anatomical Torso 	Short answer Objective type
IV	6 (T)	Describe the structure of circulatory and lymphatic system.	 The Circulatory and Lymphatic system Structure of blood components, blood vessels – Arterial and Venous system Position of heart relative to the associated structures Chambers of heart, layers of heart Heart valves, coronary arteries 	LectureModelsVideo/Slides	Short answer MCQ



Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Objectives	Content		Teaching Learning Activities	Assessment methods
			Nerve and blood supply to heart			
			Lymphatic tissue			
			Veins used for IV injections			
			Application and implication in nursing			
V	4 (T)	Identify the major	The Endocrine system	•	Lecture	Short answer
		endocrine glands	• Structure of Hypothalamus, Pineal Gland,	•	Models/charts	Objective type
		and describe the	Pituitary gland, Thyroid, Parathyroid,			
		structure of	Thymus, Pancreas and Adrenal glands			
		endocrine Glands				
VI	4 (T)	Describe the	The Sensory organs		 Lecture 	Short answer
		structure of various	• Structure of skin, eye, ear, nose and tongue		• Explain with Video/	MCQ
		sensory organs	Application and implications in nursing		models/charts	
VII	10 (T)	Describe	The Musculoskeletal system	•	Review – discussion	Short answer
		anatomical position	The Skeletal system		Lecture Discussions	Objective type
		and structure of	Anatomical positions	•	Explain using charts,	
		bones and joints	Bones – types, structure, growth and		skeleton and loose bones	
		Identify major	ossification		and torso	
		bones that make up	Axial and appendicular skeleton	•	Identifying muscles	
		the axial and	Joints – classification, major joints and		involved in nursing	
		appendicular	structure		procedures in lab	
		skeleton	Application and implications in nursing			
		Classify the joints				
		Identify the				
		application and				
		implications in				
		nursing Describe				



Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Objectives	Content	Teaching Learning Activities	Assessment methods
		the structure of			
		muscle			
		Apply the	The Muscular system		
		knowledge in	 Types and structure of muscles 		
		performing nursing	• Muscle groups – muscles of the head, neck,		
		procedures/skills	thorax, abdomen, pelvis, upper limb and lower limbs		
			 Principal muscles – deltoid, biceps, triceps, respiratory, abdominal, pelvic floor, pelvic floor muscles, gluteal muscles and vas-t us 		
			lateral- is		
			 Major muscles involved in nursing 		
			procedures		
VIII	5 (T)	Describe the	The Renal system	Lecture	MCQ
		structure of renal system	 Structure of kidney, ureters, bladder, urethra 	Models/charts	Short answer
			Application and implication in nursing		
IX	5 (T)	Describe the	The Reproductive system	Lecture	MCQ
		structure of	Structure of male reproductive organs	Models/charts	Short answer
		reproductive	Structure of female reproductive organs		
		system	Structure of breast		
X	6 (T)	Describe the	The Nervous system	Lecture	MCQ
		structure of nervous	Review Structure of neurons	Explain with models Video	Short answer
		system including	CNS, ANS and PNS (Central, autonomic and	slides	
		the distribution of	peripheral) Structure of brain, spinal cord,		
		the nerves, nerve	cranial nerves, spinal nerves, peripheral nerves,		



Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Objectives	Content	Teaching Learning Activities	Assessment methods
		plexuses Describe	functional areas of cerebral cortex Ventricular		
		the ventricular	system – formation, circulation, and drainage		
		system	Application and implication in nursing		

APPLIED PHYSIOLOGY

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Objectives	Content	Teaching Learning Activities	Assessment methods
I	4 (T)	Describe the	General Physiology -Basic concepts	Review –	Quiz
		physiology of cell,	Cell physiology including transportation across cell	discussion	MCQ
		tissues, membranes	membrane Body fluid compartments, Distribution of total	Lecture cum	Short answer
		and glands	body fluid, intracellular and extracellular compartments,	Discussion Video	
			major electrolytes and maintenance of homeostasis	demonstrations	
			Cell cycle		
			Tissue – formation, repair		
			Membranes and glands – functions		
			Application and implication in nursing		
II	6 (T)	Describe the	Respiratory system Functions of respiratory organs	Lecture	Essay Short
		physiology and	Physiology of respiration	Video slides	answer
		mechanism of	Pulmonary circulation – functional features		MCQ
		respiration	Pulmonary ventilation, exchange of gases		
		Identify the muscles	Carriage of oxygen and carbon-dioxide, Exchange of gases		
		of respiration and	in tissue		
		examine their	Regulation of respiration		
		contribution to the	Hypoxia, cyanosis, dyspnea, periodic breathing		
		mechanism of	Respiratory changes during exercise		
		breathing	Application and implication in nursing		



Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Objectives	Content	Teaching Learning Activities	Assessment methods
III	8 (T)	Describe the	Digestive system	Lecture	Essay Short
		functions of	Functions of the organs of digestive tract	Video slides	answer
		digestive system	Saliva – composition, regulation of secretion and functions		MCQ
			of saliva		
			Composition and function of gastric juice, mechanism and		
			regulation of gastric secretion		
			Composition of pancreatic juice, function, regulation of		
			pancreatic secretion		
			Functions of liver, gall bladder and pancreas		
			Composition of bile and function		
			Secretion and function of small and large		
			intestine		
			Movements of alimentary tract		
			Digestion in mouth, stomach, small intestine, large		
			intestine, absorption of food		
			Application and implications in nursing		
IV	6 (T)	Explain the	Circulatory and Lymphatic system	Lecture	Essay Short
		functions of the	Functions of heart, conduction system, cardiac cycle,	Discussion	answer
		heart, and	Stroke volume and cardiac output, Blood pressure and Pulse	Video slides	MCQ
		physiology of	Circulation – principles, factors influencing blood pressure,		
		circulation	pulse Coronary circulation, Pulmonary and systemic		
			circulation		
			Heart rate – regulation of heart rate Normal value and		
			variations		
			Cardiovascular homeostasis in exercise and posture		



Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Objectives	Content	Teaching Learning Activities	Assessment methods
			Application and implication in nursing		
V	5 (T)	Describe the	Blood	Lecture	Essay Short
		composition and	Blood- Functions, Physical characteristics	Discussion	answer
		functions of blood	Formation of blood cells	Video slides	MCQ
			Erythropoiesis – Functions of RBC, RBC life cycle		
			WBC – types, functions		
			Platelets – Function and production of platelets		
			Clotting mechanism of blood, clotting time, bleeding time,		
			PTT Hemostasis – role of vasoconstriction, platelet plug		
			formation in hemostasis, coagulation factors, intrinsic and		
			extrinsic pathways of coagulation		
			Blood groups and types		
			Functions of reticular-endothelial system,		
			immunityApplication in nursing		
VI	5 (T)	Identify the major	The Endocrine system	Lecture	Short answer
		endocrine glands	Functions and hormones of Pineal Gland, Pituitary gland,	Explain using	MCQ
		and describe their	Thyroid, Parathyroid, Thymus, Pancreas and Adrenal	charts	
		functions	glands.		
			Other hormones, Alterations in disease		
			Application and implication in nursing		
VII	4 (T)	Describe the	The Sensory Organs	Lecture	Short answer
		structure of various	Functions of skin, Vision, hearing, taste and smell	Video	MCQ
		sensory organs	Errors of refraction, aging changes		
			Application and implications in nursing		
VIII	6 (T)	Describe the	Musculoskeletal system	Lecture	Structured essay



Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Objectives	Content	Teaching Learning Activities	Assessment methods
		functions of bones,	Bones – Functions, movements of bones of axial and	Discussion	Short answer
		joints, various types	appendicular skeleton, Bone healing	Video	MCQ
		of muscles, its	Joints and joint movements, Alteration of joint disease	presentation	
		special properties	Properties and Functions of skeletal muscles – mechanism		
		and nerves	of muscle contraction		
		supplying them	Structure and properties of cardiac muscles and smooth		
			muscles Application and implication in nursing		
IX	4 (T)	Describe the	Renal system	Lecture	Short answer
		physiology of renal	Functions of kidney in maintaining homeostasis, GFR	Charts and models	MCQ
		system	Functions of ureters, bladder and urethra		
			Micturition Regulation of renal function		
			Application and implication in nursing		
X	4 (T)	Describe the	The Reproductive system	Lecture	Short answer
		structure of	Female reproductive system – Menstrual cycle, function	Explain using	MCQ
		reproductive system	and hormones of ovary, oogenesis, fertilization,	charts, models,	
			implantation, Functions of breast	specimens	
			Male reproductive system – Spermatogenesis, hormones		
			and its functions, semen		
			Application and implication in providing nursing care		
XI	8 (T)	Describe the	Nervous system	Lecture cum	Brief structured essays
		functions of brain,	Overview of nervous system	Discussion	Short answerMCQ
		physiology of nerve	Review of types, structure and functions of neurons Nerve	Video slides	Critical
		stimulus, reflexes,	impulse		reflection
		cranial and spinal	Review functions of Brain-Medulla, Pons, Cerebrum,		
		nerves	Cerebellum		



Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Objectives	Content	Teaching Learning Activities	Assessment methods
			Sensory and Motor Nervous		
			SystemPeripheral Nervous System		
			Autonomic Nervous system		
			Limbic system and higher mental Functions Hippocampus,		
			Thalamus, Hypothalamus		
			Vestibular apparatus		
			Functions of cranial nerves		
			Autonomic functions		
			Physiology of Pain-somatic, visceral and referred		
			Reflexes		
			CSF formation, composition, circulation of CSF, blood		
			brain barrier and blood CSF barrier		
			Application and implication in nursing		

Course BSNS 102							
CO1		2	2	2	2	2	2
CO2		1	1	1	1	1	1
CO3	APPLIED ANATOMY & APPLIED PHYSIOLOGY	1	1	1	1	1	1
CO4		1	1	1	1	1	1
CO5	7	1	1	1	1	1	2
CO6		1	1	1	1	1	2
AVERAGE	AVERAGE, BSNS 102			1.17	1.17	1.17	1.50



	School- SSNSR	BATCH-2023-2027				
	PROGRAMME	BSc. Nursing				
	Semester	I Semester				
1	Course Code	BSNS 103				
2	Course Title	APPLIED SOCIOLOGY				
3	Contact Hours: L-D-P	60				
4	Course Status	CC, AECC, SEC, DSE				
5	Course Objectives	Upon completion of the course, the students will be able to - Identify the scope and significance of sociology in nursing. Apply the knowledge of social structure and different culture in a society in identifying social needs of sick clients. Identify the impact of culture on health and illness. Develop understanding about types of family, marriage and its legislation. Identify different types of caste, class, social change and its influence on health and health practices. Develop understanding about social organization and disorganization and social problems in India. Integrate the knowledge of clinical sociology and its uses in crisis intervention.				
6	Course Outcome	 CO1- Describe the significance of sociology in nursing and Identify various social groups, class, caste system and their interactions. CO2- Discover the influence of culture on health and disease. CO3- Describe the interrelationship of individual in society and community and explain family, marriage and legislation related to marriage. 				



		CO4- Categorize the different caste, class and communities in context with their practices and impact on health.
		CO5- Explain social organization and disorganization in relation with social problems and the role of nurse in reducing them with the help of Social Welfare Programs in India
		CO6-Explain clinical sociology and its application in the hospital and in the community.
7	Course	This course is designed to enable the students to develop understanding about basic concepts of sociology and its
	Description	application in personal and community life, health, illness and nursing.

Outline Syllabus; Applied Sociology

Units	Times	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/	Assessment
	(Hr)			Learning	Methods
				Activities	
I.	1	Describe the scope	Introduction	Lecture	Essay Short
		and significance of	 Definition, nature and scope of sociology 	Discussion	Notes
		sociology in nursing	• Significance of sociology in nursing		
II.	15	Describe the	Social structure	Lecture	Essay Short
		individualization,	Basic concept of society, community, association and	Discussion	Notes
		Groups, processes of	institution		Objective Types
		Socialization, social	Individual and society		
		change and its	Personal disorganization		
		importance	Social group – meaning, characteristics, and classification.		
			Social processes – definition and forms, Cooperation		
			competition, conflict, accommodation, assimilation, isolation		



			Socialization – characteristics, process, agencies of socialization Social change – nature, process, and role of nurse Structure and characteristics of urban, rural and tribal community. Major health problems in urban, rural and tribal communities Importance of social structure in nursing profession		
III.	8	Describe culture and its impact on health and disease	Culture Nature, characteristic and evolution of culture • Diversity and uniformity of culture Difference between culture and civilization • Culture and socialization, Transcultural society • Culture, Modernization and its impact on health and disease	• Lecture • Panel discussion	Essay Short Notes
IV.	8	Describe the scope and significance of sociology in nursing	 Family and Marriage Family – characteristics, basic need, types and functions of family Marriage – forms of marriage, social custom relating to marriage and importance of marriage Legislation on Indian marriage and family. Influence of marriage and family on health and health practices 	Lecture	Essay Short Notes Case study report



Units	Times (Hr)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
V.	8	Explain different types of caste and classes in society and its influence on health	 Social stratification Introduction – Characteristics & forms of stratification Function of stratification Indian caste system – origin and characteristics • Positive and negative impact of caste in society. • Class system and status Social mobility-meaning and types Race – concept, criteria of racial classification Influence of class, caste and race system on health. 	Lecture Panel discussion	Essay Short Notes Objective Types
VI.	15	Explain social organization, disorganization, social problems and role of nurse in reducing social problems	 Social organization and disorganization Social organization – meaning, elements and types, Voluntary associations Social system – definition, types, role and status as structural element of social system. Interrelationship of institutions Social control – meaning, aims and process of social control, Social norms, moral and values Social disorganization – definition, causes, Control and planning Major social problems – poverty, housing, food supplies, illiteracy, prostitution, dowry, Child labor, child abuse, delinquency, crime, substance abuse, HIV/AIDS, COVID-19 • Vulnerable group – elderly, 	• Lecture • Panel discussion Observational visit	Essay Short Notes Visit Report



			handicapped, minority and other marginal group.		
			• Fundamental rights of individual, women and children		
			Role of nurse in reducing social problem and enhance		
			coping		
			Social welfare programs in India		
VII.	5	Explain clinical	Clinical sociology	Lecture	Essay
		sociology and its	Introduction to clinical sociology	Group discussion	Short answer
		application in the	Sociological strategies for developing services for the	Role play	
		hospital and	abused		
		community	Use of clinical sociology in crisis intervention		

Course BSNS 103							
CO1		2	2	1	3	1	2
CO2	APPLIED SOCIOLOGY	2	2	1	2	1	1
CO3	ATTELED SOCIOLOGI	1	1	1	2	1	1
CO4		2	2	1	2	1	1
CO5		3	2	2	2	1	1
CO6		3	2	2	2	2	2
AVERAG	AVERAGE, BSNS 103		1.7	1.7	1.7	1.7	1.50



SCH	OOL: SSNSR	BATCH-2023-2027		
Pl	ROGRAMME	B.Sc. (NURSING)		
SEN	MESTER	I Semester		
1	Course Code	BSNS103		
2	Course Title	Applied Psychology		
3	Contact Hours-L-D-P	60		
4	Course Status	CC, AECC, SEC, DSE		
5	Course Objectives	In respective sub-parts		
6	Course Outcome	CO1- Identify the importance of psychology in individual professional life. CO2 Develop understanding of the biological and psychological basis of human behavior. CO3-Identify the role of nurse in promoting mental health and dealing with altered personality. CO4- Perform the role of nurses applicable to the psychology of different age group. CO5- Identify the cognitive and affective needs of clients. CO6- Demonstrate basic understanding pf psychological assessment and nurses role in caring for emotionally sick client.		
7	Course Description	This course is designed to enable the students to develop understanding about basic concept of psychology and its applications in personal and community life, health, illness and nursing. It further provides students opportunity to recognize the significance and application of soft skill and empowerment in the practice of nursing.		



8. Outline Syllabus: BSNS103 (APPLIED PSYCHOLOGY)

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Objectives	Content	Assessment methods
I	2 (T)	Describe scope, branches and significance of psychology in nursing	 Introduction Meaning of Psychology Development of psychology - Scope, branches and methods of psychology Relationship with other subjects Significance of psychology in nursing Applied psychology to solve everyday Issues 	• Essay type question
II	3 (T)	Describe biology of human behavior	Biological basis of behavior- Introduction Body mind relationship Genetics and behavior Inheritance of behavior Brain and behavior Psychology and sensation- sensory process -normal and abnormal	• Essay type question • Short type question
III	5(T)	Explain mentally healthy person and defense mechanism	Mental health and mental hygiene Concept of mental health and mental hygiene Characteristic of mentally healthy Person Warning signs of poor mental health Promotive and preventive mental	Essay typeShort answerObjective type



			 health strategies and services Defense mechanism and its implication Frustration and conflict- types of conflicts and measurements to overcome. 	
IV	5(T)	Describe psychology of people in different age groups and role of nurse	 Developmental psychology Psychological needs of various groups in health and sickness- Infancy, childhood, adolescence, adulthood and old age Introduction to child psychology and role of nurse in meeting the psychological needs of children Psychology of vulnerable individuals-challenged, women, sick etc. Role of nurse with vulnerable group 	• Essay type • Short answer
V	4(T)	Explain personality and role of nurse in identification and improvement in altered personality	Personality • Meaning, definition of personality • Classification of personality • Measurement and evaluation of Personality-Introduction • Alteration in personality • Role of nurse in Identification of Individual personality and Improvement in altered personality	• Essay type • Short answer type
VI	14(T)	Explain cognitive process and their applications	Cognitive process • Attention- definition, types, determinants, duration, degree and alteration in attention • Perception - Meaning of Perception, principles, factor affecting perception, • Intelligence - Meaning of intelligence	Essay typeShort answer Type



			- Effect of heredity and environment in intelligence, classification, Introduction to measurement of intelligence tests - Mental deficiencies • Learning - Definition of learning, types of learning, Factors influencing learning - Learning process, Habit Formation Memory-meaning and nature of memory, factors influencing memory, methods to improve memory, forgetting	
VII	6(T)	Describe motivation, emotion, attitude and role of nurse in emotionally sick client.	 Motivation and emotional processes Motivation- meaning, concept, types, theories of motivation, motivation cycle, biological and special motives Emotions - Meaning of emotions, development of emotions, alteration of emotion, emotions in sickness - handling emotions in self and other Stress and adaptation- stress, stressor, cycle, effect, adaptation and coping Attitudes - Meaning of attitudes, nature, factor affecting attitude, attitudinal change, Role of attitude in health and sickness Psychometric assessment of emotions and Attitude-Introduction Role of nurse in caring for emotional client 	• Essay type Short answer Type
VIII	4 (T)	Explain psychological assessment and tests and role of nurse	Psychological assessment and tests -	• Short



			 Introduction Types, development, characteristics, principles, uses, interpretation Role of nurse in Psychological Assessment 	answer typeAssessmentof practiceanswer type
IX	12(T)	Explain concept of soft skill and its application in work place and society	Application of soft skill Concept of soft skill Types of soft skill – visual, aural and communication skill The way of communication, Building relationship with client and society Interpersonal Relationships (IPR): Definition, Types, and Purposes, Interpersonal skills, Barriers, Strategies to overcome barriers Survival strategies- managing time, coping stress, resilience, work- life Balance Applying soft skill to workplace and society Use of soft skill in nursing	Essay and Short answers
X	5(T)	Explain self-empowerment	SELF EMPOWERMENT	Short answers

Course BSNS 103							
CO1	APPLIED PSYCHOLOGY	2	1	2	1	1	1
CO2		3	1	1	1	1	1
CO3		2	2	1	1	1	1
CO4		2	2	2	2	1	2
CO5		1	1	1	3	2	1
CO6		2	2	2	2	2	2
AVERAGE, BSNS103			1.50	1.50	1.67	1.33	1.33
		2.00					



SC	HOOL: SSNSR	BATCH-2023-2027 B.Sc. (NURSING) I Semester		
	PROGRAMME			
S	EMESTER			
1	Course Code-	BSNS202		
2	Course Title	Nursing Foundation-I		
3	Contact Hours-L-D-P	360 hours		
4	Course Status	CC, AECC, SEC, DSE		
5	Course Objectives			
6	Course Outcome	CO1- Describe the concept of Health and illness and health care delivery system in India. Apply the principle offirst aid during emergencies. CO2- Explain the history, concept, scope and ethical professional conduct for nurses in India CO3- Explain the importance of professional communication and significance of recording and reporting innursing. Follow the principles of patient education. CO4- Describe the techniques of monitoring vital signs while following the principles of infection control to promote patient safety in health care environment. CO5- Describe inventory management in the hospital to promote comfort, rest, sleep and explain the role of nurse in pain management CO6- Explain the procedure of admission and discharge in hospital and demonstrate nursing process approach in caring for patients with immobility		
7	Course Description	This course is designed to help novice nursing students develop knowledge and competencies required to provide evidence-based, comprehensive basic nursing care for adult patients, using nursing process approach.		



8. Outline Syllabus: Nursing Foundation: I

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Objectives	Content	Teaching Learning Activities	Assessment methods
I	5 (T)	Describe the	Introduction to health and illness	Lecture	• Essay
		concept of health	Concept of Health – Definitions (WHO)	Discussion	• Short answer
		and illness	• Dimensions Maslow 's hierarchy of needs		Objective type
			Health – Illness continuum		
			Factors influencing health		
			Causes and risk factors for developing		
			• illnesses Illness – Types, illness behavior		
			Impact of illness on patient and family		
II	5 (T)	Describe the levels	Health Care Delivery Systems	Lecture	Essay
		of illness	Introduction of Basic Concepts & Meanings Levels of	Discussion	• Short answer
		prevention and	Illness Prevention – Primary		Objective type
		care, health care	• (Health Promotion), Secondary and Tertiary Levels of		
		services	Care – Primary, Secondary and Tertiary		
			Types of health care agencies/ services –		
			• Hospitals, clinics, Hospice, rehabilitation centers, extended		
			care facilities Hospitals – Types, Organization and		
			Functions		
			Health care teams in hospitals – member and their role		
III	12 T	Trace the history of Nursing Explain the concept, nature and scope of nursing	History of Nursing and Nursing as profession History of Nursing, History of Nursing in IndiaContributions of Florence Nightingale Nursing: Definition- Nurse, Nursing, Concepts, philosophy,objectives, Characteristics, nature and Scope of Nursing/ Nursing practice, Functions of nurse, Qualities of a nurse,	Lecture Discussion Case discussion Role plays	Essay Short answers Objective type



Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Objectives	Content	Teaching Learning Activities	Assessment methods
		Describe values, code of ethics and professional conduct for nurses in India	Categories of nursing personnel Nursing as a profession- Definition and Characteristics/ criteria of profession Values: Introduction-meaning and importance Code ofethics and professional conduct for nurses Introduction		
IV	8 (T) 3 (SL)	Describe the process, principles, and types of communication Explain therapeutic, non-therapeutic and professional communication Communicate effectively with patients, their families and team members	Communication and Nurse patientrelationship Communication: Levels, Elements and Process, Types,Modes, Factors influencing communication Methods of effective communication/ Therapeutic Communication Techniques Barriers to effective communication / Nontherapeutic Communication techniquesProfessional communication Helping Relationships (Nurse Patient Relationship): Purposesand Phases Communicating effectively with patient, families and team members Maintaining effective human relations and communication with vulnerable Groups (children, women, physically and mentallychallenged and elderly	Lecture Discussion Case discussion Role plays	Essay Short answers Objective type
V	4 T 2 L	Describe the purposes, types and techniques of recording and reporting	Documentation and Reporting Documentation: Purposes of Reports and recordsConfidentiality Types of Client records/ Common Record-keeping forms	Lecture Discussion Demonstration	Essay Short Answers Objective type



Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Objectives	Content	Teaching Learning Activities	Assessment methods
VI	15 T	Maintain records and reports accurately	Methods/ Systems of documentation / Recording Guidelines for documentation Do's and Don'ts of documentation/ Legal guidelines for Documentation/Recording Reporting: Change-of shift reports, Transfer reports, Incident reports Vital signs		
, -	20 SL	Describe principles and techniques of monitoring and maintaining vital signs Assess and record vital signs accurately	Guidelines for taking vital signs Body temperature: Definition, Physiology, Regulation, Factors affecting body temperature Assessment of body temperature: sites, equipment andtechnique Temperature alterations: Hyperthermia, Heat Cramps, Heat Exhaustion, Heatstroke, Hypothermia Fever/ Pyrexia- Definition, Causes, Stages, Types, Nursing Management Hot and Cold applications Pulse: Definition, Physiology and Regulation, Characteristics, Factors affecting pulse Assessment of pulse: sites, equipment and technique Alterations in pulse Respiration: Definition, Physiology and Regulation, Mechanics of breathing, Characteristics, Factors affectingrespiration Assessment of respirations: techniqueArterial Oxygen saturation Alterations in respiration Blood pressure: Definition, Physiology and Regulation,	Lecture Discussion Demonstration and Re- demonstration	Essay Short answers Objective type Document the given values of temperature, pulse,and respiration in the graphic sheet



Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Objectives	Content	Teaching Learning Activities	Assessment methods
			Characteristics, Factors affecting BP Assessment of BP: sites, equipment and technique, Common Errors in BP Assessment Alterations in Blood Pressure Documenting Vital Signs		
VII	3 T	Maintain equipment and linen	Equipment and Linen Types: Disposables and reusable Linen, rubber goods, glassware, metal, plastics, furnitureIntroduction: Indent, maintenance, Inventory		
VIII	10 T 3SL	Describe the basic principles and techniques of infection control and biomedical waste management	Introduction to Infection control in ClinicalSetting Infection Nature of infection, Chain of infection Types of infection Stages of infection Factors increasing susceptibility to infection Body defenses against infection: Inflammatory response & Immune response Health care associated infection(Nosocomial infection) Introductory concept of Asepsis: Medical &Surgical asepsis Precautions Hand Hygiene (Hand washing and use offhand Rub) Use of Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)Standard precautions Biomedical Waste management- Types of hospital waste, waste segregation and hazards	Lecture Discussion Demonstration Observation of autoclaving and other sterilization techniques Visit to Infection Control Department	Essay Short answers Objective type
IX	15 T 15S L	Identify and meet the comfort needs	Comfort, Rest & Sleep and Pain Comfort – Factors Influencing Comfort	Lecture Discussion Demonstration	Essay Short answers Objective type



Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Objectives	Content	Teaching Learning Activities	Assessment methods
		of the patients	Types of beds & bed making Therapeutic positions Comfort devices Sleep and Rest - Physiology of sleep Factors affecting sleep Promoting Rest and sleep Disorders of sleep Pain (Discomfort) Physiology Common cause of pain Types Assessment Pharmacological and Non- pharmacological pain relieving measures Invasive techniques of pain management CAM (Complementary & Alternative healing Modalities)	and re demonstration	
X	5 (T) 3 (SL	Describe the concept of patient environment	Promoting Safety in Health Care Environment Physical environment - Temperature, • Humidity, Noise, Ventilation, Light, Odor, Pest control Reduction of Physical hazards – fire, accidents Fall Risk Assessment • Role of nurse in providing safe and clean environment Safety devices o Restraints – Types, Purposes, Indications, Legal Implications and Consent, Application of Restraints Skill and Practice guidelines o Other Safety Devices – Side rails, Grab bars, AMBUalarms, non-skid slippers	Lecture Discussion Demonstration	Essay Short answer Objective type
XI	6 T 2 SL	Explain and	Hospital Admission and discharge	Lecture Discussion	Essay



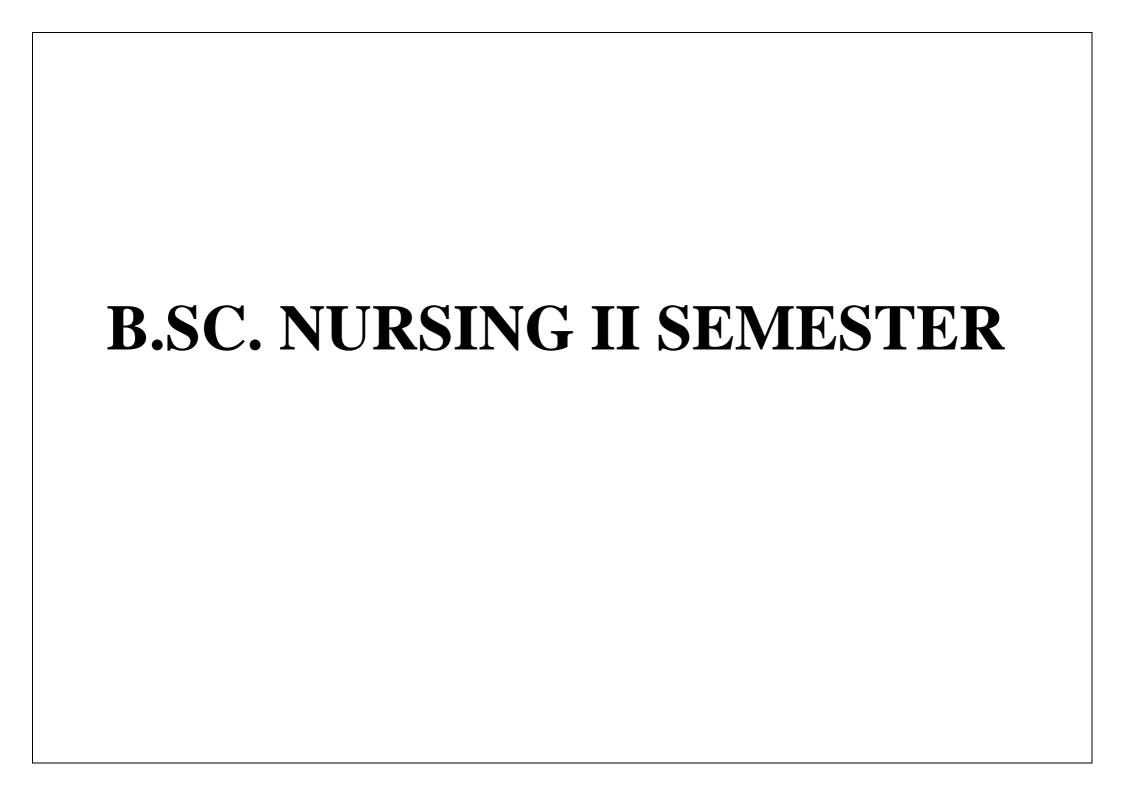
Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Objectives	Content	Teaching Learning Activities	Assessment methods
		perform admission, transfer, and discharge of a patient	Admission to the hospital Unit and preparation ofunit Admission bed Admission procedure Medico-legal issues Roles and Responsibilities of the nurseDischarge from the hospital Types: Planned discharge, LAMA and Abscond,Referrals and transfers Discharge Planning Discharge procedure Medico-legal issues Roles and Responsibilities of the	Demonstration	Short answers Objective type
XII	8 T 10S L	Demonstrate skill in caring for patients with restricted mobility	Mobility and Immobility Elements of Normal Movement, Alignment & Posture, Joint Mobility, Balance, Coordinated Movement Principles of body mechanics Factors affecting Body Alignment and activityExercise- Types and benefits Effects of Immobility Maintenance of normal Body Alignment and ActivityAlteration in Body Alignment and mobility Nursing interventions for impaired Body Alignment andMobility: assessment, types, devices used, method Range of motion exercises Muscle strengthening exercises Maintaining body alignment: positionsMoving Lifting Transferring	Lecture Discussion Demonstration & Re- demonstration	Essay Short answers Objective type



Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Objectives	Content	Teaching Learning Activities	Assessment methods
XIII	4 T	Describe the principles and practice of patient	Walking Assisting clients with ambulation Care of patients with Immobility using Nursing processapproach Care of patients with casts and splints Patient education Patient Teaching: Importance, Purposes, ProcessIntegrating nursing process in patient	Discussion Role plays	Essay Short answers Objective type
VIV	2S L	education	teaching First Aid	Lactura	Essay
XIV	20 (T) 20 (SL)	Explain and apply principles of First Aid during emergencies	Definition, Basic Principles, Scope & Rules First Aid Management, Wounds, Hemorrhage & Shock, Musculoskeletal Injuries – Fractures, Dislocation, Muscle injuries o Transportation of Injured persons o Respiratory Emergencies & Basic CPR o Unconsciousness o Foreign Bodies – Skin, Eye, Ear, Nose, Throat & Stomach, Burns & Scalds o Poisoning, Bites & Sting o Frostbite & Effects of Heat o Community Emergencies	Lecture • Discussion • Demonstration • & Redemonstration Module completion • National Disaster • Management Authority (NDMA) / Indian Red Cross Society (IRCS) First Aid module	Short answer Objective type OSCE



Course BSNS 202							
CO1		3	2	2	2	2	2
CO2	Nursing Foundation-I	1	2	3	1	1	2
CO3		1	2	2	3	1	2
CO4		2	3	2	1	2	2
CO5		2	2	2	1	1	2
CO6		1	3	2	2	1	2
AVERA	AVERAGE, BSNS 202		1.50	1.50	1.67	1.33	1.33
		2.00					





		B.SC NURSING 2 ND SEMESTER
S	chool- SSNSR	BATCH-2023-2027
	PROGRAMME	BSc. Nursing
	Semester	II Semester
1	Course Code	BSNS201
2	Course Title	Applied biochemistry
3	Course Hours L-D-P	40 hours
4	Course Status	CC, AECC, SEC, DSE
5	Course	On completion of the course, the students will be able to
	Objectives	1. Describe the metabolism of carbohydrates and its alterations.
		2. Explain the metabolism of lipids and its alterations.
		3. Explain the metabolism of proteins and amino acids and its alterations.
		4. Explain clinical enzymology in various disease conditions.
		5. Explain acid base balance, imbalance and its clinical significance.
		6. Describe the metabolism of hemoglobin and its clinical significance.
		7. Explain different function tests and interpret the findings.
		8. Illustrate the immunochemistry.



6	Course Outcome	CO1-Describe and explain the metabolism of carbohydrates, lipids, amino-acids and proteins.
		CO2-Explain the clinical enzymology in various diseases conditions.
		CO3-Explain the acid base balance, metabolism of hemoglobin and its clinical significance.
		CO4-Describe the different function tests and interpretation of their findings.
		CO5-Illustrate the immunochemistry and describe the structure and functions of immunoglobulin.
		CO6-Identify and explain the alterations in diseases conditions.
7	Course	The course is designed to assist the students to acquire knowledge of the normal biochemical composition and
	Description	functioning of human body, its alterations in disease conditions and to apply this knowledge in the practice of
		nursing.



