

Programme and Course Structure

SCHOOL OF LAW B.A.,LL.B. (HONS.) Integrated Bachelor of Arts -Bachelor of Law (Honours) (NAAC Programme Code: SOL0102) (Session 2019-20)



1. Standard Structure of the Program at University Level

<u>1.1 Vision, Mission and Core Values of the University</u>

Vision of the University

To serve the society by being a global University of higher learning in pursuit of academic excellence, innovation and nurturing entrepreneurship.

Mission of the University

- 1. Transformative educational experience
- 2. Enrichment by educational initiatives that encourage global outlook
- 3. Develop research, support disruptive innovations and accelerate entrepreneurship
- 4. Seeking beyond boundaries

Core Values

- Integrity
- Leadership
- Diversity
- Community



Vision of the School

To emerge as a leading school of law in pursuit of academic excellence, innovation and nurturing entrepreneurship.

Mission of the School

- 1. To prepare students as legal professional through transformative educational experience.
- 2. To encourage global outlook of the students by providing enriched educational initiatives.
- 3. To promote research, innovations and entrepreneurship.
- 4. To inculcate ethical and moral values among the budding lawyers, judges and legal professionals and motivate them to serve the society.

Core Values

- Leadership
- Diversity
- Justice



1.3 Programme Educational Objectives (PEO)

1.3.1 Writing Programme Educational Objectives (PEO)

PEO1 :To Ensure Conceptual Knowledge

PEO2 :To Inculcate Good Communication and Interpretation Skills

PEO3 : To Develop Critical Analytical Skills and Practical Application

PEO4 : To Promote Legal Research

PEO5 :To Provide Free Legal Aid and develop Socially Conscious Professional

PEO6 :To nurture future Legal Profesionals.

1.3.3 Program Outcomes (PO's)

- **PO1** : Sound Subject Knowledge: Good knowledge and comprehension of the core information associated with the legal profession.
- **PO2** : Practical Skills: Drafting, Mooting, Client Counselling, Debating, Trial Advocacy, ADR
- **PO3** : Communication: Effective Verbal and Written Communication
- **PO4** :Critical Legal Thinking: Possess quality of critical legal thinking by Moot Court and Judgment reading especially minority judgments by Utilise the principles of scientific inquiry, thinking analytically, clearly and critically, while solvingLegal problems. Find, analyse, evaluate and apply knowledge systematically
- **PO5** :Research Tools: Ability to Use Research Tools such as Library and e-resources including Manupatra and West Law etc.
- **PO6** : Entrepreneurship: Possesses required skills for Legal Professionals



School of Law Program –B.A., LL.B. (Hons.) Batch: 2019-2024 TERM: I

S.	Subject	-			Load		Core/Elective	Type of
No.	o. Code		L	Τ	Р	Credits	-	Course: 1. CC 2. AECC 3. SEC 4. DSE
		Theory	Subje	ets		•		
1.	BAL 101	Law Of Contract-I	4	0	0	4	Core	CC
2.	BAL 124	Legal Methods	4	0	0	4	Core	CC
3.	BAL 125	Sociology-I(Introduction To Sociology)	4	0	0	4	Core	CC
4.	BAL 116	Economics-I	4	0	0	4	Core	CC
5.	BAL 118	Polictical Sciences -I(Political Theory)	4	0	0	4	Core	CC
6	BAL 127	English-1		0	0	4	Core	CC
7	OPEXXX	Open Elective	2	0	0	2	Elective	AECC
		Total Credits		26				



School of Law Program –B.A., LL.B. (Hons.) Batch: 2019-2024 TERM: II

S.	Subject	Subjects	Teaching Load				Core/Elective	Type of	
No.	Code		LT		Р	Credits	Pre-Requisite/ Co Requisite	Course: 1. CC 2. AECC 3. SEC 4. DSE	
	I	Theor	ry Su	bjects	1				
1.	BAL 126	Economics II	4	0	0	4	Core	CC	
2.	BAL 110	Sociology-II (Indian Society)	4	0	0	4	Core	CC	
3.	BAL 119	Political Science – II (Indian Polity)	4	0	0	4	Core	CC	
4.	BAL 114	Law Of Torts – I	4	0	0	4	Core	CC	
5.	BAL 115	Law Of Contract-II And Specific Relief	4	0	0	4	Core	CC	
6.	BAL 128	English-II	4	0	0	4	Core	CC	
7.	OPEXXX	Open Elective	2	0	0	2	ELECTIVE	AECC	
	Practical/Viva-Voce/Jury								
8.	8.BAL 152Seminar Course Report-I002						Co Requisite	SEC	
		Total Credits		28					

School of Law



Program –B.A., LL.B. (Hons.) Batch: 2019-2024 TERM: III

S.	Subject	Subjects	Te	aching	Load		Core/Elective	Type of
No.			L	Т	Р	Credits	Pre-Requisite/ Co Requisite	Course: 1.CC 2.AECC 3.SEC 4.DSE
		Theor	ry Su	bjects				
1	BAL217	Political Science- III (International Relations)	4	0	0	4	Core	CC
2	BAL 218	Sociology- III (Sociology And Law)	4	0	0	4	Core	CC
3	BAL 219	Hindu Law	4	0	0	4	Core	CC
4	BAL 204	Law Of Torts –II (Consumer Protection And Mv Act)	4	0	0	4	Core	CC
5	BAL 205	Constitutional Law –I	4	0	0	4	Core	CC
		Practical/	Viva	-Voce/J	ury			
6	BAL 257	Internship I(Internship Report Evaluation & Viva Voce)	0	0	1	1	Co Requisite	SEC
7	BAL 220	Personality Development Program-I	1	0	0	1	Co Requisite	SEC
8	8BAL 258Foreign Language- I1					0	Co Requisite	SEC
		Total Credits				22		



School of Law Program –B.A., LL.B. (Hons.) Batch: 2019-2024 TERM: IV

S.	Subject	Subjects	Tea	Teaching Load			Core/Elective	Type of			
No.	No. Code		L	Т	Р	Credits	Pre-Requisite/ Co Requisite	Course: 1.CC 2.AECC 3.SEC 4.DSE			
	Theory Subjects										
1	BAL 221	Political Science IV (Political Thinkers)	4	0	0	4	Core	CC			
2	BAL 222	Economics III	4	0	0	4	Core	CC			
3	BAL 210	Law Of Crimes-I (Indian Penalcode)	4	0	0	4	Core	CC			
4	BAL 211	Constitutional Law-II	4	0	0	4	Core	CC			
5	BAL 223	Muslim Law	4	0	0	4	Core	CC			
		Practical/	Viva-V	/oce/Ju	ry						
6	BAL 252	Seminar Course Report-II	0	0	2	2	Co Requisite	SEC			
7	BAL 224	PDP-II				1					
8	BAL 259	Foreign Language (German) –II	0	0	0	0	Co Requisite	SEC			
		Total Credits	23								



School of Law Program –B.A., LL.B. (Hons.) Batch: 2019-2024 TERM: V

S.	Subject	Subjects	Teaching Load				Core/Elective	Type of
No.	Code		L	T	Р	Credits	Pre-Requisite/ Co Requisite	Course: 1.CC 2.AECC 3.SEC 4.DSE
		Theor	ry Su	bjects				
1	BAL 301	CORPORATE LAW -I Including CSR	4	0	0	4	Core	CC
2	BAL 302	Labour Law-I	4	0	0	4	Core	CC
3	BAL 305	Law Of Crimes-II	4	0	0	4	Core	CC
4	BAL 316	Criminal Procedure Code-I	4	0	0	4	Core	CC
5	BAL 319	Political Science V (Comparative Government And Politics)	4	0	0	4	Core	CC
6	BAL 318	Moot Court & Court Management	3	0	0	3	Core	CC
		Practical/	Viva	-Voce/J	ury			
7	BAL 357	Internship Ii (Internship Report Evaluation & Viva Voce)	0	0	1	1	Co Requisite	SEC
8	BAL 358	Community Connect	0	0	2	2	Co Requisite	SEC
	1	Total Credits	•			26		



School of Law Program –B.A., LL.B. (Hons.) Batch: 2019-2024 TERM: VI

S.							Core/Elective	Type of	
No.	D. Code L T P		Credits	Pre-Requisite/ Co Requisite	Course: 1.CC 2.AECC 3.SEC 4.DSE				
		Theor	y Sub	jects	1	1		I	
1	BAL 304	Law Of Evidence	4	0	0	4	Core	CC	
2	BAL 310	Labour Law II	4	0	0	4	Core	CC	
3	BAL 313	Criminal Procedure Code-II	4	0	0	4	Core	CC	
4	BAL 314	Corporate Law-II	4	0	0	4	Core	CC	
5	BAL 320	Political Science VI (Public Administration)	4	0	0	4	Core	CC	
6	BAL 405	Jurisprudence	4	0	0	4	Core	CC	
7	BAL 303	UP Land Law	4	0	0	4	Core	CC	
	Practical/Viva-Voce/Jury								
8	BAL 352	Seminar Course Report-III	0	0	0	2			
		Total Credits		30					



School of Law Program –B.A., LL.B. (Hons.) Batch: 2019-2024 TERM: VII

S.	Subject	Subjects	Tea	Teaching Load			Core/Elective	Type of	
No.	No. Code		L	T	Р	Credits	Pre-Requisite/ Co Requisite	Course: 1.CC 2.AECC 3.SEC 4.DSE	
		Theor	ry Sub	jects					
1.	BAL 401	Public International Law	4	0	0	4	Core	CC	
2.	BAL 402	Administrative Law	4	0	0	4	Core	CC	
3.	BAL 403	Interpretation Of Statutes	4	0	0	4	Core	CC	
4.	BAL 404	Civil Procedure Code-I	4	0	0	4	Core	CC	
5.	BAL 505	Optional-1 (Criminology & Penology)	4	0	0	4	Core	CC	
6.	BAL 308	Environmental Law	4	0	0	4	Core	CC	
7.	BAL 105	EVS	2	0	0	2	Core	CC	
	Practical/Viva-Voce/Jury								
8.	BAL 416	Internship III	1	0	2	1	Co Requisite	SEC	
		Total Credits		27					



School of Law Program –B.A., LL.B. (Hons.) Batch: 2019-2024 TERM: VIII

S.	Subject	Subjects	Tea	Teaching Load			Core/Elective	Type of	
No.	o. Code		L	Т	Р	Credits	Pre-Requisite/ Co Requisite	Course: 1.CC 2.AECC 3.SEC 4.DSE	
Theo	ry Subjects								
1.	BAL 406	Property Laws	4	0	0	4	Core	CC	
2.	BAL 407	Private International Law	4	0	0	4	Core	CC	
3.	BAL 408	Alternate Dispute Resolution	4	0	0	4	Core	CC	
4.	BAL 409	Civil Procedure Code-II And Law Of Limitation	4	0	0	4	Core	CC	
5.	BAL 410	Intellectual Property Laws	4	0	0	4	Core	CC	
6.	BAL 507	Optional-2 (Media Law)	4	0	0	4	Core	CC	
	Practical/Viva-Voce/Jury								
7.	BAL 452	Seminar Course Report-IV	0	0	0	2			
		Total Credits	26						



School of Law Program –B.A., LL.B. (Hons.) Batch: 2019-2024 TERM: IX

S.	S. Subject Subjects Teaching Load					Core/Elective	Type of	
No.	No. Code		L	T	Р	Credits	Pre-Requisite/ Co Requisite	Course: 1.CC 2.AECC 3.SEC 4.DSE
		Theo	ory Su	bjects		1		
1.	BAL 516	Taxation Laws	4	0	0	4	Core	CC
2.	BAL 517	Drafting Pleading And Conveyancing	4	0	0	4	Core	CC
3.	BAL 503	Professional Ethics And Bar Bench Relation	4	0	0	4	Core	CC
4.	BAL 514	Banking Laws & Insurance	4	0	0	4	Core	CC
5.	BAL 511	OPTIONAL-3(International Human Rights Law)	4	0	0	4	Core	CC
6.	BAL 512	Optional -4(Comparative Constitutional)	4	0	0	4	Core	CC
Practical/Viva-Voce/Jury								
7.	BAL 520	INTERNSHIP REPORT IV	1	0	0	1	Co Requisite	SEC
		Total Credits		•	•	25		



School of Law Program –B.A., LL.B. (Hons.) Batch: 2019-2024 TERM: X

S.	Subject	Subjects	Teaching Load				Core/Elective	Type of
No.	Code		L T P		Credits	Pre-Requisite/ Co Requisite	Course: 1. CC 2. AECC 3. SEC 4. DSE	
		Practical/	Viva-V	oce/Ju	ry			
1.	BAL 153	Moot Court Trial Preparation And Participation In TrailProceeding	0	0	2	2	Pre Requisite	SEC
2.	2. BAL 552 Dissertation 0 0 4				4	4	Pre Requisite	SEC
		Total Credits	6		•			



Course Templates

SUSOL/B.A.LL.B (Hons.)/2019-20

Page 15



Law of Contract-1

	ool: SCHOOL	Batch : 2019-24
	LAW	
Prog LLB	gram: BA B	
Brai	nch:	Semester : I
1	Course Code	BAL101
2	Course Title	Law of Contract-1
3	Credits	4
4	Contact	4-0-0
	Hours	
	(L-T-P)	
	Course Type	COMPULSORY
5	Course Objective	 To acquaint the students with a study of general principles of contracts under sections 1-75 of the <i>Indian Contract Act 1872</i> To equip the students with the nature of contractual obligations and how parties make and break contracts. To acquaint the students about how courts interpret the terms of Contract, the consequences where a contract is induced by coercion, undue influence, illegal and unlawful contracts, remedies for breach of contract
6	Course Outcomes	CO1: The students will be equipped with nature and development, meaning of Indian Contract Act CO2: The students will be able to explain the nuances of Indian Contract Act CO3: The students will be equipped with the knowledge of technicalities with respect to seeking remedies.
7	Course Description	This course comprises a study of general principles of contracts under sections 1-75 of the <i>Indian Contract Act 1872</i> . It examines the nature of contractual obligations and how parties make and break contracts. Topics include: how contracts are formed and the necessary elements of a validly constituted contract; express and implied terms of a contract and how such terms are imported into the contract; how courts interpret the terms of a contract; the consequences where a contract is induced by coercion, undue influence, fraud, misrepresentation, mistake; contracts which are illegal and unlawful under statute or contrary to public policy; remedies for breach of contract and the damages payable for such breach. Students are encouraged to examine the role of contract law from an historical and contemporary standpoint.
8	Outline syllabu	15
	Unit 1	Meaning, Nature and Scope of Contract
	А	Meaning, Nature and Scope of Contract



В	Offer / Propos	al, Communica	tion, Revocation, Acceptance, Revocation					
С	Effect of Void	l, Voidable, Va	lid, Illegal, Unlawful Agreements					
Unit 2	Considera	ation and capa	city to contract					
А	Considerat	tion- Definition	, Kinds, Essentials, Privity of Contract					
В	Capacity to En	nter into a Cont	ract					
С	Nature / Effec	Nature / Effect of Minor's Agreements						
Unit 3	Free consent	Free consent and unlawful consideration						
А	Free Consent							
В	Coercion, Und	lue Influence, N	Aisrepresentation, Fraud, Mistake					
С	Unlawful Con	Unlawful Consideration and Object						
Unit 4		Discharge and breach of Contract						
А	Discharge of C	Discharge of Contracts						
В	Performance,	Impossibility o	f Performance and Frustration					
С	Breach: Antic	ipatory and Pre	sent					
Unit 5	Quasi contra	cts and remedi	les					
А	Breach							
В	Remedies							
С	Quasi Contrac	ts						
Mode of	Theory							
examination		Γ						
Weight age	CA	MTE	ETE					
Distribution	30%	20%	50%					
Text book/s*	1. Avtar Singh, Law of Contract and Specific Relief, Eastern Boo							
	Company, 2013 (11th Edn)							
Other	1. 1. Cheshire and Fifoot, Law of Contract, Lexis Nexis, 2010 (10th							
References		Edn)						
			e Indian Contract and Specific Relief Act,					
	Lexis I	Nexis, 2013(14	th Edn)					



Legal Methods

	ool: SCHOOL	Batch: 2019-24			
	LAW				
	gram: BA				
LLI	-				
Bra	nch:	Semester: I			
1	Course Code	BAL 124			
2	Course Title	Legal Methods			
3	Credits	4			
4	Contact	Contact Hours 48			
	Hours	Assessment 25			
	(L-T-P)	Guided Study 27			
		Total hours 100			
	Course Type	Compulsory			
5	Course	The purpose of introduction of this subject is to:			
	Objective	1. Develop basic understanding of law among students.			
		2. Make the students aware about the uses and functions of law.			
		3. Make students learn about the sources of law-custom, precedent and			
		legislation			
		4. Make the students learn about Public and Private Law			
		5. Make the students learn about Substantive and Procedural Law			
		6. Able the students learn about Municipal and International Law			
6	Course	After completion of course, the student will be able to:			
I I		CO1: recognize the role of Common Law and Constitution as the basic law			
		CO2: identify the hierarchy of Courts in India			
-		CO3: discover the concept of Rule of law and Separation of Powers			
		CO4: differentiate between public and private law			
		CO5: evaluate the working of International law			
		CO6 : analyse the Domestic Legislation			
7	Course	This course helps the student in building the knowledge of basic law			
	Description	applicable in India. It provides the students with the knowledge of			
	1	hierarchy of civil courts and their competency to try and punish an offence.			
8	Outline syllabu				
	Unit 1				
	А	Meaning and definition of Law			
	В	Uses and functions of law			
C Sources of Law-					
		a. Custom,			
		b. Precedent,			
,		c. Legislation			
	Unit 2				
	A	Public and Private Law			
	B	Substantive and Procedural Law			
L	1 -				



	С	Municipal and International Law		
	Unit 3	Basic Concep	ts of Law	
	А	Constitution a	s the Basic Lav	V
	В	Rule of Law &	c Concept of Fe	ederalism in India
C Separation of Powers				
	Unit 4	4 Cases and Statutes		
	А	Legislations		
	В	Doctrine of Pr	ecedent	
	С	Case Law-Rat	io decidendi an	d obiter dicta
	Unit 5	Indian Legal	System	
	А	Common Law and its development		
	В	Judicial system	n in India	
	С	Hierarchy of C	Courts in India	
	Mode of	Theory		
	examination			
	Weightage	CA	MTE	ETE
	Distribution	30%	20%	50%
	Text book/s*	•	1	ar's Introduction to Jurisprudence, Lexis
		NexisButterworthsWadhwa Nagpur; Third edition (2010) I.P. Massey, Administrative Law, Eastern Book Company; Ninth Edition (2017)		
	Other	Bare Act of Th	ne Constitution	of India, 1950
	References			



<u>Sociology –I (Introduction to sociology)</u>

Scho	ool: SOL				
	gram:	Academic Year: 2019-24			
B.A.LL.B					
Branch: -		Semester: I			
1	Course Code	BAL 125			
2	Course Title	Sociology –I (Introduction to sociology)			
3	Credits	4			
4	Contact	4+0+0			
	Hours				
	(L-T-P)				
	Course Status	Compulsory			
5	Course Description	There is a need to study the relationship between education and the society for better understanding of the functionality of the sub-systems in the society. It also aims at exposing the student teachers to contemporary educational issues for proper performance in the classroom. Sociology aims at drawing the attention of the student teacher to the cross cultural analysis of social issues for better understanding of their environment, so as to build a context for the study of Law			
6	Course Objective	 To make the students aware about the concept of the Introduction of sociology To introduce the students with the Basic concepts of Society. Students learn how Society, community studies developed over time, the multiplicity of community definitions, and the importance of Society & community self-concepts. To demonstrate how the major classical theorists developed the academic discipline of sociology. To teach students to understand the role of theory in the social sciences To introduce students to the concept & Factors of social change and understand Social Structure 			
7	Course Outcomes	CO1: Students will be able to describe the characteristics and history of Sociology. Students will recognize what it takes and what it means to work as a sociologist. Students will be able to explain the processes of social scientific research, distinguish between the requirements and limitations of the various methodologies used in the social sciences. CO2: Students will be able to distinguish the basis of different types of communities, can order and sequence the historical development of			



		 community definitions and can differentiate between the various types of community studies CO3: Students will be able to review how Weber, Durkheim and August Comte conceived the discipline of sociology. CO4: Students will be able to identify the function of theory in the social sciences. Students will demonstrate and understanding of the sources and mechanisms of social change. CO5: Students will be able to demonstrate an understanding of how social class affects individual life chances. Also Students will be able to demonstrate and how it shapes and influences social interactions 				
8	Outline syllabu			1		
	Unit 1			ology (10 Lectures) watch?v=zVi5hx37yvw		
	A			leaning, Definition,		
	B			e of Sociology.		
	C			ciences: (political science, history,		
	C	jurisprudence,		tenees. (pontical science, instory,		
-	Unit II	Unit 2 BASIC		(10 Lectures)		
	A		nunity associ			
	B	Social groups				
	В	Status and role				
	Unit III Unit 3 PIONEERS OF SOCIAL THOUGHT (10 Lectures)					
	А	August Comte: Law of three stages, Positivism and Religion of huma Emile Durkheim: social solidarity, the theory of division of labor, of suicide				
	В					
	С		Max Weber: Sociology of religion, the concept of authority and the concept of social action			
		(https://www.	youtube.com/w	vatch?v=UYTZFaNNy-w)		
	UnitIV	Unit 4 SOCIA	L CHANGE(1	10 Lectures)		
	А			aning & Definition		
	В	Various Factor	rs of Social Ch	ange		
	С	Distinction bet	ween social an	nd cultural change.		
	Unit V	Unit 5(08 Lec				
	А			unctions of social Control		
	В	Agencies of so				
	С	Formal and inf	formal social c	ontrol		
	Mode of	Theory				
	examination					
	Weightage	CA	MTE	ETE		
	Distribution	30%	20%	50%		
	Text book/s*		ommen&C.N.V ucknow.	Venugopal, Sociology for Law Students, 2007,		



Other References	 CN Shankar Rao, Sociology Chand&Company, Delhi Harlambos (1980), M. Sociology: Themes and Perspectives, Oxford University Press
	3. Bottomore, T. B. (1971) Sociology: A Guide to Problems and Literature, Blackie and Sons India Ltd.
	4. Davis, K. (2000) Human Society, Surjeet Publications, India.
	Horton P.B. and C.L.Hunt, Sociology; McGrew-Hill Book
	Company,Singapore,1984



Economics 1

Sch	ool: SOL					
Prog	gram: BA	Academic Year: 2019-24				
LLF						
Bra	nch: LAW	Semester: I				
1	Course Code	BAL 116				
2	Course Title	Economics 1				
3	Credits	4				
4	Contact	3-1-2				
	Hours					
	(L-T-P)					
	Course Type	Compulsory				
5	Course	1. To familiarize the students with the fundamental concepts of the				
	Objective	micro-economics.				
		2. Develop understanding of how various micro economic concepts				
		work in decision making.				
		3. Develop an understanding of different market structure and related				
		decision making.				
		4. Help students to classify and connect to different micro economic				
		variables.				
6	Course	CO1: Understand the central concepts of economics.				
0	Outcomes	CO2: Solve and understand how supply and demand determine				
	Outcomes	equilibrium prices and quantities.				
		CO3: Enumerate the theory of consumer choice.				
		CO4: Examine and understand the concepts and implication of production				
		and costs.				
		CO5: Discover the behaviour of producers who operate in different				
	competitive environments					
		1				
7	Course	This module is intended as an introduction to the microeconomics.				
	Description	Economics I studies how rational people make choices in the face of				
	-	scarcity and how these choices are coordinated by markets. We study how				
		markets work to promote economic efficiency, and why markets				
		sometimes fail. The module will consider the importance of competition in				
		the market. The aim throughout will be to introduce students to the				
		"economic way of thinking".				
8	Outline syllabu					
	Unit 1	The Central Concepts of Economics & Business				
	A Definition of economics, Scarcity & efficiency: The twin					
		economics				
	B	Microeconomics vs. Macroeconomics, Positive vs. Normative analysis				
	C	The Three problems of economic organization				



Unit 2	The Market l	Forces of Dem	and & Supply		
Α			Characteristic of wants Meaning and		
	definition, Lav	w of demand, I	Determinants of demand, Demand Function,		
	Shift and Mov	ement in dema	ind curve.		
В	Supply, Deter	minants of sup	ply, Shifts and Movement in Supply		
С	Elasticity of d	Elasticity of demand & Supply and its Determinants			
Unit 3	Consumer Equilibrium				
А	Utility and La	w of Diminishi	ing marginal utility		
В	Indifference c	urve, its proper	ties and types		
С	Consumer Equ	uilibrium			
Unit 4	Production a	nd Cost			
А	Meaning of fa	ctor of product	ion, Concepts & Meaning of Production		
	Function, Tot	al, Average and	d Marginal product, Production in the short		
	run and long r	un			
В	Concept of cost: Fixed and Variable, opportunity cost				
С	Short run and long run cost curves, relationship between production and				
costs					
Unit 5	Market				
А	Perfect Competition: Features, Price and output determination				
В	Monopoly, Monopolistic Competition : Features, Price and output determination				
С	Oligopoly, Du	1 V			
		put determinati	on		
Mode of examination	Theory/Jury/P	ractical/ viva			
Weightage	CA	MTE	ETE		
Distribution	30%	20%	50%		
Text book/s*	Principles of	Microeconom	ics—H.L Ahuja, S Chand.		
Other	-		d applications D.N Dwivedi		
References			urdhaus, Tata McGraw Hill (Recent Edn)		
	An Introduction to Positive Economics, R.G. Lipsey& Chrystal E.L.B.S				
	(Recent Edn.)		·		