Course Outline: Applied biochemistry

Unit	Times (Hr)	Learning objectives	Content	Teaching learning activities	Assessment Tool
	(HI)			activities	
I	8 (T)	Describe the metabolism of carbohydrates and its alterations	Digestion, absorption and metabolism of carbohydrates and related disorders • Regulation of blood glucose • Diabetes Mellitus – type 1 and type 2, symptoms, complications & management in brief • Investigations of Diabetes Mellitus o OGTT – Indications, Procedure, Interpretation and types of GTT curve o Mini GTT, extended GTT, GCT, IV GTT o HbA1c (Only definition) • Hypoglycemia – Definition & causes	Lecture cum Discussion Explain using charts and slides Demonstration of laboratory tests	Short answer Very short answer
II	8(T)	Explain the metabolism of lipids and its alterations	Lipids • Fatty acids – Definition, classification • Definition & Clinical significance of MUFA & PUFA, Essential fatty acids, Trans fatty acids • Digestion, absorption & metabolism of lipids & related disorders • Compounds formed from cholesterol • Ketone bodies (name, types & significance only) • Lipoproteins – types & functions (metabolism not required)	Lecture cum Discussion Explain using charts and slides • Demonstration of laboratory tests	Short answerVery short answer



			Lipid profileAtherosclerosis (in brief)		
III	9(T)	Explain the metabolism of amino acids and proteins Identify alterations in disease condition	Proteins Classification of amino acids based on nutrition, metabolic rate with examples Digestion, absorption & metabolism of protein & related disorders Biologically important compounds synthesized from various amino acids (only names) In born errors of amino acid metabolism – only aromatic amino acids (in brief) Plasma protein – types, function & normal values Causes of proteinuria, hyper-gamma Principle of electrophoresis, normal & abnormal electrophoretic patterns (in brief)	Lecture cum Discussion Explain using charts and slides • Demonstration of laboratory tests	Essay • Short answer • Very short answer
IV	4(T)	Explain clinical enzymology in various disease conditions	 Clinical Enzymology Is enzymes – Definition & properties Enzymes of diagnostic importance in Liver Diseases – ALT, AST, ALP, GGT Myocardial infarction – CK, cardiac troponins, AST, LDH Muscle diseases – CK, Aldolase Bone diseases – ALP Prostate cancer – PSA, ACP 	Lecture cum Discussion Explain using charts and slides	Essay • Short answer • Very short answer



V	3(T)	Explain acid base balance, imbalance and its clinical significance	Acid base maintenance • pH – definition, normal value • Regulation of blood pH – blood buffer, respiratory & renal, ABG – normal values • Acid base disorders – types, definition & causes	Lecture cum Discussion Explain using charts and slides	•Short answer •Very short answer
VI	2(T)	Describe the metabolism of hemoglobin and its clinical significance	Heme catabolism • Heme degradation pathway Jaundice – type, causes, urine & blood investigations (van den berg test)	Lecture cum Discussion Explain using charts and slides	•Short answer •Very short answer
VII	3(T)	Explain different function tests and interpret the findings	Organ function tests (biochemical parameters & normal values only) • Renal • Liver • Thyroid	Lecture cum Discussion Visit to Lab Explain using charts and slides	Short answer Very short answer
VIII	3(T)	Illustrate the immunochemistry	Immunochemistry • Structure & functions of immunoglobulin • Investigations & interpretation – ELISA	Explain using charts and slides Demonstration of laboratory tests	•Short answer •Very short answer

Course BSNS 201							
CO1		2	1	1	1	1	1
CO2	Applied biochemistry	2	2	1	1	1	1
CO3		1	1	1	1	1	1
CO4		1	1	1	1	1	1
CO5		1	1	1	1	1	1
CO6		2	2	1	2	1	2
AVERAGI		1.33	1.00	1.17	1.00	1.17	
		1.50					



	School- SSNSR	Batch- 2023-2027				
	PROGRAMME	BSc. Nursing				
	Semester	II Semester				
1	Course Code	BSNS201				
2	Course Title	Applied Nutrition and Dietetics				
3	Course Hours L-D-P	60				
4	Course Status	CC, AECC, SEC, DSE				
5	Course	Upon completion of the course, the students will be able to -				
	Objectives	Identify the importance of nutrition in health and a wellness.				
		Apply nutrient and dietary modifications in caring for patients.				
		Explain the principles and practices of Nutrition and Dietetics.				
		Identify the nutritional needs of different age groups and plan a balanced diet for them. Identify the dietary principles for different diseases.				
		Plan a therapeutic diet for patients suffering from various disease conditions.				
		Prepare meals using different methods and cookery rules.				
6	Course Outcome	CO1- Describe the relationship between nutrition and human health.				
		CO2- Discuss the classification, functions, sources and recommended daily allowances of nutrients.				
		CO3- Prepare balanced diet for different categories of people and explain the methods of nutritional assessment.				
		CO4- Explain the cookery rules and preservation of nutrients.				
		CO5- Classify common nutritional deficiency disorders. Prepare and serve therapeutic diet by following the rules of				
		food safety.				
		CO6- Organize national programmes related to nutrition with collaboration with various agencies.				
7	Course	Applied Nutrition and Dietetics- The course is designed to assist the students to acquire basic knowledge and				
	Description	understanding of the principles of Nutrition and Dietetics and apply this knowledge in the practice of Nursing.				



Course Outline: Applied Nutrition and Dietetics

Units	Times (Hr)		Learning Outcomes	Learning Outcomes Content		Assessment Methods
I.	T	L	Define nutrition and its	Introduction to Nutrition Concepts	Lecture cum	Essay
			relationship to Health	Definition of Nutrition & Health Malnutrition – Under Nutrition & Over Nutrition Role of Nutrition in maintaining health Factors affecting food and nutrition Nutrients Classification Macro & Micronutrients Organic & Inorganic Energy Yielding & Non-Energy Yielding Food Classification – Food groups Origin	Discussion Charts/Slides	Short answer Very short answer
II.	3		Describe the classification, functions, sources and recommended daily allowances (RDA) of carbohydrates Explain BMR and factors affecting BMR	Carbohydrates Composition – Starches, sugar and cellulose Recommended Daily Allowance (RDA) Dietary sources Functions Energy Unit of energy – Kcal Basal Metabolic Rate (BMR) Factors affecting BMR	Lecture cum Discussion Charts/Slides Models Display of food items	Essay Short answer Very short answer



III.	3		Describe the classification, Functions, sources and RDA of proteins	Proteins Composition Eight essential amino acids Functions Dietary sources Protein requirements – RDA	Lecture cum Discussion Charts/Slides Models Display of food items	Essay Short answer Very short answer
IV.	2		Describe the classification, Functions, sources and RDA of fats	Fats Classification – Saturated & unsaturated Calorie value Functions Dietary sources of fats and fatty acids Fat requirements – RDA	Lecture cum Discussion Charts/Slides Models Display of food items	Essay Short answer Very short answer
V.	3		Describe the classification, functions, sources and RDA of vitamins	Vitamins Classification – fat soluble & water soluble Fat soluble – Vitamins A, D, E, and K Water soluble – Thiamine (vitamin B1), Riboflavin (vitamin B2), Nicotinic acid, Pyridoxine (vitamin B6), Pantothenic acid, Folic acid, Vitamin B12, Ascorbic acid (vitamin C) Functions, Dietary Sources & Requirements – RDA of every vitamin	Lecture cum Discussion Charts/Slides Models Display of food items	Essay Short answer Very short answer
VI.	3		Describe the classification, functions, sources and RDA of minerals	Minerals Classification – Major minerals (Calcium, phosphorus, sodium, potassium and magnesium) and Trace elements Functions Dietary Sources Requirements – RDA	Lecture cum Discussion Charts/Slides Models Display of food items	Very short answer Short answer
VII.	7	8	Describe and plan balanced diet for different age groups, pregnancy, and lactation	Balanced diet Definition, principles, steps Food guides – Basic Four Food Groups RDA – Definition, limitations, uses Food Exchange System Calculation of nutritive value of foods	Lecture cum Discussion Meal planning Lab session on Preparation of	Essay Short answer Very short answer



VIII.	6	4	Classify and describe the common nutritional deficiency disorders and identify nurses 'role in assessment, management and prevention	Dietary fiber Nutrition across life cycle Meal planning/Menu planning – Definition, principles, steps Infant and Young Child Feeding (IYCF) guidelines – breast feeding, infant foods Diet plan for different age groups – Children, adolescents and elderly Diet in pregnancy – nutritional requirements and balanced diet plan Anemia in pregnancy – diagnosis, diet for anemic pregnant women, iron & folic acid supplementation and counseling Nutrition in lactation – nutritional requirements, diet for lactating mothers, complementary feeding/ weaning Nutritional deficiency disorders Protein energy malnutrition – magnitude of the problem, causes, classification, signs & symptoms, Severe acute malnutrition (SAM), management & prevention and nurses' role Childhood obesity – signs & symptoms, assessment, management & prevention and nurses' role Vitamin deficiency disorders – vitamin A, B, C & D deficiency disorders –causes, signs & symptoms, management & prevention and nurses' role Mineral deficiency diseases – iron, iodine and calcium deficiencies – causes, signs & symptoms, management & prevention and nurses' role Therepoutic diets	balanced diet for different categories Low cost nutritious dishes Lecture cum Discussion Charts/Slides Models Lecture cum	Essay Short answer Very short answer
IX.	3		Principles of diets in various diseases	Therapeutic diets Definition, Objectives, Principles Modifications – Consistency, Nutrients, Feeding techniques. Diet in Diseases – Obesity, Diabetes Mellitus, CVD, Underweight, Renal diseases, Hepatic disorders Constipation, Diarrhea, Pre and Post-operative period	Lecture cum Discussion Meal planning Lab session on preparation of therapeutic diets	Essay Short answer Very short answer



X.	3	Describe the rules and preservation of nutrients	Cookery rules and preservation of nutrients Cooking – Methods, Advantages and Disadvantages Preservation of nutrients Measures to prevent loss of nutrients during preparation Safe food handling and Storage of foods Food Preservation Food additives and food adulteration Prevention of Food Adulteration Act (PFA) Food standards	Lecture cum Discussion Charts/Slides	Essay Short answer Evaluation of Nutritional assessment report
XI.	4	Explain the methods of nutritional assessment and nutrition education	Nutrition assessment and nutrition education Objectives of nutritional assessment Methods of assessment – clinical examination, anthropometry, laboratory & biochemical assessment, assessment of dietary intake including Food frequency questionnaire (FFQ) method Nutrition education – purposes, principles and methods	Lecture cum Discussion Demonstration Writing nutritional assessment report	Essay Short answer Very short answer
XII.	3	Describe nutritional problems in India and nutritional programs	National Nutritional Programs and role of nurse Nutritional problems in India National nutritional policy National nutritional programs — Vitamin A Supplementation, Anemia Mu k t Bharat Program, Integrated Child Development Services (ICDS), Mid-day Meal Scheme(MDMS), National Iodine Deficiency Disorders Control Programs(NIDDCP), Weekly Iron Folic Acid Supplementation (WIFS) and others as introduced Role of nurse in every program	Lecture cum Discussion	Quiz Short answer
XIII.	2	Discuss the importance of food hygiene and food safety Explain the Acts related to food safety	Food safety Definition, Food safety considerations & measures Food safety regulatory measures in India – Relevant Acts Five keys to safer food Food storage, food handling and cooking	Guided reading on related	



General principles of food storage of food items (ex. milk,	
meat)	
Role of food handlers in food borne diseases	
Essential steps in safe cooking practices	

Course BSNS 201							
CO1		2	2	1	1	1	1
CO2		1	1	1	1	1	1
CO3	Applied Nutrition and dietetics	1	1	1	1	1	1
CO4		3	2	1	1	1	1
CO5		2	2	2	1	1	1
CO6	7	3	2	1	1	1	2
AVERA	• • •	1.67	1.17	1.00	1.00	1.17	
	2.00						



SC	CHOOL: SSNSR	BATCH-2023-2027
	PROGRAMME	B.Sc. (NURSING)
S	EMESTER	II Semester
1	Course Code	BSNS 202
2	Course Title	Nursing Foundation II
3	Contact Hours-L-D-P	560
4	Course Status	CC, AECC, SEC, DSE
5	Course Objectives	
6	Course Outcome	CO1 Perform health assessment, plan, and implement the care for meeting basic physiological and psychosocial needs of client. CO2 Identify nutritional, elimination, hygienic, oxygenation and sensory needs of the patient and provide need-based nursing care using nursing process approach. CO3 Explain various types of specimen collection methods and concept of fluid electrolyte imbalance. CO4 Explain the principle, routes and conversions of dosage while administering different types of medication. CO5 Identify medico-legal cases and provide nursing care for terminally ill, death and dying patients. CO6 Explain the significance of nursing theories and their implementation in nursing practice
		This course is designed to help novice nursing students develop knowledge and
7	Course Description	competencies required to provide evidence-based, comprehensive basic nursing care for adult patients, using nursing process approach.



Unit	Time (Hrs.)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
I	20(T) 20(SL)	Describe the purpose and process of health assessment and perform assessment under supervised clinical practice.	Health Assessment Interview techniques Observation techniques Purposes of health assessment Process of Health assessment O Health history Physical examination:	Modular Learning *Health Assessment Module Lecture cum Discussion Demonstration	Essay Short answer Objective type OSCE
II	13(T) 8(SL)	Describe assessment planning, implementation and evaluation of nursing care using Nursing process approaches.	The Nursing Process Critical Thinking Competencies, Attitudes for Critical Thinking, Levels of critical thinkingin Nursing Nursing Process Overview Assessment Collection of Data: Types, Sources, Methods Organizing Data Validating Data Documenting Data Nursing Diagnosis Identification of client problems, risks and strengths Nursing diagnosis statement – parts,	Lecture Discussion Demonstration Supervised Clinical Practice	Essay Short answer Objective type Evaluationof care plan



		
	Types, Formulating, Guidelines for	
	formulating Diagnosis	
	NAND Approved diagnoses	
	Difference between medical and	
	nursingdiagnosis	
	Planning	
	Types of planning	
	Establishing Priorities	
	Establishing Goals and Expected	
	outcomes – Purposes, types, guidelines,	
	Components of goals and outcome statements	
	Types of NursingInterventions,	
	selecting interventions: Protocols and	
	Standing Orders	
	Introduction to Nursing Intervention	
	Classification and Nursing Outcome	
	Classification	
	Guidelines for writing care plan	
	Implementation	
	Process of Implementing the plan of	
	care	
	Types of care—	
	Direct and Indirect	
	Evaluation	
	Evaluation Process, Documentation and Re	
	porting	
	Po0	



III	5(T) 5(SL)	Identify and meet he Nutritional needsof patients	Nutritional needs Importance Factors affecting nutritional needs Assessment of nutritional status Review: special diets—Solid, Liquid, Soft Review on therapeutic diets Care of patient with Dysphagia,	Lecture Discussion Demonstration Exercise Supervised Clinical practice	Essay Short answer Objective type Evaluation of nutritional assessment & diet planning
			Anorexia, Nausea, Vomiting Meeting Nutritional needs: Principles, equipment, procedure, indications Oral Enteral: Nasogastric/Or gastric Introduction to other enteral feeds—types, indications, Gastrostomy, Jejunum ostomy Parenteral – TPN (Total Parenteral Nutrition)		
IV	5(T) 15(SL)	Identify and meet the hygienic needs of patients	Hygiene Factors Influencing Hygienic Practice Hygienic care: Indications and purposes, effects of neglected care of the Skin – (Bath, feet and nail, Haircare) Care of pressure points Assessment of Pressure Ulcers using Braden Scale and Norton Scale Pressure ulcers – causes, stages and manifestations, care and prevention Perineal care /Meatal care Oral care, Care of Eyes, Ears and Nose including assistive devices (eyeglasses, contact lens, dentures, hearing aid)	Lecture Discussion Demonstration	Essay Short answer Objective type OSCE



V	10(T)	Identify and meet the elimination needs	Elimination needs	Lecture	Essay
	` ′	of patient	Urinary Elimination	Diamaian	Ch and an arrivan
	10(SL)		Review of Physiology of Urine		Short answer
			Elimination, Composition and	Demonstration	Objective type
			characteristics of urine		OSCE
			Factors Influencing Urination		
			Alteration in Urinary Elimination		
			Facilitating urine elimination: assessment,		
			types, equipment, procedures and special		
			considerations		
			Providing urinal/bedpan		
			Care of patients with		
			Condom drainage		
			Intermittent Catheterization		
			Indwelling Urinary catheter and		
			urinarydrainage		
			Urinary diversions		
			Bladder irrigation Bowel Elimination		
			Review of Physiology of Bowel		
			Elimination, Composition and		
			characteristics of feces		
			Factors affecting Bowel elimination		
			Alteration in Bowel Elimination		
			Facilitating bowel elimination: Assessment,		
			equipment, procedures		
			Enemas		
			Suppository		
			Bowel wash		
			Digital Evacuation of impacted feces		
			Care of patients with Ostomies (Bowel		
			Diversion Procedures		



VI	3(T)	Explain various types of specimens	Diagnostic testing	Lecture	Essay
	4(SL)	and identify normal values of tests	Phases of diagnostic testing (pre- test, intra-test & post-test) in Common investigations and clinical implications		Short answer Objective type
		Develop skill in specimen collection, handling and transport	Complete Blood Count Serum Electrolytes LFT Lipid/Lipoprotein profile Serum Glucose–AC,PC, HbA1c Monitoring Capillary Blood Glucose (Glucometer Random Blood Sugar – GRBS) Stool Routine Examination Urine Testing–Albumin, Acetone, pH, Specific Gravity Urine Culture, Routine, Timed Urine Specimen Sputum culture Overview of Radiologic Endoscopic Procedures		
VII	11(T) 10(SL)	Assess patients for oxygenation needs, promote oxygenation and provide care during oxygen therapy	Oxygenation needs	Discussion	Essay Short answer Objective type



			Oxygen administration Suctioning—oral, tracheal Chest physiotherapy— Percussion, Vibration & Postural drainage Care of Chest drainage—principles& purposes Pulse Oximetry—Factors affecting measurement of oxygen saturation using pulse oximeter, Interpretation Restorative & continuing care Hydration Humidification Coughing techniques Breathing exercises Incentive spirometry		
VIII	5(T) 10(SL)	Describe the concept of fluid, electrolyte balance	Fluid, Electrolyte, and Acid– Base Balances Review of Physiological Regulation of Fluid, Electrolyte and Acid- Base Balances Factors Affecting Fluid, Electrolyte and Acid-Base Balances Disturbances in fluid volume: Deficit Hypovolemia Dehydration Excess Fluid overload Edema Electrolyte imbalances (hypo and hyper) Acid-base imbalances Metabolic— acidosis & alkalosis Respiratory— acidosis & alkalosis Intravenous therapy	Lecture Discussion Demonstration	Essay Short answer Objective type Problem solving – calculations



IX	20(T)	Explain the principles, routes, effects	Administration of Medications	Lecture	Essay
	22(of administration of medications	Introduction – Definition of Medication,	Discussion	Short answer
	SL)		Administration of Medication, Drug		
			Nomenclature, Effects of Drugs, Forms of	Demonstration&	Objective type
			Medications, Purposes, Pharmacodynamics	Re-demonstration	OSCE
			and Pharmacokinetics		
			Factors influencing Medication Action		
			Medication orders and Prescriptions		
			Systems of measurement		
		measurements	Medication dose calculation		
			Principles, 10 rights of Medication		
			Administration Errors in Medication administration		
			Routes of administration Storage and maintenance of drugs and		
		Administer oral and topical medication	Nurses responsibility		
		and document accurately under	Terminologies and abbreviations used in		
		•	prescriptions and medic8ations orders		
		*	Developmental considerations		
			Oral, Sublingual and Buccal routes:		
			Equipment, procedure		
			Introduction to Parenteral Administration		
			of Drugs – Intramuscular, Intravenous,		
			Subcutaneous, Intradermal: Location of site,		
			Advantages and disadvantages of the specific		
			sites, Indication and contraindications for the		
			different routes and sites.		
			Equipment – Syringes & needles,		
			cannulas, Infusion sets – parts, types,		
			sizes		
			Types of vials and ampoules,		
			Preparing Injectable medicines from vials		



and ampoules Care of equipment: decontamination and disposal of syringes, needles, Peripheral venipuncture sites Types of IV fluids Calculation for making IV fluid plan Complications of IV fluid therapy Measuring fluid intake and output Administering Blood and Blood components Restricting fluid intake Enhancing Fluid intake Infusion sets Prevention of Needle-Stick Injuries Topical Administration: Types, purposes, site, equipment, procedure Application to skin & mucous membrane Direct application of liquids, Gargle and swabbing the throat	
Insertion of Drug into body cavity: Suppository/ medicated packing in rectum/vagina Instillations: Ear, Eye, Nasal, Bladder, and Rectal Irrigations: Eye, Ear, Bladder, Vaginal and Rectal Spraying: Nose and throat Inhalation: Nasal, oral, endotracheal/tracheal (steam, oxygen and medications) – purposes, types, equipment, procedure, recording and	
reporting of medications administered Other Parenteral Routes: Meaning of epidura intrathecal, intraosseous, intraperitoneal, intra pleural, intra-arterial	



X	5(T)	Provide care to patients with altered	Sensory needs	Lecture	Essay
	6(SL)	functioning of sense organs and	Introduction Components of sensory experience	Discussion	Short answer
		unconsciousness in supervised clinical practice	Components of sensory experience – Reception, Perception Reaction	Demonstration	Objective type
		practice	Arousal Mechanism Factors affecting sensory function Assessment of Sensory alterations — sensory deficit, deprivation, overload &sensory poverty Management Promoting meaningful communication (patients with Aphasia, artificial airway & Visual and Hearing impairment) Care of Unconscious Patients Unconsciousness: Definition, causes & risk factors, pathophysiology, stages of Unconsciousness, Clinical Manifestations Assessment and nursing management of		
			patient with unconsciousness, complications		
XI	4(T) 6(SL)	Explain loss, death and grief	Care of Terminally ill, death and dying Loss—Types Grief, Bereavement & Mourning Types of Grief responses Manifestations of Grief Factors influencing Loss & Grief Responses Theories of Grief & Loss - 5 Stages of Dying The R Process model (Rando 's) Death — Definition, Meaning, Types (Brain & Circulatory Deaths) Signs of Impending Death	Lecture Discussion Case discussions Death care/last office	Essay Short answer Objective type



XII	3(T)	Develop basic understanding of self-concept	Dying patient 's Bill of Rights Care of Dying Patient Physiological changes occurring afterDeath Death Declaration, Certification Autopsy, Embalming, Last office /Death Care Counseling & supporting grieving relatives Placing body in the Mortuary Releasing body from Mortuary Overview – Medico-legal Cases, Advance directives, DNI/DNR, Organ Donation, Euthanasia PSYCHOSOCIALNEEDS(A-D) Self-concept Introduction Components (Personal Identity, Body Image, Role Performance, Self-Esteem) Factors affecting Self Concept Nursing Management	Lecture Discussion Demonstration Case Discussion/ role play	Essay Short answer Objective type
XIII	2(T)	Describe sexual development and sexuality	Sexuality Sexual development throughout life Sexual health Sexual orientation Factors affecting sexuality, Prevention of STIs, unwanted pregnancy, avoiding sexual harassment and abuse Dealing with inappropriate sexual behavior	Lecture Discussion	Essay Short answer Objective type



XIV	2(T)	Describe stress and adaptation	C. Stress and Adaptation – Introductory	Lecture	Essay
	4(SL)		concepts	Discussion	Short answer
			Introduction, Sources, Effects, Indicators	Discussion	
			&Types of Stress		Objective
			Types of stressors		type
			Stress Adaptation – General Adaptation		
			Syndrome (GAS)		
			, Local Adaptation Syndrome (LAS)		
			Manifestation of stress-Physical		
			& psychological		
			Coping strategies /Mechanisms		
			Stress Management		
			Assist with coping and adaptation		
			Creating therapeutic environment		
			Recreational and diversion therapies		
XV	6(T)	Explain culture and cultural norms	Concepts of Cultural Diversity and Spirituality,	Lecture	Essay
			Cultural diversity	Discussion	Short answer
			Cultural Concepts-Culture, Subculture,	Discussion	
			Multicultural, Diversity,		Objective
			Race, Acculturation, Assimilation		type
		Integrate cultural differences and	Transcultural Nursing, Cultural Competence		
		Integrate cultural differences and	Providing Culturally Responsive Care		
		spiritual needs in providing care to	Spirituality		
		patients under supervision	Concepts–Faith, Hope, Religion,		
			Spirituality, Spiritual Wellbeing		
			Factors affecting Spirituality		
			Spiritual Problems in Acute, Chronic, Terminal illnesses & Near-Death Experience		
			Dealing with Spiritual		
			Distress/Problems		



XVI	6(T)	Explain the significance of nursing	Nursing Theories: Introduction, Meaning &	Lecture	Essay
		theories	Definition, Purposes, Types of theories with	Discussion	Short answer
			examples, Overview of selected nursing theories	Discussion	Short answer
			– Nightingale, Orem, Roy		Objective
			Use of theories in nursing practice		type

Course BSNS 202							
CO1		3	3	2	3	1	1
CO2		2	3	2	3	1	1
CO3	Nursing Foundation-II	1	2	2	2	2	1
CO4		1	2	3	1	2	1
CO5		2	3	3	3	2	1
CO6		3	3	2	2	2	1
AVERAC	AVERAGE, BSNS 202		2.67	2.33	2.33	1.67	1.00
		2.00					



	SCHOOL: SSNSR	BATCH-2023-2027
	PROGRAMME	B.Sc. (NURSING)
	SEMESTER	II Semester
1	Course Code	BSNS203
2	Course Title	Health/Nursing Informatics and Technology
3	Contact Hours-L-D-P	80
4	Course Status	CC,AECC, SEC, DSE
5	Corse Objectives	In respective sub-parts
6	Course Outcome	CO1.Describe the importance and principles of computer application in patient care, nursing administration and research. CO2. Explain the use of health information system and electronic health records in hospital setting for maintaining the patient safety and risk management. CO3. Explain the use information and communication technology in patient care and application of public health informatics. CO4. Describe the functions and importance of nursing information system in health care organization CO5. Describe and explain the ethical and legal issues related to nursing informatics. CO6. Explain the relevance of evidence - based practices in providing quality health care.
7	Course Description	This course is designed to equip novice nursing students with knowledge and skills necessary to deliver efficient informatics-led health care services.



Course outline: Health/Nursing Informatics and Technology

Unit			Learning	Content	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
	T	Hrs) P/L	Outcomes			
I	10	15	Describe the importance of computer and technology in patient care and nursing practice	Introduction to computer applications for patient care delivery system and nursing practice • Use of computers in teaching, learning, research and nursing practice		(T) Short answer Objective type Visit reports Assessment of assignments
			computer and technology in patient care, nursing	Windows, MS office: word, Excel, Power Point Internet Literature search Statistical packages Hospital management information system	hospital management systems	(P) • Assessment of skills using checklist
II	4	5	Describe the principles of health informatics Explain the ways data, knowledge and information can be used for effective healthcare	Principles of Health Informatics Health informatics — needs, objectives and limitations Use of data, information and knowledge for more effective healthcare and better health	Lecture Discussion Practical session Work in groups with health informatics team in a hospital to extract nursing data and re area report	(T) Essay Short answer Objective type questions Assessment of report
III	3	5	Describe the concepts of information system in	Information Systems in Healthcare	Lecture Discussion Demonstration	(T) Essay Short answer



		health Demonstrate the use of health information system in hospital setting	Introduction to the role and architecture of information systems in modem healthcare environments Clinical Information System (CIS)/Hospital information System (HIS)		Objective type
IV	4	Explain the use of electronic health records in nursing practice Describe the latest trend in electronic health records standards and interoperability	Health Records Challenges of capturing rich patient histories in a computable form Latest global developments and standards to enable lifelong electronic health records to be integrated from disparate systems	Discussion Practice on Simulated EHR system Practical session Visit to health informatics department of a hospital to understand the use of EHR in nursing practice Prepare a report on current EHR standards in Indian setting	
V	3	Describe the advantages and limitations of health informatics in maintaining			(T) Essay



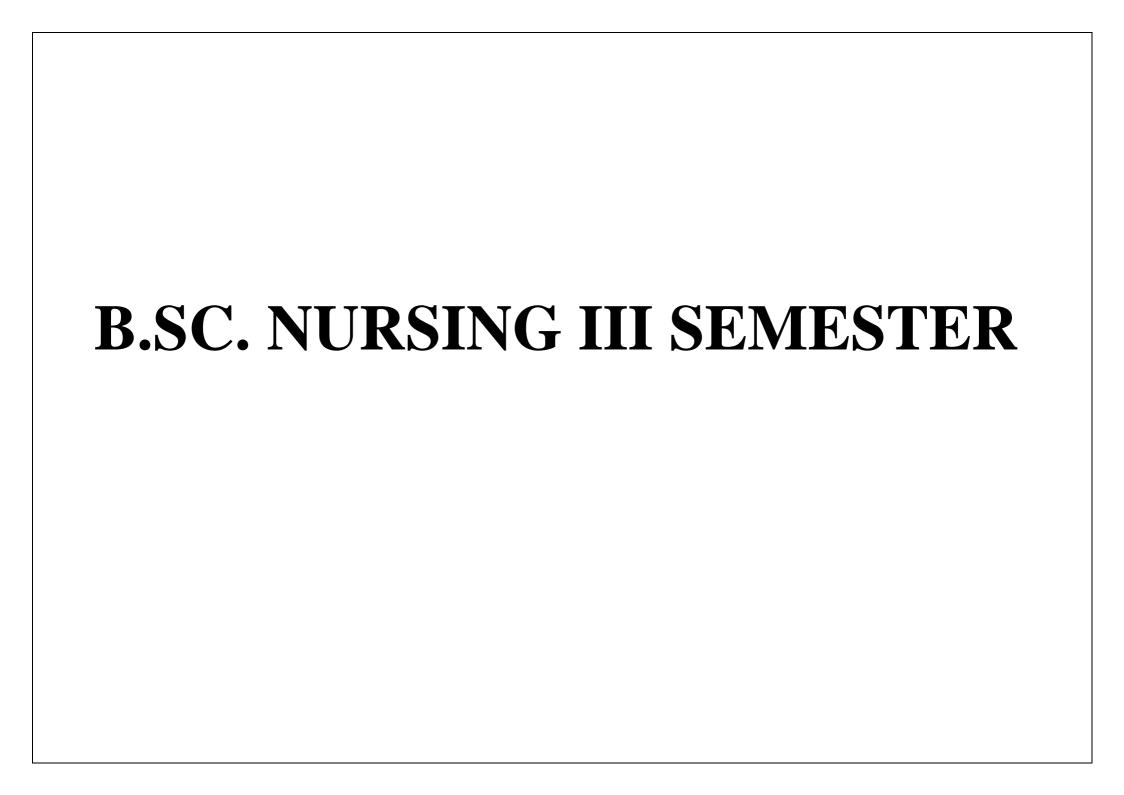
		patient safety and risk			Short answer
		management		Lagtura	Objective type
VI	3	Explain the importance of knowledge management Describe the standardized languages used in health informatics	Clinical Knowledge & Decision Making Role of knowledge management in improving decision-making in both the clinical and policy contexts Systematized Nomenclature of Medicine, Clinical Terms, SNOMED CT to ICD- 10CM Map, standardized nursing terminologies (NANDA, NOC), Omaha system.	Lecture Discussion Demonstration Practical session Work in groups to prepare a report on standardized languages used in health informatics. Visit health informatics department to understand the standardized languages used in hospital setting	
VII	6	Explain the use of information and communication technology in patient care Explain the application of public health informatics	eHealth: Patients and the Internet • Use of information and communication technology to improve or enable personal and public healthcare Introduction to public health informatics and role of nurses		(T) Essay Short answer Objective type Practical exam
	3		Using Information In Healthcare Management	Lecture Discussion Demonstration on simulated NIS software	(T) Essay Short answer



VIII			Explain the use of healthcare data in management of health care organization	Components of Nursing Information system (NIS) Evaluation, analysis and presentation of healthcare data to inform decisions in the management of healthcare organizations	Visit to health informatics department of the hospital to understand use of healthcare data in decision making	Objective type
IX X	3 4	5	Describe the ethical and legal issues in healthcare informatics Explains the ethical and legal issues related to nursing informatics Explain the relevance of evidence-based practices in providing quality healthcare	Information Law & Governance in Clinical Practice Ethical-legal issues pertaining to healthcare information in contemporary clinical practice Ethical-legal issues related to digital health applied to nursing Healthcare Quality & Evidence Based Practice • Use of scientific evidence in improving the quality of healthcare and technical and professional informatics standards	Lecture Discussion Case discussion Role play Lecture Discussion Case study	(T) Essay Short answer Objective type (T) Essay Short answer Objective type



Course BSNS 203							
CO1	Hoolth /	1	1	1	1	2	1
CO2	Health / Nursing/informatics and	1	1	2	2	2	1
CO3	technology	1	1	2	2	2	1
CO4		1	1	2	2	2	1
CO5		1	1	3	2	2	1
CO6		2	1	3	2	2	1
AVERA	AVERAGE, BSNS 203		1.00	2.17	1.83	2.00	1.00





B.SC NURSING III SEMESTER

S	CHOOL: SSNSR	BATCH-2023-2027				
	PROGRAMME	B.Sc.(NURSING				
	SEMESTER	III SEMESTER				
1	Course Code	BSNS301				
		Applied Microbiology And Infection Control Including Safety				
2						
3	Contact Hours L-D-P	40				
4	Course Status	CC, AECC, SEC, DSE				
5	Course Objectives	In respective sub-parts				
6	Course Outcome	CO1- Identify the ubiquity and diversity of microorganisms in the human body and the environment.				
		CO2- Classify and explain the morphology and growth of microbes.				
		CO3-Identify various types of microorganisms.				
		CO4-Explore mechanisms by which microorganisms cause disease.				
		CO5-Develop understanding of how the human immune system counteracts infection by specific and non-specific mechanisms.				
		CO6-Apply the principles of preparation and use of vaccines in immunization. Identify the contribution of the				
		microbiologist and the microbiology laboratory to the diagnosis of infection.				
7	Course Description	This course is designed to enable students to acquire understanding of fundamentals of Microbiology,				
		compare and contrast different microbes and comprehend the means of transmission and control of spread by various				
		micro-organisms. It also provides opportunities for practicing infection control measures in hospital and community				
		settings.				