Political Science-I (Political Theory)

Scho	ool: SOL	Batch : - 2019-24			
	gram: BA				
LLB					
Brar	nch:	Semester: I			
1	Course Code	BAL 118			
2	Course Title	Political Science-I(Political Theory)			
3	Credits	4			
4	ContactHours	4-0			
	(L-T-P)				
	Course Type	Compulsory			
5	Course Objective	 Introduce certain key aspects of conceptual analysis in Political theory Inculcate the skills required to engage in debates surrounding the application of the concepts. Blending the conceptual approach to political theory with both elements 			
		5. Blending the conceptual approach to political theory with both elements of the history of ideas and the application of ideas to political issues.4. Encourage the capacity to think critically in an analytically rigorous way			
6	Course	CO1: To discuss the meaning and theories of State.			
	Outcomes	CO2: To Understand and interpret the basic normative concepts of Political theory			
		CO3: To critically and reflectively analyse and interpret social practices through the relevant conceptual tool kit.			
		CO4: To understand and apply new modes of political debates to perceive and interpret the world around us.			
		CO5: To demonstrate the capacity to intervene in tutorial based on a sound knowledge of the set texts.			
7	Course Description	This paper tries to expose students to some basic ideas and concepts in political science. The aim is to orient students to the methodological and ideological traditions in political science.			
8	Outline syllabu	IS			
	Unit 1	State			
	А	State: Meaning, elements and distinction between state, society,			
		government and civil society.			
	В	Theories of the origin of the state: Force Theory, Divine Theory.			
	С	Social Contract Theory: Hobbes, Locke and Rousseau			
		Marxist theory of state			
	Unit 2	Importance of Freedom			
	А	Negative Freedom: Liberty			
	В	Positive Freedom: Freedom as Emancipation and Development			
	С	Important Issue: Freedom of belief, expression and dissent			
	Unit 3	Significance of Equality			



A	Formal Equality: Equality of opportunity Political equality				
В	Egalitarianism: Background inequalities and differential treatment				
С	Important Issue: Affirmative action				
Unit 4 Indispensability of Justice					
А	Procedural &	Distributive Ju	istice		
В	Global Justice				
С	Important Issu	e: Capital pur	ishment		
Unit 5					
А	Natural, Mora	l and Legal Ri	ghts		
В	Three Generat	ions of Rights			
С	Rights and Ob	ligations			
	Important Issu	e: Right of the	e girl child		
Mode of	Theory/Jury/P				
examination					
Weightage	CA	MTE	ETE		
Distribution	30%	20%	50%		
Text book/s*					
Other					
References	 I. Importance of Freedom Riley, Jonathan. (2008) 'Liberty' in Mckinnon, Catriona (ed.) Issues in Political Theory, New York: Oxford University Press, pp. 103-119. Knowles, Dudley. (2001) Political Philosophy. London: Routledge, pp. 69- 132. Swift, Adam. (2001) Political Philosophy: A Beginners Guide for Student's and Politicians. Cambridge: Polity Press, pp. 51-88. Carter, Ian. (2003) 'Liberty', in Bellamy, Richard and Mason, Andrew (eds.). PoliticalConcepts. Manchester: Manchester University Press, pp. 4-15. Sethi, Aarti. (2008) 'Freedom of Speech and the Question of Censorship', in Bhargava, Rajeev and Acharya, Ashok. (eds.) Political Theory: An Introduction. New Delhi: Pearson Longman, pp. 308-319. Significance of Equality Swift, Adam. (2001) Political Philosophy: A Beginners Guide for Student's and Politicians. Cambridge: Polity Press, pp. 91-132. 				



Catriona. (ed.) <i>Issues inPolitical Theory</i> . New York: Oxford University Press, pp. 149- 165.
Acharya, Ashok. (2008) 'Affirmative Action', in Bhargava, Rajeev and Acharya, Ashok. (eds.) <i>Political Theory: An</i> <i>Introduction</i>



Economics-II

Sch	ool: SOL	Batch : 2019-24				
Prog	gram: BALLB					
Bra		Semester: II				
1	Course Code	BAL126				
2	Course Title	Economics-II				
3	Credits	4				
4	Contact	3-1-2				
	Hours					
	(L-T-P)					
	Course Type	Compulsory				
5	Course	1. The objective of this course is to familiarize the students with the				
	Objective	concepts of the macro-economic environment.				
		2. To understand how growth of an economy is measured				
		3. To familiarize and understand the current economic issues in the Indian				
		context				
		4. To examine the link between different sectors of economy.				
6	Course	CO1: Develop an understanding of factors responsible for economic				
	Outcomes	growth and performance.				
		CO2: Understand macroeconomic variables, conceptual framework of				
		economy				
		CO3: Understand Current economic issues in the Indian context.				
		CO4: Demonstrate knowledge of exchange between sectors of economy				
		and its measurement.				
	CO5: Demonstrate understanding of alternative policies on the					
7	Course	economy.				
/	Description	This course expose students to an overview of macro- economic				
	Description	environment and will build an understanding of government policy				
		measures in regulating and planning for the economy, Calculation of GDP,				
		concept of inflation, policy measures with respect to the Indian economy.				
8	Outline syllabu	15				
	Unit 1	Introduction to Macro Economics				
	А	Microeconomics & Macroeconomics				
		Macroeconomics Goals & Subject matter				
	В	Interdependence of production, consumption & investment.				
		Circular flow of Income & Product Five Sectors-model of circular flow,				
		Leakages & Injections in the Circular Flow.				
Unit 2 Economic Systems		Economic Systems				
	А	Market Economy or Capitalism(Evolution of capitalism and its features)				
	В	Planned Economy or Command Economy				
L	L					



С	Mixed Economy			
 TI:4 2	•			
Unit 3	Concepts relating to National Income Aggregates GDP, GNP, NDP and NNP			
А				
В	Real Income and Nominal			
С	Methods of me	easuring Nation	nal Income	
Unit 4	Concept of Inf	lation		
А	Meaning & Ty	pes of Inflation	n	
В	Cost push infla	ation		
	Demand pull i	nflation		
С	Measures to co	ontrol inflation		
Unit 5	Macro Economic Policies & Global Environment			
А	Role of Banks			
В	Monetary Poli			
	Fiscal Policy			
С	Globalization			
	Foreign Direct	Investment		
Mode of	Theory/Jury/P	ractical/Viva		
examination				
Weightage	CA	MTE	ETE	
Distribution	30% 20% 50%		50%	
Text book/s*	H.L.Ahuja: Macroeconomics-Theory and Policy			
Other	N. Gregory M	ankiw- Princip	les of Macro Economics, Cengage Learning.	
References	Edward Shapiro: Macro Economic Analysis (latest Ed.) Baumoland Blinder.: Macroeconomics: Principles and Policy by Baumol and Blinder.			



Sociology-II

School: SOL		Batch : 2019-24		
Program: BALLB				
Branch: LAW		Semester: II		
1	Course Code	BAL110		
2	Course Title	Sociology-II		
3	Credits	4		
4	Contact	4+0+0		
	Hours			
	(L-T-P)			
	Course Type	Compulsory		
5	Course Objective	 To Define & introduce the students with the Basic concepts of Development of Indian Society. To understand the basic concepts, facts and processes of social stratification. To Demonstrate how the Forms of social stratification-Class 		
		 system & Class developed Over time in Indian Society 3. To illustrate the Meaning & importance of family, marriage& kinship social intuitions in the Society and Important features of Indian Society 4. To teach students to understand the various Important features (SCs, STs, & OBS)of Indian Society 5. To look at social problems in the context of culture. 		
6	Course Outcomes	 CO1: Describe the Origin, characteristics and history of the developmer of Indian Society. CO2: Students will be able to demonstrate an understanding of sociological concepts of social inequality, the processes involved in the maintenance and change of social hierarchies, and the trends and curren numbers regarding social inequality in India. CO3: Developing the ability to critically analyse the features of different types of Social Institutions and point out their merits and demerits. CO4: Students will be able to demonstrate an understanding of social structure and how it shapes and influences social interactions in India society 		
7	Course Description	 CO5: Aims at drawing the attention of the student to the Cross cultura analysis of social issues for better understanding of their environment. There is a need to study the relationship between education and the societ for better understanding of the functionality of the sub-systems in the society. This paper is to focus on basic concepts of sociology relevant for better understanding of Indian Society. Sociology aims at drawing the attention of the student teacher to the Cross cultural analysis of social issues for better understanding of their environment. So as to build context for the study of law 		



8	Outline syllabus			
	DEVELOPMENT OF INDIAN SOCIETY			
	A	Development of Indian Society Development from Vedic to Post Vedic Society,		
B Indian traditional order, Ashram and Varna System, San		Indian traditional order, Ashram and Varna System, Sanskars		
	С	Indian Cultural Values and their importance		
	Unit 2	BASIS OF SOCIAL STRATIFICATION IN INDIAN SOCIETY		
	А	Caste- meaning, definition and nature of caste system.		
	В	Causes of Change in caste system		
	С	Class-Definitions of Class, Nature and Characteristics of Social Class, Difference between Caste and Varna, difference between Caste and Class		
	Unit 3	UNIT-III: SOCIAL INSTITUTIONS		
	А	Marriage Institution: Meaning of Marriage-Functions of Marriage- Types of Marriage		
	В	Family Institution: Meaning and characteristics of Family-Distinctive features of family-Types of the family		
	С	Kinship Institution: Definition of Kinship-Primary, Secondary and Tertiary Kins		
	Unit 4	IMPORTANT FEATURES OF INDIAN SOCIETY		
	A	Scheduled Castes- Definitions and Measures for the Welfare of Scheduled Castes. Problems faced by Scheduled Castes, Scheduled Castes with special reference to Constitutional Provisions: (Article14,15,16,17,23,24,25,29,46,330, 332, 341, 342).		
	В	Scheduled Tribe– Definition, special features of Scheduled Tribe. Tribal problems and Tribal welfare.		
	С	The Other Backward Classes: Who forms the Backward Classes? Definition of Backward Classes, description of Backward Classes with special reference to reservation policy		
	Unit 5	SOCIAL DISORGANIZATION AND PROBLEMS		

A	The Problem of Overpopulation: Global Population Trends- Is India Over-
	Populated? Causes for the rapid growth of population in India.



В	Unemployment Problem: Unemployment a Global Phenomenon- What is			
2	Unemployment?-Types of Unemployment-Causes of Unemployment-Evil			
	effects of Unemployment- Remedial Measures and Suggestions.			
С	Corruptions in Society: Definition of Corruption- Causes of Corruption- Prevention of Corruption- Prevention of Corruption Act, 1947.			
Mode of	Theory/Jury/Practical/Viva			
examination				
Weightage	CA	MTE	ETE	
Distribution	30%	20%	50%	
Text book/s*	1.Bhushan, V	/. and D.R.	Sachdeva An Introduction to Sociology;	
	KitabMahal,A	llahabad; 1999	2. Mandelbaum,	
	D.G. Society	y in India;	Volume I and Volume II; Popular	
	Prakashan, Mumbai; 1992			
Other	1.JayaSagade, 2005, Child Marriage in India, Oxford University Press, NewDelhi.			
References				
	2 Prabhu, H.P. Hindu Social Organisation: A study in Socio-			
	Psychological and Ideological Foundations; Popular			
	3.Prakashan, Bombay; 1963(With effect from the Academic Session 2008-			
	2009)			
	3. Maclver& Page 'Society': An Introductory Analysis			
	4. M.Haralambos 'Sociology': Theme and Perspectives			
	5.T.B.Bottomore 'Sociology': A Guide to problems and Literature			
	6. Ram Ahuja, Society in India.			



Indian Polity

School: School of Law (SOL) Program: BA LLB		Batch : 2019-24			
Branch:		Semester: II			
1 Course Code BAL 119		BAL 119			
2	Course Title	Indian Polity			
3	Credits	4			
	Contact	4-0			
	Hours				
4	(L-T-P)				
	Course Type	Compulsory			
5	Course	The objective of this course is:			
	Objective	1. To introduce students to the Indian Constitution and its integral parts.			
		2. Acquainting students with the constitutional design of state structures			
		and institutions, and their actual working overtime.			
		3.Presenting the systematic analysis of the changing nature of political			
		systems in India.			
		4.Studying specific contemporary debates about the role of various factors			
		in Indian Politics.			
6 Course This course will help the students to:		This course will help the students to:			
	Outcomes	CO1: To know the basics about Indian Constitution.			
		CO2:To understand the philosophy, salient features and making of Indian			
		constitution.			
		CO3: To appreciate the fundamental rights & duties and the directive			
		principle of state policy.			
		CO4: To create critical understanding among the students about working			
		of Indian Government, its organs and the relationship between the organs.			
		CO5: To evaluate the evolution, functioning and consequences of political			
		party system in India.			
		CO6: To demonstrate the role of different social factors like religion, caste			
		and region in Indian Political System.			
7	Course	In this course students will engage in a deep, historical institutional			
	Description	analysis of Indian Political System. This course will consist of interactive			
		lectures intertwined with specific case studies.			
8 Outline syllabus					
form of Government: Essential features					
		Concept and classification (Written, unwritten, rigid and Flexible), Unitary			
	В	Federal form of Government: Essential features			
C		Parliamentary and Presidential forms of government; Essential			
Unit 2The Constituent Assembly and the Constitution:					



	А	Framing of Constitution: Role of Constituent Assembly			
	В	Philosophy of Indian Constitution, Preamble, Salient features of Indian			
		constitution			
	С	Fundamental Rights & Directive Principles of State Policy.			
	Unit 3 Organs of Government:				
	А	The Legislature: Parliament			
	В	The Executive: President and Prime Minister			
	С	The Judiciary: Supreme Court, High Court			
	Unit 4	Federalism:			
A Federalism: Division of Power					
	В	Emergency provision, 5 th and 6 th Schedule			
	C Working of Indian Federation: Major issues of Constraints				
	Unit 5	Indian Political System:			
	A Nature and evolution of Indian Party system, dominant system to r				
		party system and rise of coalition Politics.			
	Interest groups and Pressure groups in India, Regionalism and				
		Communalism in India.			
	С	Role of Caste and religion in India			
	Mode of	Theory/Jury/Practical/Viva			
	examination				
	Weightage Distribution	CA MTE ETE 30% 20% 50%			
	Text book/s*	1. Bhargava, R. (2008) 'Introduction: Outline of a Political Theory of			
		the Indian Constitution', in Bhargava, R. (ed.) Politics and Ethics			
		of the Indian Constitution. New Delhi: Oxford University Press, pp.			
		1-40 Austin, G. (1999) Indian Constitution: Corner Stone of a			
		Nation. New Delhi: Oxford University Press.			
		2. Basu, D.D. (2014) An Introduction to the Constitution of India,			
		New Delhi. Prentice Hall.			
		3. Chakravarty, B. & Pandey, K. P. (2009) Indian Government and			
		Politics, New Delhi: Sage.			
		4. Chandra, B., Mukherjee, A. & Mukherjee, M. (2010) India After			
		Independence. New Delhi: Penguin. 5. Jayal, N. G. & Mehta, P. B. (eds.) (2010) Oxford Companion to			
		Indian Politics. New Delhi: Oxford University Press.			
	Other	1. Austin, G. (2004) Working of a Democratic Constitution of India.			
	References	New Delhi: Oxford University Press.2. Vanaik, A. &Bhargava, R. (eds.) (2010) Understanding			
		Contemporary India: Critical Perspectives. New Delhi: Orient			



	Blackswan.3. Singh, M.P. &Saxena, R. (2008) Indian Politics: Contemporary Issues and Concerns. New Delhi:
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Law of Torts 1

School: SOL		Batch : 2019-24				
Program: BA						
LLB						
Bra	nch: LAW	Semester: II				
1	Course Code	BAL 114				
2	Course Title	Law of Torts 1				
3	Credits	4				
4	Contact	Contact Hours 48				
	Hours		Assessment	25		
	(L-T-P)		Guided Study	27		
			Total hours	100		
	Course Type	Compulsory				
5	Course	1. Familiarize the	students with basics of tort.			
	Objective	2. Enumerate the	crucial aspect of law of torts relat	ing to vesting of rights		
		to the victim.				
		1	udents with procedural nuances p	6		
			students the understanding of nec	cessary aspect of		
			e by virtue of this law.			
6	Course		of course, the student will be able			
	Outcomes	Ū.	he role of law of torts in a legal s	ystem.		
		CO2: Explain the rights and liabilities under torts.				
		CO3: Illustrate the existing remedies.				
		CO4: Distinguish between tort, crime and contract. CO5: Evaluate the law of torts in cyberspace.				
7	Course			montry. It is a muirrata		
/	Description		Tort is conduct that harms other people or their property. It is a private			
	Description	wrong against a person for which the injured person may recover damages, i.e. monetary compensation. The injured party may sue the wrongdoer				
		(tortfeasor) to recover damages to compensate for the harm or loss				
		incurred.	over damages to compensate for t	the narm of 1035		
8	Outline syllabu					
	Unit 1	Introduction				
	А	Definition of Tort				
	В		Constituents of Tort- Wrongful act, Legal damage and Remedy - <i>Injuria</i>			
		Sine Damno and Damnum Sine Injuria- Ubi jus ibiremedium.				
	С	Comparison of Tort with Crime and Contract				
	Unit 2	Defences against Tortious Liability				
	А	Consent as defend	Consent as defence- Volenti non fit injuria			
	В	Statutory authority				
	С	Act of God				
	Unit 3	Negligence				
	А	Theories of Negli	gence			



В	Essential Ingre	edients- Duty to	o take care, Breach of duty and Consequent	
	damage			
С	Proof of neglig	gence- res ipsa	loquitor	
Unit 4	Damages: General Principles			
А	Remoteness of Damage			
В	Reasonable Fo	oreseeability		
С	Effect of an intervening act: novusactusinterveniens			
Unit 5	No Fault Liab	No Fault Liability- Strict and Absolute Liability		
А	Strict Liability			
В	Absolute Liability			
С	Liability under a legislation			
Mode of	Theory			
examination				
Weightage	CA	MTE	ETE	
Distribution	30%	20%	50%	
Text book/s*	R.K. Bangia's Law of Torts.			
Other	1.Wienfield and Zolowicz, Torts,17 th Edition, Sweet and Maxwell 2006.			
References	2.Salmond's Law of Torts.			
	3.RatanlalDhi	3.RatanlalDhirajlal on Law of Torts.		
	4.Ramaswamy	Iyer's The Lav	w of Torts, Lexis Nexis.	



Law of Contract -II

	gram:	2019-24			
	. LL.B				
Branch:		Semester: II			
1	Course Code	BAL-115			
2	Course Title	Law of Contract –II			
3	Credits	4			
4	Contact	4-0-0			
	Hours				
	(L-T-P)				
	Course Type	Compulsory			
5	Course Objective	CO1.To gives students an understanding of the contractual provisions regarding Bailment and Pledge.CO2.To introduces the students with Partnership, Goods Law and Negotiable Instruments Act.			
		CO3.To give an understanding of the Bailment, Guarantee, Pledge and Agency CO4. To introduce student with the provisions of Bailment and Pledge. CO5. To explain Specific Relief Act.			
6	Course Outcomes	After the completion of the course, the students will be able to CO1: Define and explain the contractual provisions of Bailment and Pledge, and rights and duties of the parties involved. CO2: Explain the concept of LLP. CO3: Analyse the difference between the concept of Principal and Agency and contractual provisions. CO4: Explain the Concept of Sale of Goods Act. CO5: Define and explain the Concept of Guarantee. CO6: Summarize Law of Partnership, Sale of Goods Act and Specific Relief Act.			
Coursefundamental goal of study is to critically evalual legal postulates and propositions.Descriptionlegal postulates and propositions.To enable students to understand the various type earn the skill of drafting of such contracts. This of specific principles of contracts under sections <i>Contract Act 1872.</i> It examines the contract of I		To enable students to understand the various types of specific contract and earn the skill of drafting of such contracts. This course comprises a study of specific principles of contracts under sections 124-238 of the <i>Indian</i> <i>Contract Act 1872</i> . It examines the contract of Indemnity, Guarantee, Bailment, Pledge, and Agency. It includes sale of goods, Law of			



8	Outline Syllab	Dus			
	Unit 1 Contract of Indemnity & Contract of Guarantee				
	А	Definition and Nature, Extent of Liability, Distinction.			
	В	Pledge by Hypothecation			
	С	Rights & Obligations of the Parties. Definition, Essential features, Rights			
		& Obligation of the Parties.			
	Unit 2	Agency			
	А	Relation of Principal with third Parties, Rights & Liabilities of undisclosed			
		Principal.			
	В	Definition of Agent & Principal, Agency in Hire Purchase transactions,			
		Essentials of Agency, Creation of Agency, Duties of Agent, Rights of			
		Agent.			
	С	Duties of Agent, Rights of Agent,			
		Relation of Principal with third Parties, Rights & Liabilities of			
		undisclosed Principal, Ratification and Determination of Agency			
	Unit 3	Sale of Goods			
	А	Rights of Unpaid Seller, Lien & Stoppage in Transit. Sale & Agreement to			
		Sale.			
	В	Sale & Hire Purchase, Conditions & Warranties, Implied Conditions.			
	С	Sale by Sample, Implied Warranties, Transfer of Title, Sale by person			
		not the owner.			
	Unit 4	Law of Partnership			
	А	Sale of Good Will, Registration of Firms.			
	В	Definition & Nature of Partnership, Mutual Relations, Duties & Rights of			
		Partners,			
	С	Relation of Partners to third parties, Doctrine of Implied Authority,			
		Doctrine of Holding Out, Dissolution.			
	Unit 5	Specific Relief Act			
	А	Specific Performance of a Contract			
	В	Rescission and Cancellation			
	С	Injunction: Temporal-Perpetual			
	Mode of	Theory/Viva			
	examination				
	Weightage	CA MTE ETE			
	Distribution	30% 20% 50%			
	Text book/s*	1.Avtar Singh, Law of Contract and Specific Relief, 10th ed., 2008, Eastern			
		Book Company.			
	A B C Unit 4 A B C Unit 5 A B C Unit 5 A B C Mode of examination Weightage Distribution	Rights of Unpaid Seller, Lien & Stoppage in Transit. Sale & Agreement to Sale. Sale & Hire Purchase, Conditions & Warranties, Implied Conditions. Sale by Sample, Implied Warranties, Transfer of Title, Sale by person not the owner. Law of Partnership Sale of Good Will, Registration of Firms. Definition & Nature of Partnership, Mutual Relations, Duties & Rights of Partners, Relation of Partners to third parties, Doctrine of Implied Authority, Doctrine of Holding Out, Dissolution. Specific Relief Act Specific Performance of a Contract Rescission and Cancellation Injunction: Temporal-Perpetual Theory/Viva CA MTE GO% 20% 50% 1.Avtar Singh, Law of Contract and Specific Relief, 10 th ed., 2008, Eastern			



	2.Pollock&Mulla, <i>The Indian Contract and Specific Relief Acts</i> , 14 th ed., revised 2012, Lexis Nexis.		
	3.Anson's, Law of Contract, 29 th ed., 2010, Oxford Press.		
	4.Cheshire, Fifoot, &Firmston's, Law of Contract, 16 th ed.,2012, Oxford		
	University Press.		
	5.Mercantile Law by Avtar Singh.		
	6.Iyer Sale of Goods and Partnership Act, Asia Law House.		
	7.Chitty,Contracts,Vol,II,29 th Ed,Sweet& Maxwell,2004.		
	8.V.K.Rao,Contract II-Cases & Materials,Butterworths,2004.		
	9.M.KrishnanNair,Law of Contracts,1998.		
Other	1.Indian Contract Act 1872.		
References	2.Sale of Goods Act,1930.		
	3.Partnership Act,1932.		
	4.Specific Relief Act, 1963		



Political Science III

Scho	ool: SOL	Batch : 2019-24
Prog	gram: BA	
LLE	5	
Bra	nch:	Semester: III
1	Course Code	BAL217
2	Course Title	Political Science III
3	Credits	
4	Contact	3-1-2
	Hours	
	(L-T-P)	
	Course Type	Compulsory /Elective/Open Elective
5	Course	1. Students will be able to comprehend the concept of International
	Objective	relations and how balance of power works.
		2. Students will be able to summarize the importance of United
		Nations and other organizational actors.
		3. Students will be able to critically analyse the issues of concern in
		global terrorism.
		4. Students will be able to distinguish Post- cold war changing
		paradigms in reference to cold war diplomacy.
6	Course	After completing the course, the students will be able to:
	Outcomes	C01. Explain the meaning and importance of International Relations.
		C02 .Explain Role of United Nations
		C03. Explain Post-Cold War Changes in World Politics.
7	Course	
0	Description	
8	Outline syllabu	15
	Unit 1	
	А	Concept of International Relations, Meaning & Scope, National Power
		Components – population, geography, resources, economic organization,
	В	technology and military force.
	D	Limitations on National Power- international morality, public opinion and international law
	С	Balance of Power
	Unit 2	
	A A	UN Six Dringing Organs Congrel Assembly Security Council
	Λ	UN – Six Principal Organs – General Assembly, Security Council, Economic and Social Council
	В	Secretariat, Trusteeship Council and International Court of Justice
	С	Collective Security Mechanisms.
<u> </u>	Unit 3	
	A A	Cold War diplomacy- Causes, Phases
	B	Case studies – Afghanistan Crisis, Gulf War-I
	С	Post-Cold War- Ongoing missions – Gulf War –II
		1 USI-CUIU W AI- Uliguilig Illissiulis – Uuli W AI –II