8. Outline Syllabus: BSNS101 (Applied Microbiology and Infection Control Including Safety)

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Objectives	Content	Teaching Learning Activities	Assessmentt methods
I	3 (T)	Explain concepts	Introduction:	Learning and teaching	Checking for
		and principles of	Importance and relevance to nursing	activities done through	understanding
		microbiology and	Historical perspective	discussion and power point	through tasks
		its importance in	Concepts and terminology	presentation, books	
		nursing	Principles of microbiology	references and online	
				references	
II	10(T)	Describe	General characteristics of Microbes:	Lecture cum Discussion	Through check
		structure,	Structure and classification of Microbes	Demonstration	your
		classification	Morphological types	Experiential Learning	understanding'
		morphology and	Size and form of bacteria	through visual	exercises
		growth of bacteria	Motility		
		Identify	Colonization		
		Microorganisms	Growth and nutrition of microbes		
			Temperature		
			Moisture		
			Blood and body fluids		
			Laboratory methods for		
			Identification of Microorganisms		
			• Types of Staining – simple, differential (Gram's, AFB),		
			special – capsular staining (negative), spore,		
			LPCB, KOH mount.		
			• Culture and media preparation – solid and liquid. Types of		
			media – semi synthetic, synthetic, enriched, enrichment,		



Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Objectives	Content	Teaching Learning Activities	Assessmentt methods
			selective and differential media. Pure culture techniques –		
			tube dilution, pour, spread, streak plate.		
			Anaerobic cultivation of bacteria		
Ш	4 (T)	Describe the	Pathogenic organisms	Lecture cum Discussion	Checking
		different disease	Micro-organisms: Cocci – gram	Demonstration	individually
		producing	positive and gram negative; Bacilli –	Experiential learning through	against correct
		organisms	gram positive and gram negative	visual	answers Listening
			• Viruses		for specific
			Fungi: Superficial and Deep mycoses		information
			• Parasites		Listening for
			• Rodents & Vectors		overall meaning
			o Characteristics, Source, portal of		and instructions
			entry, transmission of infection,		
			Identification of disease producing		
			micro-organisms		
IV	3 (T)	Explain the	Immunity: Types, classification	Discussion	Individual
		concepts of		Demonstration	assessment and
		Immunity	☐ Hyper sensitivity reactions	Visit to observe vaccine	thorough
			☐ Serological tests	storage	evaluation of
			☐ Immunoglobulins: Structure, types &	Clinical practice	knowledge through
			properties		class test
			□ Vaccines: Types & classification,		
			storage and handling, cold chain,		
			Immunization for various diseases		
			☐ Immunization Schedule		



	SCHOOL: SSNSR	BATCH-2023-2027				
	PROGRAMME	B.Sc. (NURSING)				
	SEMESTER	III SEMESTER				
1	Course Code	BSNS301, Course Name- Applied Microbiology And Infection Control Including Safety				
2	Course Title	SECTION B-Infection Control Including Safety				
3	Contact Hours-L-D-P 40					
4	Course Status	CC, AECC, SEC, DSE				
5	Course Objectives	In respective sub-parts				
6	Course Outcome	CO1-Develop knowledge and understanding of Hospital acquired Infections (HAI) and effective practices for prevention. CO2-Integrate the knowledge of isolation (Barrier and reverse barrier) techniques in implementing various precautions. Demonstrate and practice steps in Hand washing and appropriate use of different types of PPE. CO3-Illustrate various disinfection and sterilization methods and techniques. Demonstrate knowledge and skill in specimen collection, handling and transport to optimize the diagnosis for treatment. CO4- Incorporate the principles and guidelines of Bio Medical waste management. Apply the principles of Antibiotic stewardship in performing the nurse's role. CO5- Identify patient safety indicators and perform the role of nurse in the patient safety audit process. Apply the knowledge of International Patient Safety Goals (IPSG) in the patient care settings. CO6-Identify employee safety indicators and risk of occupational hazards. Develop understanding of the various safety protocols and adhere to those protocols.				
7	Course Description	This course is designed to help students to acquire knowledge and develop competencies required for Fundamental patient safety and infection control in delivering patient care. It also focuses on identifying patient safety indicators, preventing and managing hospital acquired infections, and in following universal precautions.				



Unit	nit Time (Hrs) Content Content		Teaching Learning Activities	Assessment methods	
I	2	Summarize the	HAI (Hospital acquired Infection)	Lecture &	MCQ
		evidence based and	Hospital acquired infection	Discussion	Short answer
		effective patient care	Bundle approach	• Experiential	
		practices for the	-Prevention of Urinary Tract Infection (UTI)	learning	
		prevention of common	- Prevention of Surgical Site Infection (SSI)	Knowledge	
		healthcare setting	- Prevention of Ventilator associated setting Associated events	assessment	
			(VAE)		
			- Prevention of Central Line Associated Blood Stream Infection		
			(CLABSI)		
			Surveillance of HAI – Infection control team & I		
II	3	Demonstrate	Isolation Precautions and use of Personal Protective Equipment	• Lecture	Performance
		appropriate use of	(PPE)	• Demonstration &	assessment
		different types of PPEs	• Types of isolation system, standard precaution and transmission-	Re-demonstration	•OSCE
		and the critical use of	based precautions (Direct Contact, Droplet, Indirect)		
		risk assessment	• Epidemiology & Infection prevention – CDC guidelines		
			• Effective use of PPE		
III	2	Demonstrate the hand	Hand Hygiene	• Lecture	Performance
		hygiene practice and its	Types of Hand hygiene.	• Demonstration &	assessment
		effectiveness on	Hand washing and use of alcohol hand rub	Re-demonstration	
		infection control	Moments of Hand Hygiene		
			WHO hand hygiene promotion		
IV	1	Illustrates	Disinfection and sterilization	Lecture and	Short answer
		disinfection and	• Definitions	Discussion	•Objective type
		sterilization in	Types of disinfection and sterilization	• Experiential	



		the healthcare	Environment cleaning	learning through	
		setting	Equipment Cleaning	visit	
			Guides on use of disinfectants		
			Spaulding's principle		
V	1	Illustrate on what,	Specimen Collection (Review)	Discussion	Quiz
		when, how, why	Principle of specimen collection	 Knowledge 	Performance
		specimens are collected	Types of specimens	evaluation	assessment
		to optimize the	Collection techniques and special considerations		•Checklist
		diagnosis for treatment	Appropriate containers		
		and management.	Transportation of the sample		
			Staff precautions in handling specimens		
VI	2	Explain on Bio	BMW (Bio Medical Waste	• Discussion	Knowledge
		Medical waste	Management)	 Demonstration 	assessment by
		management &	Laundry management process and	 Experiential 	short answers,
		laundry management	infection control and prevention	learning through	objective type
			Waste management process and infection prevention		Performance
			Staff precautions		
			Laundry management		
			Country ordinance and BMW		
			National guidelines 2017: Segregation of wastes, Color		
			coded waste containers, waste collection & storage, Packaging &		
			labeling, Transportation		
VII	2	Explain in detail about	Antibiotic stewardship	•Lecture Discussion	• Short answer
		Antibiotic stewardship,	Importance of Antibiotic Stewardship	Written assignment-	Objective type
		AMR Describe MRSA/	Anti-Microbial Resistance	Recent AMR	• Assessment of
		MDRO and its	Prevention of MRSA, MDRO in healthcare setting	(Antimicrobial	assignment
		prevention		resistance) –guidelines	
VIII	3	Enlist the patient	Patient Safety Indicators	Lecture	Knowledge



	safety indicators	Care of Vulnerable patients	Demonstration	assessment
	followed in a health	Prevention of Iatrogenic injury	Experiential learning	Performance
	care organization and	• Care of lines, drains and tubing's		assessment
	the role of nurse in the	Restrain policy and care – Physical and Chemical		Checklist/
	patient safety audit	Blood & blood transfusion policy		OSCE
	process Captures and	Prevention of IV Complication	Role play	Short answer
	analyses incidents and	Prevention of Fall	Inquiry Based	Objectives types
	events for quality	Prevention of DVT	Learning	
	improvement	Shifting and transporting of patients		
		Surgical safety		
		Care coordination event related to medication reconciliation and		
		administration		
		Prevention of communication errors		
		Prevention of HAI		
		Documentation		
		Incidents and adverse Events		
		Capturing of incidents		
		RCA (Root Cause Analysis)		
		CAPA (Corrective and Preventive(Action)		
		Report writing		
IX	1 Enumerate IPSG and	IPSG (International Patient safety Goals)	Lecture	Objective type
	application of the goals	Identify patient correctly	Role play	
	in the patient care	Improve effective communication		
	settings.	Improve safety of High Alert medication		
		Ensure safe surgery		
		Reduce the risk of health care associated infection		



			Reduce the risk of patient harm resulting from falls		
			Reduce the harm associated with clinical alarm system		
X	2	Enumerate the	Safety protocol	Lecture	Mock drills
		various safety	• 5S (Sort, Set in order, Shine, Standardize, Sustain)	Demonstration	Posttests
		protocols and its	Radiation safety, Laser safety	Experiential	Checklist
		applications	• Fire Safety-Types and classification of fire, Fire Alarms-	learning	
			Firefghting equipment		
			 HAZMAT (Hazardous Materials) safety 		
			 -Types of spill, Spillage management 		
			 -MSDS (Material Safety Data Sheets) 		
			Environmental safety		
			-Risk assessment, Aspect impact analysis		
			-Maintenance of Temp and Humidity (Department wise)		
			Audits		
			Emergency Codes, Role of Nurse in times of disaster		
XI	2	Explain	Employee Safety Indicators	Lecture	Knowledge
		importance of	 Vaccination, Needle stick injuries (NSI) indicators 	• Discussion	assessment by
		employee safety	Fall prevention, Radiation safety, Annual health check		short answers.
			Healthcare Worker Immunization Programs and	• Journal review	objective type
			managementof occupational exposure		
			Occupational health ordinance		
			Vaccination Programs for healthcare staff		
			Needle stick injuries and prevention and post exposure		
			prophylaxis		



Course BSNS 301							
CO1		2	1	1	1	1	1
CO2	Applied Microbiology	2	2	1	1	1	1
CO3		1	1	1	1	1	1
CO4		1	3	2	2	1	1
CO5		1	1	1	1	1	1
CO6		2	2	2	1	1	2
AVERAGE	AVERAGE, BSNS 301			1.33	1.17	1.00	1.17



	SCHOOL: SSNSR	BATCH-2023-27				
	PROGRAMME	B.Sc. (NURSING)				
	SEMESTER	III Semester				
1	Course Code	BSNS401				
2	Course Title	Pharmacology-I				
3	Contact Hours-L-D-P	20				
4	Course Status	CC, AECC, SEC, DSE				
5	Course Objectives	In respective sub-parts				
6	Course Outcome	CO1 Describe pharmacodynamics, classification and principles of drug administration.				
		CO2 Describe nursing responsibilities in administering antiseptics and disinfectants.				
		CO3 Explain the nursing role in administering drugs related to GI system and respiratory system.				
		CO4 Explain the nursing role in administering drugs related to cardiology system and endocrine system.				
		CO5 Explain the nursing role in administering drugs related to integumentary system.				
		CO6 Describe the drug therapy and chemotherapy prescribed for common communicable infections and				
		infestation.				
7	Course Description	This course is designed to enable students to acquire understanding of Pharmacodynamics, Pharmacokinetics, principles of therapeutics and nursing implications.				



8. Outline Syllabus: BSNS401 (PHARMACOLOGY-I)

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Objectives	Content	Teaching Learning Activities	Assessment methods
I	3 (T)	Describe	Introduction to Pharmacology	Lecture cum Discussion	Short answer
		Pharmacodynamics	Definitions & Branches, Nature & Sources of drugs		
		, Pharmacokinetics,	Dosage Forms and Routes of drug administration	Guided reading and	•
		Classification,	Terminology used	written assignment on	
		principles of administration of	Classification, Abbreviations, Prescription, Drug Calculation, Weights and Measures	schedule K drugs	•□Assessment of assignments
		drugs	Pharmacodynamics: Actions, Drug Antagonism, Synergism, Tolerance, Receptors, Therapeutic, adverse, toxic effects, pharmacy-vigilance		
			 Pharmacokinetics: Absorption, Bioavailability, Distribution, Metabolism, Interaction, Excretion 		
			Review: Principles of drug administration and treatment individualization		
			Factors affecting dose, route etc.		
			Indian Pharmacopoeia: Legal Issues, Drug Laws, Schedule		
			Drugs, Rational Use of Drugs		
			Principles of Therapeutics		
II	1 (T)	Describe	Pharmacology of commonly used antiseptics and disinfectants	Drug study/	Short answer
		antiseptics, and	Antiseptics and Disinfectants, Composition, action, dosage, route,	presentation	
		disinfectant & nurse's	indications, contraindications,	Lecture cum Discussion	Objective type
		responsibilities	Drug interactions, side effects, adverse effects, toxicity and role of nurse	Lecture cum Discussion	
III	2 (T)	Describe drugs	Drugs acting on G.I. system	Lecture cum Discussion	Short answer
		acting on gastro- intestinal system &	Pharmacology of commonly used drugs o Emetics and anti- emetics, Laxatives and Purgatives	Drug study/	



Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Objectives	Content	Teaching Learning Activities	Assessment methods	
		nurse's responsibilities	 Antacids and anti-peptic ulcer drugs Anti-diarrheal – Fluid and electrolyte therapy, Composition, action, dosage, route, indications, contraindications, drug interactions, side effects, adverseeffects, toxicity and role of nurse 	presentation	Objective type	
IV	2(T)	Describe drugs acting on respiratory system & nurse's responsibilities	 Drugs acting on respiratory system Pharmacology of commonly used Antiasthma tics – Bronchodilators (Salbutamol inhalers) Decongestants Expectorants, Antitussives and Mucolytic Broncho-constrictors and Antihistamines Composition, action, dosage, route, indications, contraindications, drug interactions, side effects, adverse effects toxicity and role of nurse 	Lecture cum Discussion presentation	Short answer Objective type	
V	4 (T)	Describe drugs used on cardio- vascular system & nurse's responsibilities	 Drugs used in treatment of Cardiovascular system and blood disorders Hematinic, & treatment of anemia and antiadrenergic Cholinergic and anticholinergic Adrenergic Drugs for CHF & vasodilators Anti-anginas, Anti-arrhythmic Antihypertensive Coagulants & Anticoagulants Antiplatelet & thrombolytic Plasma expanders & treatment of shock Drugs used to treat blood disorders Composition, action, dosage, route, indications, contraindications, drug interactions, side effects, adverse 	Lecture cum Discussion presentation	Short answer □Objective type	



Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Objectives	Content	Teaching Learning Activities	Assessment methods
			effects, toxicity and role of nurse		
VI	2(T)	Describe the drugs used in treatment of endocrine system disorders	 Drugs used in treatment of endocrine system disorders Insulin & oral hypoglycemic Thyroid and anti-thyroid drugs Steroids Corticosteroids ,Anabolic steroids Calcitonin, paratha-hormone, vitamin D3, calcium metabolism o Calcium salts 	Lecture cum Discussion Drug study/ presentation	Short answer Objective type
VII	1 (T)	Describe drugs used in skin diseases & nurse's responsibilities	 Drugs used in treatment of integumentary system Antihistaminic and antipruritic Topical applications for skin- Benzyl benzoate, Gamma BHC, (burns) Composition, action, dosage, route, indications, contraindications, drug interactions, side effects, adverse effects toxicity and role of nurse 	Lecture cum Discussion Drug study/ presentation	Lecture cum Discussion Drug study/ presentation
VIII	5 (T)	Explain drug therapy/ chemotherapy of specific infections & infestations & nurse's responsibilities	 Drugs used in treatment of communicable diseases (common infections, infestations) General Principles for use of Antimicrobials Pharmacology of commonly used drugs: Penicillin, Cephalosporin 's, Aminoglycosides, Macrolide & broad spectrum antibiotics, quinolones, Misc.antimicrobials Anaerobic infections, Anti tubercular drugs, Anti leprosy drugs Anti-malarial, Antiretroviral drugs Antiviral agents, Anthelminthic, Ant scabies agents, Antifungal agents Composition, action, dosage, route, indications, 	Lecture cum Discussion Drug study/ presentation	Short answer • Objective type • Assessment of assignments



	Time (Hrs)	Learning Objectives	Content	Teaching Learning Activities	Assessment methods
			contraindications, Drug interactions, side effects, adverse effects, toxicity and role of nurse		



SCHO	OOL: SSNSR	BATCH-2023-2027				
PRO	OGRAMME	B.Sc. (NURSING)				
SEM	ESTER	III Semester				
1	Course Code BSNS 401					
2	Course Title	Pathology I				
3	Contact Hours-L-D-P	20				
4	4 Course Status CC, DSE					
5	Course Objectives	In respective sub-parts				
6	Course Outcome	CO1- Describe pharmacodynamics and pharmacokinetics. CO2- Describe the pathological changes in disease system related to respiratory and cardio disorders				
		CO3- Describe the pathological changes in disease system related to gastro and hepatic disorders				
		CO4- Describe the pathological changes in disease system related to skeleton system disorders				
		CO5- Describe the pathological changes in disease system related to endocrine system disorders.				
		CO6-Describe various laboratory test used for diagnosis of blood disorders.				
7	Course Description	The course is designed to enable students to acquire understanding of Pharmacodynamics, Pharmacokinetics,				
		principles of therapeutics and nursing implications				



Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Objectives	Content	Teaching Learning Activities	Assessmentmethods
I(3 Hrs.)	8 (T)	Define the common term used in Pathology Identify the deviations from normal to abnormal structure and function of body system	 Importance of the study of pathology Definition of terms in pathology Cell injury: Etiology pathogenesis of reversible and irreversible cell injury necrosis, gangrene Cellular adaptation: atrophy, Hypertrophy, Hyperplasia, Metaplasia, Dysplasia, apoptosis Inflammation Acute inflammation (Vascular and cellular, systematic effects of chronic inflammation) Chronic inflammation (Granulomatous inflammation, systematic effects of chronic inflammation) Wound healing Neoplasia: nomenclature, normal and cancer cell, benign and malignant tumors, carcinoma in situ, tumor metastasis: general mechanism, routs of spread and example of each route. 	 Explain using slides Explain with clinical scenarios 	Short answers Objective e type questions



			 Circulatory disturbance: thrombosis, embolism, shock Disturbance of body fluids and electrolytes: edema, transudates and exudates 		
II	5 (T)	Explain pathological changes in disease conditions of various systems	Special Pathology Pathological changes in disease conditions of selected systems: 1. Respiratory system • Pulmonary infections: Pneumonia, lung abscess, pulmonary, tuberculosis • Chronic obstructive pulmonary disease: chronic bronchitis, emphysema, bronchial asthma, bronchiectasis • Tumor of lungs 2. Cardio-vascular system • Atherosclerosis • Ischemia and infraction • Rheumatic heart disease • Infective endocarditis 3. Gastrointestinal tract • Peptic ulcer disease (gastric and duodenal ulcer)	 Lecture Discussion Explain using slides, x-rays and scans Visit to pathology lab endoscopy unit and OT 	Short answers Objective e type questions



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Gastric-H pylori infection	
Oral mucosa: oral leukoplakia,	
squamous cell carcinoma	
Esophageal cancer	
Intestinal: typhoid,	
inflammatory bowel disease	
(Cohn's disease and ulcerative	
colitis,) colorectal cancer	
4. Liver, Gall Bladder and	
Pancreas	
• Liver: Hepatitis, Amoebic	
liver abscess, cirrhosis of liver	
• Gall bladder:	
Pancreas: pancreatitis	
• Tumor of liver, gall	
bladder and pancreas	
5. Skeletal system	
Bone: bone healing,	
osteoporosis, osteomyelitis,	
tumor	
Joints: arthritis, - rheumatoid	
arthritis and osteoarthritis	
6. Endocrine system	
Diabetes mellitus	
Goiter	



		Carcinoma thyroid		
III 7 (7)	Describe various laboratory test in assessment and monitoring of disease condition	Hematological test for the diagnosis of blood disorder • Blood test: hemoglobin, white cell and platelets counts, PCV, ESR • Coagulation test: bleeding time, prothrombin time, activated partial prothrombin time • Blood chemistry • Blood bank ○ Blood grouping and cross matching ○ Blood components ○ Plasmapheresis ○ Transfusion reactions	 Lecture Discussion Visit to clinical lab, biochemistry lab and blood bank 	 Short answers Qbjectiv e type qustions



Course BSNS 401							
CO1		1	1	2	1	1	1
CO2		2	2	2	1	1	2
CO3	Pharmacology-I	2	2	2	1	1	2
CO4		2	2	2	1	1	2
CO5		2	2	2	1	1	2
CO6		2	1	1	2	1	1
AVERAG	AVERAGE, BSNS 401		1.67	1.83	1.17	1.00	1.67
		1.83					

Course BSNS 401							
CO1	-	1	1	1	1	1	1
CO2		2	2	1	1	1	1
CO3	Pathology-I	2	2	1	1	1	1
CO4		2	2	1	1	1	1
CO5		2	2	1	1	1	1
CO6		1	1	1	2	1	1
AVERAG	AVERAGE, BSNMES 401		1.67	1.00	1.17	1.00	1.00
		1.67					



	SCHOOL: SSNSR	BATCH-2023-2027
	PROGRAMME	B.Sc. (NURSING)
	SEMESTER	III Semester
1	Course Code	BSNS 302
2	Course Title	ADULT HEALTH NURSING - I WITH INTEGRATED PATHOPHYSIOLOGY (including BCLS module)
3	Contact Hours-L-D-P	660
4	Course Status	CC, AECC, SEC, DSE
5	Course Objectives	In respective sub-parts
6	Course Outcome	CO1 Apply nursing process in providing care for patients with various medical and surgical problems. CO2 Apply principles of intraoperative nursing care. CO3 Explain the nursing care for the patient with common sign and symptoms related to fluid and electrolyte imbalance as well as respiratory problems. CO4 Explain the nursing care for the patient with common sign and symptoms related to digestive, cardiovascularand blood related problems. CO5 Explain the nursing care for the patient with common sign and symptoms related to endocrine and integumentary disorders. CO6 Explain the nursing care for the patient with common sign and symptoms related to musculoskeletal and communicable diseases.
7	Course Description	This course is designed to equip the students to review and apply their knowledge of Anatomy, Physiology, Biochemistry and Behavioral sciences in caring for adult patients with Medical/Surgical disorders using nursing process approach and critical thinking. It also intends to develop competencies required for assessment, diagnosis, treatment, nursing management, and supportive/palliative care to patients with various Medical Surgical disorders.



8. Outline Syllabus: BSNS302 (ADULT HEALTH NURSING - I WITH INTEGRATED PATHOPHYSIOLOGY (including BCLS module))

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Objectives	Content	Teaching Learning Activities	Assessment methods
I 6 (T) 4 Narrate the evolution of (L/SL) medical surgical nursing Apply nursing process in caring for patients with medical surgical problems Execute the role of a nurse in various medical surgical setting Develop skills in assessment and care of wound Develop competency in		medical surgical nursing Apply nursing process in caring for patients with medical surgical problems Execute the role of a nurse in various medical surgical setting Develop skills in assessment and care of wound	 Introduction Evolution and trends of medical and surgical nursing International classification of diseases Roles and responsibility of a nurse in medical and surgical settings Outpatient department In-patient unit Intensive care unit Introduction to medical and surgical asepsis Inflammation, infection Wound healing – stages, influencing factors 	Activities Lecture cum discussion Demonstration & Practice session Role play Visit to outpatient department, in patient and intensive care unit	• Short Answer •OSCE
		postoperative care	 Wound care and dressing technique Care of surgical patient o pre-operative o post-operative Alternative therapies used in caring for patients with Medical Surgical Disorders 		
II	15 (T) 4 (L/SL)	Explain organizational set up of the operating theatre Differentiate the role of scrub nurse and circulating nurse Describe the different positioning for various surgeries Apply principles of asepsis in handling the sterile	 Intraoperative Care Organization and physical set up of the operation theatre Classification, O.T Design , Staffing Members of the OT team Duties and responsibilities of the nurse in OT Position and draping for common surgical procedures Instruments, sutures and suture materials, equipment for common surgical procedures 	 Lecture cum Discussion Demonstration, Practice session, and Case Discussion Visit to receiving bay 	 Caring for patientintra operatively Submit a list of disinfectants used for instruments with the action and



Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Objectives	Content	Teaching Learning Activities	Assessment methods
		equipment Demonstrate skill in scrubbing procedures Demonstrate skill in assessing the patient and document accurately the surgical safety checklist Develop skill in assisting with selected surgeries Explain the types, functions, and nursing considerations for different types of anesthesia	 Disinfection and sterilization of equipment Preparation of sets for common surgical procedures Scrubbing procedures – Gowning, masking and gloving Monitoring the patient during the procedure Maintenance of the therapeutic environment in OT Assisting in major and minor operation, handling specimen Prevention of accidents and hazards in OT Anesthesia – types, methods of administration, effects and stages, equipment & drugs Legal aspects 		precaution
III	6 (T) 4 (L/SL)	Identify the signs and symptoms of shock and electrolyte imbalances Develop skills in managing fluid and electrolyte imbalances Perform pain assessment and plans for the nursing management	Nursing care of patients with common signs and symptoms and management • Fluid and electrolyte imbalance • Shock • Pain	Lecture, discussion, demonstration Case discussion	Short answerMCQCase report
IV	18 (T) 4 (L)	Demonstrate skill in respiratory assessment Differentiates different breath sounds and lists the indications Explain the etiology, pathophysiology,	Nursing Management of patients with respiratory problems • Review of anatomy and physiology of respiratory system • Nursing Assessment – history taking, physical assessment and diagnostic tests • Common respiratory problems:	Lecture, discussion, Demonstration Practice session Case presentation Visit to PFT Lab	Essay • Short answer •OSCE



Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Objectives	Content	Teaching Learning Activities	Assessment methods
		clinical manifestations, diagnostic tests, and medical, surgical, nutritional, and nursing management of common respiratory problems Describe the health behavior to be adopted in preventing respiratory illnesses	 Upper respiratory tract infections Chronic obstructive pulmonary diseases Pleural effusion, Empyema, Bronchiectasis, Pneumonia Lung abscess, Cyst and tumors, Chest Injuries Acute respiratory distress syndrome, Pulmonary embolism, Health behaviors to prevent respiratory illness 		
V	16 (T) 5 (L)	Explain the etiology, pathophysiology, clinical manifestations, diagnostic tests, and medical, surgical, nutritional, and nursing management of gastrointestinal disorders Demonstrate skill in gastrointestinal assessment Prepare patient for upper and lower gastrointestinal investigations Demonstrate skill in gastric decompression, gavage, and stoma care Demonstrate skill in different feeding techniques	 Nursing Management of patients with disorders of digestive system Review of anatomy and physiology of GI system Nursing assessment –History and physical assessment GI investigations Common GI disorders: Oral cavity: lips, gums and teeth, Bleeding, Infections, Inflammation, tumors, Obstruction, Perforation & Peritonitis Peptic & duodenal ulcer, Mal-absorption, Appendicitis, Hernias, Hemorrhoids, fissures, Fistulas Pancreas: inflammation, cysts, and tumors Liver: inflammation, cysts, abscess, cirrhosis, portal hypertension, hepatic failure, tumors Gall bladder: inflammation, tumors Gastric decompression, gavage and stoma care, different feeding techniques Alternative therapies, drugs used in treatment of 	Lecture, Discussion Demonstration, Role play Problem Based Learning Visit to stoma clinic	Short answer Quiz OSCE



Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Objectives	Content	Teaching Learning Activities	Assessment methods
			disorders of digestive system		
VI	20 (T) 5 (L)	Explain the etiology, pathophysiology, clinical manifestations, diagnostic tests, and medical, surgical, nutritional, and nursing management of cardiovascular disorders Demonstrate skill in cardiovascular assessment Prepare patient for invasive and noninvasive cardiac procedures Demonstrate skill in monitoring and interpreting clinical signs related to cardiac disorders Complete BLS/BCLS module	Nursing Management of patients with cardiovascular problems Review of anatomy and physiology of cardio-vascular system Nursing Assessment: History and Physical assessment Invasive & non-invasive cardiac procedures Disorders of vascular system Hypertension, arteriosclerosis, Raynaud's disease, aneurysm and peripheral vascular disorders Coronary artery diseases: coronary atherosclerosis, Angina pectoris, myocardial infarction Valvar disorders: congenital and acquired Rheumatic heart disease: pericarditis, myocarditis, endocarditis, cardiomyopathies Cardiac dysrhythmias, heart block Congestive heart failure, pulmonary edema, cardiogenic shock, cardiac tamponade Cardiopulmonary arrest	Lecture, discussion Demonstration Practice session Case Discussion Health education Drug Book/ presentation Completion of BCLS Module	Care plan • Drug record • BLS/ BCLS evaluation
VII	7 (T) 3 (L)	Explain the etiology, pathophysiology, clinical manifestations, diagnostic tests, and medical, surgical, nutritional, and nursing management of hematological	Nursing Management of patients with disorders of blood Review of Anatomy and Physiology of blood Nursing assessment: history, physical assessment & Diagnostic tests Anemia, Polycythemia	Field visit to blood bank Counseling	Interpretation of blood reports • Visit report



Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Objectives	Content	Teaching Learning Activities	Assessment methods
		disorders Interpret blood reports Prepare and provides health education on blood donation	• Bleeding Disorders: clotting factor defects and platelets defects, thalassemia, leukemia, leukopenia, agranulocytosis, Lymphomas, myelomas		
VIII	8 (T) 2 (L)	Explain the etiology, pathophysiology, clinical manifestations, diagnostic tests, and medical, surgical, nutritional, and nursing management of endocrine disorders Demonstrate skill in assessment of endocrine organ dysfunction Prepare and provides health education on diabetic diet	Nursing management of patients with disorders of endocrine system Review of anatomy and physiology of endocrine system Nursing Assessment —History and Physical Assessment Disorders of thyroid and Parathyroid, Adrenal and Pituitary (Hyper, Hypo, tumors Diabetes mellitus	Lecture, discussion, demonstration Practice session Case Discussion Health education	 Prepare health education on self-administration of insulin Submits a diabetic diet plan
IX	8 (T) 2 (L)	Explain the etiology, pathophysiology, clinical manifestations, diagnostic tests, and medical, surgical, nutritional, and nursing management of disorders of integumentary system Demonstrate skill in integumentary assessment Demonstrate skill in	 Nursing management of patients with disorders of Integumentary system Review of anatomy and physiology of skin Nursing Assessment: History and Physical assessment Infection and infestations; Dermatitis Dermatoses; infectious and Non infectious Acne, Allergies, Eczema & Pemphigus Psoriasis, Malignant melanoma, Alopecia Special therapies, alternative therapies Drugs used in treatment of disorders of integumentary 	Lecture, discussion Demonstration Practice session Case Discussion	 Drug report Preparation of Home care plan



Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Objectives	Content	Teaching Learning Activities	Assessment methods
		medicated bath Prepare and provide health education on skin care	system		
X	16 (T) 4 (L)	Explain the etiology, pathophysiology, clinical manifestations, diagnostic tests, and medical, surgical, nutritional, and nursing management of musculoskeletal disorders Demonstrate skill in musculoskeletal assessment Prepare patient for radiological and no radiological investigations of musculoskeletal system Demonstrate skill in crutch walking and splinting Demonstrate skill in care of patient with replacement surgeries Prepare and provide health education on bone healing	 Nursing management of patients with musculoskeletal problems Review of Anatomy and physiology of the musculoskeletal system Nursing Assessment: History and physical assessment, diagnostic tests Musculoskeletal trauma: Dislocation, fracture, sprain, strain, contusion, amputation Musculoskeletal infections and tumors: Osteomyelitis, benign and malignant tumor Orthopedic modalities: Cast, splint, traction, crutch walking Musculoskeletal inflammation: Bursitis, synovitis, arthritis Special therapies, alternative therapies Metabolic bone disorder: Osteoporosis, and Paget 's disease Spinal column defects and deformities – tumor, prolapsed intervertebral disc, Pott's spine Rehabilitation, prosthesis, Replacement surgeries 	Lecture/ Discussion Demonstration Case Discussion Health education	Nursing care plan Prepare health teaching on care of patient with cast
XI	20 (T) 3 (L)	Explain the etiology, pathophysiology, clinical	Nursing management of patients with Communicable diseases	Lecture, discussion, demonstration	Prepares and submits protocol



Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Objectives	Content	Teaching Learning Activities	Assessment methods
		manifestations, diagnostic tests, and medical, surgical, nutritional, and nursing management of patients with communicable diseases Demonstrate skill in barrier and reverse barrier techniques Demonstrate skill in execution of different isolation protocols	 Overview of infectious diseases, the infectious process Nursing Assessment: History and Physical assessment, Diagnostic tests Tuberculosis Diarrheal diseases, hepatitis AE, Typhoid Herpes, chickenpox, Smallpox, Measles, Mumps, Influenza, Meningitis, Gas gangrene, Leprosy, Dengue, Plague, Malaria, Chikungunya, swine flu, Diphtheria, Pertussis, Tetanus, Poliomyelitis COVID-19 	Practice session Case Discussion/ seminar Health education Drug Book/ presentation Refer TB Control & Management module	on various isolation techniques
		-	• Special infection control measures: Notification, Isolation, Quarantine, Immunization		

Course BSNS 302								
CO1	1	2	3	2	1	1	2	
CO2	Adult health nursing –I with	2	2	2	1	1	2	
CO3	integrated pathophysiology	2	2	2	1	1	2	
CO4		2	2	2	1	1	2	
CO5		2	2	2	1	1	2	
CO6	1	2	2	2	1	1	2	
AVERAG	AVERAGE, BSNS 302		2.17	2.00	1.00	1.00		2.00
		2.00						



$CLINICAL\ POSTINGS-General\ Medical/Surgical\ Wards 10\ weeks \times 16\ hours/week = 160\ Hours$