	Unit 4					
	А	Non -State Actors – NGOs				
	В	Inter- Governmental Organizations (IGOs) - IMF, WTO, OPEC and OAU.				
	С	International 7	International Terrorism			
	Unit 5					
	А	India with nei	India with neighbouring countries- Pakistan, Bangladesh & Nepal			
	В	India with oth	er countries-U	SA, China, Britain & Africa		
	С	Foreign Policy – Alliances- NATO, CENTO, SEATO and WARSAW Pact				
		and Non Aligned Movement				
	Mode of	Theory/Jury/Practical/Viva				
	examination					
	Weightage	CA	MTE	ETE		
	Distribution	30%	20%	50%		
	Text book/s*					
	Other					
References						



Sociology –III(Sociology & Law)

School: SOL		Batch : 2019-24			
Program:					
B.A.LL.B					
Bra	nch: -	Semester: III			
1	Course Code	BAL 218			
2	Course Title	Sociology –III(Sociology&Law)			
3	Credits	4			
4	Contact	4+0+0			
	Hours				
	(L-T-P)				
	Course Status	Compulsory			
5	Course Description	There is a need to study the relationship between education and the society for better understanding of the functionality of the sub-systems in the society. The Objective is this paper is to focus on basic concepts of sociology relevant for understanding law and bring out the relationship between law and society.			
6	Course Objective	 To make the students aware about the concept of the sociology relevant for understanding law. To introduce the students with the Basic concepts of law and society. Students learn how Society developed over time and bring out the relationship between law and society. To demonstrate how the major laws developed the academic discipline of legal profession organization. To teach students to understand the role of theory in socialization. To introduce students to the concept & Factors of social change and law .To teach students to understand Social Structure and SocialDeviance 			
7	Course Outcomes	 CO1: Students will be able to describe the characteristics and history of Sociology. Students will be able to explain the processes of social scientific research, distinguish between the requirements and limitations of the various Laws. Sociological Implications of Major Laws. CO2: Students will be able to distinguish the basis of different types of organization, relationship with public in society, relationship with community, court, client, opponent Party & Colleagues can order and sequence CO3: Students will be able to Explain the legal profession organization, Social relationships in Legal profession, Legal aid to the Poor and Weaker Sections of the Society by Legal services Authorities and advocates CO4: Students will be able to identify the function of socialization. Students will be able to demonstrate and understanding of the sources and Need or importance of socialization in the life of an individual. 			



		CO5:Students will be able to demonstrate an understanding of social structure and how it shapes and influences social interactions and behaviour.			
8	Outline syllabu				
	Unit A	Unit I: Sociology & Law (10 Lectures)			
	A 1	What is law - Meaning, Definition, Functions and purposes of law			
	A 2	Sociology of law? Relevance of Sociology to Law,			
	A 3	Sociological Implications of Major Laws: Social objects of laws. Impacts			
		of social laws on Indian Society, Positive & Negative implications of			
		Social Laws & Obstacles in the implication of social laws.			
	Unit B	Unit II: Sociology of Legal Profession (10 Lectures)			
	B 1	What is Profession & Legal Profession Meaning & definition,			
	B 2	legal profession as an occupation & who is eligible for legal profession			
	B 3	Sociology –of Legal profession			
	Unit C	Unit III: Legal profession Organization (10 Lectures)			
	C 1	Legal profession organization: BCI, Bar Bench Relations (Sec 35.			
		Punishment of advocates for misconduct, ADVOCATES ACT, 1961, Sec.			
		24, 24A)			
	C 2	Social relationships in Legal profession: relationship with public in			
		society, : relationship with community, court, client, opponent Party &			
		Colleagues			
	C 3	Legal literacy through Camps by Legal services Authorities, Legal aid to			
the Poor and Weaker Sections of the Society by Legal services					
		and advocates			
	Unit D	Unit IV: Socialization (10 Lectures)			
	D 1	Socialization, Definitions of socialization, Phases of socialization,			
		Elements of socialization, Factors of Socialization			
	D 2	Need or importance of socialization in the life of an individual, The chief			
		agencies of Socialization			
	D 3	Theories of Socialization Cooley's Theory, Freud's Theory			
	Unit E	Unit V: Social Deviance (08 Lectures)			
	E 1	Meaning and types of deviance			
	E 2	Forms of crime-violent crime, property crime, white collar crime,			
		organized crime, sex crimes, environmental crime, cyber crimes			
	E 3	Issues of domestic violence and juvenile delinquency			
	Mode of	Theory			
	examination				
	Weightage	CA MTE ETE			
	Distribution	30% 20% 50%			
	Text book/s*	 T.K.Oommen&C.N.Venugopal, Sociology for Law Students, 2007, EBC Lucknow. 			
		2. Harlambos, M. Sociology: Themes and Perspectives; Oxford University Press, 1980			



	 Bottomore, T.B. Sociology: A Guide to Problems and Literature; Blackie and Sons India Ltd; 1971
	4. Horton. P.b. and C.L. Hunt Sociology; McGrew- Hill book Company, Singapore, 1984
	5. Giddens, A. Sociology; Polity Press, UK; 1993
Other References	1. CN Shankar Rao, Sociology Chand&Company, Delhi
	2. Davis, K. (2000) Human Society, Surjeet Publications, India.
	3. Horton P.B. and C.L.Hunt, Sociology; McGrew-Hill Book Company,Singapore,1984
	4. Prasad, S.K. Social Problems in India; Mohit Publications Ltd. India; 2000
	5. Anleu. S. and N.L. Roach Law and social changes; Sage Publications Ltd. Delhi; 2000
	6. Williams, K.S. Criminology; Universal Law Publication (Indian Reprint); Delhi, 2001.



Hindu Law

School: School of		Batch : 2019-24	
Lav	N		
Pro	gram: BALLB		
Bra	nch: LAW	Semester: III	
1	Course Code	BAL 219	
2	Course Title	HINDU LAW	
3	Credits	4	
4	Contact	48-25-27	
	Hours		
	(L-T-P)		
	Course Type	Compulsory	
6	Course Objective Course Outcomes	 This paper is to deal with the basic principles of Hindu Law relating to marriage and succession. This paper will help to understand the Sources of Hindu Law in India, Concept of Marriage, Matrimonial Remedies and Modes of Dissolution of Marriage. This paper will help to analyse the concept of Maintenance and Guardianship under Hindu Law. This paper will help to understand Joint Hindu Family, Coparcenary, rules of inheritance and succession along with Law of partnership with recent amendments CO1: To Identify basic principles of Hindu Law related to marriage, divorce and Succession. CO2: To Understand important sources of Hindu Law , essential conditions and types of marriage, dissolution of marriage and matrimonial remedies. 	
7	Course Description	 CO3: To Apply General remedies under Hindu Law on different situation and Concept of Maintenance, Guardianship and Adoption. CO4:Compare, analyze and appreciate the difference between Mitakshara&Dayabhaga joint family system, intestate and testamentary succession among Hindus. Hindu Law has the most ancient pedigree of the known system of Law. It can be described to be the ancient law of the Hindus rooted in the Vedas and 	
		enounced in the Smritis as explained and enlarged in recognized commentaries and digests and as supplemented and varied by approved usages. The concept of Hindu law is deeply rooted in Hindu philosophy and Hindu religion. Till	



0		this day, no precise definition of the word 'Hindu' is available in any statute or judicial pronouncement; it has defied all efforts at definition. There are two main schools of Hindu law; viz. the Mitakshara school and the Dayabhaga school or Bengal school. They have emerged in the era of Digests and Commentaries. The codified Hindu Law lays down uniform law for all Hindus. In the codified areas of Hindu Law, there is no scope for existence of schools. The schools of Hindu law have relevance only in respect of the un-codified areas of Hindu Law.
8	Outline syl	
	Unit 1	Introduction
	Α	Introduction to Family, Family Law and Hindu Law.
	В	Historical development of Hindu Philosophy and concept of Hindu Law.
	С	Schools and Sources of Hindu Law.
	Unit 2	Laws On Hindu Marriage
	Α	Nature, Concept and Evolution of Institution of Hindu Marriage. Application of HMA, 1955 (Section 2, 4)
	В	Forms, Ceremonies and Capacity to Marry and Registration of Marriage. (Section 3, 5, 7, 8 of HMA, 1955). Status of Live-in Relationship and Same Sex Marriage.
	С	Valid, Void and Voidable Marriage. (Section 11, 12 of HMA, 1955)
Unit 3 Materimonial Remedies Under H		Materimonial Remedies Under Hindu Law
	Α	Theories of Divorce and Grounds of Divorce with particular emphasis on Cruelty, Desertion, Option of Puberty, Breakdown of Marriage, Mutual Consent, Irretrievable Breakdown of Marriage. (Section 13 of HMA, 1955)
	В	Restitution of Conjugal Rights. (Section 9 of HMA, 1955)
	С	Judicial Separation. (Section 10 of HMA, 1955)
	Unit 4	Hindu Adoption & Maintenance; Minority And Guardianship
	Α	Adoption: Ceremonies, Capability and Effect (Section 5 to 17 of HAMA, 1956)
	В	Maintenance under Hindu Marriage Act, 1955 (sections 24 and 25), Hindu Adoptions and Maintenance Act, 1956 (section 18), Criminal Procedure Code, 1973 (section 125), Protection of Women from Domestic Violence Act 2005 (section 20).
	С	Guardianship: Kinds of Guardians, Power of Guardian & Removal of Guardian. (Section 4, 6, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13 of HMGA, 1956)
	Unit 5	HINDU JOINT FAMILY PROPERTY, INHERITANCE AND SUCCESSION



Α		1	ndu Family, Joint Hindu Family Property and
	Coparcenary (Mitakshara and Dayabhaga School); Karta: Role, Power		
			a. Judicial and Legislative trend and Status of
	Daugł		
B	Aliena	ation and Partiti	on of Joint Hindu Family Property.
С	Inheri	tance and Succ	ession under Traditional Hindu Law and Hindu
	Succe	ssion Act, 1956	
Mode of	Theory		
examination			
Weightage	CA	MTE	ETE
Distribution	30%	20%	50%
Text book/s*	ParasDiwan -	Modern Hindu	1 Law, Allahabad Law Agency
Other	1. Poona	m P. Sexena: H	Family Law Lectures-Family Law II, LexisNexis,
References	Gurga	on	
	2. Prof k	Kusum: Family	Law Lectures–Family Law I, LexisNexis,
	Gurga	on	
	3. Parasl	Diwan&Pyushil	Diwan: Family Law, Allahabad Law Agency,
	Farida	ıbad	
			f Marriage and Divorce, N.M. Tripathi Pvt. Ltd
		0	ge, Divorce and Matrimonial Litigations Family
			University Press, New Delhi
	6. Satyaj	eet A. Desai: M	Iulla's Principles of Hindu Law, Vol. I & II,
	Lexis	Nexis, Gurgaon	
		00	lu Law, Central Law Agency, Allahabad
	8. Ranga	nathMisra: Ma	yne's Treatise on Hindu Law & Usage, Bharat
	Law H	House, New Del	hi.



LAW OF TORTS II

	ol: School of	Batch : 2019-24	
Law			
Prog	ram:		
B.A.I			
Branch:		Semester: III	
1	Course Code	BAL 204	
2	Course Title	LAW OF TORTS II	
3	Credits	4	
4	Contact	40-30-30	
	Hours		
	(L-T-P)		
	Course Type	Compulsory	
	Course	1. To further deepen the understanding of the law of Torts in	
	Objective	students.	
	·	2. To introduce the concept of trespass and to make students	
		understand the various dimensions related to it.	
		3. To make students aware about the nuances of Cyber torts and to	
		further understand concepts related to privacy and defamation in	
		cyber space.	
		4. To acquaint students to certain areas of Motor Vehicles Act, 1988	
		and to develop knowledge of the same	
		5. To teach the concept of consumer protection and to study in detail,	
		theoretical as well as practical aspects of the consumer protectio	
		Act, 1986.	
		6. To highlight the concept of damages in torts and various other	
		remedies as available under the law of torts	
	Course	CO1: To examine the new emerging field of cyber torts and specifically	
	Outcomes	cyber defamation and cyber privacy in consonance with relevant sections	
		of the IT Act.	
		CO2: To Infer in detail dimensions of some specific areas of torts.	
		CO3: To apply various remedies available under the law of torts and more	
_		specifically the damages under the law of torts.	
7	Course	This Course will further build the concepts of Tort related to damages, tort	
	Description	affecting person and property. The concepts regarding consumer protection	
		will be taught in detail as enumerated in the Consumer Protection Act,	
-		1986.	
	Outline syllabu		
	Unit 1	Wrongs Affecting Property and Person	
	A	Trespass to Land: Nature, Meaning and essentials, Kinds, Defences and Remedies.	
F	В	Torts against Business Interests: Injurious Falsehood, Mis-Statements &	
		Passing-Off	



	С	Nuisance: Nature, Meaning & Essentials, Kinds- Public and Private, Act Constituting Nuisance-Obstructions of Highways-Pollutions of Air, Water & Noise-Interference with Light & Air-Defenses			
	Unit 2			provisions of Information Technology Act,	
	A	Technology A	Act, 2000	nd relevant provisions u/s 43 of Information	
_	В	Cyber Defam			
	С		rivacy in cyber	•	
-	Unit 3			Vehicle Act 1988)	
_	А			fault (Sec.140- 144)	
_	В			tor vehicle against third party (sec 145-164)	
	С	Chapter XII	Claim Tribunal	s (Sec 165-173)	
	Unit 4		Protection Act		
	А	Main function and defect in		mer Protection Act, 1986, deficiency in service	
	В	Definitions of Consumer	f Consumer, C	Goods and Services and Rights and Duties of	
-	С	Consumer (Council, Dist	rict Forum, State Commission, National	
		Commission	,		
	Unit 5	Damages			
	А	Award of Dar	Award of Damages: Simple-Special-Punitive		
	В	Remoteness of Damages: Foreseeability & Directness-Test of Causation 'But for' Test-Wagon Mound Case-Reasonable Foreseeability Test-Effect of an Intervening Act-Re Polemis Case-Direct Consequences Test- Injunction & Specific Restitution of Property			
-	С	Extra-Legal	Remedies: Se	lf-Help, Re-Entry on Land, Re-Caption of asance& Abatement of Nuisance	
	Mode of	Theory	,		
	examination	5			
	Weightage	СА	MTE	ETE	
	Distribution	30%	20%	50%	
	Text book/s*	R.K.Bangia's	Law of Torts	·	
	Other	1) Winfield &Zolowicz, Torts 17 th Edn, Sweet & Maxwell 2006.			
	References	 2) Salmond, J W, Salmond's Law of Torts (8th edition Sweet & 			
		Maxwell, London, 1934.			
		3) RatanLal&DhirajLal on Law of Torts.			
		4) A Lak	shminath M Sr	idhar, RamaswamyIyer's, The Law of Torts,	
			Nexis, Tenth E		
		5) Tony Press 2		duction to Tort Law 2 nd Edn Oxford University	
		6) Tabrez	z Ahmad "Cyb	er law,E-Commerce & M-	



Commerce"APHPub.Corp. New Delhi 2003. 7) R.K.Bangia's Law of Torts. 8) S.P.Singh, Law of Torts. 9) Law of Tort by B.M.Gandhi.
10) RamaswamiIyer's The Law of Torts, Lexis Nexis



Constitutional Law I

School: SOL		Batch : 2019-24
	gram: BALLB	
	nch:	Semester: III
1	Course Code	BAL 205
2	Course Title	Constitutional Law I
3	Credits	4
4	Contact Hours (L-T-P)	4-0-0
	Course Type	Compulsory
5	Course Objective	 The objective of this course is to- describe the Constitution & Constitutionalism. define the provisions of Constitutional Law provisions. help students relate in understanding the underlying spirit and the positive responsibility of the state to establish social order ensuring Justice, Liberty, Equality and Fraternity. Define the Preamble, Fundamental Rights, Directive Principles and Fundamental Duties with the help of leading cases.
6	Course Outcomes	 After completing the course, the students will be able to: recognise the meaning and importance of Constitution and Constitutionalism. develop an understanding with the help of leading cases about the provisions relating to Citizenship, recognise with the help of leading cases the provisions relating to Fundamental rights develop an understanding with the help of leading cases of the provisions relating to Directive Principles of State Policy recognise with the help of leading cases the provisions relating to Directive Principles of State Policy
7	Course Description	Constitution of India is the supreme law of the nation. The course aims to examine the political, social and economic structure of the Constitution of India. The objectives of the course are to apprise the students with the Constitutional laws and the framework of Governance at the Union and State level, legislative procedure, Judicial structure and other constitutional provisions.
8	Outline syllabu	15
	Unit 1	
	А	Constitutional History, Meaning & Importance of Constitution, Nature of Constitution
	В	Salient features of Constitution, Preambular Declarations
	С	Union and its Territory (Articles 1-4), Citizenship (Articles 5-11)



Unit 2			
A		Rights (with r rovisions Art 3	eference to Emergency Articles 352-360 and 368)
В		12), No Law t	to take away or abridge rights provided under
С	Right to Equality (Articles 14-18), Equality before law & equal pro of laws		
Unit 3			
А	Prohibition of Place of Birth		n on Grounds of Religion, Race, Caste, Sex or
В			matters of Public Employment (Article 16), (Article 17), Abolition of Titles (Article 18)
С	Right to Certa		Articles 19-22), Six Freedoms and Provision
Unit 4		、 、	,
А	Protection in r	espect of Conv	viction for Offences (Article 20)
B Protection of Life and Personal Liberty (Article 21), Right to (Article 21A), Protection against Arrest and Detention in ce (Article 22) C Right against Exploitation (Article 23-24), Prohibition of Traffic Beings and Forced Labour (Article 23), Prohibition of Employm Children in Factories etc. (Article 24)			onal Liberty (Article 21), Right to Education
			Article 23), Prohibition of Employment of
Unit 5			
А	Right to Freed Rights (Article	-	on (Articles 25-28), Cultural and Educational
В		,	edies (Articles 32 – 35)
С	Directive Prin	ciples of Stat	e Policy (Articles 36-51), Relation between Policy and Fundamental Rights, Fundamental
Mode of examination	Theory		
Weightage	CA	MTE	ETE
Distribution	30%	20%	50%
Text book/s*	J.N. Pandey –	Constitutional	Law of India
Other References	,	Shukla- Consti	
	2) H.M.	Seerval - Cons	titutional law of India
	3) K.C. Wheare - Modern Constitution		



Political Science IV

Sch	ool: School of	Batch : 2019-24	
Lav	V		
Pro	gram: SOL		
Bra	nch: BA LLB	Semester: IV	
1	Course Code	BAL 221	
2	Course Title	Political Science IV	
3	Credits	4	
4	Contact	4-0	
	Hours		
	(L-T-P)		
	Course Type	Compulsory paper	
5	Course	The major objective of this course is:	
	Objective	1. To introduce the students to some of the key modern Indian	
		thinkers.	
		2. To introduce the students to some of the key modern western	
		thinkers.	
		3. To help them to understand their ideas which helped in shaping the	
		society and politics of modern world.	
		society and pointes of modern world.	
6 Course This course will help the students:		This course will help the students:	
	Outcomes	CO1: To recognize the distinctive features of Indian and Western Political	
		Thought.	
		CO2: To understand the thoughts of western political thinkers.	
		CO3: To get information about the thoughts of Indian political thinkers.	
		CO4: To develop critical understanding towards the different traditions	
		and strands of political thought.	
7	Course	CO5: To demonstrate knowledge of key thinkers and concepts.	
/	Description	In this course, we examine major texts in the history of Western and Indian political thought, where the authors often pose difficult questions about the	
	Description	political community, social order, and human nature.	
8	Outline syllabi		
Unit 1 Western Political Thought			
	A	Distinctive feature of Western and Indian Political Thought.	
		Plato	
	C Aristotle		
	Unit 2	Modern Western Political Thought	
	А	Machiavelli	
	В	Hobbes	
	С	Locke	



Unit 3Modern Western Political Thought			Chought		
А	Rousseau				
В	Hegel	Hegel			
С	Karl Marx	Karl Marx			
Unit 4	Ancient India	n Political Th	ought		
А	Kautilya : The	ory of State			
В	Swami Viveka	anand			
С	M.N.Roy				
Unit 5	Modern India	an Political Th	ought		
А	B.R Ambedkar- Social Justice				
В	Gandhi- Swaraj				
С	Ram ManoharLohia				
Mode of	Theory/Jury/P	ractical/Viva			
examination					
Weightage	CA	MTE	ETE		
Distribution	30%	20%	50%		
Text book/s*					
Other					
References					



Economics- III (BAL-222)

SCHOOL: SCHOOL OF LAW		Semester-IV	ACADEMIC SESSION : 2019-2	24	
1	Commenter				
1	Course number	BA LLB			
2	Course Title	Economics- III (BAL-222)		
3	Credits	04		20	1
4	Learning Hours		ontact Hours	30	-
			Vorkshops	15	-
			Project/Field Work	15	-
			ssessment	15	-
			uided Study	25	-
	Course Objective		otal hours	100	
6	Course Outcomes	 The objective of this course is to familiarize the students with the concepts of the macro-economic environment of business. Emphase would be on the understanding of the key macro-economic variable and their usefulness in the decision making process in the evolvin business environment. Attention will be more on some of the recerchanges in the economic environment particularly in the India context. Current economic issues in the Indian context and corporate case studies are to be integrated so that the students should analyze the particular problem in a more systematic way. On successful completion of this module students will be able to 1. Understand the nature of economic environmental forces and sub-forces with their impact on various facets of business decisions. 3. Develop a perspective of the students with regard to the diversity and variability in the components of the economic environment 4. Develop an understanding of to deal with changes in the economic environment of business 		nomic variables in the evolving ne of the recent in the Indian t and corporate ould analyze the will be able to: ne business tal forces and f business rd to the ne economic	
7	Outline syllabus				
7.01	. A	Unit A	Business Segment of the		
7.02	.A1	Unit A Topic 1	The Concept of Indian E Business in Current Outl		Environment,
7.03	.A2	Unit A Topic 2	Basic Indicators of Economy Performance of Economy		
L	I	1			



7.04	.A3	Unit A Topic 3	India's Natural Resources and Sustained Economic Growth
7.05	.B	Unit B	Industrial Segment of Economy
7.05	.B1	Unit B Topic 1	Synergy Between Government and Business
	.B1 .B2		
7.07	.D2	Unit B Topic 2	Industrial Policy and Performance; Industrial
			Policy of 1991. Current Industrial Policy; Case
7.00			Study of Make in India Program
7.08	.B3	Unit B Topic 3	Public Sector in India: Process of Privatization
- 00			through Disinvestment, Navratna and Maharatna
7.09	.C	Unit C	Regulatory Segment of the Economy
7.10	.C1	Unit C Topic 1	Indian Governance – Constitutional Highlights
7.11	.C2	Unit C Topic 2	Regulatory Role of Government and Business
			Facilitation Activities. Inflation and Pricing
			Policy, Agriculture Pricing Policy
7.12	. C3	Unit C Topic 3	Indian Financial Sectors and Role of Independent
			Regulators
7.13	.D	Unit D	Technological and Investment Environment
			Segment
7.14	.D1	Unit D Topic 1	Technology Transfer Policy and Environment.
		_	Software Technology Parks. Promotion of
			Technology.
7.15	.D2	Unit D Topic 2	Energy Resource Management Policy of
		1	Government. Spectrum Allocation Policy and
			Telecommunication Regulation Policy
7.16	.D3	Unit D Topic 3	Foreign Direct Investment; Policy on Inflow and
			Outflow, Foreign Institutional Investment, Inflow
			and Outflow.
7.17	.E	Unit E	Global and Trade Environment of Business
7.18	.E1	Unit E Topic 1	Globalisation and Factors affecting globalization
			process
7.19	.E2	Unit E Topic 2	Foreign Trade Policy 2015-2020; Major elements
/11/			of FTP Policy.
7.20	.E3	Unit E Topic 3	Direction of India's International Trade in Goods
	120	onic E ropie e	and Services. Major Trade Regulation impacting
			international trade.
8	Course Evaluation		International trade.
8.01	Continuous	30%	
0.01	Assessment	5070	
8.02	Homework	10%	
8.02	Quizzes	10%	
8.04	Class Quiz	10%	
8.05	MTE	20 %	
8.06	ETE	50 %	
9	References		



9.01	Text book*	Paul Justin - Business Environment Text and Cases (Tata McGraw Hill).
		Raj Agarwal – Business Environment Second Edition
9.02	other references	1. Mishra S K &Puri V K - Economic Environment of
		 Business (Himalaya Publishing House, 3rdEdition). 2. Adhikari M- Economic Environment of Business (Excel Books), 2000, 8th ed, Sultan Chand. 3.FrancisCherunilam – Business Environment, Text and Cases (Himalaya Publishing House, 8thEdition). 3. N. Gregory Mankiw- Principles of MacroEconomics, Cengage Learning.