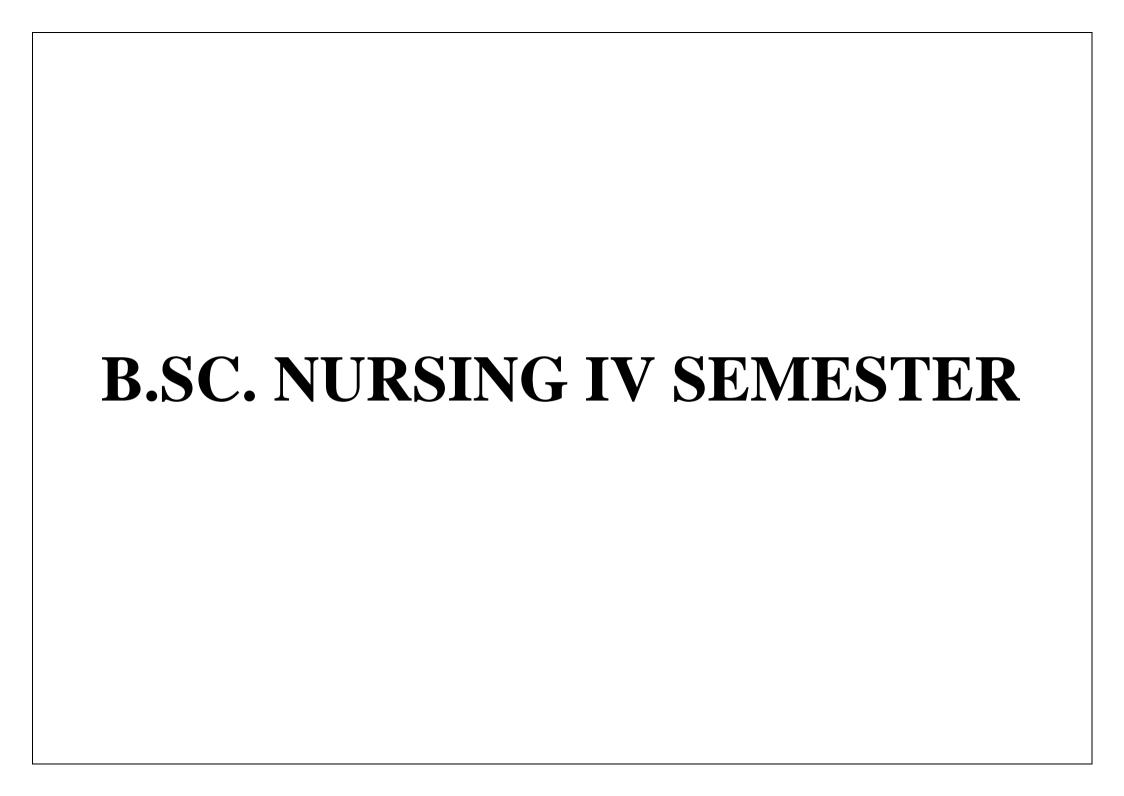
Clinical Unit	Duration (in Weeks)	Learning Outcomes	Procedural Competencies/ Clinical Skills(Supervised Clinical Practice)	Clinical Requirements	Assessment Methods
General Medical/ Surgical wards	2	Maintain effective human relations (projecting professional image) Communicate effectively with patient, families and team members Demonstrate skills in techniquesof recording and reporting	 Communication and Nurse patient relationship Maintaining Communication with patient and familyand interpersonal relationship Documentation and Reporting Documenting patient care and procedures Verbal report Written report 		• OSCE
	2	Demonstrate skill in monitoring vital signs Care for patients with altered vital signs	 Vital signs Monitor/measure and document vital signs in agraphic sheet ✓ Temperature (oral, tympanic, axillary) ✓ Pulse (Apical and peripheral pulses), Respiration 	Care of patients with alterations in vital signs- 1 Fall risk assessment-1	using checklist • OSCE
		Demonstrate skill in implementing standard precautions and use of PPE	 ✓ Blood pressure, Pulse oximetry Interpret and report alteration Cold Applications – Cold Compress, Ice cap, Tepid Sponging Care of equipment – thermometer, BP apparatus, Stethoscope, Pulse oximeter Infection control in Clinical settings Hand hygiene, Use of PPE 		



3	Demonstrate skill in meeting the comfort needs of the patients	Comfort, Rest & Sleep, Pain and Promoting Safety in Health Care Environment	Assessment of clinical skills
	Duraida safa and alam	Comfort, Rest & Sleep	using checklist
	Provide safe and clean environment	Bed making-	• OSCE
		Open, Closed, Occupied, Post-operativeCardiac bed, Fracture bed	
		Comfort devices	
		o Pillows	
		o Over bed table/cardiac table	
		o Back rest, Bed Cradle	
		Therapeutic Positions	
		o Supine	
		o Fowlers (low, semi, high)	
		o Lateral. Prone, Sim's	
		o Trendelenburg, Dorsal recumbent	
		o Lithotomy, Knee chest	
		Pain	
		Pain assessment and provision for comfort	
		Promoting Safety in Health Care Environment	
		✓ Care of Patient's Unit	
		✓ Use of Safety devices:	
		✓ Side Rails	
		Restraints (Physical)	
		o Fall risk assessment and Post Fall Assessment	



2	Demonstrate skill in admission,transfer, and discharge of a patient	Hospital Admission and discharge, Mobility and Immobility and Patient education Hospital Admission and discharge Perform & Document: • Admission • Transfer • Planned Discharge		 Assessment of clinical skills using checklist OSCE
	Demonstrate skill in caring for patients with restricted mobility	Mobility and ImmobilityRange of Motion ExercisesAssist patient in: Moving	• Individual teaching-1	 Assessment of clinical skills using checklist OSCE
	Plan and provide appropriate health teaching following theprinciples	 Turning Logrolling Changing position of helpless patient Transferring (Bed to and from chair/wheelchair/stretcher) Patient education 		
1	Demonstrate skills in assessingand performing First Aid during emergencies	First aid and Emergencies • Bandaging Techniques Basic Bandages: ✓ Circular, Spiral, Reverse-Spiral ✓ Recurrent, Figure of Eight Special Bandages: ○ Capelin, Eye/Ear Bandage, Jaw Bandage ○ Shoulder Spica, Thumb Spica ○ Triangular Bandage/ Sling(Head & limbs) Binders	Module completion National Disaster Management Authority (NDMA) First Aid module (To complete it in clinical if not completed during lab)	 Assessment of clinical skills using checklist OSCE (first aid competencies)





B.SC NURSING SEMESTER-IV

	SCHOOL: SSNSR	BATCH-2023-2027		
	PROGRAMME	B.Sc. (NURSING)		
	SEMESTER	IV SEMESTER		
1	Course Code	BSNS 401		
2	Course Title	PHARMACOLOGY-II, PATHOLOGY-II, GENETICS		
3	Contact Hours-L-D-P	80		
4	Course Status	CC, AECC, SEC, DSE		
5	Corse Objectives	In respective sub-parts		
6	Course Outcome	PHARMACOLOGY-II CO1- Describe the nursing responsibilities while administering drugs used in disorders of ENT and urinary system. CO2 -Describe the nursing responsibilities while administering drugs used in disorders of nervous system. CO3 Classify the drugs used for hormonal disorders and supplementation and medical termination of pregnancy. CO4 Develop understanding about important drugs used before during and after labor. CO5 Prepare awareness of common drugs used in alternative system of medicine. CO6 Identify fundamental principles of prescribing medication and miscellaneous drugs used in emergencies. PATHOLOGY-II AND GENETICS CO1-Explain pathological changes in various diseases system. CO2-Explain maternal, prenatal and genetic influences on development of defects and diseases CO3-Apply the screening methods for genetic defects and diseases in neonates and children CO4-Assess the genetic disorders in adolescents and adults. CO5-Describe clinical pathology of various body system by following the principles and		



		perspectives of hereditary
		CO6- Integrate the Nurses role in genetic counseling and services.
		PHARMACOLOGY – II
		This course is designed to enable students to acquire understanding of Pharmacodynamics, Pharmacokinetics,
		principles of therapeutics & nursing implications. Further it develops understanding of fundamental principles of
7	Course Description	prescribing in students.
	K 1 1	PATHOLOGY - II AND GENETICS
		This course is designed to enable students to acquire knowledge of pathology of various disease conditions,
		understanding of genetics, its role in causation and management of defects and diseases and to apply this
		knowledge in practice of nursing.



Outline Syllabus: BSN (PHARMACOLOGY-II, PATHOLOGY-II, GENETICS Syllabus of PHARMACOLOGY

Unit	Time (Hrs) Learning Objectives Content		Content	Teaching Learning Activities	Assessment methods
I	4 (T)	Describe drugs used in	Drugs used in disorders of ear, nose,	Lecture Cum Discussion	• Short
		disorders of ear, nose,	throat & Eye	Drug study/ presentation	answer
		throat and eye and nurses'	 Antihistamines 		 Objective
		responsibilities	• Topical applications for eye (Chloramphenicol, Gentamycin		type
			eye drops), ear (Soda glycerin, boric spirit, ear drops), nose		
			and buccal cavity., chlorhexidine mouthwash Composition,		
			action, dosage, route, indications, contraindications, drug		
			interactions, side effects, adverse effects, toxicity and role of		
			nurse		
II	4 (T)	Describe drugs acting on	Drugs used on urinary system	Lecture discussion	Short answer
		urinary system & nurse's	 Pharmacology of commonly used drugs Renin angiotensin 	Drug study/ presentation	questions
		responsibilities	system		Objective
			 Diuretics and antidiuretics 		type
			 Drugs toxic to kidney 		
			 Urinary antiseptics, Treatment of UTI acidifiers and alkalinizes 		
			 Composition, action, dosage, route, indications, contraindications, Drug interactions, side effects, adverse effects toxicity and role of nurse 		
III	10 (T)	Describe drugs used on	Drugs acting on nervous system	Lecture cum discussion	Short answer
		nervous system & nurse's	 Basis & applied pharmacology of commonly used drugs, 	Drug study/	questions
		responsibilities	Analgesics and anesthetics	presentation	Objective
			• Analgesics: Non-steroidal anti-inflammatory (NSAID) drugs		type



IV 5	l s c t	Describe drugs used for normonal disorder & supplementation, contraception & medical termination of pregnancy & nurse's responsibilities	 Antipyretics, Opioids & other central analgesics General (techniques of GA, pre-anesthetic medication) & local anesthetics Gases: oxygen, nitrous, oxide, carbon-dioxide & others Hypnotics and sedatives, Skeletal muscle relaxants Antipsychotics Mood stabilizers Antidepressants, Antianxiety Drugs, Anticonvulsants Drugs for neurodegenerative disorders & miscellaneous drugs Stimulants, ethyl alcohol and treatment of methyl alcohol poisoning Composition, action, dosage, route, indications, contraindications, drug interactions, side effects, adverse effects toxicity and role of nurse Drugs used for hormonal, disorders and supplementation, contraception and medical termination of pregnancy Estrogens and progesterone Oral contraceptives and hormone replacement therapy Vaginal contraceptives Drugs for infertility and medical termination of pregnancy Uterine stimulants and relaxants Composition, actions dosage route indications contraindications, drugs interactions, side effects, adverse 	Lecture cum discussion Drug study/ presentation	Short answer questions Objective type
V 3		Develop understanding	contraindications, drugs interactions, side effects, adverse effects, toxicity and role of nurse Drugs used for pregnant women during antenatal, labor and	Lecture cum	Short answer
		about important drugs used for women before, during	postnatal periodTetanus prophylaxis, Iron and Vitamin K1 supplementation	Discussion Drug study/	Objective type



		and after labor	Oxytocin, Misoprostol	presentation	
			Methyl prostaglandin F2-alpha, Magnesium,		
			Calcium gluconate		
VI	10 (T)	Describe drugs used in de-	Miscellaneous	Lecture cum	Short answer
		addiction, emergency,	Drugs used for de-addiction	Discussion	Objective type
		poisoning, vitamins &	 Drugs used in CPR and emergency-adrenaline, 	Drug study/	objective type
		minerals supplementation,	hydrocortisone, Dexamethasone	presentation	
		drugs used for immunization	IV fluids & electrolytes replacement	presentation	
		& immune-suppression &	 Common poisons, drugs used for treatment of poisoning 		
		nurse's responsibilities	Activated charcoal, Ipecac, Antidotes,		
			Anti-snake venom (ASV)		
			Vitamins and minerals supplementation		
			 Vaccines & sera (Universal immunization 		
			Programs schedules)		
			Anticancer drugs: Chemotherapeutic drugs commonly used		
			Immuno-suppressants and Immuno-stimulants		
VII	4 (T)	Demonstrate awareness of	Introduction to drugs used in alternative systems of	Lecture cum	Short answer
		common drugs used in	medicine	Discussion	Objective type
		alternative system of	Ayurveda, Homeopathy, Unani and Siddha	Observational visit	Objective type
		medicine	etc.Drugs used for common ailments	Observational visit	
VIII	20 (T)	Demonstrate	Fundamental principles of prescribing	Completion of	Short answer
		understanding about	Prescriptive role of nurse practitioners:	module on	Assignments
		fundamental principles of	IntroductionLegal and ethical issues related to	Fundamental	evaluation
		prescribing	prescribing Principles of prescribing	principles of	C variation
			Steps of prescribing	prescribing	
			Prescribing competencies		



PATHOLOGY- II

Unit	Time	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/ Learning	Assessment
	(Hrs)			Activities	Methods
I	5 (T)	Explain	Special Pathology:	Lecture	Short answer
		pathological changes in disease conditions of various systems	Pathological changes in disease conditions of selected SystemsKidneys and Urinary tract Glomerulonephritis, Pyelonephritis, Renal calculi Cystitis, Renal Cell Carcinoma Renal Failure (Acute and Chronic) Male genital systems Cryptorchidism, Testicular atrophy Prostatic hyperplasia, Carcinoma penis and Prostate. Female genital system Carcinoma cervix, Carcinoma of endometrium Uterine fibroids, Ovarian cyst and tumors Vesicular mole and Chorion carcinoma Breast Fibrocystic changes, Fibro adenomaCarcinoma of the Breast Central nervous system	Discussion Explain using slides, X-rays and scans Visit to pathology lab, endoscopy unit and OT	Objective type
II	5 (T)		Meningitis, Encephalitis, Stroke Tumors of CNS Clinical Pathology	Lecture	Short answer
п	<i>J</i> (1)	laboratory tasts for	Examination of body cavity fluids: Methods of collection and examination of CSF and other body cavity fluids (sputum, wound discharge) specimen for various clinical pathology, biochemistry and microbiology tests		Objective type



GENETICS

Unit	Time	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/ Learning	Assessment
	(Hrs)			Activities	Methods
I	2 (T)	principles and perspectives of	 Introduction: Practical application of genetics in nursing Impact of genetic condition on families 	Lecture Discussion Explain using slides	Short answer Objective type
		heredity	 Review of cellular division: mitosis and meiosis Characteristics and structure of genes Chromosomes: sex determination Chromosomal aberrations, Patterns of inheritance Mendelian theory of inheritance Multiple allots and blood groups Sex linked inheritance, Mechanism of inheritance Errors in transmission (mutation) 	Dapiam using shaes	
II	2 (T)	_ ·	 Maternal, prenatal and genetic influences on development of defects and diseases Conditions affecting the mother: genetic and infections Consanguinity atopy Prenatal nutrition and food allergies Maternal age, Maternal drug therapy Prenatal testing and diagnosis Effect of Radiation, drugs and chemicals Infertility, Spontaneous abortion Neural Tube Defects and the role of folic acid in lowering the risks Down syndrome (Trisomy 21) 	Lecture Discussion Explain using slides	Short answer Objective type



III	2 (T)	Explain the screening	Genetic testing in the neonates and children	Lecture	Short answer
		methods for genetic	• Screening for	Discussion	Objective type
		defects and diseases	Congenital abnormalities		o ojeću ve type
		in neonates and	Developmental delay	Explain using slides	
		children	Dimorphism		
IV	2 (T)	Identify genetic	Genetic conditions of adolescents and adults	Lecture	Short answer
		disorders in	Cancer genetics: Familial cancer, Inborn errors of metabolism	Discussion	Objective type
		adolescents and	Blood group alleles and hematological disorder		
		adults	Genetic haemochromatosis	Explain using slides	
			Huntington's disease, Mental illness		
V	2 (T)	Describe the role	Services related to genetics	Lecture	Short answer
		of nurse in	Genetic testing, Gene therapy	Discussion	Objective type
		geneticservices	Genetic counselling	21000001011	o ojecu ve type
		and counselling	Legal and Ethical issues, Role of nurse		

Course BSNS 401								
CO1		2	1	1	1	1	1	
CO2		1	1	1	1	1	1	
CO3	Pathology-II and genetics	2	1	2	1	2	1	
CO4		2	1	2	1	2	1	
CO5		2	1	2	1	1	1	
CO6		1	2	1	3	1	1	
AVERAC	AVERAGE, BSNS 401			1.50	1.33	1.33		1.00
	1.67							



ADULT HEALTH NURSING- II WITH INTEGRATED PATHOPHYSIOLOGY

Including Geriatric Nursing and Palliative Care Module

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SC	CHOOL: SSNSR	BATCH-2023-2027
	PROGRAMME	B.Sc. (NURSING)
	SEMESTER	IV Semester
1	Course Code	BSNS 402
2	Course Title	ADULT HEALTH NURSING -II WITH INTEGRATED PATHOPHYSIOLOGY INCLUDING GERIATRIC
		NURSING
3	Contact Hours-L-D-P	660
4	Course Status	CC, AECC, SEC,
		DSE
5	Corse Objectives	In respective sub-parts
		CO1- Explain the nursing management of patient with disorders of ENT and EYE disorders.
		CO2- Explain the nursing management of patient with disorders of urinary system and male reproductive system.
6	Course Outcome	CO3- Explain the nursing management of patient with burns, cosmetic surgery and neurological disorders.
		CO4- Explain the nursing management of patient with disorders of immunological and oncological.
		CO5- Describe the nursing management of elderly and emergencies situation.
		CO6- Describe the nursing management of patient in critical care units and various occupational disorders
		This course is designed to equip the students to review and apply their knowledge of Anatomy, Physiology,
		Biochemistry and Behavioral sciences in caring for adult patients with Medical/Surgical disorders using nursing
7	Course Description	process approach. It also intends to develop competencies required for assessment, diagnosis, treatment, nursing
	Course Description	management, and supportive/palliative and rehabilitative care to adult patients with various Medical Surgical
		disorders.
		COMPETENCIES: On completion of the course the students will apply nursing process and critical thinking in
		delivering holistic nursing care with selected Medical and Surgical conditions.
		dentified noticing care with screened medical and surgical conditions.



Outline of Syllabus: Adult Health Nursing –II with Integrated Pathophysiology Including Geriatric Nursing

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning outcomes	Content	Teaching /Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
I	12 (T) 4 (SL)	Explain the etiology, pathophysiology, clinical manifestation, diagnostic measures and medical surgical, nutritional and nursing management of patient with ENT disorders.	 Nursing management of patient with disorders of Ear, Nose and Throat (iddsetiology, pathophysiology, clinical manifestations, diagnostic measures and medical, surgical, nutritional and nursing management) Review of anatomy and physiology of the ear, nose and throat History, physical assessment, and diagnostic test History, physical assessment, and diagnostic tests Ear:- External ear: deformities otalgia, foreign bodies and tumors Inner ear: Meniere's disease, ototoxicity tumors Upper respiratory airway infection: Rhinitis, sinusitis, tonsillitis, laryngitis Epistaxis, nasal obstruction, laryngeal obstruction Deafness and its management 	 Lecture and discussion Demonstration of hearing aids, nasal packing, medication administration Visit to audiology and speech clinical 	 MCQ Short answer Essay OSCE Assessment of skill (using checklist) Quiz Drug book
II	12 (T) 4 (SL)	Explain the etiology, pathophysiology, clinical manifestation, diagnostic evaluation and management of patient with disorders of Eye Describe eye donation, banking and transplantation	Nursing management of patient with disorders of eye Review of anatomy and physiology of the eye History, physical assessment, diagnostic assessment Eye Disorders Refractive errors Eyelids: infection, deformities Conjunctiva: inflammation and infection bleeding Cornea: inflammation and infection Lens: cataract, Glaucoma Retinal detachment, Blindness Eye donation, banking and transplantation	 Lecture and discussion Demonstration of visual aids , lens ,medication administration Visit to eye bank 	MCQShort EssayOSCEDrug book
III	15 (T) 4(SL)	Explain the etiology, pathophysiology, clinical manifestation, diagnostic tests, and medical, surgical, nutritional, and nursing management of Kidney and urinary system disorders	Nursing management of patient with Kidney and Urinary problems Review of Anatomy and Physiology of the genitourinary system History, physical assessment, diagnostic tests Urinary tract infection: acute, chronic, lower, upper Nephritis, Nephrotic syndrome Renal calculi Acute and chronic renal failure	 Lecture cum discussion Demonstration Case discussion Health education Drug book Field visit – visits hemodialysis unit 	 MCQ Short Note Long essay Case report Submits health teaching on prevention of urinary



		Demonstration skill in genitourinary assessment Prepare patient for genitourinary investigation Prepare and provide health education on prevention of renal calculi	 Disorders of ureter, urinary bladder and urethra Disorders of prostate: inflammation, infection, structure, obstruction, and Benign prostate Hypertrophy 		calculi
IV	6(T)	Explain the etiology, pathophysiology, clinical manifestations, diagnostic tests, and medical, surgical, nutritional, and nursing management of male reproductive disorders	Nursing management of disorder of male reproductive system Review of anatomy and physiology of the male reproductive system History, physical assessment diagnostic tests Infections of testis, penis and adjacent structure: Epididymitis, and Sexual dysfunction, infertility, contraception Male breast disorders: gynecomastia, tumor, climacteric changes	 Lecture discussion Case discussion Health education 	Short essay
V	10(T) 4(L/S L)	Explain the etiology pathophysiology clinical manifestation types diagnostic measures and management of patient with disorders of burns/cosmetic surgeries and its significance	 Nursing management of patient with burns, reconstructive and cosmetic surgery Review of anatomy and physiology of the skin and connective tissue History, physical assessment, assessment of burns and fluid & electrolyte loss Burns Reconstructive and cosmetic surgery for burns congenital deformities, injuries and cosmetic purposes, gender reassignment Legal and ethical aspects Special therapies: LAD, vacuumed dressing. Laser, liposuction, skin health rejuvenation use of derma filters 	 Lecture and discussion Demonstration of burn wound assessment, vacuum dressing and fluid calculation Visit to burn rehabilitation centers 	• OSCE • Short notes
VI	16(T) 4(L/S	Explain the etiology pathophysiology,	Nursing management of patient with neurological disorders	Lecture and discussion	• OSCE



	L)	clinical manifestation diagnostic measures and management of patients with neurological disorders	 Review of anatomy and physiology of the neurological system History, physical and neurological assessment, diagnostic tests Headache, head injuries Spinal injuries: paraplegia, hemiplegia, quadriplegia Spinal cord compression: herniation of in vertebral disc Intra cranial and cerebral aneurysms Meningitis, encephalitis, brain abscess, neuro- cysticercoids Movement disorders: chores, seizures and epilepsies Cerebrovascular disorders: CVA Cranial, spinal neuropathies: bell's palsy, trigeminal neuralgia Peripheral neuropathies Degenerative disease: Alzheimer's disease, Parkinson's disease Gillian – Barre Syndrome, Myasthenia Gravis and multiple sclerosis Rehabilitation of patient with neurological deficit 	•	Demonstration of physiotherapy, neuro assessment, tracheostomy care Visit to rehabilitation center, long term care clinics, EEG, NCV Study Unit	•	Short notes Essay Drugs book
VII	12(T) 4(L/S L)	Explain the etiology pathophysiology clinical manifestations, diagnostic test and medical, surgical, nutritional and nursing management of immunological disorder Prepare and provides health education on prevention of HIV infection and rehabilitation Describe the national inflection control	 Nursing management of patients with immunological problems Review of immune system Nursing assessment: history and physical assessment HIV & AIDS: epidemiology transmission, prevention of transmission and management of HIV/AIDS Role of nurse; counselling health education and home care consideration and rehabilitation National AIDS control Programs NACO various national and and international agencies for infection control 		 Lecture discussion Case discussion/seminar Refer module on HIVAIDS 		• OSCE • Case presentatio nn



		programs					
VIII	12(T) 4(L/S L)	Explain the etiology pathophysiology type, clinical manifestations, staging diagnostic measures and management of patients with different cancer treatment modalities including newer treatments	 Nursing management of patient with oncological conditions Structure and characteristics of normal and cancer cells History, physically assessment diagnostic tests Prevention screening early detections warning sign of cancer Epidemiology staging clinical manifestations, diagnosis treatment modalities, medical and surgical nursing management of oncological condition Common malignancies of various body system eye, nose, ear, larynx, breast, cervix, ovary, uterus, sarcoma, renal, bladder, kidney prostate Brain spinal cord. Oncological emergencies Modalities of treatment chemotherapy, Radiotherapy: radiation safety, AERB regulations Surgical intervention, steam cell and bone marrow transplant Immunotherapy, Gene therapy Psychological aspects of cancer: anxiety, depression, insomnia, anger Supportive care Hospice care management 	•	Demonstration of chemotherapy preparation and administration Visit to BMT radiotherapy units (linear accelerator, brachytherapy, etc.) nuclear medicine unit Completion of palliative Module during clinical hours (20 hours)	•	OSCE Essay Quiz Drug book Counselling health teaching
IX	15(T) 4(L/S L)	Explain the types policies, guidelines, prevention and management of disaster and the etiology pathophysiology clinical manifestation diagnostic measure and management of patient with acute emergencies	 Nursing of patient in emergency and disaster situation Disaster nursing Concept and principle of disaster nursing, related policies Types of disaster natural: natural and manmade Disaster preparedness: team guidelines, protocols, equipment resource Etiology classification pathophysiology staging clinical manifestation diagnosis treatment modalities and medical and surgical nursing management of patient with medical and surgical emergencies poly trauma, bites, poisoning and thermal emergencies Principles of emergency management Medico legal aspect 	•	Lecture and discussion Demonstration of disaster preparedness(Mock drill) and triaging Filed visit to local disaster management centers or demo by fire extinguishers Group presentation (role play, skit, concept mapping) on different emergency care Refer trauma care management ATCN module	•	OSCE Case presentation and case study



X	10 (T)	Explain the concept, physiological changes, and psychological problems of ageing Describe the nursing management of the elderly	 Nursing care of the elderly History and physical assessment Ageing process and age related body changes and psychosocial aspects Stress and coping in elderly patient Psychosocial and sexual abuse of elderly Role of family and formal and non-formal caregivers Use of aids and prosthesis (hearing aids, dentures) Legal and ethical issues National programs for elderly, privileges community programs and health services Home and institutional care 	•	Guided reading on national disaster management authority (NDMA) guidelines Lecture and discussion Demonstration of communication with visual hearing impaired Field visit to old age homes	•	OSCE Case presentation Assignment on family system of India focusing on geriatric population
XI	15 (T) 8(L/S L)	Explain the etiology, pathophysiology, clinical manifestation, diagnostic measures and managements of patient in critical care unit.	 Nursing management of patient in critical care unit Principles of critical care nursing Organizations: physical set-up, policies, staffing norms Protocols, equipment and supplies Use and application of critical care bio medical equipment: ventilators, cardiac monitors, defibrillators, infusion pumps, resuscitations and any others; Advanced cardiac life support Nursing management of critically ill patient Transitional care Ethical and legal aspects Breaking bad news to patients and/or their families: communications with patient and family 	•	Lecture and discussion Demonstration on the use of mechanical ventilator, cardiac monitor, etc. Clinical practice in different ICUs	•	Objective type Short notes Case presentation Assessment of skill on monitoring of patients ICU. Written assignment on ethical and legal issues in critical care



			End of the life care				
XII	5(T)	Describe the etiology, pathophysiology, clinical manifestation, diagnostic measures and management of patient with occupational/industrial health disorder	Nursing management of patient occupational and industrial disorders History, physical examination, diagnostic tests Occupational diseases and management	•	Lecture and discussion Industrial visit	•	Assignment on industrial health hazards

CO1		2	2	2	1	1	2
CO2	Adult Health Nursing –II With	2	2	2	1	1	2
CO3	Integrated Pathophysiology Including Geriatric Nursing	2	3	2	1	1	2
CO4		2	2	2	1	1	2
CO5		2	3	2	2	1	2
CO6		2	2	2	2	2	2
	AVERAGE	2.00	2.33	2.00	1.33	1.17	2.00



ADULT HEALTH NURSING- II WITH INTEGRATED PATHOPHYSIOLOGY Including Geriatric Nursing AND PALLIATIVE CARE MODULE

CLINICAL PRACTICUM

	SCHOOL: SSNSR	BATCH-2023-2027	
	PROGRAMME	BSC. (NURSING)	
	SENESTER	IV Semester	
1	Course Code	BSNS 451	
2	Course Title	ADULT HEALTH NURSING -II WITH INTEGRATED PATHOPHYSIOLOGY INCLUDING GERIATRIC	
		NURSING	
3	3 Contact Hours-L-D-P CLINICAL PRACTICUM: 6 Credits (480 Hours)-20 weeks x 24 hours		
4	Course Status	CC, AECC, SEC, DSE	
5	Corse Objectives	In respective sub-parts	
		CO1- Explain the nursing management of patient with disorders of ENT and EYE disorders.	
		CO2- Explain the nursing management of patient with disorders of urinary system and male reproductive system.	
6	Course Outcome	CO3- Explain the nursing management of patient with burns, cosmetic surgery and neurological disorders.	
		CO4- Explain the nursing management of patient with disorders of immunological and oncological.	
		CO5- Describe the nursing management of elderly and emergencies situation.	
		CO6- Describe the nursing management of patient in critical care units and various occupational disorders	
		PRACTICE COMPETENCIES: On completion of the clinical practice on, the students will develop proficiency in	
_		applying nursing process and critical thinking in rendering holistic nursing care including rehabilitation to the	
7	Course Description	adult/geriatric patients admitted in Critical Care Units, undergoing cosmetic and reconstructive surgery and with selected	
		medical & surgical disorders of ear; nose, throat, eye, Genitourinary, reproductive, immunologic, nervous systems and in	
		emergency/disaster conditions. The students will be competent to	
		The students will be competent to	
		Utilize the nursing process in providing care to the sick adults in the hospital Perform complete health assessment to establish a data base for providing quality nations are	
		Perform complete health assessment to establish a data base for providing quality patient care. Integrated the largest data of discounting test in patient assistance.	
		• Integrate the knowledge of diagnostic test in patient assignment.	
		Identify nursing diagnoses and list them according to priority. The product appring a product and the	
		• Formulate nursing care plan, using problem solving approach.	
		• Apply scientific principles while giving nursing care to patient& Develop skill in performing nursing procedures applying scientific principle.	
		applying scientific principle.	



- Establish/develop interpersonal relationship with patients and family members.
- Evaluate the expected outcomes and modify the plan according to the patient needs.
- Provide comfort and safety to adult patients in the hospital.
- Maintain safe environment for patients during hospitalization.
- Explain nursing actions appropriately to the patients and family members.
- Ensure patient safety while providing nursing procedures.
- Assess the educational needs of the patient and their family related to medical and surgical disorders and provide appropriate health education to patients.
- Provide pre, intra and post-operative care to patients undergoing surgery.
- Integrate knowledge of pathology, nutrition and pharmacology for patients experiencing selected medical and surgical disorders.
- Integrate evidence-based infom1ation while giving nursing care to patients.
- Demonstrate the awareness of legal and ethical issues in nursing practice.

I. Nursing Management of Patients with ENT Disorders

A. Skill Lab

- Tracheostomy care
- Instilling Ear and Nasal medications
- Bandage application



Clinical Du area/unit (v	uration weeks)	Learning Outcomes	Procedural Competencies/ Clinical Skills	Clinical Requirements	Assessment Methods
ENT Ward and OPD	-	Provide care to patients with ENT disorders Educate the patients and their families		• ENT assessment -1 • Case study/ Clinical presentation - I	 Clinical evaluation OSCE Case report study/ Clinical presentation

II.Nursing Management of Patients with Eye Conditions

A. Skill Lab

- Instilling Eye medications
- Eye irrigation
- Eye bandage



Clinical area/unit	Duration (weeks)	Learning Outcomes	Procedural Competencies/ Clinical Skills	Clinical Requirements	Assessment Methods
Ophthalmology Unit	2	Develop skill in providing care to patients \\-ith Eye disorders Educate the patients and their families	 History taking, Examination of eyes and interpretation A -I ting procedureso Visual acuity o Fundo copy, retinoscopy, ophthalmoscopy, tonometry, o Refraction tests Pre and post-operative care Instillation of drops/ medication Eye irrigation Application of eye bandage Assisting with foreign body removal 	 Eye assessment -1 Health teaching Case study/ Clinical Presentation- 1 	 Clinical evaluation OSCE Clinical presentation

III. Nursing Management of Patients with Kidney and Urinary System Disorders

A. Skill Lab

Use of manikins and simulators

Assessment: kidney & urinary system

• Preparation: dialysis

• Catheterization and care



Clinical area/unit	Duration (weeks)	Learning Outcomes	Procedural Competencies/ Clinical Skills	Clinical Requirements	Assessment Methods
Renal ward/ nephrology ward including Dialysis unit	2	Develop skill in Management of patients with urinary, male reproductive problems	 Assessment of kidney and urinary system O History taking O Physical examination testicular self-examination O digital rectal exam Preparation and assisting with diagnostic and therapeutic procedures O Cystoscopy O Contrast studies: IVP etc. O Peritoneal dialysis O Hemodialysis, O Lithotripsy O Specific tests: Semen gono1Teoea test, Renal/ Prostate Biopsyetc. Catheterization: care Bladder irrigation VO recording and monitoring Ambulation and exercise 	 Assessment - I Drug presentation - 1 Care study/ Clinical presentation - 1 Preparing and hemodialysis 	 Clinical evaluation Care plan OSCE Quiz Drug presentation

IV. Nursing Management of Patients with Burns and Reconstructive Surgery

A. Skill Lab

- Assessment of burns wound
- Wound dressing



Clinical area/unit	Duration (weeks)	Learning Outcomes	Procedural Competencies/ Clinical Skills	Clinical Requirements	Assessment Methods
Burns unit/reconstructive surgical unit	2	Develop skill in bums assessment and providing care to patients with different types of bums Develop skill in providing care to patients with different types of cosmetic and reconstructive surgeries	 First aid of bums Fluid & electrolyte replacement therapy Skin care Care of Burn wounds 	 bum wound assessment - 1 care study/case presentation - 1 	 Clinical evaluation, Care study/case report

C.Nursing Management of Patients with neurological disorders

a. Skill Lab

- i. Range of motion exercises
- ii. Muscle strengthening exercises
- iii. Crutch walking



Clinical	Duration	Learning Outcomes	Procedural Competencies/ Clinical Skills	Clinical	Assessment Methods
area/unit	(weeks)			Requirements	
Neurology-	3	Develop skill in	History taking; Neurological		Clinical evaluation
medical/		Management of	Examination	assessment -1	 Neuro assessment
Surgery		patients with	Patient monitoring	 Case study/ case 	• OSCE
wards		Neurological problems	• Prepare and assist for various invasive and	presentation - I	• Case report/
			non-invasive diagnostic procedures	 Drug presentation - 	presentations
			• Range of motion exercises, muscle	1	
			strengthening		
			 Care of medical, surgical and rehabilitative patients 		

Nursing Management of Patients with Immunological Disorders

A. Skill Lab

- Barrier Nursing
- Reverse Barrier Nursing



Clinical area/unit	Duration (weeks)	Learning Outcomes	Procedural Competencies/ Clinical Skills	Clinical Requirements	Assessment Methods
Isolation ward/ Medical ward	1	Develop skill in the Management of patients with immunological disorders	 History taking Immunological status assessment (e.g. HIV) and Interpretation of specific tests Caring of patients with low immunity Practicing of standard safety measures, precautions/barrier nursing/reverse barrier/isolation skills 	 Assessment ofimmune status Teaching of isolation to patient and family care givers Nutritional management Care Note - 1 	Care noteQuizHealth Teaching

V. Nursing Management of Patients with disorders of Oncological conditions

A. Skill Lab

- i. Application of topical medication
- ii. Administration of chemotherapy



Clinical area/unit	Duration (weeks)	Learning Outcomes	Procedural Competencies/ Clinical Skills	Clinical Requirements	Assessment Methods
Oncology wards (including day care radiotherapy unit)	3	Develop skill in providing care to patients with oncological disorders	 History taking & physical examination of cancer patients Screening for common cancers: TNM classification Preparation, assisting and after carepatients undergoing diagnostic procedures Biopsies/FNAC Pap smear Bone-marrow aspiration Various modalities of treatment Chemotherapy, Radiotherapy Pain management, Stoma therapy Hormonal therapy, Immune therapy Gene therapy, Alternative therapy Stoma care and feeding Caring of patients treated with nuclear medicine Rehabilitation 	 Assessment - 1 Care study/ clinical presentation - 1 Pre and post- operative care of patient with various modes of cancer treatment Teaching on BSE to family members Visit to palliative care unit 	 Clinical evaluation Care study Quiz Drug book

Nursing Management of Patients in emergency conditions

A. Skill Lab

- i. Assessment: primary and secondary survey
- ii. Trauma care: bandaging, wound care, splinting, positions



Clinical area/unit	Duration (weeks)	Learning Outcomes	Procedural Competencies/ Clinical Skills	Clinical Requirements	Assessment Methods
Emergency room/ Emergency unit	2	Develop skill in providing care to patients with emergency health problems	 Practicing 'triage' Primary and secondary survey in emergency Examination, investigations & their interpretations, in emergency & disaster situations Emergency care of medical and traumatic injury patients Documentations, assisting in legal procedures in emergency unit Managing crowd Counseling the patient and family in dealing with grieving & bereavement 	 Triage Immediate care Use of emergency trolley 	 Clinical evaluation Quiz

Nursing Management of geriatric patients

A. Skill Lab

Use of manikins and simulators

i. Use of assistive safety devices



Clinical area/unit	Duration (weeks)	Learning Outcomes	Procedural Competencies/ Clinical Skills	Clinical Requirements	Assessment Methods
Geriatric ward	I	Develops skill in geriatric assessment and providing care to patients with geriatric illness	History taking and assessment of Geriatric patient	 Geriatric assessment - 1 Care of normal and geriatric patient with illness Fall risk assessment - I Functional status assessment - I 	 Clinical evaluation Care plan

Nursing Management of Patients in critical care units

A. Skill Lab

- i. Assessment critically ill
- ii. ET tube set up -suction
- iii. TT suction
- iv. Ventilator set up
- v. Chest drainage
- vi. Bag mask ventilation
- vii. Central & Peripheral line
- viii. Pacemaker



Clinical area/unit	Duration (weeks)	Learning Outcomes	Procedural Competencies/ Clinical Skills	Clinical Requirements	Assessment Methods
Critical Care Unit	2	Develop skill in assessment of critically ill and providing care to patients with critical health conditions	 Assessment of critically ill patients Assisting in arterial puncture, ET tube intubation & exudation ABG analysis & interpretation - respiratory acidosis, respiratory alkalosis, metabolic acidosis, metabolic alkalosis Setting up of Ventilator modes and settings and care of patient on a ventilator Set up of trolley with instruments Monitoring and maintenance of Chest drainage system Bag and Ill15k ventilation Assisting and maintenance of Central and peripheral lines Setting up of infusion pump, defibrillator, Drug administration-infusion, intra cardiac, intrathecal, epidural, Monitoring pacemaker ICU care bundle Management of the dying patient in the ICU 	 Hemodynamic monitoring Different scales used in ICU Communicating with critically ill patients 	 Clinical evaluation OSCE RASS scale assessment Use of VAE bundle VAP, BSI Case Presentation



	SCHOOL: SSNSR	BATCH-2023-2027				
P	PROGRAMME	B.Sc.(NURSING)				
	SEMESTER	IV Semester				
1 Course Code		BSNS403				
2	Course Title	PROFESSIONALISM, PROFESSIONAL VALUES & ETHICS INCLUDING BIOETHICS				
3	Contact Hours-L-D-P	20 hours				
4	Course Status	CC,AECC				
5	Course Objectives	In respective sub-parts				
		CO1- Describe the concept of professionalism and responsibilities of regulatory bodies in nursing				
		CO2- Discuss the importance of professional values in nursing.				
		CO3- Explain ethical principles and concept of bioethics.				
6	Course Outcome	CO4- Discuss ethical issues and dilemmas in nursing and explain the process of ethical decision making				
		CO5- Describe the code of ethics given by INC.				
		CO6- Discuss the rights of patient and families to make right health care decisions.				
		Professionalism: - This course is designed to help students to develop an understanding of professionalism and demonstrate				
7	Course Description	professional behavior in their workplace with ethics and professional values. Further the students will be able to identify ethical issues in nursing practice and participate effectively in ethical decision making along with health team members.				



Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
I	5	Discuss nursing as a profession Describe the concepts and attributes of professionalism	PROFESSIONALISM Profession Definition of profession Criteria of a profession Nursing as a profession	□□Lecture cum Discussion	□□Short answer □□Essay □□Objective type
		Identify the challenges of professionalism Maintain respectful communication and relationship with other health team members, patients and society Demonstrate professional conduct Respect and maintain professional boundaries Between patients, colleagues and society Describe the roles and responsibilities of regulatory bodies and	 Professionalism Definition and characteristics of professionalism Concepts, attributes and indicators of professionalism Challenges of professionalism Personal identity vs professional identity Preservation of self-integrity: threat to integrity, Deceiving patient: withholding information and falsifying records Communication & Relationship with team members: Respectful and open communication and relationship pertaining to relevant interests for ethical decision making Relationship with patients and society Professional Conduct Following ethical principles Adhering to policies, rules and regulation of the institutions Professional etiquettes and behaviors Professional grooming: Uniform, Dress code Professional boundaries: professional relationship with the patients, 	□□Debate □□Role play	



		professional organizations	caregivers and team members		
			Regulatory Bodies & Professional Organizations: Roles & Responsibilities Regulatory bodies: Indian Nursing Council, State Nursing Council Professional Organizations: Trained Nurses Association of India (TNAI), Student Nurses Association (SNA), Nurses League of Christian Medical Association of India, International Council of Nurses (ICN) and International Confederation of Midwives	□□Case based Discussion	
II	5	Discuss the importance of professional values Distinguish between personal values and professional values Demonstrate appropriate professional values in nursing practice	PROFESSIONAL VALUES □ Values: Definition and characteristics of values □ Value clarification □ Personal and professional values □ Professional socialization: Integration of professional values with personal values Professional values in nursing □ Importance of professional values in	Lecture cum Discussion Visit to INC, SNC, TNAI	Short answer Essay Assessment of student's behavior with patients and families



			nursing and health care Caring: definition, and process Compassion: Sympathy Vs empathy, Altruism Conscientiousness Dedication/devotion to work Human dignity Privacy and confidentiality: Incidental disclosure Honesty and integrity: Truth telling Trust and credibility: Fidelity, Loyalty Advocacy: Advocacy for patients, work environment, nursing education and practice, and for advancing the profession		
III	10	Define ethics & bioethics Explain ethical principles Identify ethical Concerns	ETHICS & BIOETHICS Definitions: Ethics, Bioethics and Ethical Principles Beneficence maleficence: Patient safety, protecting patient from harm, Reporting errors Dustice: Treating each person as equal Care without discrimination, equitable access to care and safety of the public Autonomy: Respects patients' autonomy, Self-determination, freedom of choice	Lecture cum Discussion Value clarification exercise Interactive learning Story telling Sharing experiences Scenario based Discussion	Short answer Essay Quiz Reflective diary Case report Attitude test Assessment of





		ass	signmen
Ethical issues and dilemmas in health care	 Ethical issues and ethical dilemma: Common ethical problems Conflict of interest, Paternalism Deception, Privacy and confidentiality 		
	 Valid consent and refusal Allocation of scarce nursing resources Conflicts concerning new technologies Whistle-blowing, Beginning of life issues Abortion, Substance abuse Fetal therapy, Selective deduction Intrauterine treatment of fetal conditions Mandated contraception Fetal injury Infertility treatment End of life issues End of life Euthanasia, Do Not Resuscitate (DNR) Issues related to psychiatric care Non-compliance, Restrain and seclusion Refuse to take food 	Lecture cum Discussion Group discussion with examples □□Flipping/ self-directed learning Role play Story telling Sharing experiences Case based Clinical discussion	
	Process of ethical decision making Assess the situation (collect information) Identify the ethical problem Identify the alternative decisions Choose the solution to the ethical decision Implement the decision Evaluate the decision		

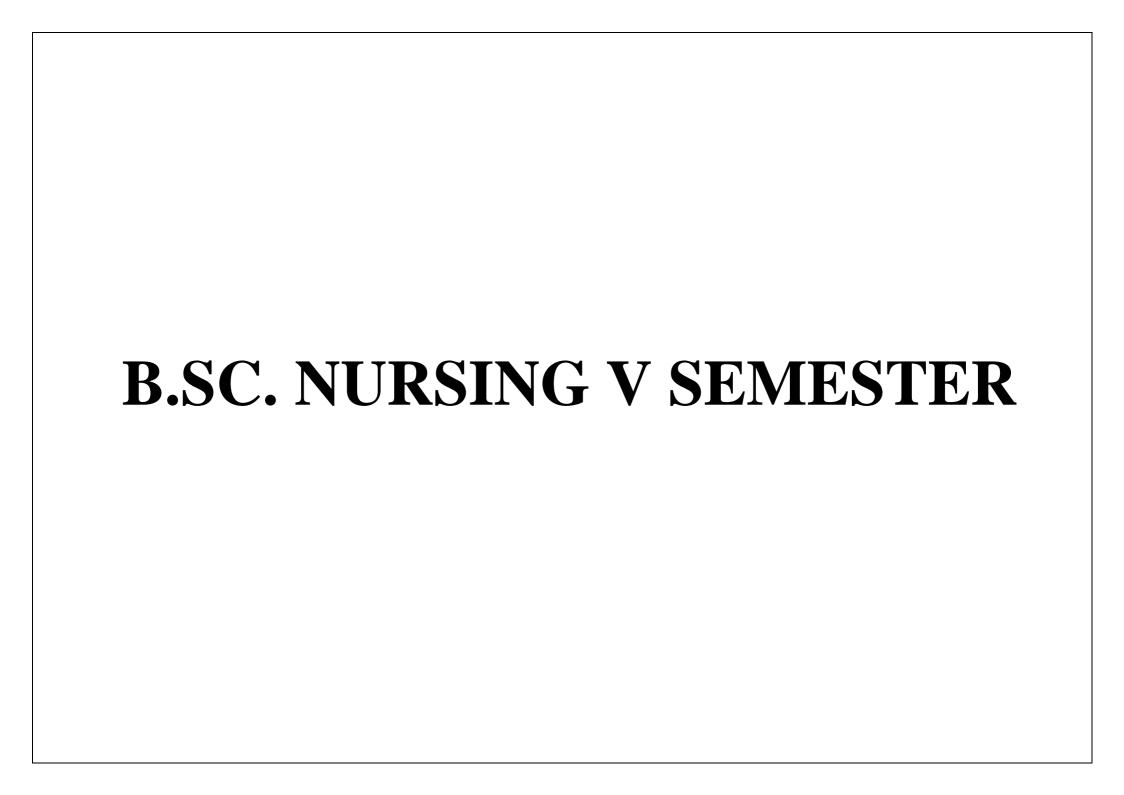


Ethics committee: Roles and	
responsibilities	
Clinical decision making	D 1 1111
• Research	Role modelling
	Group exercise
Code of Ethics	on
 International Council of Nurses (ICN) 	ethical decision-
Indian Nursing Council	making
D. C. A. D. D. D. A. A. M. A. A. A.	following
Patients' Bill of Rights-17 patients'	steps on a given
rights	scenario
Right to emergency medical care	□ □ Assignment
1. Right to safety and quality care	
according to standards	
2. Right to preserve dignity	
3. Right to non-discrimination	
4. Right to privacy and confidentiality	
5. Right to information	
6. Right to records and reports	
7. Right to informed consent	
8. Right to second opinion	
9. Right to patient education	
10. Right to choose alternative treatment options if available	
11. Right to choose source for obtaining medicines or tests	
12. Right to proper referral and transfer, which is free from perverse	
commercial influences	
13. Right to take discharge of patient or	
receive body of deceased from hospital	
14. Right to information on the rates to	
be charged by the hospital for each	
type of service provided and facilities	



available on a prominent display board and a brochure 16. Right to protection for patients involved in clinical trials, biomedical and health research 17. Right to be heard and seek redressed		
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Course BSNS 403							
CO1	Professionalism, professional	2	1	1	1	1	1
CO2	values and ethics including bioethics	1	1	2	1	1	1
CO3		1	1	2	1	1	1
CO4		1	1	3	2	1	1
CO5		1	1	3	2	1	1
CO6		2	2	2	1	1	2
AVERA	AVERAGE, BSNS 403		1.17	2.17	1.33	1.00	1.17





	SCHOOL: SSNSR	BATCH-2023-2027
	PROGRAMME	B.Sc. (NURSING)
	SEMESTER	V SEMESTER
1	Course Code	
2	Course Title	Child Health Nursing-I including essential new born care (ENBC), FBNC, MINCI & PLS,
		Module
3	Contact Hours-L-D-P	260
4	Course Status	CC, AECC, SEC, DSE
5	Course Objectives	In respective sub-parts
6	Course Outcome	CO1 Define and describe the modern concept of child care, national policy programs, legislation in relation to child health and welfare, major causes of death in childhood and role of pediatric nurse in caring for a hospitalized child. CO2 Explain growth and development of healthy child, identify the needs and nutritional requirements of children in different age group, CO3 Explain nursing care of a neonate CO4 Apply the nursing process in management of common childhood diseases. CO5 Support integrated management of neonatal and childhood illnesses by performing various activities. CO6 Describe nursing management of childhood emergencies and performing CPR.
7	Course Description	This course is designed for developing an understanding of the modern approach to child-care, identification, prevention and nursing management of common health problems of neonates and children.



Outline Syllabus: BSNS101 (CHILD HEALTH NURSING-1)

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Objectives	Content	Teaching Learning Activities	Assessment methods
I	10(T)	Explain the modern concept of child-care Describe role of preventive pediatrics	 Introduction: Modern concepts of childcare Historical development of child health Philosophy and modern concept of child-care Cultural and religious considerations in child-care National policy and legislation in relation to child health and welfare National programs and agencies related to welfare services to the children Internationally accepted rights of the child Changing trends in hospital care, preventive, primitive and curative aspect of child health 	Lecture Discussion Demonstration of common pediatric procedures	Short answer Objective type Assessment of skills with checklist
	10(T)	Describe National policy, programs and legislation in relation to child health & welfare	 National policy and legislation in relation to child health and welfare National programs and agencies related to welfare services to the children Internationally accepted rights of the child Changing trends in hospital care, preventive, primitive and curative aspect of child health 	Lecture Discussion Demonstration of common pediatric procedures	Short answer Objective type Assessment of skills with checklist
	10(T)	Describe role of preventive pediatrics	 Preventive pediatrics: Concept, Immunization Immunization programs and cold chain. Care of under-five and Under-five Clinics/Wellbaby clinics 	Lecture Discussion Demonstration of common pediatric procedures	Short answer □ Objective type Assessment of skillswith checklist



List major causes of death during infancy, early & late childhood	 Preventive measures towards accidents Child morbidity and mortality rates 		
Differentiate between an adult and child in terms of illness and response	Difference between an adult and child which affect response to illness:- o Physiological o Psychological o Social o Immunological	Lecture Discussion Demonstration of common pediatric procedures	Short answer Objective type Assessment of skillswith checklist
Describe the major functions & role of the pediatric nurse in caring for a hospitalized child	 Hospital environment for sick child Impact of hospitalization on the child and family Communication techniques for children Grief and bereavement The role of a child health nurse in caring for a hospitalized child 	Lecture Discussion Demonstration of common pediatric procedures	Short answer Objective type Assessment of skillswith checklist
Describe the principles of child health nursing and perform child health nursing procedures	 Principles of pre and postoperative care of infants and children. Child Health Nursing procedures: Administration of medication: oral, I/M, & I/V Calculation of fluid requirement Application of restraints Assessment of pain in children.: - FACES pain rating scale FLACC scale 	Lecture Discussion Demonstration of common pediatric procedures	Short answer Objective type Assessment of skillswith checklist



			Numerical scale		
II	12(T)	Describe the normal growth &development of children at different ages	 The Healthy Child Definition and principles of growth and development Factors affecting growth and development Growth and development from birth to adolescence Growth and developmental theories (Freud, Erickson, Jean Piaget, Kohlberg) 	Lecture Discussion ☐ Demonstration ☐	Short answer Objective type Assessment of field visits and developmental studyreports
		Identify the needs of children at different ages & provide parental guidance	The needs of normal children through the stages of developmental and parental guidance	Developmental study of infant and children Field visit child guidance clinic	Short answer Objective type Assessment of field visits and developmental study reports
		Identify the nutritional needs of children at different ages & ways of meeting needs	Nutritional needs of children and infants :- • breast feeding • exclusive breast feeding • Supplementary/artificial feeding and weaning	Videos on breast feeding	Short answer Objective type Assessment of field visits and developmental study reports
III	15 (T)	Identify the role of play for normal & sick children Provide care to normal	 Baby friendly hospital concept Types and value of play and selection of play material Nursing care of neonate 	Observation study of normal & sick child Modular based teaching: ENBC and	Short answer Objective type Assessment of field visits and developmental studyreports



		and high- risk neonates Perform neonatal resuscitation	 Appraisal of Newborn □ Nursing care of a normal newborn/essential newborn care ,Kangaroo mother care Neonatal resuscitation 	FBNC module (oral drills, videos, self-evaluation exercises Workshop on neonatal resuscitation: NRP module	OSCE Short answer Objective type OSCE Short answerObjective type
		Recognize and manage common neonatal problem	Nursing management of common neonatal disorder:- Hyperbilirubinemia Hypothermia, Hyperthermia Metabolic disorder Neonatal infections Neonatal seizures Respiratory distress syndrome Retinopathy of Prematurity Organization of neonatal care unit Neonatal equipment	Demonstration /Practice Session □ Clinical practice /Lecture Discussion	OSCE □ Short answer Objective type
IV	10(T)	Apply principles and strategies of IMNCI	Integrated management of neonatal and childhood Illnesses	Modular based teaching: IMNCI module Clinical practice/field	OSCE Short answer Objective type
V	8(T)	Describe the etiology, pathophysiology, clinical manifestation	Nursing management in common childhood diseases • Respiratory system: □	Lecture Discussion Demonstration □ Practice session □	Short answer □ Objective type □ Assessment of skills



		and nursing management of children with disorders of respiratory, and endocrine system	 Identification and Nursing management of congenital malformations □ Congenital disorders: Tracheoesophageal fistula, Diaphragmatic hernia Others: Acute nasal pharyngitis, Tonsillitis, Croup, Bronchitis, Bronchiolitis, Pneumonia, Asthma Endocrine system: Juvenile Diabetes mellitus, Hypo-thyroids 	Clinical practice	with checklist
VI	5(T)	Develop ability to meet childhood emergencies perform child CPR	Childhood emergencies ☐ Accidents — causes and prevention, Poisoning, Foreign bodies, Hemorrhage, Burns and PLS (AHA Guidelines)	Lecture Discussion Demonstration PLS Module/ Workshop	OSCE

CO1	Child Health Nursing-I including essential new	3	1	2	1	1	2
CO2	born care (ENBC),	2	2	2	2	1	2
CO3	FBNC, MINCI & PLS, Module	1	2	2	2	1	2
CO4	Wisduic	2	3	2	1	1	1
CO5		1	3	2	1	1	1
CO6		2	2	2	1	2	1
A	AVERAGE			2	1.3	1.7	1.5



	SCHOOL: SSNSR	BATCH-2023-2027				
PF	ROGRAMME	B.Sc. (NURSING				
S	EMESTER	V& VI SEMESTER				
1	Course Code					
2	2 Course Title Child health Nursing - I & II CLINICAL (3 Credits – 240 hours)					
3	Contact Hours-clinical	240 Hours				
4	Course Status	CC,SEC				
5	Course Objectives	In respective sub-parts				
6	Course Outcome	On completion of the course, the students will be able to CO1: -Perform assessment of children: health, developmental & anthropometric.CO2:- Provide nursing care to children with various medical disorders. CO3:-Provide pre & postoperative care to children with common pediatric surgical conditions/malformation. CO4:-Perform immunization as per NIS. CO5:-Provide nursing care to critically ill children. CO6:-Give health education/nutritional education to parents.				
7	Course Description	 Skill Lab:- Use of Manikins and Simulators PLS, CPAP, Endotracheal Suction Administration of medication 				



	•	Specimen collection □
	•	Urinary catheterization and drainage □
	•	Ostomy care
	•	Feeding – NG, gastrostomy, Jejunostomy □
	•	Wound dressing □
	•	Suture removal

8. Outline Syllabus: BSNS101 (CHILD HEALTH NURSING-V, VI)

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Objectives	Content	Teaching Learning Activities	Assessmentmethods
Pediatric Medical Ward	V SEM - 2 weeks VI SEM - 1 week	Provide nursing care to children with various medical disorders	 Taking pediatric history □ Physical examination & assessment of children □ Administration of oral, I/M, & I/V medicine/fluids □ Calculation of fluid replacement □ Preparation of different strengths of I/V fluids □ Application of restraints □ Administration of O2 inhalation by different methods □ Baby bath/sponge bath □ Feeding children spoon, Paladai cup □ Collection of specimens for common investigations 	 Nursing care plan – 1 □ Case study/ presentation – 1 	 Assess performance with rating scale □ Assess each skill withchecklist OSCE/OSPE Evaluation of case study/ presentation □ Completion of activityrecord



Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Objectives	Content	Teaching Learning Activities	Assessmentmethods
Pediatric OPD/ Immunization room	V SEM -1 week	 Perform assessment of children: health, developmental & anthropometric Perform immunization Give health education/ nutritional education 	 Assessment of children o Health assessment o Developmental assessment o Anthropometric assessment o Nutritional assessment □ Immunization □ Health/Nutritional education □ 	 Growth and developmental study: Infant – 1 Toddler – 1 Preschooler – 1 Scholar – 1 Adolescent – 1 	 Assess performancewith rating scale Completion of activityrecord.
NICU & PICU	VI SEM − 1 week □	Provide nursing care to critically ill children	 Care of a baby in incubator/warmer Care of a child on ventilator, CPAP Endotracheal Suction □ Chest Physiotherapy □ Administration of fluids with infusion pumps □ Total Parenteral Nutrition □ Phototherapy □ Monitoring of babies □ Recording & reporting □ Cardiopulmonary Resuscitation (PLS) 	 Newborn assessment – 1 □ Nursing Care Plan – 1 □ 	 Assess performancewith rating scale Evaluation of observation Report Completion of activityrecord



	SCHOOL: SSNSR	BATCH-2023-2027			
	PROGRAMME	B.Sc. (NURSING)			
SI	EMESTER	V SEMESTER			
1	Course Code				
2	Course Title	Mental Health Nursing I			
3	Contact Hours-L-D-P	140			
4	Course Status	CC, AECC, SEC, DSE			
5	Course Objectives	In respective sub-parts			
6	Course Outcome	CO1- Discuss the scope and current trends in mental health nursing CO2- Describe principles and concept of mental health nursing CO3- Demonstrate assessment of mental health status and use therapeutic nurse patient relationship CO4- Analysis the treatment modalities and therapies used in mental disorders CO5- Explain classification, etiology, psychopathology, clinical manifestation of patient with different psychiatric disorders. CO6- Describe nursing management of patient with mood disorders, neurotic, stress related and somatization disorders.			
7	Course Description	This course is designed to develop basic understanding of the principles and standards of mental health nursing and skill in application of nursing process in assessment and care of patients with mental health disorders.			



Unit	Time (Hrs)	Le	earning Objectives	Content	Teaching Learning Activities	Assessment methods
I	6	•	Describe the Historical development & current trends in mental health nursing		Lecture cum Discussion	Essay Short answer
		•	Discuss the scope of mental health nursing	 Mental health team Nature & scope of mental health nursing Role & functions of mental health nurse in various 		
		•	Describe the concept of normal & abnormal behavior	settings and factors affecting the level of nursing practice Concepts of normal and abnormal behavior		
II	10	•	Define the various terms used in mental health Nursing	Principles and Concepts of Mental Health Nursing • Definition: mental health nursing and terminology used	Lecture cum Discussion Explain using Charts Review of personality	Essay Short answer
		•	Explain the classification of mental disorders	, ,	development	
		•	Explain the psychodynamics of maladaptive Behavior	 Etiology bio-psycho-social factors Psychopathology of mental disorders: review of structure and function of brain, limbic system and 		
		•	Discuss the etiological factors & psychopathology of mental disorders	abnormal neurotransmissionPrinciples of Mental health NursingEthics and responsibilities		
		•	Explain the principles and standards of Mental health Nursing	 Practice Standards for Psychiatric Mental Health Nursing (INC practice standards) Conceptual models and the role of nurse: Existential model, Psychoanalytical models 		
		•	Describe the conceptual models of mental health nursing	 Behavioral model, Interpersonal model Preventive psychiatry and rehabilitation 		



III	6	Describe nature, purpose and	Mental Health Assessment	Lecture cum	Essay
		process of assessment of mental	History taking	Discussion	Short answer
		health status	 Mental status examination 	Demonstration	Assessment of
			 Mini mental status examination 	practice session	mental health
			Neurological examination	Clinical practice	status
			• Investigations: Related Blood chemistry, EEG, CT & MRI, Psychological tests		
IV	6	Identify therapeutic	Therapeutic Communication and Nurse- Patient	Lecture cum	Essay
		communication & techniques	Relationship	Discussion	Short answer
		domination of total ques	• Therapeutic communication: Types, techniques,	Demonstration	OSCE
		 Describe therapeutic 	characteristics and barriers	Role Play	
		relationship	Therapeutic nurse-patient relationship	Process recording	
		•	Interpersonal relationship-	Simulation (video)	
		 Describe therapeutic 	• Elements of nurse patient contract,		
		impasses and its interventions			
			Therapeutic impasse and its management		
V	10	Explain treatment	Treatment modalities and therapies used	Lecture cum	Essay
		modalities and	in mental disorders	Discussion	Short answer
		therapies used in	Physical therapies: Psychopharmacology, Electro	Demonstration	Objective type
		mental disorders and	Convulsive therapy	Group work	
		role of the nurse	Psychological Therapies: Psychotherapy, Behavior	Practice session	
			therapy, CBT	Clinical practice	
			Psychosocial : Group therapy, Family therapy, Therapeutic		
			Community, Recreational therapy, Art therapy (Dance,		
			Music etc.), Occupational therapy		
			Alternative & Complementary: Yoga, Meditation,		
			Relaxation		
			Consideration for special populations		



VI	8	Describe the etiology, psychodynamics/pathology, clinical manifestations, diagnostic criteria and management of patients with Schizophrenia, and other psychotic disorders		Lecture and Discussion Case discussion Case presentation Clinical practice	Essay Short answer Assessment of Patient management problems
VII	6	Describe the etiology, psycho-dynamics, clinical manifestations, diagnostic criteria and management of patients with mood disorders	Nursing management of patient with mood disorders Prevalence and incidence Mood disorders: Bipolar affective disorder, mania depression and dysthymia etc. Etiology, psycho dynamics, clinical manifestation, diagnosis Nursing Assessment History, physical and mentalassessment Treatment modalities and nursing management of patients with mood disorders Geriatric considerations/ considerations for special populations Follow-up and home care and rehabilitation	Lecture and Discussion Case discussion Case presentation Clinical practice	Essay Short answer Assessment of Patient management problems



VIII	8	Describe the etiology,	Nursing management of patient with	Lecture and	Essay
		psycho-dynamics, clinical	neurotic, stress related and somatization	Discussion	Short answer
		manifestations, diagnostic criteria	disorders	Case discussion	Assessment of
		and management of patients with	 Prevalence and incidence classifications 	Case presentation	patient
		neurotic, stress related and	 Anxiety disorders – OCD, PTSD, Somatoform 	Clinical practice	management
		somatization disorders	disorders, Phobias, Dissociative and Conversion		problems
			disorders		
			• Etiology, psychodynamics, clinical manifestation,		
			diagnostic criteria/ formulations		
			Nursing Assessment: History, Physical and mental		
			assessment		
			 Treatment modalities and nursing management of 		
			patients with neurotic and stress related disorders		
			Geriatric considerations/ considerations for special		
			populations		
			 Follow-up and home care and rehabilitation 		

CO1		2	1	1	1	2	1
CO2	MENTAL HEALTH	2	1	2	2	1	1
CO3	NURSING- I	2	2	2	2	1	1
CO4		2	1	2	1	2	1
CO5		2	2	2	2	1	2
CO6		2	2	2	2	1	2
AVERAGE		2	1.5	1.8	1.7	1.3	1.3



	SCHOOL: SSNSR		BATCH-2023-2027			
	PROGRAMME		B.Sc. (NURSING)			
SEN	SEMESTER		V, VI Semester			
1 Course Code						
2	Course Title		Practical: Mental Health Nursing I & II			
3	Contact Hours-L-D-P		240			
4	Course Status		CC, AECC, SEC, DSE			
5	Course Objectives		In respective sub-parts			
		CO1-	Discuss the scope and current trends in mental health nursing			
		CO2-	Describe principles and concept of mental health nursing			
		CO3-	Demonstrate assessment of mental health status and use therapeutic nurse patient relationship			
6	Course Outcome	CO4-	Analysis the treatment modalities and therapies used in mental disorders			
Ů,	Course outcome	CO5-	Explain classification, etiology, psychopathology, clinical manifestation of patient with different psychiatric disorders.			
		CO6-	Describe nursing management of patient with mood disorders, neurotic, stress related and somatization disorders.			
		This cour	rse is designed to develop basic understanding of the principles and standards of mental health nursing and			
7	Course Description	skill in ap	plication of nursing process in assessment and care of patients with mental health disorders.			



Syllabus of Mental Health Nursing-Practical:

Clinical	Duration	Learning Outcomes	Skills/Procedural Competencies	Clinical Requirements	Assessments Methods
Area/Unit	(Weeks)				
Psychiatric OPD	2	Assess patients with mental health problems Observe and assist in therapies Counsel and educate patients, and families	History taking Perform mental status examination (MSE) Observe/practice Psychometric assessment Perform neurological examination Observing and assisting in therapies Individual and group psychoeducation Mental hygiene practice education Family psycho-education	History taking and Mental status examination – 2 Health education – 1 Observation report of OPD	Assess performance with rating scale Assess each skill with checklist Evaluation of health education Assessment of observation report Completion of activity record
Child Guidance clinic	1	Assess children with various mental health problems Counsel and educate children, families and significant others	History & mental status examination Observe/practice psychometric assessment Observe and assist in various therapies Parental teaching for child with mental deficiency	Case work – 1 Observation report of different therapies – 1	Assess performance with rating scale Assess each skill with checklist Evaluation of the observation report
Inpatient	4	Assess patients with	History taking	Give care to 2-3 patients	Assess performance with



ward		mental health problems	Mental status examination (MSE)	with various mental	rating scale
		Provide nursing care for	Neurological examination	disorders	Assess each skill with
		patients with various	Assisting in psychometric	Case study – 1	checklist
		mental health problems	assessment	Care plan	
		Assist in various therapies	Recording therapeutic	Clinical presentation – 1	Evaluation of the case
		Counsel and educate	communication	Process recording – 2	study, care plan, clinical
		patients,	Administration of medications	Maintain drug book	presentation, process
		families and	Assist Electro-Convulsive Therapy (ECT)		recording Completion of activity
		significant others	Participating in all therapies Preparing patients for Activities		record
			of Daily Living (ADL)		
			Conducting admission and		
			discharge counselling		
			Counseling and teaching patients		
			and families		
Community	1	Identify patients with	Conduct home visit and case	Case work – 1	Assess performance with
psychiatry		various mental disorders	work	Observation report on	rating scale
psycinatry		Motivate patients for early	Identifying individuals with	field visits	Evaluation of case workand
& DE addiction		treatment and follow up	mental health problems	Visit to DE addiction	observation report
		Assist in follow up clinic	Assisting in organizations of	center	Completion of activity
center		Counsel and educate	Mental Health camp		record
		patient, family and	Conducting awareness meetings		
		community	for mental health & mental illness		
		Observe the assessment	Counselling and Teaching family		
		and care of patients at	members, patients and		
		DE addiction center	community		
			Observing DE addiction care		



	SCHOOL: SSNSR	BATCH-2023-27	
PROGRAMME		B.Sc.(NURSING)	
	SEMESTER	V SEMESTER	
1	Course Code		
2	Course Title	Community Health Nursing I including Environmental science and epidemiology	
3	Contact Hours-L-D-P	260	
4	Course Status	CC,SEC,DSE	
5	Course Objectives	In respective sub-parts	
6	Course Outcome	CO1 Define concepts, scope, principals and historical development of community health. CO2 Explain health care planning and organization of health care at various level. Describe communication skills in changing behavior. CO3 Discuss environment health, ecosystem and various acts related to environmental protection. Discuss the roles and function of school health nurse. CO4 Explain nutritional assessment, diet plan and nutritional counselling for all age groups focusing on national nutrition Programs in India CO5 Describe community health nursing approach and specific activities in assisting individuals as well as families to promote and maintain their health. CO6 Describe the concept, approach and methods of epidemiology and management of communicable and non-communicable diseases.	
7	Course Description	This course is designed to help students develop broad perspectives of health, its determinants, about community health nursing and understanding about the health care delivery services, health care policies and regulations in India. It helps the students to develop knowledge and understanding of environmental science It also helps the students to develop knowledge and competencies required to screen, assess, diagnose, manage and refer clients appropriately in various health care settings. It prepares the students to provide primary healthcare to clients of all ages in the community, DH, PHC, CHC, SC/HWC and develop beginning skills in participating in all the National Health Programs.	