Law Of Crimes-I (Indian Penalcode)

Law Program: BA LLB Semester: IV 1 Course Code BAL 210 2 Course Title LAW OF CRIMES-I (INDIAN PENALCODE) 3 Credits 4 4 Contact 48-25-27 Hours (L-T-P) Course Type Compulsory /Elective/Open Elective 5 Course Type 0bjective 1. This paper is to deal with the basic principles of criminal law 0bjective 1. This paper will help to understand the concept of punishment. 2. This paper will help to analyse the concept of crime and its impact of the society. 4. This paper will help to understand essential ingredients of crime. 6 Course Outcomes crime and the theories of punishment and Issues relating to capital punishment. CO2: To Understand Fundamental elements of crime and Various stage commission of crime. 7 Course 7 Course 7 Course 7 This course is designed to introduce students to the substantive crimin laws. The course will primarily deal with the Indian Penal Code to variou situations. CO4: Contrast between different crimes and the law th	School: School of		Batch : 2019-24
LLB Semester: IV Branch: LAW Semester: IV 1 Course Code BAL 210 2 Course Title LAW OF CRIMES-I (INDIAN PENALCODE) 3 Credits 4 4 Contact 48-25-27 Hours (LT.P) Course Type Compulsory /Elective/Open Elective 5 Course Type Compulsory /Elective/Open Elective 6 Course (LT.P) 2. This paper is to deal with the basic principles of criminal law determining criminal liability and punishment. 2. This paper will help to understand the concept of punishment and various theories of punishment. 3. This paper will help to understand essential ingredients of crime. 6 Course CO1:To Identify jurisdictional issues attached with the commission o crime and the theories of punishment and Issue relating to capital punishment. CO2: To Understand Fundamental elements of crime and Various stag commission of crime. 7 Course 7 This course is designed to introduce students to the substantive crimin laws. The course will primarily deal with the Indian Penal code, 1860 certain portions of the act will be deal telaborately under this course. 7 Course This course is designed to introduce students to the su			
1 Course Code BAL 210 2 Course Title LAW OF CRIMES-I (INDIAN PENALCODE) 3 Credits 4 4 Contact 48-25-27 Hours (L-T-P) Course Type 5 Course Type Compulsory /Elective/Open Elective 5 Course 1. This paper is to deal with the basic principles of criminal law determining criminal liability and punishment. 2. This paper will help to understand the concept of punishment and various theories of punishment. 3. This paper will help to analyse the concept of crime and its impact of the society. 4 This paper will help to understand essential ingredients of crime. CO1:To Identify jurisdictional issues attached with the commission o crime and the theories of punishment and Issues relating to capital punishment. 6 Course CO1:To Identify jurisdictional issues attached with the commission o crime and the theories of punishment and Issues relating to capital punishment. 7 Course CO3: To Apply General exceptions under Indian Penal Code to variou situations. 7 Course This course is designed to introduce students to the substantive crimin laws. The course will primarily deal with the Indian Penal code, 1860 7 Course This course is designed to introduce students to the s	6		
2 Course Title LAW OF CRIMES-I (INDIAN PENALCODE) 3 Credits 4 4 Contact 48-25-27 Hours (L-T-P) Course Type Compulsory /Elective/Open Elective 5 Course Type Compulsory /Elective/Open Elective 6 Course Type Compulsory /Elective/Open Elective 7 Course 1. This paper will help to understand the concept of crime and Various stag commission of crime. 6 Course CO1:To Identify jurisdictional issues attached with the commission o crime and the theories of punishment and Issues relating to capital punishment. CO2: To Understand Fundamental elements of crime and Various stag commission of crime. CO2: To Understand Fundamental elements of crime and Various stag commission of crime. 7 Course This course is designed to introduce students to the substantive crimin laws. The course will primarily deal with the Indian Penal code, 1860 8 Outline syllabus 4 Introduction to Substantive Criminal Law A Meaning and Definition of Crime,Historical development of Indian Code 8 Elements of crime: Mena Rea and Actus Reus, Stages in commission crime	Bran	nch: LAW	Semester: IV
3 Credits 4 4 Contact Hours (L-T-P) 48-25-27 5 Course Type Compulsory /Elective/Open Elective 5 Course 1. This paper is to deal with the basic principles of criminal law determining criminal liability and punishment. 2. This paper will help to understand the concept of punishment and various theories of punishment. 3. This paper will help to understand essential ingredients of crime. 6 Course CO1:To Identify jurisdictional issues attached with the commission o crime and the theories of punishment and Issues relating to capital punishment. CO2: To Understand Fundamental elements of crime and Various stag commission of crime. CO3: To Apply General exceptions under Indian Penal Code to variou situations. 7 Course This course will primarily deal with the Indian Penal code, 1860 certain portions of the act will be dealt elaborately under this course. 8 Outline syllabus 4 Meaning and Definition of Crime,Historical development of Indian I Code 8 Elements of crime: Mena Rea and Actus Reus, Stages in commissior crime C Extent and operation of the Indian Penal Code	1	Course Code	BAL 210
4 Contact Hours (L-T-P) 48-25-27 5 Course Type Compulsory /Elective/Open Elective 5 Course 1. This paper is to deal with the basic principles of criminal law determining criminal liability and punishment. 2. This paper will help to understand the concept of punishment and various theories of punishment. 3. This paper will help to analyse the concept of crime and its impact of the society. 4 This paper will help to understand essential ingredients of crime. 6 Course CO1:To Identify jurisdictional issues attached with the commission o crime and the theories of punishment and Issues relating to capital punishment. CO2: To Understand Fundamental elements of crime and Various stag commission of crime. CO2: To Understand Fundamental elements of crime and Various stag commission of crime. 7 Course This course is designed to introduce students to the substantive crimin laws. The course will primarily deal with the Indian Penal code, 1860 certain portions of the act will be dealt elaborately under this course. 8 Outline syllabus 4 Meaning and Definition of Crime,Historical development of Indian I Code 8 Elements of crime: Mena Rea and Actus Reus, Stages in commission crime C Extent and operation of the Indian Penal Code	2	Course Title	LAW OF CRIMES-I (INDIAN PENALCODE)
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5 Course Objective 1. This paper is to deal with the basic principles of criminal law determining criminal liability and punishment. 2. This paper will help to understand the concept of punishment and various theories of punishment. 3. This paper will help to analyse the concept of crime and its impact of the society. 4. This paper will help to understand essential ingredients of crime. 6 Course 0 Course 7 Course 7 Course 8 Outline syllabus 1 Introduction to Substantive Criminal Law A Meaning and Definition of Crime,Historical development of Indian Code 8 Elements of crime: M	4	Hours (L-T-P)	
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C Extent and operation of the Indian Penal Code		-	-
	-	С	
			A
A General Explanation	-		
	-		Section (31-52A)Defining will, act or omission, common intention,
offence, death, injury life, good faith, harbour etc		-	



	С	Constructive joint liability			
	Unit 3 General Exceptions Under IPC			IPC	
	А	Mistake, Judic	Mistake, Judicial and Executive acts, Accidents, Necessity		
	В		Infancy, Immaturity, Insanity, Intoxication		
	С	Consent, Priva			
	Unit 4	Theories of Punishment and Punishments under IPC			
	А	Theories: Det	errent, Retribu	tive, Preventive, Expiatory and Reformative	
		Theory			
	В	Social implica	tions of Capita	l Punishment in Present Scenario	
	С	Punishment u	under the IPC	C: Fine, Forfeiture, Simple Imprisonment,	
		Rigorous Imp	risonment, Cap	ital Punishment	
	Unit 5	Abetment, Ci	riminal Consp	iracy and Attempt	
	А	Abetment (Sec 107-120)			
	В		spiracy(Sec 120	DA &120 B)	
	С	Attempt (Sec :	511)		
	Mode of	Theory			
	examination				
	Weightage	CA	MTE	ETE	
Distribution 30% 20% 50%		50%			
	Text book/s*	Indian Penal Code: Gaur K.D			
	Other	1) The Indian Penal Code - Ratanlal&Dhirajlal			
	References	2) Criminal Law Cases and materials – Gaur K.D.			
		3) Textbook of criminal law - Glanville Williams			
		4) Indian Penal Code – Prof. S.N.Mishra			
		5) Bare A	Act on Indian P	enal Code, 1860	



Constitution law – II

School: SCHOOL OF LAW		Batch: 2019-24	
	gram: BA LLB		
	nch: Law	Semester: IV	
1	Course Code	BAL 211	
2	Course Title	Constitution law – II	
3	Credits	4	
4	Contact Hours	Contact Hours 48	
	(L-T-P)	Assessment 25	
		Guided Study 27	
		Total hours 100	
	Course Type	Compulsory	
5	Course	The objective of introduction of this course is to:	
	Objective	1. define the constitutional provisions regarding Union and State Executive.	
		2. explain the constitutional provisions regarding Union and State Legislature.	
		3. describe the constitutional provisions regarding Union and State Judiciary and constitutional provisions to safeguard independence of judiciary.	
		4. relate the students with Centre and State relations.	
Commerce, Civil Services and Tribuna 6. examine the constitutional provision		 5. describe the Constitutional provisions regarding Freedom of Trade & Commerce, Civil Services and Tribunals. 6. examine the constitutional provisions for Election Commission, Tribunals Emergency Powers and Constitutional Amendment 	
6	Course Outcomes	After completion of course, the student will be able to:CO1. recognise the constitutional position of the President, the VicePresident and the Council of Ministers, Governor, AG and CAG.CO2. develop an understanding of the functioning of legislature in IndiaCO3: recognise the role played by judiciary in evolution ofconstitutionalism in IndiaCO4: develop an understanding of the Constitutional provisions for theSupreme Court, the High Court and the Subordinate Judiciary.CO5: recognise the Constitutional provisions about distribution of Powersbetween Centre and States, Freedom of Trade, Commerce and Intercourse,Election Commission, Tribunals, Emergency Provisions andCO6: develop an understanding of the impositions of emergency in union	
7	Course	and states at different times	
7	Course	This course helps the student in building the knowledge of criminal	



	Description	procedural law applicable in India. It provides the students with the knowledge of hierarchy of criminal courts and their competency to try and punish an offence. At the same it introduces the student to the procedure of investigation, inquiry and trial. Provisions of arrest and bail are also discussed in the class.		
8	Outline syllab			
	Unit 1	Central & state executive		
	A	The President [Art 52-61] and the Vice-President [Art 63-71]- Qualification, Manner of Election, Constitutional Position, Powers and functions, Pardoning Power [Art 72] The Governor [153-162] -Qualification, Appointment, Removal, Constitutional Position, Powers and functions, Pardoning Power [Art 161]		
	В	Impeachment Process [Art 61], Council of Ministers [Art 74, Art 163] Power and Duties of the Prime Minister [Art 75] and Chief Minister [Art 167]		
	C	Attorney General for India, [Art 76], Advocate General for State [Art 165] Comptroller and Auditor General of India [148]		
	Unit 2	Union & State legislature		
	A	The Parliament [Art 79-88]-Composition and Duration of the LS [Art 80]and RS [81], Qualifications [Art 84] & Disqualifications [Art 102] ofM.Ps., Parliamentary Privileges [Art 105]The State Legislature [Art 168-187], Abolition or creation of LegislativeCouncil [Art 168] Composition of the Legislative Assemblies [Art 170]and Legislative Council [171], Qualifications [Art 173]&Disqualifications [Art 191], Legislative Privileges [Art 194]		
BPresiding Officers of the LokSabha [Art 93-96]&		Presiding Officers of the LokSabha [Art 93-96]&RajyaSabha[Art 89-92] – Appointment, Qualifications, Power and functions, Removal		
	С	Various stages in the enactment of a Statute in Parliament, [Art 107-111] Procedure relating to Ordinary bills, Money Bills [Art 110] and Financial Bills [Art 112- 117] Legislative Power of the President and Governor [Art 123 & Art 213] Various stages in the enactment of a Statute in State Legislature, [Art 196- 201] Procedure relating to Ordinary bills, Money Bills [Art 199] and other Financial Bills [Art 202-207]		
	Unit 3	Judiciary [Supreme Court, High Court and Subordinate Courts]		
	A	Supreme Court [Art 124-130] High Court [Art 214-231] – Constitution, Qualification, Appointment, Salary & Emoluments and Removal of Judges		
	В	Jurisdiction of Supreme Court – Original, Appellate, SLP & Advisory Jurisdiction [Art 131-147]		
	C	Contempt of court, Court of Records and Article 142, Subordinate Courts [Art 233-237]		
	Unit 4	Centre-State Relations		
	А	Legislative Relation [Art 245-255]- 7 th Schedule, residual powers,		



		1			
		Parliament Po	wer to legislate		
	В	Treaty making	g provisions [A	253]Administrative Relations [Art 256-263]	
	С	Financial Rela	ations [Art 265	5-275], Finance Commission [Art 280-281];	
Freedom of Trade, Commerce and Intercourse [Art 30]			e and Intercourse [Art 301]		
	Unit 5				
	Α	Condition of	Services under	Union [Art 309] Election Commission [Art	
		324]and Administrative Tribunals [Art 323A & 323B]			
	В	Emergency Provisions [Art 352, 356, 360]			
	С	Amendment of the Constitution [Art 368]			
	Mode of Theory				
	examination				
	Weightage	CA	MTE	ETE	
	Distribution	30%	20%	50%	
	Text book/s*	J.N. Pandey -	Constitutional	Law of India	
	Other	1) M.P.Ja	in - Constitutio	on Law	
	References	eferences 2) V.N. Shukla- Constitution of India			
		3) D.D.Basu - Shorter Constitution of India			
		4) H.M.S	eervai - Consti	tutional law of India	
		5) K.C.W	heare - Moder	n Constitution	