8. Outline Syllabus: Community Health Nursing-I

Unit	Time	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/Learning	Assessment
	(Hrs)			Activities	Methods
I	4 (T)	Define public health, community health and community health nursing Explain the evolution of publichealth in India and scope of community health nursing Explain various concepts of health and disease, dimensions and determinants of health Explain the natural history of disease and levels of prevention Discuss the health problems of India	 Concepts of Community Health and Community Health Nursing Definition of public health, community health andcommunity health nursing Public health in India and its evolution and Scope of community health nursing Review: Concepts of Health & Illness/ disease: Definition, dimensions and determinants of healthand disease Natural history of disease Levels of prevention: Primary, Secondary & tertiary prevention – Review Health problems (Profile) of India 	 Lecture Discussion Explain using chart, graphs Community needs assessment (Field survey on identification ofdemographic characteristics, health determinants and resources of a rural and an urban community) Explain using examples 	Short answerEssayObjective typeSurvey report
II	8 (T)	Describe health planning and its steps, and various health plans, and committees Discuss health care delivery	 Health Care Planning and Organization of Health Care at various levels Health planning steps Health planning in India: various committees and commissions on health and family welfare and Five Year plans Participation of community and stakeholders in health planning Health care delivery system in India: Infrastructure and Health sectors, Delivery of health services at sub-center (SC), PHC, CHC, District level, state level and national level Sustainable development goals (SDGs), Primary 	 Lecture Discussion Field visits to CHC, PHC, SC/ Health Wellness Centers (HWC) 	 Short answer Essay Evaluation of Field visit reports & presentation



		system in India at various levels escribe SDGs, primary health care and comprehensive primary health care (CPHC) Explain health care policies and regulations in India	Health Care and Comprehensive Primary Health Care (CPHC): elements, principles CPHC through SC/Health Wellness Center (HWC) Role of MLHP/CHP National Health Care Policies and Regulations National Health Policy (1983, 2002, 2017) National Health Mission (NHM): National Rural Health Mission (NRHM), National Urban Health Mission (NUHM), NHM National Health Protection Mission (NHPM) AYUSHMAN Bharat Universal Health Coverage	Directed reading	
III	15 (T)	Identify the role of an individual in the conservation of natural resources	 Environmental Science, Environmental Health, and Sanitation Natural resources: Renewable and non- renewable resources, natural resources and associated problems: Forest resources, water resources, mineral resources, food resources, energy resources and land resources Role of individuals in conservation of natural resources, and equitable use of resources for sustainable lifestyles Ecosystem: Concept, structure and functions of ecosystems, Types & Characteristics – Forest ecosystem, Grassland ecosystem, Desert ecosystem, Aquatic ecosystem, Energy flow in ecosystem Biodiversity: Classification, value of bio-diversity, threats to biodiversity, conservation of biodiversity Environmental pollution: Introduction, causes, effects and control measures of Air pollution, Water pollution, Soil pollution, Marine pollution, 	 Lecture Discussion Debates on environmental protection and preservation Explain using Charts, graphs, Models, films, slides 	Short answer Essay Field visit reports



awareness about the social issues related to environment List the Acts related to environmental protection and preservation • Role of nurse in prevention of pollution • Solid waste management, human excreta disposal & management and sewage disposal and management Commonly used insecticides • All & Hotse pollution • Role of nurse in prevention of pollution • Solid waste management, human excreta disposal & management Commonly used insecticides		issues related to environment List the Acts related to environmental protection and preservation Describe the concept of environmental health and	Solid waste management, human excreta disposal & management and sewage disposal and management	Directed reading Visits to water supply & purification sites Observe rain water harvesting plants Visit to sewage disposal and treatment sites, and waste disposal sites
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	Describe water conservation, rain water harvesting and water shed management Explain waste management			
IV	Describe the various nutrition assessment methods at the community level Plan and provide diet plans for all age groups including therapeutic diet Provide nutrition counseling and education to all age groups and describe	Nutrition Assessment and Nutrition Education Review of Nutrition Concepts, types Meal planning: aims, steps & diet plan for different age groups Nutrition assessment of individuals, families and community by using appropriate methods Planning suitable diet for individuals and families according to local availability of foods, dietary habits and economic status General nutritional advice Nutrition education: purpose, principles & methods and Rehabilitation	 Lecture Discussion Demonstration Role play Market visit Nutritional assessment for different age groups Lecture Discussion 	Performance assessment of nutrition assessment for different age groups Evaluation on nutritional assessment reports Short answer Essay



		the national nutrition programs and Identify early the food borne diseases, and perform initial management and referral appropriately	 Review: Nutritional deficiency disorders National nutritional policy & programs in India Food Borne Diseases and Food Safety Food borne diseases Definition, & burden, Causes and classification Signs & Symptoms Transmission of food borne pathogens & toxins Early identification, initial management and referral Food poisoning & food intoxication Epidemiological features/clinical characteristics, Types of food poisoning Food intoxication-features, preventive & control measures Public health response to food borne diseases 	 Field visits to milk purification plants, slaughterhouse Refer Nutrition module-BPCCHN Block 2-unit I & UNIT 5 	• Field visit reports
V	6 (T)	Describe behavior change communication skills	Communication management and Health Education Behavior change communication skills communication Human behavior Health belief model: concepts & definition, ways to influence behavior Steps of behavior change Techniques of behavior change: Guiding principles in planning BCC activity Steps of BCC Social and Behavior Change Communication strategies (SBCC): techniques to collect social history from clients Barriers to effective communication, and methods to overcome them	 Lecture Discussion Role play Demonstration: BCC skills Supervised field practice Refer: BCC/SBCC module (MOHFW &USAID) 	 Short answer Essay Performance evaluation of health education sessions to individuals and families



		Counsel and provide health education to individuals, families and community for promotion of healthy life style practices using appropriate methods and media	Health promotion and Health education: methods/techniques, and audio-visual aids		
VI	7 (T)	Describe community health nursing approaches and concepts Describe and identify the activities of community health nurse to promote and maintain family health through home visits Provide primary care at home/centers (HWC) using standing orders/ protocols as per public health standards/approved by MOH&FW and INC regulation Develop skill in maintenance of records and reports	Community health nursing approaches, concepts, roles and responsibilities of community health nursing personnel Approaches: Nursing process Epidemiological approach Problem solving approach Evidence based approach Empowering people to care for themselves Review: Primary health care and Comprehensive Primary Health Care (CPHC) Home Visits: Concept, Principles, Process, & Techniques: Bag technique Qualities of Community Health Nurse Roles and responsibilities of community health nursing personnel in family health services Review: Principles & techniques of counselling C. Maintenance of health records and reports Maintenance of client records Maintenance of health records at the facility level Report writing and documentation of activities carried out during home visits, in the clinics/centers and field visits	 Lecture Discussion Demonstration Role plays prevised field practice Document and maintain: Individual records 	 Short answer Essays Assessment of supervised field practice Assessment of procedural skills in lab procedures Evaluation of records and reports



		Develop beginning skills in handling social issues affecting the health and development of the family	 F. Sensitize and handle social issues affecting health and development of the family Women empowerment Women and child abuse Abuse of elders Female feticide Commercial sex workers Substance abuse 	Family records Health center records	
		Identify and assist the families to utilize the community resources appropriately	 G. Utilize community resources for client and family Trauma services Old age homes Orphanages Homes for physically challenged individuals Homes for destitute Palliative care centers Hospice care centers Assisted living facility 	• Field visits	Evaluation of field visit reports
VIII	(T)	Describe the concepts, approaches and methods of epidemiology	Introduction to Epidemiology – Epidemiological Approaches and Processes • Epidemiology: Concept and Definition • Distribution and frequency of disease • Aims & uses of epidemiology • Epidemiological models of causation of disease • Concepts of disease transmission • Modes of transmission: Direct, Indirect and chain of infection • Time trends or fluctuations in disease occurrence • Epidemiological approaches: Descriptive, analytical and experimental • Principles of control measures/levels of	 Lecture Discussion Demonstration Role play Field visits: communicable disease hospital & Entomology office Investigation of an epidemic of 	 Short answer Essay Report on visit to communicable disease hospital Report on visit to entomologyoffice



		Investigate an epidemic of communicable disease	 prevention of disease Investigation of an epidemic of communicable disease Use of basic epidemiological tools to make community diagnosis for effective planning and intervention 	communicable disease	 Report and presentation on investigating an epidemic of communicable disease
IX	15 (T)	Explain the epidemiology of specific communicable diseases Describe the various methods of prevention, control and management of communicable diseases and the role of nurses in screening, diagnosing, primary management and referral to a health facility Identify the national health programs relevant to communicable diseases and explain the role of nurses in implementation of these programs	Communicable Diseases and National Health Programs 1. Communicable Diseases – Vector borne diseases (Every disease will be dealt under the following headlines) • Epidemiology of the following vector borne dess • Prevention & control measures • Screening, and diagnosing the following conditions, primary management, referral and follow up • Malaria • Filarial • Kala-azar • Japanese encephalitis • Dengue • Chikungunya 2. Communicable diseases: Infectious diseases (Every disease will be dealt under the following headlines) • Epidemiology of the following infectious diseases • Prevention & Control measures • Screening, diagnosing the following conditions, primary management, referral and follow up	 Lecture Discussion, Demonstration Role play Suggested field visits Field practice Assessment of clients with communicable diseases 	 Field visit reports Assessment of family case study OSCE assessment Short answer Essay



T T		1
	∘ Leprosy	
	o Tuberculosis	
	Vaccine preventable diseases – Diphtheria,	
	whooping cough, tetanus, poliomyelitis and	
	measles	
	• Enteric fever	
	• Viral hepatitis	
	• HIV/AIDS/RTI	
	infections	
	 HIV/AIDS, and Sexually Transmitted Diseases/ 	
	Reproductive tract infections (STIs/RTIs)	
	• Diarrhea	
	 Respiratory tract infections 	
	• COVID-19	
	• Helminthic – soil & food transmitted and parasitic	
	infections – Scabies	
	3. Communicable diseases: Zoonotic diseases	
	 Epidemiology of Zoonotic diseases 	
	 Prevention & control measures 	
	 Screening and diagnosing the following 	
	conditions, primary management, referral and	
	follow up	
	o Rabies: Identify, suspect, primary management	
	and referral to a health facility	
	Role of a nurses in control of communicable	
	diseases	
	National Health Programs	
	• UIP: Universal Immunization	
	Programs (Diphtheria, Whooping	
	cough, Tetanus, Poliomyelitis, Measles	
	and Hepatitis B)	
	National Leprosy Eradication Programs(NLEP)	
	• National Leprosy Eradication Programs(NLEP)	



			 Revised National Tuberculosis Control Programs(RNTCP) Integrated Disease Surveillance Programs		
X	15 (T)	Describe the national health Program for the control of non- communicable diseases and the role of nurses in screening, identification, primary management and referral to a health facility	Non-Communicable Diseases and National Health Programs(NCD) National response to NCDs (Every disease will be dealt under the following headlines Epidemiology of specific diseases Prevention and control measures Screening, diagnosing/ identification and primary management, referral and follow up care NCD-1 Diabetes Mellitus Hypertension Cardiovascular diseases Stroke & Obesity Blindness: Categories of visual impairment and national Program for control of blindness Deafness: national Program for prevention and control of deafness Thyroid diseases Injury and accidents: Risk factors for Road traffic injuries and operational guidelines for trauma care facility on highways NCD-2 Cancers Cervical Cancer	 Lecture Discussion Demonstration Role play Suggested field visits Field practice Assessment of clients with non-communicable diseases Participation in national health programs 	 Field visit reports Assessment of family case study OSCE assessment Short answer Essay



∘ Breast Cancer	
o Oral cancer	
 Epidemiology of specific cancers, Risk factors/ 	
Causes, Prevention, Screening, diagnosis – signs,	
Signs & symptoms, and early management &	
referral	
o Palliative care	
o Role of a nurse in non- communicable disease	
control program	
National Health Programs	
o National Program for prevention and control	
of cancer, Diabetes, Cardiovascular Diseases	
and Stroke (NPCDCS)	
National Program for control of blindness	
 National Program for prevention and control 	
ofdeafness	
 National tobacco control program 	
 Standard treatment protocols used in National Health Programs 	
Causes, Prevention, Screening, diagnosis – signs,	
Signs & symptoms, and early management &	
referral	
o Palliative care	
o Role of a nurse in non- communicable disease	
control program	
r r	
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				of cancer, Dia and Stroke (NI • National Program of deafness • National tobac • Standard treatment Health Program	ram for preventing the property of the propert					
XI	3 (T)	activities and	he school health d the role a school health	Components oMaintenance o	ns of school child f school health se of school health re planning of school	rvices ecords	LectureDiscussDemonsRole plaSuggestField pr	ion stration ay ed field visits	• Es • Ev he co scl • Sc dia ma ref ch • OS	raluation of alth unseling to nool children reen, agnose, anage and fer school ildren
	CC	D1			3	3	1	2	1	1
	CC)2	Community He		3	2	2	3	1	1
	CO3		including Envir		3	3	2	2	2	2
	CO4		<i>⊙</i> √	3 3		3	2	1	2	
	CC				2	2	2	1	1	1
	CC				2	2	2	1	1	2
	AVER	AGE			2.7	2.5	2	1.8	1.2	1.5



CLINICAL PRACTICUM- Community Health Nursing I including Environmental science and epidemiology

CLINICAL: 2 Credits (160 hours)

CLINICAL POSTINGS: (4 weeks × 40 hours per week)

Clinical	Duration	Learning Outcomes	Procedural Competencies/	Clinical Requirements	Assessment	
Area/Unit	(Weeks)		Clinical Skills		Methods	
Urban	2 weeks	Build and maintain rapport	Interviewing skills using communication and	Community needs assessment/ Survey	• Evaluation of survey report	
Rural	2 Weeks	Identify the socio- demographic characteristics, health determinants and	interpersonal relationship	Rural/urban – 1Field visits:SC/HWC, PHC,CHC		
		resources of a rural and an urban community	• Conducting community needs assessment/survey to identify	• Water resources &purification site – water quality standards	• Evaluation of field visit and	
		con	health determinants of a community	Rain water harvesting	observation reports	
			Community	Sewage disposal Observation of	Toports	
		Observe the functioning anddocument significant	Observation skills	• milk diary		
		observations	• Observation skins	• slaughterhouse –meat hygiene		
				Observation of nutrition programs		
		Perform nutritional		Visit to market		
		assessment and plan dietplan for adult	Nutritional assessment skills	• Nutritional assessment of an individual (adult) –1		
		Educate individuals/		• Health teaching(Adult) – 1		
		family/community on	 Skill in teaching 	• Use of audio-visual aids		
		- Nutrition	individual/family on:	o Flash cards		
		- Hygiene	o Nutrition, including food	o Posters		
		- Food hygiene	hygiene and safety	o Flannel graph		
			o Healthy lifestyle	∘ Flip charts		



 Healthy lifestyle Health promotion Perform health assessment for clients of various age groups Maintain records and reports 	 Health promotion Health assessment including nutritional assessment for clients of different age groups Documentation skills 	 Health assessment of woman – 1, infant/under five –1, adolescent – 1, adult – 1 Growth monitoring of under-five children –1 Document and maintain: Individual record Family record Health center record Community health survey to investigate anepidemic – 1 	 Health talk evaluation Assessment of clinical performance Evaluations of reports & records
Investigate epidemic of communicable disease Identify prevalent communicable and non-communicable diseases Screen, diagnose, manage and refer clients with common health problems in the community and refer high risk clients using standing orders/protocols	 Investigating an epidemic – Community health survey Screening, diagnosing, primary management of common health problems in the community and referral of high-risk clients to FRUs Conduct home visit 	Screening, diagnosing and primary management and referral: • Communicable disease – 1 • Non- communicable diseases – 1 • Home visits – 2 • Participation in any two national health programs • Participation in school health Program –1	 Clinical performance assessment OSCE Final clinical examination Evaluation of home visit
Participate in implementation of nationalhealth programs Participate in school healthprogram	 Participation in implementation of national health programs Participation in school health program 		



	SCHOOL: SSNSR		BATCH-2023-2027	
	PROGRAMME		B.Sc. (NURSING)	
	SEMESTER		V SEMESTER	
1	Course Code			
2	Course Title		Educational Technology/ Nursing Education	
3	Contact Hours-L-D-P		80	
4	Course Status		CC, AECC, DSE	
5	Course Objectives		In respective sub-parts	
		CO1 Desc	ribe communication process and techniques of effective communication	
6	Course Outcome	CO2 Expl	ain interpersonal relations and human relations	
			onstrate the principles of education and teaching learning process and develop skills in ance and counselling	
		•	sify the methods of learning and educational media	
		CO5 Evalu	uate different types of questions for assessment of knowledge skills & attitudes	
			teaching for individuals, groups and communities about health with their active cipation.	
		This course is designed	to help novice nursing students develop knowledge and competencies	
7		required to provide evi	dence-based, comprehensive basic nursing care for adult patients, using	
, ,	Course Description	nursing process approa	nch.	



UNIT	UNIT TIME T P		OUTCOME		LEARNI TEACHI ACTIVIT	NG	ASSESSMENT METHOD
I	6	3	Explain the definition, aims, types, approaches and scope of educational Technology Explain the definition, aims, types, approaches and scope of educational technology Compare and contrast the various educational philosophies	Introduction and Theoretical Foundations: Education and educational technology Definition, aims Approaches and scope of educational technology Latest approaches to education: Transformational education Relationship based education Competency based education Educational philosophy: Definition of philosophy, education and philosophy Comparison of educational philosophies Philosophy of nursing education Teaching learning process: Definitions Teaching learning as a process Nature and characteristics of teaching and learning Principles of teaching and learning Barriers to teaching and learning Learning theories Latest approaches to learning Experiential learning	Lecture discussion	cum	Quiz



UNIT	TIME		LEARNING	CONTENT	LEARNING	ASSESSMENT
	Т	P	OUTCOME		TEACHING ACTIVITIES	METHOD
П	6	6	Identify essential qualities/attributes of a teacher	 Reflective learning Scenario based learning Simulation based learning Blended learning Assessment and Planning Assessment of teacher 	Group exercise: ☐ Create/discuss scenario-based exercise	Assessment of Assignment: Learning theories – analysis of any one
			Describe the teaching styles of faculty Explain the determinants of learning and initiates self-assessment to identify own learning style Identify the factors that motivate the learner Define curriculum and classify types Identify the factors influencing curriculum development Develop skill in	 Essential qualities of a teacher Teaching styles – Formal authority, demonstrator, facilitator, delegator Assessment of learner Types of learners Determinants of learning – learning needs, readiness to learn, learning styles Today's generation of learners and their skills and attributes Emotional intelligence of the learner Motivational factors – personal factors, environmental factors and support system Curriculum Planning Curriculum – definition, types 	Self-assessment exercise: ☐ Identify your learning style using any learning style inventory (ex. Kolb's learning style inventory) ☐ Lecture cum discussion Individual/group exercise: ☐ Writing learning outcomes lesson plan	Short answer □ Objective type
			writing learning outcomes, and lesson plan	Curriculum design – components, Approaches • Curriculum development – factors		Assessment of Assignment: □ Individual/



III	8	15	Explain the principles and strategies of classroom management	 influencing curriculum development, facilitators and barriers Writing learning outcomes/ behavioral objectives Basic principles of writing course plan, unit plan and lesson plan Implementation Teaching in Classroom and Skill lab – Teaching Methods Classroom management-principles and strategies Classroom communication Facilitators and Barriers to classroom communication 	Lecture cum Discussion	Short answer Objective type
			Describe different methods/strategies of teaching and develop beginning skill in using various teaching methods Explain active learning strategies and participate actively in team and collaborative learning	Information communication technology (ICT) – ICT used in education Teaching methods – Features, advantages and disadvantages • Lecture, Group discussion, • microteaching • Skill lab – simulations, • Demonstration & re-demonstration • Symposium, panel discussion, • seminar, scientific workshop, • exhibitions • Role play, project • Field trips • Self-directed learning (SDL) • Computer assisted learning	Practice teaching/Micro teaching □ Exercise (Peer teaching) session □ Construction of game – puzzle □ Teach groups – interdisciplinary	Assessment of microteaching



IV	3	Enumerate the factors influencing selection of clinical learning experiences Develop skill in using different clinical teaching strategies Explain the purpose,	 One-to-one instruction Active learning strategies Team based learning Problem based learning Peer sharing Case study analysis Journaling Debate Gaming professional education Teaching in the Clinical Setting – Teaching Methods Clinical learning environment Factors influencing selection of clinical learning experiences Practice model Characteristics of effective clinical teacher Writing clinical learning outcomes/practice competencies Clinical teaching strategies – patient assignment – clinical conference, clinical presentation/bedside clinic, Case study/care study, nursing rounds, concept mapping, project, debate, game, role play, PBL, questioning, written assignment, process recording Educational/Teaching Media 	Lecture cum discussion Writing clinical outcomes — assignments in pairs	Short answer
		principles and steps in the use of media	 Media use – Purpose, components, principles and steps 	discussion □ Preparation of	Objective type



Categorize the different types of media and describe its advantages and disadvantages Develop skill in preparing and using media	 Types of media Still visuals Non projected – drawings & diagrams, charts, graphs, posters, cartoons, board devices (chalk/white board, bulletin board, flannel board, flip charts, flash cards, still pictures/photographs, printed materials-handout, leaflet, brochure, flyer Projected – film stripes, microscope, power point slides, overhead projector	different teaching aids – (Integrate with practice teaching sessions)	☐ Assessment of the teaching media prepared
	Digital audio Electronic media/computer learning resources Computers Web-based videoconferencing E-learning, Smart classroom Telecommunication (Distance		



VI	5	3	Describe the purpose, scope, principles in selection of evaluation methods and barriers to evaluation	 education) Cable TV, satellite broadcasting, videoconferencing Telephones – Telehealth/telenursing Mobile technology 	Lecture cum discussion	Short answer Objective type
			Explain the guidelines to develop assessment tests Develop skill in construction of different tests Identify various clinical evaluation tools and demonstrate skill in selected tests	Assessment/Evaluation Methods/Strategies Purposes, scope and principles in selection of assessment methods and types Barriers to evaluation Guidelines to develop assessment tests Assessment of knowledge: Essay type questions, Short answer questions (SAQ) Multiple choice questions (MCQ – single response & multiple response) Assessment of skills: Clinical evaluation Observation (checklist, rating scales, videotapes) Written communication – progress notes, nursing care plans, process recording, written assignments Verbal communication (oral examination) Simulation	Exercise on constructing assessment tool/s	Assessment of tool/s prepared



				 Objective Structured Clinical Examination (OSCE) Self-evaluation Clinical portfolio, clinical logs Assessment of Attitude: Attitude scales Assessment tests for higher learning: Interpretive questions, hot spot questions, drag and drop and ordered response questions 		
VII	3	3	Explain the scope, purpose and principles of guidance Differentiate between guidance and counseling Describe the principles, types, and counseling process Develop basic skill of counseling and guidance Recognize the importance of preventive counseling and develop skill to respond to disciplinary problems and grievance	Guidance/academic advising, counseling and discipline Guidance Definition, objectives, scope, purpose and principles Roles of academic advisor/ faculty in guidance Counseling Difference between guidance and counseling Definition, objectives, scope, principles, types, process and steps of counseling Counseling Counseling Counseling skills/techniques – basics Roles of counselor Organization of counseling services Issues for counseling in nursing students Discipline and grievance in students Managing disciplinary/grievance problems – preventive guidance & counseling Role of students' grievance	Lecture cum discussion Role play on student counseling in different situations Assignment on identifying situations requiring counseling	Assessment of performance in role play scenario Evaluation of assignment



			among students	• red	ressed cell/comm	nittee				
VIII	4	2	importance of value based education Develop skill in ethical decision making and maintain ethical standards for students Introduce knowledge of EBT and its application in nursing education	Teachi Educa Ethics Val Val Eth Stu Evi Intr Evi and	cation es — Review Definition of terms Value based education in nursing Value development strategies Ethical decision making Ethical standards for students tudent-faculty relationship Evidence based teaching — Entroduction Evidence based education process and its application to nursing ducation			Value clarification exercise ☐ Case study analysis (studencountered scenarios) and suggest ethica decision-mak steps ☐ Lecture discussion	ent d al ing	Quiz
C	CO1				1	1	1	2	3	1
C	CO ₂				2	2	2	2	1	1
C	CO3 Educational Technology/		y/	2	2	2	2	1	1	
			nursing education	0,		1	1	1	1	
	CO5				1	1	1	2	1	1
C	CO6				2	1	3	1	1	2
	AVERAGE				1.5	1.3	1.7	1.7	1.3	1.2



	School- SSNSR	Batch- 2023-2027					
	PROGRAMME	BSc. Nursing					
	SEMESTER	V Semester					
1	Course Code						
2	Course Title	Introduction to forensic nursing and Indian law					
3	Course Hours	20					
4	Course Status	CC, AECC, DSE, SEC					
5	Course Objectives	 Upon completion of the course, the students will be able to - Identify forensic nursing as an emerging specialty in healthcare and nursing practice. Explore the history and scope of forensic nursing practice. Identify forensic team, role and responsibilities of forensic nurse in total care of victim of violence and in preservation of evidence. Develop basic understanding of the Indian judicial system and legal procedures 					
6	Course Outcome	CO1- Describe the nature of forensic science. Discuss issues related to violence. CO2- Describe the scope and concepts of forensic nursing practice for nurses. CO3- Identify forensic team members and discuss their roles. CO4- Discuss the fundamental and human rights as per Indian constitution. CO5- Discuss the role of Indian judicial system and various laws related to civil and criminal cases. CO6- Explain the importance of POSCO act.					
7	Course Description	This course is designed to help students to know the importance of forensic science in total patient care and to recognize forensic nursing as a specialty discipline in professional nursing practice.					



Units		mes Ir)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
I.	3		Describe the nature of forensic science and disct1s issues concerning violence	Forensic Science	 Lecture cum discussion Visit to Regional Forensic Science Laboratory 	Quiz-MCQWrite visit report
				Violence		
II.	2		Explain concepts of forensic nursing and scope of practice for forensic nurse	 Forensic Nursing Definition History and development Scope - setting of practice, areas of practice and subspecialties Ethical issues Roles and responsibilities of nurse INC & SNC Acts 	Lecture cum discussio nn	 Short answer Objective e type
III.	7		Identify members of forensic team and describe role of forensic nurse	Forensic Team • Members and their roles Comprehensive forensic nursing care of victim and family • Physical aspects • Psychosocial aspects	 Lecture cum Discussion Hypothetical/real ca e presentation Observation of post-mortem 	Objective typeShort answerWrite report

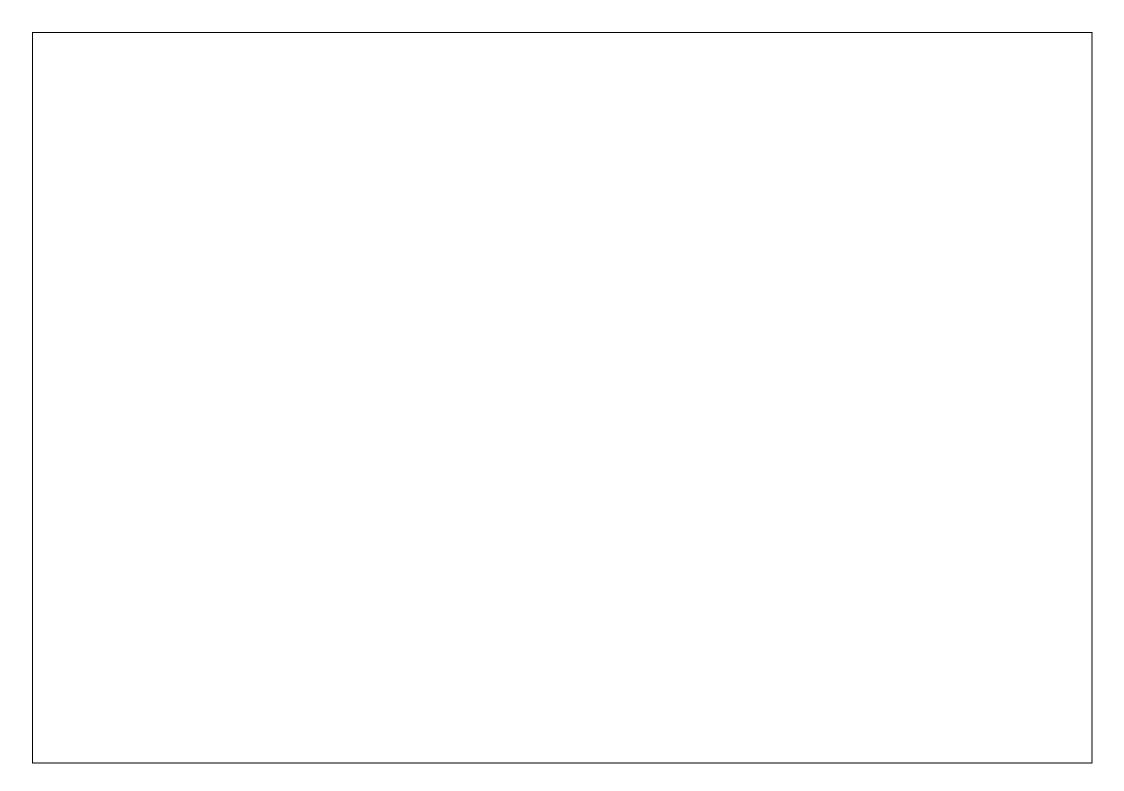


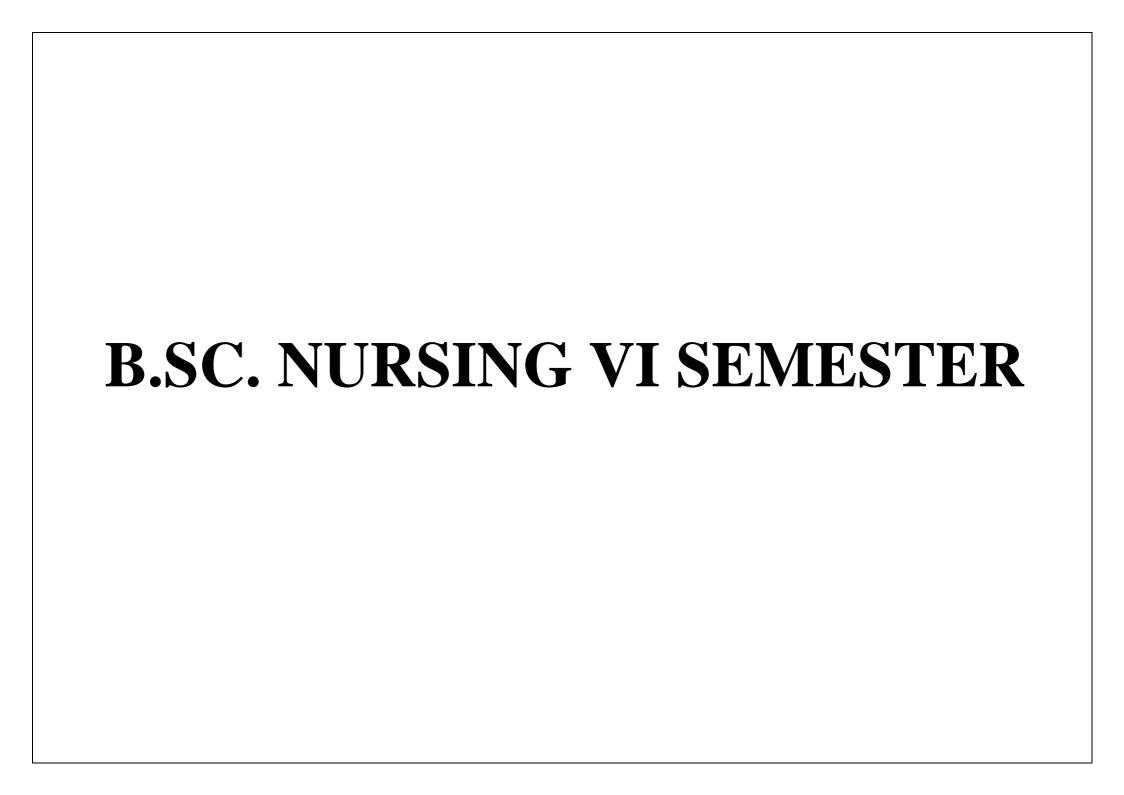
Units	Times (Hr)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessment Method
	T	L	 Cultural and spiritual aspects Legal aspects Assist forensic team in care beyond scope of her practice Admission and discharge/referral/death of victim of violence Responsibilities of the nurse as a witness Evidence preservation - role of nurses 	Visit to department of forensic medicine	
			 Observation Recognition Collection Preservation Documentation of Biological and other evidence related to criminal traumatic event Forwarding biological samples for forensic examination 		
IV.	3	Describe fundamental rights and human rights commission	Introduction of Indian Constitution Fundamental Rights • Rights of victim • Rights of accused Human Rights Commission	 Lecture cum discussion Written Assignment Visit to prison 	 Short answer Assessment of written assignment Write visit report
V.	5	Explain Indian judicial system and laws	Sources of laws and law-making powers Overview of Indian Judicial System • JMFC (Judicial Magistrate First Class)	Lecture cum discussionGuided reading	 Quiz Short answer



	Discuss the importance of POSCO Act	 District State Apex Civil and Criminal Case Procedures IPC (Indian Penal Code) ICPC IE Act (Indian Evidence Act) Overview of POSCO Act 	• Lecture cum discussion	
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CO1		1	1	1	1	1	1
CO2	Introduction to Forensic	1	1	1	1	1	1
CO3	nursing and Indian laws	1	1	1	2	1	1
CO4		2	1	2	2	2	2
CO5		2	1	2	2	1	1
CO6		2	1	2	1	1	1
AVERAGE		1.5	1	1.5	1.5	1.2	1.2







	SCHOOL: SSNSR	BATCH-2023-2027					
	PROGRAMME	B.Sc. (NURSING)					
	SEMESTER	VI SEMESTER					
1	Course Code						
2	Course Title	Child health nursing II					
3	Contact Hours-L-T-P	120					
4	Course Status	CC, DSE, AECC, SEC					
5	Course Objectives	In respective sub-parts					
6	Course Outcome	CO1Describe the etiology, pathophysiology, clinical manifestation and nursing management of cardiovascular system and hematological disorders. CO2 Describe the etiology, pathophysiology, clinical manifestation and nursing management of gastrointestinal. CO3 Describe the etiology, pathophysiology, clinical manifestation and nursing management of nervous system. CO4 Describe the etiology, pathophysiology, clinical manifestation and nursing management of genital-urinary system CO5 Describe the etiology, pathophysiology, clinical manifestation and nursing management of orthopedic disorders, ENT and communicable disease in children CO6 Describe nursing management of behavior and social problems in children.					
7	Course Description	This course is designed for developing an understanding of the modern approach to child-care, identification, prevention and nursing management of common health problems of neonates and children.					



8. Outline Syllabus: BSNS101 (CHILD HEALTH NURSING-II)

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Objectives	Content	Teaching Learning Activities	Assessment methods
I	20(T)	 Describe the etiology, pathophysiology, clinical manifestation and nursing management of children with disorders of cardiovascular, system Describe the etiology, pathophysiology, clinical manifestation and nursing management of children with disorders of gastrointestinal, 	 Cardiovascular system: Identification and Nursing management of congenital malformations Congenital heart diseases: Cyanotic and A cyanotic (ASD, VSD,PDA, TOF) Others: Rheumatic fever and Rheumatic heart disease, Congestive cardiac failure Hematological conditions: Congenital: Hemophilia, Thalassemia Others: Anemia, Leukemia, Idiopathic thrombocytopenic purpura, Hodgkin's and non-Hodgkin's lymphoma Gastro-intestinal system: Identification and Nursing management of congenital malformations. Congenital: Cleft lip, Cleft palate, Congenital hypertrophic pyloric stenosis, 	 Lecture cum discussion Demonstration and practice session 	 Short answer Objective type Assessment of skills with checklist



II	10(T)		 (Mega colon), Anorectal malformation, Malabsorption syndrome, Abdominal wall defects, Hernia Others: Gastroenteritis, Diarrhea, Vomiting, 	Lecture cum discussionDemonstration	 Objective type Assessment of skills
			 Protein energy malnutrition, Intestinal obstruction, Hepatic diseases, intestinal parasites 	Practice sessionClinical practice	with checklist
		Describe the etiology, pathophysiology, clinical manifestation and nursing management of children with disorders of genitourinary	 Genitourinary urinary system: Identification and Nursing management of congenital malformations. Congenital: Wilms tumor, Ext ropy of bladder, Hypospadias, Obstructive Others: Nephrotic syndrome 	\	
		Describe the etiology, pathophysiology, clinical manifestation and nursing management of children with disorders of c nervous system	 Acute glomerulonephritis, renal failure Nervous system: Identification and Nursing management of congenital malformations 		
		Learning objectives	Congenital manormations Congenital: Spinal bifida, Hydrocephalous.		



 management of children with Orthopedic disorders, eye, ear and skin disorders Explain the preventive measures and strategies for children with communicable diseases 	 Others: Meningitis, Encephalitis, Convulsive disorders (convulsions and seizures), Cerebral palsy head injury Orthopedic disorders: Club foot Hip dislocation and Fracture Disorder of eye, ear and skin: Refractory errors Otitis media and Atopic dermatitis Communicable diseases in children, their identification/ diagnosis, nursing management in hospital, in home, control & prevention: Tuberculosis Diphtheria Tetanus Pertussis Poliomyelitis Measles Mumps, and Chickenpox HIV/AIDS Dengue fever 	 Lecture cum discussion □ Field visits to child guidance clinics, school for mentally & physically, socially challenged □ Lecture cum discussion □ Field visits to child guidance clinics, school for mentally & physically, socially challenged 	 Short answer □ Objective type Assessment of skills with checklist Short answer □ Objective type Assessment of skills with checklist
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III	10(t)	 Describe the management of children with behavioral & social problems Identify the social & welfare services for challenged children 	 Eating disorder in children and management Obesity Anorexia nervosa Bulimia Management of challenged children. Mentally Physically Socially Child abuse, Substance abuse Welfare services for challenged children in India 	Lecture cum discussion □ Field visits to child guidance clinics, school for mentally & physically, socially challenged □	 Short answer □ Objective type Assessment of field reports
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CO1		2	1	2	1	1	1
CO2		2	1	2	1	1	1
CO3	Child Health Numeing H	2	1	2	1	1	1
CO4	Child Health Nursing-II	2	1	2	1	1	1
CO5		2	1	2	1	1	1
CO6		2	2	2	2	1	1
AVERAGE		2	1.2	2	1.2	1	1



SCF	HOOL: SSNSR	BATCH-2023-2027					
PROGRAMME		B.Sc. (NURSING)					
SEN	MESTER	VI Semester					
1	Course Code						
2	Course Title	Mental Health Nursing - II					
3	Contact Hours-L-D-P	200					
4	Course Status	CC, AECC, DSE, SEC					
5	Course Objectives	In respective sub-parts					
		CO1- Discuss the nursing management of patient with substance use disorders, personality and sexual disorders					
6	Course Outcome	CO2- Describe nursing management of patient with behavioral and emotional disorders in childhood and adolescent.					
0	Course Outcome	CO3- Describe nursing management of patient with organic brain disorders.					
		CO4- Identify psychiatric emergencies and crisis intervention.					
		CO5- Explain the legal aspects and issues in mental health nursing.					
		CO6- Describe the role of nurse in community mental health services.					
7	Course Description	Mental Health Nursing - II:- This course is designed to provide the students with basic understanding and skills essentialto meet psychiatric emergencies and perform the role of community mental health nurse.					



Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
I	6 (T)	Describe the etiology, psychodynamics, Clinical manifestations, diagnostic criteria and management of patients with substance use disorders	Nursing Management of Patients with Substance Use Disorders • Prevalence and incidence • Commonly used psychotropic substance: classifications, forms, routes, action, intoxication and withdrawal • Psychodynamics/etiology of substance use disorder (Terminologies: Substance Use, Abuse, Tolerance, Dependence, Withdrawal) • Diagnostic criteria/formulations • Nursing Assessment: History (substance history), Physical, mental assessment and drug and drug assay • Treatment (detoxification, Antabuse and narcotic antagonist therapy and harm reduction, Brief interventions, MET, refusal skills, maintenance therapy) and nursing management of patients with substance use disorders • Special considerations for vulnerable population • Follow-up and home care and Rehabilitation	 Lecture cum discussion Case discussion Case presentation Clinical practice 	 Essay Short answer Assessment of patient management problems



II	6 (T)	Describe the	Nursing Management of Patient with		
		etiology, psychodynamics, clinical manifestations, diagnostic criteria and management of patients with personality, and sexual disorders	 Personality and Sexual Disorders Prevalence and incidence Classification of disorders Etiology, psychopathology, characteristics, diagnosis Nursing Assessment: History, Physical and mental health assessment Treatment modalities and nursing management of patients with personality, and sexual disorders Geriatric considerations Follow-up and home care and Rehabilitation 	 Lecture cum discussion Case discussion Case presentation Clinical practice 	 Essay Short answer Assessment of patient management problems
III	8 (T)	Describe the etiology, psychopathology, clinical manifestations, diagnostic criteria and management of childhood and adolescent disorders including mental deficiency	Nursing Management of Behavioral & Emotional Disorders occurring during Childhood and Adolescence (Intellectual disability, autism, attention deficit, hyperactive disorder, eating disorders, learning disorder) • Prevalence and incidence • Classifications • Etiology, psychodynamics, Characteristics, diagnostic criteria/formulations • Nursing Assessment: History, Physical, mental status examination and IQ assessment • Treatment modalities and nursing management of childhood disorders including intellectual disability • Follow-up and home care and Rehabilitation	 Lecture cum discussion Case discussion Case presentation Clinical practice 	 Essay Short answer Assessment of patient management problems



IV	5 (T)		Nursing Management of Organic Brain		
	etio psy- clin mar diag and orga	scribe the slogy, schopathology, schopathology, sical shiftestations, gnostic criteria management of anic brain orders.	 Disorders (Delirium, Dementia, amnestic disorders) Prevalence and incidence Classification Etiology, psychopathology, clinical features, diagnosis and Differential diagnosis Nursing Assessment: History, Physical, mental and neurological assessment Treatment modalities and nursing management of organic brain disorders Follow-up and home care and Rehabilitation 	 Lecture cum discussion Case discussion Case presentation Clinical practice 	 Essay Short answer Assessment of patient management problems
V	eme	ntify psychiatric ergencies and ry out crisis ervention	Psychiatric Emergencies and Crisis Intervention Types of psychiatric emergencies (attempted suicide, violence/ aggression, stupor, delirium tremens and other psychiatric emergencies) and their managements Maladaptive behavior of individual and groups, stress, crisis and disaster(s) Types of crisis Crisis intervention: Principles, Techniques and Process Stress reduction interventions as per stress adaptation model Coping enhancement Techniques of counselling	 Lecture cum discussion Case discussion Case presentation Clinical practice 	 Short answer Objective type



VI			Legal Issues in Mental Health Nursing		
	4 (T)	Explain legal aspects applied in mental health settings and role of the nurse Describe the model of preventive	 Overview of Indian Lunacy Act and The Mental Health Act 1987 (Protection of Children from Sexual Offence) POSCO Act Mental Health Care Act (MHCA) 2017 Rights of mentally ill clients Forensic psychiatry and nursing Acts related to narcotic and psychotropic substances and illegal drug trafficking Admission and discharge procedures as per MHCA 2017 Role and responsibilities of nurses in implementing MHCA 2017 	 Lecture cum discussion Case discussion 	Short answerObjective type
VII	5 (T)	Describe Community Mental health services and role of the nurse	 Community Mental Health Nursing Development of Community Mental Health Services: National mental health policy viz. National Health Policy National Mental Health Program Institutionalization versus Deinstitutionalization Model of Preventive psychiatry Mental Health Services available at the primary, secondary, tertiary levels including rehabilitation and nurses 'responsibilities Mental Health Agencies: Government and voluntary, National and International Mental health nursing issues for special populations: Children, Adolescence, Women Elderly, Victims of violence and abuse, Handicapped, HIV/AIDS etc. 	 Lecture cum discussion Clinical/ field practice Field visits to mental health service agencies 	 Short answer Objective type Assessment ofthe field visit reports



CO1		2	2	1	1	1	1
CO2	Mental Health Nursing II	2	2	1	1	1	1
CO3		2	2	2	1	1	2
CO4		2	2	2	2	1	2
CO5		3	2	3	1	1	2
CO6		2	2	2	2	2	2

AVERAGE



	SCHOOL: SSNSR	BATCH-2023-2027
	PROGRAMME	B.Sc. (NURSING)
	SEMESTER	VI SEMESTER
1	Course Code	
2	Course Title	Nursing Management and Leadership
3	Contact Hours-L-D-P	140
4	Course Status	CC, AECC, DSE, SEC
5	Corse Objectives	In respective sub-parts
6	Course Outcome	CO1- Explore the health care, nursing services in India and functions of management applied to nursing. CO2- Describe the concepts, importance, process and essential elements of planning, organizing, staffing, controlling, directing, organizational behavior and leadership in nursing. CO3- Discuss the role of nursing services in financial management while reviewing the concept and principles of nursing informatics and personal management. CO4- Explain the process of establishing educational institution and its guidelines given by INC. Discuss the planning and organization of a nursing college focusing on staffing and student selection. CO5- Identify various legal issues and laws related to nursing practices. CO6- Discuss various opportunities of professional advancement in nursing.
7	Course Description	DESCRIPTION: This course is designed to enable students to acquire knowledge and competencies in areasof administration, and management of nursing services and education. Further prepares the students to develop leadership competencies and perform their role as effective leaders in an organization.



OUTLINE OF SYLLABUS

T-Theory

Unit	Tim e (Hrs	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/ Learning: Activities	Assessment Methods
I		Explore the health care, development of nursing services and education in India and trends	Health Care and Development of Nursing Services in India Current health care delively system of India - review Planning and development of nursing services and education at global and national scenario Recent trends and issues of nursing service and management	 Lecture cum discussion Directed reading and written assignment 	Short answer questions, Assignment
II	2 (T)	Explain the principles and functions of management applied to nursing Describe the introductory concepts of management as a process	Management Basics Applied to Nursing Definitions, concepts and theories of management Importance, features and levels of management Management and administration Functions of management Principles of management Role of a nurse as a manager Introduction to Management Process Planning Organizing Staffing Directing/Leading Controlling	Lecture and discussion	MCQ Short answer



m	4 (T)	Describe the essential elements of	Planning Nursing Services	• Lecture and	• Formulate mission
		planning	• Vision, Miss ion, philosophy, objectives	Discus-ion	& VisionStatement
			• Nursing service policies-s, procedures and manuals	 Visit to specific 	for thenursing
			 Functional and operational planning 	hospital/ patient care	department/unit
			Strategic planning	units	• Assessment of
			• Program planning - Gantt chart & milestone	 Demonstration of di 	problem- solving
			chart	aster drill in the	exercises
			• Budgeting - concepts, principles, types,	respective setting	Visit Report
			Budget proposal, cost benefit analysis		
			 Planning hospital and patient care unit (Ward) 		
			Planning for emergency and disaster		GI.
IV	4 (T)	-	Organizing	Lecture cum	• Short answer
		organizing including hospital	• Organizing as a process - assignment,	discussion	• Assessment of
		organization	delegation and coordination	 Comparison of 	assignment
			• Hospital - types, functions & organization	organizational structure of	
			Organizational development	various	
			Organizational structure	organizations	
			Organizational charts	 Nursing care delivery 	
			Organizational effectiveness	systems	
			• Hospital administration, Control & line of	-assignment	
			authority		
			 Hospital statistics including hospital utilization 		
			indices		
			 Nursing care delivery systems and trends 		
			• Role of nurse in maintenance of		
			effective organizational climate		
V	6 (T)	Identify the significance of	Staffing (Human resource management)	Lecture and	Formulate Job
		human resource management	 Definition, objectives, components and functions 	discussion	description at different
		(HRM) and material	Staffing & Scheduling	riore proj	levels of care &
		management and discuss its		Games self- assessment,	compare with



e	lements	•Staffing - Philosophy, staffing activities	case discussion and	existing system
		•Recruiting, selecting, deployment	practice	
		•Training, development, credentialing, retaining,		
		promoting transfer terminating superannuation	requirements for a	
		•Staffing units - Projecting staffing	specified ward	
		requirements/calculation of requirements of staff	1	
		resources Nurse patient ratio, Nurse Population ratio as		
		per SIU norms/IPR Norms, and Patient classification]	
		system		
	Explain the procedural steps of	•Categories of nursing personnel including job		
	naterial management	description of all levels		
	G	•Assignment and nursing care responsibilities		
		•Turnover and absenteeism		
		•Staff welfare		
			•Visit to inventory store	
		Discipline and grievances	of the institution	• •Preparation of
	Develop	In-Service Education		duty roster
	managerial skill in inventory	Nature and scope of in-service education		Preparation of
	control and	program		:MMF/records
	actively participate in	Principles of adult learning - review		
	procurement	Planning and organizing in-service educational		
p	process	program		
		Methods, techniques and evaluation		
		Preparation of report		• Preparation of log
				book&
		Material Resource Management, •Procurement,		condemnation
		purchasing process, inventory control & role of		documents Visit Penert
		nurse •Auditing and maintenance in hospital and patient care		Visit Report
		unit		
		Junit .		



VI 5 (T)	Describe the important methods of supervision and guidance	Directing and Leading Definition, principles, elements of directing Supervision and guidance Participat01y management Inter-professional collaboration Management by objectives Team management Assignments, rotations Maintenance of discipline Leadership in management	 Lecture and discussion Demonstration of record & report maintenance in specific wards/departments 	Reports & Records maintained in nursing department/ Preparation of protocols and manuals
VII 4(T)	Discuss the significance and changing trends of nursing leadership Analyze the different leadership styles and develop leadership competencies	 Leadership Definition, concepts, and theories Leadership principles and competencies Leadership styles: Situational leadership, Transformational leadership Methods of leadership development Mentorship/preceptorship in nursing Delegation, power & politics, empowerment, mentoring and coaching Decision making and problem solving Conflict management and negotiation Implementing planned change 	 Lecture cum discussion Self-assessment Report on types of leadership adopted at different levels of health care in the given setting Problem solving/ Conflict management exercise Observation of managerial roles at different levels (middle level mangersward, in charge, ANS) 	Short answer Essay Assessment of exercise/report



VIII	4 (T)	Explain the process of controlling and its activities	 Controlling Implementing standards, policies, procedures, protocols and practices Nursing performance audit, patient satisfaction Nursing rounds, Documentation - records and reports Total quality management - Quality assurance, Quality and safety Performance appraisal Program evaluation review technique (PERT) Bench marking, Activity plan (Gantt chart) Critical path analysis 	Lecture cum discussion Preparation of policies/ protocols for nursing units/ department	Assessment of prepared protocols
IX	4 (T)	Explain the concepts of organizational behavior and group dynamics	Organizational Behavior and Human Relations Concepts and theories of organizational behavior Group dynamics Review - Interpersonal relationship Human relations Public relations in the context of nursing. Relations with professional associations and employee unions Collective bargaining Review - Motivation and morale building Communication in the workplace - assertive communication Committees - importance in the organization, functioning	Lecture and discusion Role play/ exercise - Group dy11amics & human relations	• Short answer • OSCE



IX	4 (T)	Explain the concepts of organizational behavior and group dynamics	 Organizational Behavior and Human Relations Concepts and theories of organizational behavior Group dynamics Review - Interpersonal relationship Human relations Public relations in the context of nursing. Relations with professional associations andemployee unions Collective bargaining Review - Motivation and morale building Communication in the workplace - assertive communication Committees - importance in the organization, functioning 	Lecture and discuss Role play/ exercise - Group dy11amics & human relations	• Short answer • OSCE
X	2 (T)	Describe the financial management related to nursing services	 Financial Management Definition, objectives, elements, functions, principles & scope of financial management Financial planning (budgeting for nursing department) Proposal, projecting requirement for staff, equipment and supplies for - Hospital & patient care units & emergency and units Budget and Budgetary process Financial audit 	 Lecture cum discus-ion Budget proposal review Preparation of budget proposal for a specific department 	Short answerEssayAssessment of a assignment



XI	1 (T)	Review the concepts, principles and methods and use	Nursing Informatics/ Information Management - Review Patient records Nursing records of nursing informatics Use of computers in hospital, college and community Telemedicine & Tele nursing Electronic Medical Records (EMR), EHR	ReviewPractice sessionVisit to departments	Short answer
XII	1 (T)	Review personal management in terms of management of emotions, stress and resilience	Personal Management - Review • Emotional intelligence • Resilience building • Stress and time management - de- stressing • Career planning MANAGEMENT OF NURSING EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTIONS	ReviewDiscussion	
XIII	4 (T)	Describe the process of establishing educational institutions and its accreditation guidelines	Establishment of Nursing Educational Institutions Indian Nursing Council norms and guidelines - Faculty nouns, physical facilities, clinical facilities, curriculum implementation, and evaluation/examination guidelines Coordination with regulatory bodies INC and State Nursing Council Accreditation - Inspections Affiliation with university/State council/board of examinations	 Lecture and discussion Visit to one of the regulatory bodies 	• Visit report



XIV	4(T)	Explain the planning and organizing functions of a nursing college	 Planning and Organizing Philosophy, objectives and miion of the college Organization structure of school/college Review - Curriculum planning Planning teaching and learning experiences, clinical facilities - master plan, time table and clinical rotation Budget planning - faculty, staff, equipment & supplies, AV aids, Lab equipment, library books, journals, computers and maintenance Infrastructure facilities - college, class, - rooms,hostel, library, labs, computer lab, transport facilities Records & reports for students, staff, faculty and administrative Committees and functioning Clinical experiences 	 Directed reading INC Curriculum Preparation of organizational structure of the college Written assignment - writing philosophy of a teaching department Preparation of master plan, time table and clinical rotation 	 Short answer Essay Assessment of assignment
XV	4 (T)	Develop understanding of staffing the college and selecting the students	 Staffing and Student Selection Faculty/staff selection, recruitment and placement, job description Performance appraisal al Faculty development Faculty/staff welfare Student recruitment, admission, clinical placement 	 Guided reading on faculty nom1s Faculty welfare activities report Writing job description of tutors 	Short answerActivity reportAssessment of jobdescription
XVI	4 (T)	Analyze the leadership and management	Directing and Controlling Review - Curriculum implementation and evaluation	Review principles of evaluation	Short answer



т т		T	T	
XVII		Identify various legal issues and	PROFESSIONAL CONSIDERATIONS	
	(T)	laws relevant to nursing practice	Review - Legal and Ethical Issues	
			Nursing as a profession - Characteristics of	
			aprofessional nurse	
			Nursing practice - philosophy, aim and	
			objectives	
			Regulatory bodies - INC and SNC constitution	
			and functions	
			Review - Professional ethics	
			Code of ethics and professional conduct - INC	
			& ICN	
			Practice standards for nursing - INC	
			• International Council for Nurses (ICN)	
			Legal aspects in nursing:	
			Consumer protection act, patient rights	
			Legal terms related to practice, legal system-types	
			of law, tort law & liabilities	
			• Laws related to nursing practice - negligence,	
			malpractice, breach, penalties	
			Invasion of privacy, defamation of character	
			Nursing regulatory mechanisms - registration,	
			licensure, renewal, accreditation, nurse practice	
			act, regulation for nurse practitioner/specialist	
			nursing	
			practice	



XVII	2	Explain various opportunities for	Professional Advancement	• Prepare journal list	Asses ment of
I	(T)	professional advancement	 Continuing Nursing Education 	available in India	assignments
			 Career opportunities Membership with professional organizations national and international Participation in research activities Publications - journals, newspaper 	Write an article - research/ clinical	

CO1		3	2	2	2	2	2
CO2		2	3	2	1	2	1
CO3	Nursing management and	1	1	1	1	2	2
CO4	leadership	2	1	2	2	2	1
CO5		3	2	3	1	2	2
CO6		2	1	1	2	2	2
AVERAGE		2.2	1.7	1.8	1.5	2	1.7



	SCHOOL- SSNSR	Batch- 2023-2027			
	PROGRAMME	BSc. Nursing			
	SEMESTER	VI Semester			
1	Course Code				
2	Course Title	MIDWIFERY/OBSTETRICS AND GYNECOLOGY (OBG) NURSING I INCULDING SBA MODULE			
3	Course Hours L-D-P	340			
4	Course Status	CC, AECC, SEC, , DSE			
5	Course Objectives	On completion of the program, the students will be able to			
		1. Demonstrate professional accountability for the delivery of nursing care as per INC standards/ICM competencies			
		that are consistent with moral, altruistic, legal, ethical, regulatory and humanistic principles inmidwifery practice.			
		2. Communicate effectively with individuals, families and professional colleagues fostering mutual respect andshared			
		decision making to enhance health outcomes.			
		3. Recognize the trends and issues in midwifery and obstetrical nursing.			
		4. Review and describe the anatomy and physiology of human reproductive system and conception.			
		5. Describe and apply physiology in the management of normal pregnancy, birth and puerperium.			
		6. Demonstrate competency in providing respectful and evidence based maternity care for women during theantenatal,			
		intranasal and postnatal period.			
		7. Uphold the fundamental human rights of individuals when providing midwifery care.			
		8. Promote physiologic labor and birth, and conduct normal childbirth.			
		9. Provide evidence based essential newborn care.			
		10. Apply nursing process approach in caring for women and their families.			
		11. Describe the methods of contraception and role of nurse/midwife in family welfare services.			
		12. Recognize the importance of and actively participate in family welfare programs.			
		13. Provide youth friendly health services and care for women affected by gender based violence.			
		,			



6	Course Outcome	In the end of course, the student will be able to CO1 Explain the history and current scenario of midwifery in India, vital health indicators, trends and issues inmidwifery and various national health programs. CO2 Define anatomy & Describe the diagnosis & Describe the
7	Course Description	This course is designed for students to develop knowledge and competencies on the concepts and principles of midwifery. It helps them to acquire knowledge and skills in rendering respectful maternity care to woman during antenatal, intra natal and postnatal periods in hospitals and community settings. It further helps todevelop skills in managing normal neonates and participate in family welfare programs.



Unit	Time	Learning outcome	Content	Teaching learning activity	AssessmentMethods
I	8(T)	Explain the history and current scenario of midwifery in India Review vital health Describe the various national health programs related to RMNCH+A	 Introduction to midwifery History of midwifery in India Current scenario: Trends of maternity care in India Midwifery in India – Transformative education for relationship based and transformative midwifery practice in India Vital health indicators – Maternal mortality ratio, Infant Mortality Rate, Neonatal Mortality Rate, perinatal mortality rate, fertility rates Maternal death audit National health programs related to RMNCH+A (Reproductive Maternal 	 Discussion Demonstration Role play Directed reading and assignment: ICM competencies Scenario based learning 	 Short answer Objective type Essay Quiz
		Identify the trends and issues in midwifery	Newborn and Child Health + Adolescent Health) Current trends in midwifery and OBG nursing: o Respectful maternity and newborn care (RMNC) o Midwifery-led care units (MLCU) o Women centered care, physiologic birthing and DE medicalization of birth		



	- Dividing a section binds for the
Discuss the legal and ethical issues relevant to midwifery practice	o Birthing centers, water birth, lotus
	birth
	o Essential competencies for
	midwifery practice (ICM)
	o Universal rights of child-bearing
	women
	o Sexual and reproductive health
	and rights
	o Women's expectations & choices
	about care
	Legal provisions in midwifery practice
	in India:
	INC/MOH&FW regulations
	ICM code of ethics
	Ethical issues in maternal and
	neonatal care
	Adoption laws, MTP act, Pre-
	Natal Diagnostic Test (PNDT)
	Act, Surrogate mothers
	Roles and responsibility of a
	midwife/Nurse practitioner midwife
	in different settings (hospital/
	6 (Tr



			community)Scope of practice for midwives		
II	6 (T) 3 (L)	Review the anatomy and physiology of human reproductive system	Anatomy and physiology of human reproductive system and conception (Maternal, Fetal & Newborn physiology) Review: Female organs of reproduction Female pelvis – bones, joints, ligaments, planes, diameters, landmarks, inclination, pelvic variations Fetal skull – bones, sutures fontanelles, diameters, molding Fetal pelvic relationship Physiology of menstrual cycle, menstrual hygiene Fertilization, conception and implantation Embryological development Placental development and function, placental barrier Fetal growth and development Fetal circulation & nutrition	 Lecture Discussion Self-directed learning Models Videos & films 	QuizShort answerEssay
III	12 (T) 10 (L) 40 (C)	Provide preconception care to eligible couples	Assessment and management of normal pregnancy (ante-natal): Pre-pregnancy Care	LectureDiscussionDemonstration	
			Review of sexual development (Self)	Self-Learning	



	Learning)	Health talk
	 Socio-cultural aspects of human 	Role play
	sexuality (Self Learning)	Counseling
	Preconception care	session
Describe the	Pre-conception counseling (including)	Case discussion/
physiology, assessment	awareness regarding normal birth)	
and management of		• presentation
normal pregnancy	• Genetic counseling (Self Learning)	Simulation
	Planned parenthood	
	Pregnancy assessment and antenatal	Supervised
	care (I, II & III Trimesters)	clinical practice
	Normal pregnancy	-
	Physiological changes during	
	PregnancyAssess and confirm pregnancy:	
	Assess and commit pregnancy:Diagnosis of pregnancy – Signs,	
	differential diagnosis and	
	confirmatory	
	• tests	
	 Review of maternal nutrition & 	
	 malnutrition 	
	Building partnership with women	
	• following RMC protocol	
	Fathers' engagement in maternity	
	care Ante-natal care:	
	1st Trimesters	



A 1
Antenatal assessment: History
taking,
physical examination, breast
examination, laboratory investigation
Identification and management of
minor discomforts of pregnancy
Antenatal care: as per GOI
guidelines
Antenatal counseling (lifestyle
changes,
 nutrition, shared decision making,
risky
• behavior, sexual life during
pregnancy,
• immunization etc.)
Danger signs during pregnancy
Respectful care and compassionate
• communication
Recording and reporting: as per the
GOI
• guidelines
Role of Doula/ASHAs
II Trimester
 Antenatal assessment: abdominal
o palpation, fetal assessment,
 auscultate fetal heart rate – Doppler
o and pin nard's stethoscope
 Assessment of fetal well-being:
o DFMC, biophysical profile, Non
o stress test, cardio-topography, USG,
 Vibrio acoustic stimulation,
o biochemical tests.



A manufal arms
Antenatal care
Women centered care
Respectful care and compassionate
communication
Health education on IFA, calcium
o and vitamin D supplementation,
o glucose tolerance test, etc.
Education and management of
o physiological changes and
o discomforts of 2nd trimester
Rh negative and prophylactic
o anti D
Referral and collaboration,
o empowerment
Ongoing risk assessment
Maternal Mental Health
III Trimester
Antenatal assessment: abdominal
palpation, fetal assessment,
auscultate
fetal heart rate – Doppler and
pin nard's
• stethoscope
Education and management of
physiological changes and
discomforts of 3rd trimester
Third trimester tests and screening
Fetal engagement in late pregnancy
Childbirth preparation classes
Cinidon di preparadon ciasses



IV	12 (T) 12 (L) 80 (C)	Apply the physiology of labor in promoting normal childbirth	 Birth preparedness and complication readiness including micro birth planning Danger signs of pregnancy – recognition of ruptured membranes Education on alternative birthing positions – women's preferred choices, birth companion Ongoing risk assessment Cultural needs Women centered care Respectful and compassionate communication Health education on exclusive breastfeeding Role of Doula/ASHA's Physiology, management and care during labor Normal labor and birth 	 Lecture Discussion Demonstration 	 Essay type Short answer
		Describe the management and care during labor	 Onset of birth/labor Per vaginal examination (if necessary) Stages of labor Organization of labor room – Triage, preparation for birth Positive birth environment Respectful care and communication Drugs used in labor as per GOI guidelines 	 Demonstration Bedside clinics Case discussion/ presentation Simulated practice Supervised Clinical practice – Per vaginal examination Conduction of 	 Objective type Case study evaluation Assessment of skills with check list OSCE



Discuss how to maintain a safe environment for labor	 First Stage Physiology of normal labor Monitoring progress of labor using /labor care guide Assessing and monitoring fetal well being Evidence based care during 1st stage of labor Pain management in labor Psychological support – Managing fear Activity and ambulation during first stage of labor Nutrition during labor Promote positive childbirth experience for women Birth companion Role of Doula/ASHA's Second stage Physiology (Mechanism of labor) Signs of imminent labor Intrapartum monitoring Birth position of choice Vaginal examination Psychological support Non-directive coaching 	 normal childbirth Refer SBA module Laisha guidelines Daksha guidelines 	
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	Evidence based management of
	physiological birth/Conduction of
	normal childbirth
	Essential newborn care (ENBC)
	Immediate assessment and care of
	the newborn
	Role of Doula/ASHA's
	Third Stage
	Physiology – placental separation
	and expulsion, hemostasis
	Physiological management of
	third stage of labor
	Active management of third stage
	of labor (recommended)
	Examination of placenta,
	membranes and vessels
	Assess perineal, vaginal tear/
	injuries and suture if required
	Insertion of postpartum IUCD
	Immediate perineal care
	Initiation of breast feeding
	Skin to skin contact
	Newborn resuscitation
	Founth Store
Ensure initiation of breast	Fourth Stage Observation, Critical Analysis and
feeding and	Management of mother and newborn
adequate latching	Maternal assessment, observation
adequate fateling	• fundal height, uterine consistency,
	Tundar neight, define consistency,



			 urine output, blood loss Documentation and Record of birth Breastfeeding and latching Managing uterine cramp Alternative/complementary therapies Role of Doula/ASHA's Various childbirth practices Safe environment for mother and newborn to promote bonding Maintaining records and reports 		
V	(T) 6 (L) 40 (C)	Describe the physiology, management and care of normal puerperium	 Postpartum care/Ongoing care of women Normal puerperium – Physiology, duration Post-natal assessment and care facility and home-based care Perineal hygiene and care Bladder and bowel function Minor disorders of puerperium and its management Physiology of lactation and lactation management Postnatal counseling and psychological support 	 Lecture Discussion Demonstration Health talk Simulated practice Supervised clinical practice Refer SBA module 	



VI 7 (T) 7 (L) 40 (C)	Discuss the need for and provision of compassionate, family centered midwifery care of the newborn Describe the assessment and care of normal neonate Explain various methods of family	 Normal postnatal baby blues and recognition of post-natal depression Transition to parenthood Care for the woman up to 6 weeks after childbirth Cultural competence (Taboos related to postnatal diet and practices) Diet during lactation-review Post-partum family planning Follow-up of postnatal mothers Drugs used in the postnatal period Records and reports Normal neonates Family centered care Respectful newborn care and communication Normal Neonate – Physiological adaptation Newborn assessment – Screening for congenital anomalies Care of newborn up to 6 weeks after newborn) Skin to skin contact and thermoregulation Infection prevention Immunization Minor disorders of newborn and its management Family welfare services 	 Lecture Discussion Demonstration Simulated practice session Supervised clinical practice Refer safe deliver app module – newborn management Partial completion of SBA module Lecture Supervised 	 Essay type Short answer Objective type Assessmentof skills with checklist OSCE Essay type Short answers
2 (L)	methods of family		 Supervised 	 Short answers



40 (C)	planning and role of nurse/midwife in providing family planning services Describe youth friendly services and role of nurses/midwives Recognize the role of nurses/midwives in gender based violence	 Impact of early/frequent childbearing Comprehensive range of family planning methods Temporary methods – Hormonal, non-hormonal and barrier methods Permanent methods – Male sterilization and female sterilization Action, effectiveness, advantages, disadvantages, myths, misconception and medical eligibility criteria (MEC) for use of various family planning methods Emergency contraceptives Recent trends and research in contraception Family planning counseling using Balanced Counseling Strategy (BCS) Legal and rights aspects of FP Human rights aspects of FP adolescents Youth friendly services – SRHR services, policies affecting SRHR and attitude of nurses and midwives in provision of services (Review) Importance of follow up and recommended timing 	 practice Field visits Scenario based learning Discussion GoI guidelines – injectable contraceptives, oral contraceptives, IUCD, male and female sterilization 	 Objective type Field visit reports Vignettes
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 and role of nurse/midwife Special courts for abused people Gender sensitive health services including family planning
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CO1	Midwifery/Obstetrics And Gynecology (OBG) Nursing- I Including SBA	3 2	2	2	2 2	2	2 2
CO3	Module	2	1	2	2	1	2
CO4		3	2	2	1	1	2
CO5		2	2	2	1	1	2
CO6		2	2	1	2	1	2
	AVERAGE	2.3	1.7	1.8	1.7	1.2	2

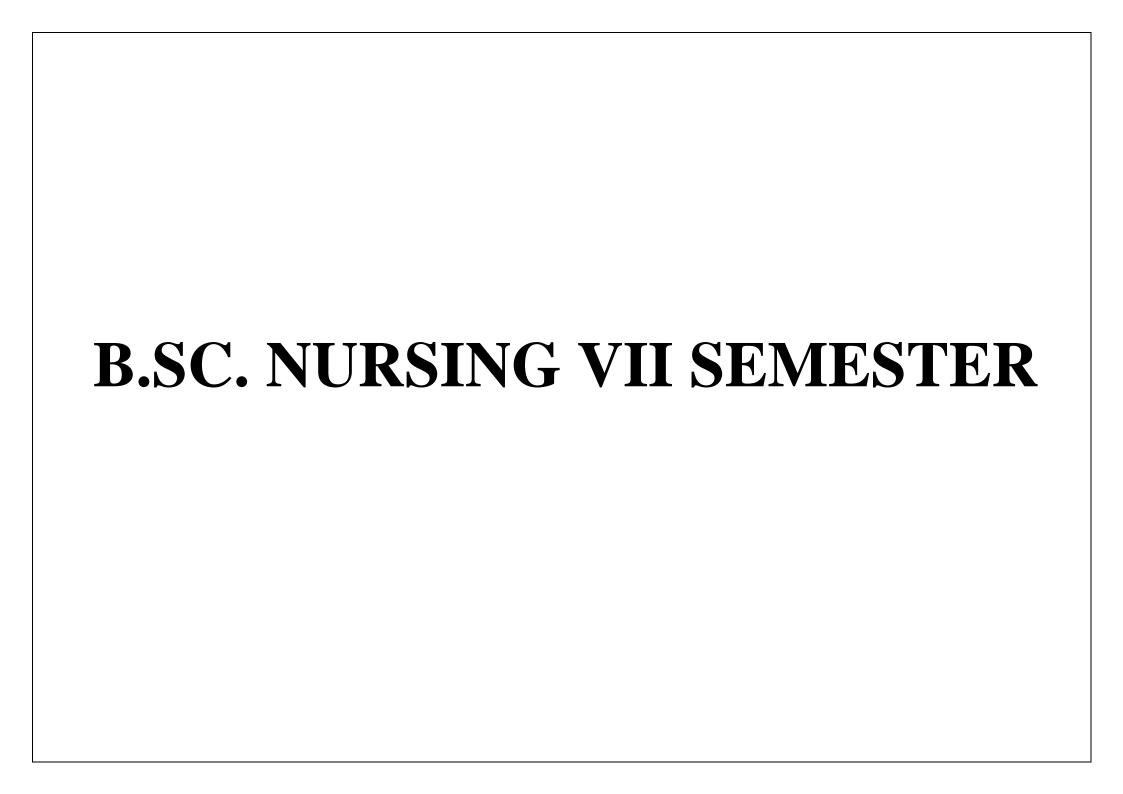


CLINICAL POSTINGS (6 weeks × 40 hours per week = 240 hours)

Clinical Area	Duration (weeks)	Clinical Learning Outcomes	Procedural Competencies/ Clinical Skills	Clinical Requirements	Clinical Requirements
Antenatal OPD and Antenatal ward	1 week	 Perform antenatal Assessment Perform laboratory tests for antenatal women and assist in selected antenatal diagnostic procedures Counsel antenatal women 	 History collection Physical examination Obstetric examination Pregnancy confirmation test Urine testing Blood testing for Hemoglobin, grouping & typing Blood test for malaria KICK chart USG/NST Antenatal counseling Preparation for childbirth Birth preparedness and complication readiness 	 Antenatal palpation Health talk Case study 	OSCECasepresentation
Labor	3 weeks	Monitor labor using partograph Provide care to women during labor Conduct normal childbirth, provide care to mother and immediate care of newborn	Assessment of woman in labor	 Partograph recording PV examination Assisting/ Conduction of normal child birth Case study 	 Assignment case study Case presentation OSCE



			in labor Preparation for labor – articles, physical, psychological Conduction of normal childbirth Essential newborn care Newborn resuscitation Active management of third stage of labor Monitoring and care during fourth stage of labor	 Case presentation Episiotomy and suturing if indicated Newborn resuscitation 	
Postpartum clinic and Postnatal Ward including FP unit	2 weeks	 Perform postnatal Assessment Provide care to normal postnatal mothers and newborn Provide postnatal counseling Provide family welfare services 	 Postnatal assessment Care of postnatal mothers – normal Care of normal newborn Lactation management Postnatal counseling Health teaching on postnatal and newborn care Family welfare counseling 	 Case presentation PPIUCD insertion & removal 	 Assignment Case study Case presentation





	SCHOOL: SSNSR	BATCH-2023-27		
	PROGRAMME	B.Sc. (NURSING)		
	SEMESTER	VII SEMESTER		
1	Course Code			
2	Course Title	Community Health Nursing -II		
3	Contact Hours-L-D-P	260		
4 Course Status C		CC,AECC,SEC		
5	Course Objectives	In respective sub-parts		
6	Course Outcome	CO1Define concepts, scope, principals and historical development of community health. CO2 Explain health care planning and organization of health care at various level. Describe communicationskills in changing behavior. CO3 Discuss environment health, ecosystem and various acts related to environmental protection. Discussthe roles and function of school health nurse. CO4 Explain nutritional assessment, diet plan and nutritional counselling for all age groups focusing onnational nutrition Programs in India CO5 Describe community health nursing approach and specific activities in assisting individuals as well asfamilies to promote and maintain their health. CO6 Describe the concept, approach and methods of epidemiology and management of communicable andnon-communicable diseases.		
7	Course Description	This course is designed to help students gain broad perspective of specialized roles and responsibilities of community health nurses and to practice in various specialized health care settings. It helps students to develop. Knowledge and competencies required for assessment, diagnosis, treatment, and nursing management of individuals and families with in the community in wellness and illness continuum.		



Unit	Time	Learning	Content	Teaching / Learning	Assessment Methods
	(Hrs)	Outcomes		Activities	
I	10 (T)	Explain nurses' role	Management of common conditions and	• Lecture	Short answer
		in identification,	emergencies including first aid	• Discussion	• Essay
			• Standing orders: Definition, uses		•
			Screening, diagnosing/identification,	• Demonstration	Field visit reports OSCE
		with common	primary care and referral of	• Role play	assessment
			Gastrointestinal System	• Suggested field	
		and emergencies	o Abdominal pain	visits	
		including first aid	Nausea and vomiting		
			o Diarrhea	 Field practice 	
			o Constipation	Assessment of clients	
			o Jaundice	with common	
			 GI bleeding Abdominal distension	conditions and provide	
			 Abdominal distension Dysphagia and dyspepsia	referral	
			Aphtha's ulcers		
			Respiratory System		
			• Acute upper respiratory infections – Rhinitis,		
			Sinusitis, Pharyngitis, Laryngitis,		
			Tonsillitis		
			o Acute lower respiratory infections –		
			Bronchitis, pneumonia and bronchial		
			asthma		
			o Hemoptysis, Acute chest pain		
			Heart & Blood		
			o Common heart diseases – Heart		
			attack/coronary artery disease, heart failure, arrhythmia		
			Blood anemia, blood cancers, bleeding		
			disorders		
			Eye & ENT conditions		
			• Eye – local infections, redness of eye,		
			conjunctivitis, sty, trachoma and refractive		



errors • ENT – Epistaxis, ASOM, sore throat, deafness Urinary System • Urinary System • Urinary tract infections – cystitis, pyelonephritis, prostatitis, UTIs in child: First aid in common emergency condit: — Review High fever, low blood sugar, minor injuri fractures, fainting, bleeding, shock, stroke burns, choking, seizures, RTAs, poisonind drowning and foreign bodies Reproductive, maternal, newborn, child a adolescent Health (Review from OBG) Nursing and application in community setting) • Present situation of reproductive, maternal and child health in India Antenatal care • Objectives, antenatal visits and examina nutrition during pregnancy, counseling • Calcium and iron supplementation in pregnancy • Antenatal care at health center level • Birth preparedness • High risk approach – Screening/early identification and primary management complications – Antepartum hemorrhag pre-eclampsia, eclampsia, Anemia, Gestational diabetes mellitus,	tions ries, te, bites, ng, and • Lecture • Discussion • Demonstration • Role play • Suggested field visits and field practice • Assessment of antenatal, postnatal, newborn, infant, preschool child, school child, and adolescent health
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i i	
 Early identification, primary management, 	
referral and follow up – preterm labor, fetal	
distress, prolonged and obstructed labor,	
vaginal & perennial tears, ruptured uterus	
 Care of newborn immediately after birth 	
 Maintenance of records and reports 	
 Use of Safe child birth check list 	
• SBA module – Review	
 Organization of labor room 	
Postpartum care	
 Objectives, Postnatal visits, care of mother 	
and baby, breast feeding, diet during lactation,	
and health counseling	
• Early identification, primary management,	
referral and follow up of complications,	
Danger signs-postpartum hemorrhage, shock,	
puerperal sepsis, breast conditions, post-	
partum depression	
Postpartum visit by health care provider	
Newborn and child care	
Review: Essential newborn care	
Management of common neonatal problems	
Management of common child health	
	distress, prolonged and obstructed labor, vaginal & perennial tears, ruptured uterus Care of newborn immediately after birth Maintenance of records and reports Use of Safe child birth check list SBA module – Review Organization of labor room Postpartum care Objectives, Postnatal visits, care of mother and baby, breast feeding, diet during lactation, and health counseling Early identification, primary management, referral and follow up of complications, Danger signs-postpartum hemorrhage, shock, puerperal sepsis, breast conditions, postpartum depression Postpartum visit by health care provider Newborn and child care Review: Essential newborn care Management of common neonatal problems



Promote adolescent health and youth friendly services	problems: Pneumonia, Diarrhea, Sepsis, screening for congenital anomalies and referral Review: IMNCI Module Under five clinics dolescent Health Common health problems and risk factors in adolescent girls and boys Common Gynecological conditions — dysmenorrhea, Premenstrual Syndrome (PMS), Vaginal discharge, Mastitis, Breast lump, pelvic pain, pelvic organ prolapse Teenage pregnancy, awareness about legal age of marriage, nutritional status of adolescents National Menstrual Hygiene scheme Youth friendly services: SRH Service needs Role and attitude of nurses: Privacy, confidentiality, nonjudgmental attitude, client autonomy, respectful care and communication Counseling for parents and teenagers (BCS balanced counseling strategy) ational Programs RMNCH+A Approach — Aims, Health systems strengthening, RMNCH+A strategy, Interventions across life stages, Programs management, monitoring and evaluation systems Universal Immunization Programs (UIP) as per Government of India guidelines — Review	 Screen, manage and refer adolescents Counsel adolescents 	
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Ш	4 (T)	Discuss the concepts	Rasht Riya Bal Swarthy Karakorum (RSBK) -children Rasht Riya Kishore Swarthy Karakorum(RKSK) – adolescents Any other new programs Demography, Surveillance and Interpretation	• Lecture	• Short answer
III	4 (T)	Discuss the concepts and scope of demography	 Demography, Surventance and Interpretation of Data Demography and vital statistics – demographic cycle, world population trends, vital statistics Sex ratio and child sex ratio, trends of sex ratio in India, the causes and social implications Sources of vital statistics – Census, registration of vital events, sample registration system Morbidity and mortality indicators – Definition, calculation and interpretation Surveillance, Integrated disease surveillance project (IDSP), Organization of IDSP, flow of information and mother and child tracking system (MCTS) in India Collection, analysis, interpretation, use of data Review: Common sampling techniques – random and nonrandom techniques Disaggregation of data 	 Description Demonstration Role play Suggested field visits Field practice 	• Snort answer • Essay



IV	6 (T)	Discuss population explosion and its impact on social and economic development of India Describe the various methods of population control	 Population and its Control Population Explosion and its impact on Social, Economic development of individual, society and country. Population Control – Women Empowerment; Social, Economic and Educational Development Limiting Family Size – Promotion of small family norm, Temporary Spacing Methods (natural, biological, chemical, mechanical methods etc.), Terminal Methods (tubectomy, Vasectomy) Emergency Contraception Counseling in reproductive, sexual health including problems of adolescents Medical Termination of pregnancy and MTP Act National Population Stabilization Fund/JSK (Jansankhya Sthirata Kosh) Family planning 2020 National Family Welfare Program Role of a nurse in Family Welfare Program 	 Lecture Discussion Demonstration Role play Suggested field visits Field practice 	 Short answer Essay OSCE assessment Counseling on familyplanning
V	5 (T)	Describe occupational health hazards, occupational diseases and the role of nurses in occupational health programs	Occupational Health Occupational health hazards Occupational diseases ESI Act National/ State Occupational Health Programs Role of a nurse in occupational health services Screening, diagnosing, management and referral of clients with occupational health problems	 Lecture Discussion Demonstration Role play Suggested field visits Field practice 	EssayShort answerClinical performanceevaluation



VI	6 (T)	Identify health problems of older adults and provide primary care, counseling and supportive health services	 Geriatric Health Care Health problems of older adults Management of common geriatric ailments: counseling, supportive treatment of older adults Organization of geriatric health services National Programs for health care of elderly(NPHCE) State level programs/Schemes for older adults Role of a community health nurse in geriatric health services – Screening, diagnosing, management and referral of older adults with health problems 		
VII	6 (T)	Describe screening for mental health problems in the community, take preventive measures and provide appropriate referral services	Mental Health Disorders • Screening, management, prevention and referral for mental health disorders • Review: • Depression, anxiety, acute psychosis, Schizophrenia • Dementia • Suicide • Alcohol and substance abuse • Drug DE addiction program • National Mental Health Program • National Mental Health Policy • National Mental Health Act Role of a community health nurse in screening, initiation of treatment and follow up of mentally ill clients	 Lecture Discussion Demonstration Role play Health counseling on promotion of mental health Suggested field visits 	Visit report on elderlyhome Essay Short answer



VIII 4		Discuss about effective management of health information in community diagnosis and intervention	Health Management Information System (HMIS) • Introduction to health management system: data elements, recording and reporting formats, data quality issues • Review: • Basic Demography and vital statistics • Sources of vital statistics Common sampling techniques, frequency distribution	 Lecture Discussion Demonstration Role play Suggested field visits Field practice Group project on community diagnosis – data 	Group project report Essay Short answer
IX 12	, ,	Describe the system management of delivery of community health services in rural and urban areas	Management of delivery of community health services: • Planning, budgeting and material management of CHC, PHC, SC/HWC • Manpower planning as per IPHS standards • Rural: Organization, staffing and material management of rural health services provided by Government at village, SC/HWC, PHC, CHC, hospitals – district, state and central • Urban: Organization, staffing, and functions of urban health services provided by Government at slums, dispensaries, special clinics, municipal and corporate hospitals • Defense services • Institutional services Other systems of medicine and health: Indian system of medicine, AYUSH clinics, Alternative health care system referral	 Lecture Discussion Visits to various health care delivery systems Supervised field practice 	Essay Short answer Filed visit reports



		systems, Indigenous health services		
X 1	Describe the leadership role in guiding, supervising, and monitoring the health services and the personnel at the PHCs, SCs and community level including financial management Describe the roles and responsibilities of Mid-Level Health Care Providers (MHCPs) in Health Wellness Centers (HWCs)	Leadership, Supervision and Monitoring • Understanding work responsibilities/job description of DPHN, Health Visitor, PHN, MPHW (Female), Multipurpose health Worker (Male), AWWs and ASHA • Roles and responsibilities of Mid-Level Health Care Providers (MLHPs) • Village Health Sanitation and Nutrition Committees (VHSNC): objectives, composition and roles & responsibilities • Health team management • Review: Leadership & supervision — concepts, principles & methods • Leadership in health: leadership approaches in healthcare setting, taking control of health of community and organizing health camps, village clinics • Training, Supportive supervision and monitoring — concepts, principles and process e.g. performance of frontline health workers Financial Management and Accounting & Computing at Health Centers (SC) o Activities for which funds are received of Accounting and book keeping requirements — accounting principles & policies, book of accounts to be maintained, basic accounting entries, accounting process, payments & expenditure, fixed asset, SOE reporting format, utilization certificate (UC) reporting of Preparing a budget	 Lecture Discussion Demonstration Role play Suggested field visits Field practice 	Report on interaction with MPHWs, HVs ,ASHA, AWWs Participation in training programs Essay Short answer



			 Audit Records & Reports: Concepts of records and reports – importance, legal implications, purposes, use of records, principles of record writing, filing of records Types of records – community related records, registers, guidelines for maintaining Report writing – purposes, documentation of activities, types of reports Medical Records Department – functions, filing and retention of medical records Electronic Medical Records (EMR) – capabilities and components of EMR, electronic health record (EHR), levels of automation, attributes, benefits and disadvantages of HER Nurses' responsibility in record keeping and reporting 		
XI	6 (T)	Demonstrate initiative in preparing themselves and the community for disaster preparedness and management	 Disaster Management Disaster types and magnitude Disaster preparedness Emergency preparedness Common problems during disasters and methods to overcome Basic disaster supplies kit Disaster response including emergency relief measures and Life saving techniques Use disaster management module 	 Lecture Discussion Demonstration Role play Suggested field visits, and field practice Mock drills Refer Disaster module (NDMA) National Disaster/INC – Reaching out in emergencies 	



XII	3 (T)	Describe the importance of biomedical waste management, its process and management	Bio-Medical Waste Management • Waste collection, segregation, transportation and management in the community • Waste management in health center/clinics • Bio-medical waste management guidelines – 2016, 2018 (Review)	Lecture cum Discussion Field visit to waste management site	Field visit report
XIII	3 (T)	Explain the roles and functions of various national and international health agencies	 Health Agencies International: WHO, UNFPA, UNDP, World Bank, FAO, UNICEF, European Commission, Red Cross, USAID, UNESCO, ILO, CAR, CIDA, JHPIEGO, any other National: Indian Red Cross, Indian Council for Child Welfare, Family Planning Association of India, Tuberculosis Association of India, Central Social Welfare Board, All India Women's Conference, Blind Association of India, any other Voluntary Health Association of India (VHA) 		Essay Short answer

CO1		3	2	2	2	2	2
CO2		3	2	2	2	2	2
CO3	Community Health Nursing II	2	2	1	1	1	1
CO4		2	3	3	2	1	2
CO5		3	3	2	2	2	2
CO6		3	3	2	3	2	2
AVERAGE		3	2.5	2	2	1.7	1.8



COMMUNITY HEALTH NURSING II Clinical practicum – 2 credits (160 hours) CLINICAL POSTINGS (4 weeks × 40 hours per week)

Clinical Area	Duration (Weeks)	Learning Outcomes	Procedural Competencies/ Clinical Skills	Clinical Requirements	Assessment Methods
Urban	2 weeks	Screen, diagnose, manage and refer clients with common conditions/ emergencies	· Screening, diagnosing, management and referral of clients with common conditions/ emergencies	 Screening, diagnosing, Primary management and care based on standing orders/protocols approved by MOH&FW Minor ailments – 2 Emergencies – 1 Dental problems – 1 Eye problems – 1 Ear, nose, and throat problems – 1 	· Clinical performance assessment · OSCE dur posting · Final clini examination (University)
Rural	2 Weeks	Assess and provide antenatal, intrapartum, postnatal and new-born care	· Assessment (physical & nutritional) of antenatal, intrapartum, postnatal and newborn Conduction of normal delivery at health center Newborn care	 High risk pregnant woman – 1 High risk neonate – 1 Assessment of antenatal – 1, intrapartum – 1, postnatal – 1 and newborn – 1 Conduction of normal delivery at health center and documentation – 	· Clinical performance assessment · OSCE
		Promote adolescent health	· · Counsel adolescents	2 Immediate newborn care and documentation – 1 Adolescent counseling – 1	



Provide family welfare services	· Family planning counselling Distribution of temporary contraceptives – condoms, OCP's, emergency contraceptives	Family planning counselling –1 · Family case study – 1 (Rural/Urban)	· Family Case study evaluation
Screen, diagnose, manage and refer clients with occupational health problem	` Screening, diagnosing, management and referral of clients with occupational health problems	Screening, diagnosing, management and referral of clients with occupational health problems – 1	· Clinical performance evaluation
Screen, assess and manage elderly with health problems and refer appropriately	· Health assessment of elderly	Health assessment (Physical & nutritional) of elderly – 1	OSCE
Screen, diagnose, manage and refer clients who are mentally unhealthy	· Mental health screening	Mental health screening survey - 1	· Project evaluation
Participate in community diagnosis – data management	· Participation in Community diagnosis – data management	· Group project: Community diagnosis – data management	· Project evaluation
Participate in health center activities	· Writing health center activity report	· Write report on health center activities – 1	· Project evaluation
Organize and conduct clinics/health camps in the community	· Organizing and conducting clinics/camp	· Organizing and conducting Antenatal/under-five clinic/Health camp – 1	· Project evaluation
Prepare for disaster preparedness and management	Participation in disaster mock drills	Participation in disaster mock drills	· Project evaluation
Recognize the importance and observe the biomedical waste management process		Field visit to bio-medical waste management site Visit to AYUSH clinic	· Project evaluation



CO1		3	2	2	2	2	2
CO2	Community Health Nursing II	3	2	2	2	2	2
CO3	Community Freutiff (varising if	2	2	1	1	1	1
CO4		2	3	3	2	1	2
CO5		3	3	2	2	2	2
CO6		3	3	2	3	2	2
	AVERAGE	3	2.5	2	2	1.7	1.8



SCH	OOL: SSNSR	BATCH-2023-2027				
P	ROGRAMME	B.Sc. NURSING				
SEM	IESTER	VII SEMESTER				
1	Course Code					
2	Course Title	Nursing Research & statistics				
3	Contact Hours-	120				
	L-D-P					
4	Course Status	CC, AECC				
5	Corse					
	Objectives					
		CO1 Describe the concept and steps of research and research process and identify the research problem questions.				
		CO2 Discuss review of literature, research approaches and designs used in nursing research.				
6	Course	CO3 Explain sampling process and various methods of data collection in nursing research				
	Outcome	CO4 Analyze and interpret nursing research data.				
		CO5 Explain the importance of statistics and graphical representation of data.				
		CO6 Describe the utilization of nursing research findings				
7	Course	The Course is designed to enable students to develop an understanding of basic concepts of research, research process				
	Descriptio	and statistics. It is further, structured to conduct/ participate in need-based research studies in various settings and utilize				
	n					
		the research findings to provide quality nursing care. The hours for practical will be utilized for conducting				
		individual/group research project.				



OUTLINE OF SYLLABUS: NURSING RESEARCH. & STATISTICS

Unit	Time	(Hrs.)	Learning Objectives	Content	Teaching Learning Activities	Assessment methods
I	6		Describe the concept of research, terms, need and areas of research in nursing. Explain the steps of research process.	Research and research process Introduction and need for nursing research Definition of Research & nursing research Steps of scientific method Characteristics of good research Steps of Research process-overview	Lecture Discussion \Narrate steps of research process followed from examples of published studies	Short answer Objective type
П	2	8	Identify and state the Research problem and objectives	Research Problem Question Identification of problem area Problem statement Criteria of a good research problem. Writing objectives	Lecture Discussion Exercise on writing statement of problem and objectives	Short answer Objective type
Ш	4	1	Review the Related Literature	Review of Literature • Location • Sources • On line search; CINHAL, COCHRANE. • Purposes • Method of review	Lecture Discussion Exercise on reviewing one research report/ article for a selected research problem. Prepare annotated Bibliography	Short answer Objective type
IV	6	8	Describe the Research Approaches and designs	Research approaches anti-designs: • Historical, survey and Experimental • Qualitative and Quantitative Designs	Lecture Discussion Explain types of research approaches used from examples of published and unpublished research studies with rationale.	Short answer Objective type



Unit	Time (Hrs.)		Learning Objectives	Content	Teaching Learning Activities	Assessment methods
V	6	8	Explain the sampling process Describe the methods of data collection	Sampling and data collection: Definition of Population, Sample, Sampling criteria, factors influencing sampling process, types of sampling techniques. Data- why, what, from whom, when and where to collect. Data collection methods and instruments: Methods of data collection Questioning, interviewing Observations, record analysis and measurement Types of instruments Validity & Reliability of the Instrument Pilot study Data collection procedure	Lecture Discussion Reading Conduct assignment on examples of data collection tools. Preparation of sample data collection tool group research project	Short answer Objective type
VI	4	6	Analyze, Interpret and summarize the research data	Analysis of data: Compilation, Tabulation, classification, summarization, presentation, interpretation of data	Lecture Discussion Preparation of sample tables.	Short answer Objective type



VII	12	8	Explain the use of statistics, scales of measurement and graphical presentation of data Describe the measures of central tendency and variability and methods of correlation.	Introduction to statistics: Definition, use of statistics, scales of measurement. Frequency distribution and graphical presentation of data, Mean, Median, Mode, Standard deviation Normal Probability and tests of significance Co-efficient of correlation. Statistical packages and its application	Lecture Discussion Practice on graphical presentations Practice on computation of measures of central tendency, variability & correlation	Short answer Objective type
VIII	4	5	Communicate and utilize the research findings.	Communication and utilization of Research: Communication of research finding, Verbal report, Writing research report, Writing scientific article/paper, Critical review of published research • Utilization of research finding	Lecture, Discussion Read/Presentations of sample published / unpublished research report. Writing group research project	Short answer Objectivetype Oral presentation Assessment of group research Project.

Course BSN 304	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6
CO1	1	1	1	1	1	3
CO2	1	1	1	1	1	3
CO3	1	1	1	1	1	3
CO4	1	1	1	1	1	3
CO5	1	1	1	1	1	3
CO6	1	1	1	1	1	3
Average	1	1	1	1	1	3



	SCHOOL: SSNSR	BATCH-2023-2027
	PROGRAMME	B.Sc.(NURSING)
	SEMESTER	VII SEMESTER
1	Course Code	
2	Course Title	Midwifery/ Obstetrics & Gynecology (OBG) Nursing II including Safe Delivery App Module
3	Contact Hours-L-D-P	420
4	Course Status	CC,AECC,SEC
5	Corse Objectives	On completion of the course, the students will be able to: 1. Describe the assessment, initial management, referral and respectful maternity care of women with high risk pregnancy. 2. Demonstrate competency in identifying deviation from normal pregnancy. 3. Describe the assessment, initial management, referral and nursing care of women with high risk labor. 4. Assist in the conduction of abnormal vaginal deliveries and caesarean section. 5. Describe the assessment, initial management, referral and nursing care of women with abnormal postnatal conditions. 6. Demonstrate competency in the initial management of complications during the postnatal period. 7. Demonstrate competency in providing care for high risk newborn. 8. Apply nursing process in caring for high risk women and their families. 9. Describe the assessment and management of women with gynecological disorders.
6	Course Outcome	In the end of course, the student will be able to CO1- Describe the initial assessment, management referral of women during pregnancy CO2- Identify the complicated pregnancy and facilitate positive birthing outcome. CO3- Describe the initial assessment, management referral of women with problems during labor within the scopeof midwifery practices. CO4 -Describe the initial assessment, management referral of women with abnormal postnatal conditions. CO5- Explain high risk neonates and their nursing management. CO6 -Explain the assessment and management of women with gynecological disorders.
	Course Description	This course is designed for students to develop knowledge and competencies on the concepts and principles of obstetrics and gynecology nursing. It helps them to acquire knowledge and skills in rendering



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Un it	Time (Hrs.	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/ Learning Activities	AssessmentMethods
	12 (T) 10 (L) 80 (C)	Describe the assessment, initial management, and referral of women with problems during pregnancy. Support women with complicated pregnancy and facilitate safe and positive	Recognition and Management of problems during Pregnancy	 Lecture Discussion Demonstration Video & films Scan reports Case discussion Case presentation Drug presentation Health talk Simulation Role play Supervised Clinical practice WHO midwifery toolkit GOI guideline screening for hypothyroidism, screening for syphilis, deworming during pregnancy, diagnosis and management of GDM Essay Short answer Objective type Assessment of skills with 	 Essay Short answer Objective type Assessment of skillswith check list OSCE



	birthing outcome	 Gynecological conditions complicating pregnancy Mental health issues during pregnancy Adolescent pregnancy Elderly prim, grand multiparty Management and care of conditions as per the GOI protocol Policy for the referral services Drugs used in management of high-risk pregnancies Maintenance of records and reports 	check listOSCE	
15	(T) (L) provide initial management and refer women with problems during labor within the scope of midwifery practice.	Recognition and management of abnormal labor Preterm labor – Prevention and management of preterm labor; (Use of antenatal corticosteroids in preterm labor) Premature rupture of membranes Malposition's and abnormal presentations (posterior position, breech, brow, face, shoulder) Contracted Pelvis, Cephalic Pelvic Disproportion (CPD) Disorders of uterine action – Prolonged labor, Precipitate labor, Dysfunctional labor Complications of third stage – Retained placenta, Injuries to birth canal, Postpartum hemorrhage (bimanual compression of the uterus, aortic compression, uterine balloon tamponade) Obstetric emergencies – Fetal distress,	 Lecture Discussion Demonstration Case discussion/ presentation Simulation Role play Drug presentation Supervised clinical practice WHO midwifery Tool kit GOI guidelines – use labor, antenatal corticosteroids GOI guidance noteon prevention and management of PPH 	 Essay Short answer Objective type Assessment of skills with check list OSCE



		 Ruptured uterus, Cord prolapse, Shoulder dystocia, Uterine inversion, Vasa Previa, Obstetrical shock, Amniotic fluid embolism Episiotomy and suturing Obstetric procedures – Forceps delivery, Vacuum delivery, Version Induction of labor – Medical & surgical Caesarean section – indications and preparation Nursing management of women undergoing Obstetric operations and procedures Drugs used in management of abnormal Labor Anesthesia and analgesia in obstetrics 		
	Describe the assessment, initial management, referral and nursing care of women with abnormal postnatal conditions.	Recognition and Management of postnatal problems Physical examination, identification of deviation from normal Puerperal complications and its management Puerperal pyrexia Puerperal sepsis Urinary complications Secondary Postpartum hemorrhage Valval hematoma Breast engorgement including mastitis/breast abscess, feeding problem Thrombophlebitis	 Lecture Demonstration Case discussion/ presentation Drug presentation Supervised clinical practice 	 Quiz Simulation Short answer OSCE



IV	7 (T)	Describe high	 DVT Uterine sub involution Vesical vaginal fistula (VVF), Recto vaginal fistula (RVF) Postpartum depression/psychos Drugs used in abnormal puerperium Policy about referral Assessment and management of High risk	• Lecture	Short answer
	5 (L) 40 (C)	risk neonates and their nursing management	newborn (Review) Models of newborn care in India – NBCC; SNCUs Screening of high-risk newborn Protocols, levels of neonatal care, infection control Prematurity, Post-maturity Low birth weight Kangaroo Mother Care Birth asphyxia/Hypoxic encephalopathy Neonatal sepsis Hypothermia Respiratory distress Jaundice Neonatal infections High fever Convulsions Neonatal tetanus Congenital anomalies Baby of HIV positive mothers Birth injuries SIDS (Sudden Infant Death Syndrome) prevention, Compassionate care	 Discussion Demonstration Simulation Case discussion/ presentation Drug presentation Supervised Clinical practice Integrated Management of Neonatal Childhood Illnesses (IMNCI) 	 Objective type Assessment of skills with check list OSCE



W 12 (T)		 Calculation of fluid requirements, EBM/formula feeds/tube feeding Home based newborn care Programs community facility integration in newborn care Decision making about management and referral Bereavement counseling Drugs used for high risk newborns Maintenance of records and reports 		
V 12 (T) 5 (L) 80 (C)	Describe the assessment and management of women with gynecological disorders.	 Assessment and management of women with gynecological disorders Gynecological assessment – History and Physical assessment Breast Self-Examination Congenital abnormalities of female reproductive system Etiology, pathophysiology, clinical manifestations, diagnosis, treatment modalities and management of women with Menstrual abnormalities Abnormal uterine bleed Pelvic inflammatory disease Infections of the reproductive tract Uterine displacement Endometriosis Uterine and cervical fibroids and polyps Tumors – uterine, cervical, ovarian, vaginal, valval Cysts – ovarian, valval Cystocele, rectocele 	 Lecture Discussion Demonstration Case discussion/ presentation Drug presentation Videos, films Simulated practice Supervised Clinical practice Visit to infertility clinic and ART centers 	 Essay Short answer Objective type Assessment of skills with check list OSCE



o Genitor-urinary fistulas
 Breast disorders – infections,
o deformities, cysts, tumors
o HPV vaccination
 Disorders of Puberty and menopause
 Hormonal replacement therapy
Assessment and management of couples
with infertility
 Infertility – definition, causes
Counseling the infertile couple
 Investigations – male and female
Artificial reproductive technology
 Surrogacy, sperm and ovum donation,
o cryopreservation
 Adoption – counseling, procedures
o Injuries and Trauma; Sexual violence
 Drugs used in treatment of
o gynecological disorders



CLINICAL POSTINGS (8 weeks × 40 hours per week = 320 hours)

Antenatal OPD/ infertility clinics/ Reproductive	2 weeks	Perform/assist in selected advanced antenatal diagnostic procedures	Kick chart, DFMC Assist in NST/CTG/USG Assisting in advanced diagnostic procedures	AntenatalpalpationHealth talkCase study	SimulationCasepresentationOSCE
medicine and antenatal ward		Provide antenatal care for women with complications of pregnancy Counsel antenatal Mothers	 Care of antenatal women with complications in pregnancy Antenatal counselling Preparation for childbirth, Birth preparedness and complication readiness Post abortion care Post abortion counselling 		
		Provide post abortion care and postnatal counselling Provide counselling	Counselling infertile couples		



Labor room	2 weeks	 Conduction of normal childbirth Conduct/assist in abnormal deliveries Monitor labor using Pantograph Identify and manage complications during labor 	 Assessment of woman in labor Pantograph Per-Vaginal examination if indicated Obstetric examination Care during first stage of labor Pain management techniques Upright and alternative positions in labor Preparation for labor – articles, physical, psychological Conduction of normal childbirth Essential newborn care Newborn resuscitation Active management of third stage of labor Monitoring and care during fourth stage of labor Identification, stabilization, referral and assisting in management of prolonged 	 Pantograph recording Pain management during labor Conduction of normal childbirth Assisting in abnormal deliveries Managing complication during labor Case study Case presentation 	 Assignment Case study Case presentation Simulation OSCE
		labor	 Identification, stabilization, referral and assisting in		



Postnatal • 1 week	 Perform postnatal assessment and identify postnatal complications Provide postnatal care Provide family welfare services 	 position, breech deliveries, twin deliveries, vacuum extraction, forceps delivery, shoulder dystocia Assist in cervical encircle procedures, D&C, D&E Identify, assist and manage trauma to the birth canal, retained placenta, postpartum hemorrhage, uterine atony Management of obstetric shock Postnatal history collection and physical examination Identify postnatal complications Care of postnatal mothers – abnormal deliveries, caesarean section Care of normal newborn Lactation management Postnatal counselling Health teaching on postnatal and newborn care Family welfare counselling 	 Health talk Postnatal assessment Newborn assessment Case studies Case presentation PPIUCD insertion and removal 	 Role play Assignment Case study Case presentation Simulation Vignettes OSCE
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Neonatal Intensive Care Unit	• 1week	 Perform assessment of newborn and identify complications/congenital anomalies Perform neonatal Resuscitation Care of high risk Newborn Provide care for newborns in ventilator, incubator etc. Assist/perform special neonatal procedures 	 Neonatal assessment - identification of complication, congenital anomalies. Observation of newborn Neonatal resuscitation Phototherapy and management of jaundice in newborn Assist in Exchange transfusion Neonatal feeding – spoon NG tube Care of baby in incubator, ventilator, warmer Infection control in the nursery Neonatal medications Starting IV line for newborn, drug calculation 	 Case study Case presentation Assignments Simulated practice 	 Case presentation Care study Care plan Simulation, Vignettes OSCE
Obstetric/op eration theatre Gynecology	• 2weeks	 Assist in gynecological and obstetric surgeries Care for women with gynecological disorders 	 Observe/Assist in caesarean, section Management of retained Placenta Gynecological surgeries Hysterectomy Uterine rupture Care of women with gynecological conditions Health education 	 Assisting in obstetric and gynecologica Il surgery Tray set-up for caesarean section Care plan 	 Assignment Tray set-upfor obstetric and gynecological surgeries Case presentation Simulation Vignettes



CO1	Midwifery/ Obstetrics & Gynecology (OBG)	3	2	2	2	2	2
CO2	NursingII including Safe Delivery App Module	2	1	2	2	1	2
CO3		2	1	2	2	1	2
CO4		3	2	2	1	1	2
CO5		2	2	2	1	1	2
CO6		2	2	1	2	1	2
	Average		1.7	1.8	1.7	1.2	2