Muslim Law

School: School of		Batch : 2019-24	
Law	V		
Pro	gram: BALLB		
Bra	nch: LAW	Semester: IV	
1	Course Code	BAL 223	
2	Course Title	MUSLIM LAW	
3	Credits	4	
4	Contact	48-25-27	
	Hours		
	(L-T-P)		
	Course Type	Compulsory	
5	Course	1. This paper is to deal with the basic principles of Muslim Law relating to	
	Objective	marriage and inheritance.2. This paper will help to understand the Sources of Muslim Law in India, Concept of Marriage, Matrimonial Remedies and Modes of Dissolution of	
		 Marriage. 3. This paper will help to analyse the concept of Maintenance and Guardianship under Muslim Law. 4. This paper will help to understand rules of inheritance along with Gift, Pre-emption and Wakf 	
6			
	Outcomes	 divorce and inheritance. CO2: To Understand important sources of Muslim Law , essential conditions and types of marriage, dissolution of marriage and matrimonial remedies. CO3: To Apply General remedies under Muslim Law on different situation and Concept of Maintenance, Guardianship and Acknowledgement. CO4: Contrast between Gift and Will under Muslim Law, Law of Inheritance, Pre-emption and Wakf 	
7	Course	This course is designed to introduce students to the law relating to personal	
	Description	matters governing Marriage, Guardianship and inheritance under Musli Law. Also, the paper aims to acquaint students about law relating Wi Gift, pre-emption, and various Religious Endowments.	
8	Outline syllab		
	Unit 1	Sources and Schools of Muslim Law	



Α	Primary Sourc	es – Quran, Su	nnat, Ahadis, Ijma, Qiyas	
В	•	urces – Custom od Conscience	, Judicial Decision, Legislation, Equity,	
С	Schools of Mu			
Unit 2	Marriage			
Α	Definition, Na Marriage, Dov		of Marriage, Essential Conditions of	
В	Classification irregular marri		riage, Legal effects of valid, void and	
С		*	Sunni Law of Marriage	
Unit 3	Divorce			
Α	Matrimonial I	Remedies, Null	ity of marriage - Bar to matrimonial relief	
В	Extra-judicial	Dissolution - T	alaq, Khula, Mubarat etc.	
С	Judicial Dissolution - The Dissolution of Muslim Marriages Act, 1939, The Muslim Women (Protection of Rights on Marriage) Bill, 2017 (Triple Talaq Bill)			
Unit 4 Maintenance, Guardianship and Acknowledgement			o and Acknowledgement	
Α	Alimony and Maintenance under Muslim Law			
В	Provisions of Maintenance under the Criminal Procedure Code, 1973; Muslim Women (Protection of Rights on Divorce) Act, 1986 and The Muslim Women (Protection of Rights on Marriage) Bill, 2017 (Triple Talaq Bill)			
С	Guardianship and Acknowledgement			
Unit 5	Will and Inheritance			
Α	Will- Meaning	g, , Will made i	n death bed or during illness; difference	
	between Will	and Gift		
В	Muslim law of	f Inheritance- S	hia and Sunni schools	
С	Gift, Pre-emption, Wakf			
Mode of	Theory			
examination Weightage	СА	MTE	ETE	
Distribution	30%	20%	50%	
Text book/s*		Law : Aqil Ah	med revised by I.A.Khan	
Other	 A Fyzee - Outlines of Mohammedan Law. Mulla - Principles of Mohammedan Law. 			



References	3. TahirMohamood - Moha	mmedan Law.
	4. ParasDiwan - Family Lav	w: Law of Marriage and Divorce in India.
	5. M. Bhattacharjee - Musli	im Law and the Constitution.



CORPORATE LAW-I

School: SOL		Batch :2019-24			
Pro	gram: B.A, LLB	Current Academic Year: 2018-2023			
	nch:	Semester: V			
1	Course Code				
2	Course Title	CORPORATE LAW-I			
3	Credits	4			
4	Contact Hours	48-25-27			
	(L-T-P)				
	Course Type	Compulsory			
5	Course Objective	 To understand and differentiate between different types of companies To understand the concept of corporate personality and exceptions to it. To understand the powers and duties of Promoters. To understand the MOA, AOA and Prospectus and terms in the documents. To analyses of incorporation process of different types of companies. 			
		 To understand the role, duties and functions of directors To understand concept of CSR To know the process of winding up 			
6	Course Outcomes	 CO1: Recognize the characteristics of a company and various documents for incorporation of a company. CO2: Identify the role of promoters, directors, liquidators etc in a company CO3: Interpret various clauses in AOA, MOA, Prospectus CO4: Analyze CSR & Winding up provisions 			
7	Course Description	CO5: Evaluate role of Liquidator & Court in Winding Up This course examines corporate law including: regulation of companies under Corporations Act; the incorporation process and its consequences; Documents such as MOA, AOA & Prospectus;; the duties and liabilities of directors and other officers of a corporation; members' powers and remedies; and the winding up processes.			
8	Outline syllabus				
	Unit 1				
	А	Definition of a Company; Historical Development			
	В	Concept of Corporate Personality			
	С	Different Kinds of Company			
	Unit 2				
	А	Promoters - Duties, powers and liabilities			
	В	Prospectus, Memorandum of Association and AOA			
	С	Formation and Registration of a company			
	Unit 3				
	А	Role and Responsibilities of Directors, Power and Duties			
	В	Prevention of Oppression and Mismanagement of Companies			
	С	Doctrines of Ultra-Vires, Indoor management and Constructive Notice.			
	Unit 4				
	А	Kinds of Company Meetings and Procedure			
	В	Types of Shares and debentures.			



С	Protection of M	Protection of Minority rights, Foss VsHarbottle				
Unit 5						
А	Corporate Social Responsibility, Provisions, Corporate social initiatives.					
В	Different Types of Winding up of Company. Appointment of Liquidator					
С	Role of Courts in Winding up.A					
Mode of examination						
Weightage	CA	MTE	ETE			
Distribution	30%	20%	50%			
Text book/s*	COMPANY L	AW				
	1. Dr. N.V. Paranjape- Company Law, 7th ed; Central law					
Other	1. Charles	s Wild & Stuar	t Weinstein Smith and Keenan, Company Law,			
References Pearson Longman, 2009			9			
	2. Institut	2. Institute of Company Secretaries of India, Companies Act 2013, CC				
	WolterKluver Business, 2013 3. Lexis Nexis, Corporate Laws 2013 (Palmtop Edition)					
	4. C.A. K	amal Garg, Bhai	rat's Corporate and Allied Laws, 2013			



<u>Labour Law I</u>

Scho	ol: SUSoL	Batch: 2019-24		
	ram: BA. LLB			
Bran		Semester: V		
1	Course Code	BAL 302		
2	Course Title	Labour Law I		
3	Credits	4		
4	Contact Hours (L- T-P)	3-1-2		
	Course type	Compulsory		
5	Course objective	 To equip the students with professional knowledge, learning and comprehensive understanding of Labour Law and research skill. To make the students understand the fundamentals of Labour Law such as contextual and constitutional frame work of Labour Law and its functioning in changing scenario and growth of trade unionism in India. To make the students understand the Trade Unions Law and its various aspects such as definitions under the Trade Unions Act, 1926, registration and recognition of trade unions, the members, office holders & outsiders in trade unions, finances, the privileges of trade unions, Collective bargaining and Unfair labour practices. To make the students learn some of the aspects of the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947, such asdefinitions under Act with emphasis on the definition of 'workman', Authorities, powers of the Appropriate Government and individual and industrial disputes. To make the students understand about strikes/lockouts, settlements, industrial disputes, strikes, lockouts, layoff, retrenchment, transfer, closure and changes in condition of service. To make the students learn the provisions of the Industrial Employment (Standing Orders) Act, 1946 including various 		
6	Course outcomes	aspects of Standing Order. CO1: The students will be equipped with professional knowledge,		
		 learning and comprehensive understanding of Labour Law and research skill. CO2: The students will be able to explain the fundamentals of Labour Law such as contextual and constitutional frame work of Labour Law and growth of trade unionism in India. CO3: The students will be able to explain the various provisions of the Trade Unions Law and its various aspects such as definitions 		



		 under the Trade Unions Act, 1926, registration and recognition of trade unions, the members, office holders & outsiders in trade unions, finances, the privileges of trade unions andCollective bargaining and Unfair labour practices with the help of leading case law. CO4: The students will be explain various provisions of the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947, such asdefinitions under Act with emphasis on the definition of 'workman', Authorities, powers of the Appropriate Government and individual and industrial disputes with 		
		the help of leading case law. CO5: The students will be in a position to explain strikes/lockouts, settlements, industrial disputes, strikes, lockouts, layoff, retrenchment, transfer, closure and changes in conditions of service with the help of leading case law.		
		CO6: The students will be in a position to explain the provisions of the Industrial Employment (Standing Orders) Act, 1946 including various aspects of Standing Order.		
7	Course Description	Industrial relations is a dynamic socio-economic process. It has two sides- co-operation and conflict. The relationship between labour and management is based on mutual adjustment of interests and goals. The major issues of industrial relations will be learnt in this course. The issues that will be discussed are contextual and constitutional framework of labour law in India, trade unions law, industrial disputes and industrial employment standing order laws.		
8	Outline Syllabus	Industrial disputes and industrial employment standing order laws.		
		Relations: Contextual and Constitutional Framework		
		evolution of Labour Law, importance of labour law in the era of		
	globalisation and pr	-		
		work, Constitutional Framework & Industrial relations, Indian Labour		
	Laws and the Const	itutional scheme of labour laws		
	C Evolution and gro	owth of trade unionism in India,		
	Unit 2 Trade Union	ns Law		
		t, 1926, definitions, registration and recognition		
	-	holders & outsiders in trade unions Finances & funds and the		
	Privileges of trade unions			
	C Collective bargain	0		
	Unit 3 Industrial D	•		
	A Industrial Disputes Act, 1947, definitions with special emphasis on the definition of 'workman'			
	B Authorities under	the Act; Powers of the Appropriate Government		
	C Individual & Indu	ustrial disputes; Participants in Industrial Disputes		
		outs, settlements, layoff and retrenchment		
		A Reference of disputes, settlement & awards		



	B Strikes & lockouts- legal provisions under the Industrial Disputes Act and the Industrial			
	Disputes (Standing Orders) Act, 1946			
C Lay off, retrenchm	nent, transfer	and closure, chan	ges in condition of service; Prohibition	
of strikes & lockout	8			
Unfair labour practic				
			ent (Standing Orders) Act, 1946	
-			nd coverage- modification and	
temporary application				
B Certification proc				
±		Ũ	rs and provisions contained in the	
Industrial Employm		Orders) Act, 194	6	
Mode of	Theory			
examination		1		
Weightage	CA	MTE	ETE	
distribution	30%	20%	50%	
Text books	S.C. Srivasta	ava, Industrial La	ws & Labour Laws	
Other references	1. O.P.	Malhotra, The la	w of Industrial Disputes, 7th Edition,	
	2015			
			aw on Industrial Disputes, 5 th Edition,	
	2016			
			nmentaries on Industrial Disputes Act,	
			Kharbanda, 10 th Edition, 2016	
	4. Labour and Industrial Laws, P.K. Padhi, 2 nd Edition			
		Srivastava, Trad		
		Puri, Labour Lav		
			nmentary on Trade Unions Act, 1926	
	8. H.L.	Kumar, Labour a	nd Industrial Law, 10 th Edition, 2016	



Law of Crimes II

Sch	ool: SOL				
Prog	gram: BA	Academic Year: 2019-24			
LLE					
	nch:	Semester: V			
1	Course Code	BAL 305			
2	Course Title	Law of Crimes II			
3	Credits	4			
4	Contact	4-0-0			
	Hours				
	(L-T-P)	Compulsory			
5	Course Status Course	Compulsory 1. This course comprises study of law and court decisions governing			
5	Objective				
	Objective	the basic principles of criminal law determining criminal liability and punishment.(CO1)			
		2. To make the students understand that study of Criminal law			
		enforces and regulates social conduct, in addition to prohibiting			
		threats, harm or other element that endangers the health, safety and			
		moral welfare of people within a jurisdiction.(CO2)			
		3. Criminal law enforcement breaks crimes down into specific classes			
		or degrees to assign an appropriate punishment like imprisonment,			
		government supervision or house arrest, fines, seizure of property			
		and/or money from an offender.(CO3)			
		4. The subject will help the students to participate in crucial work of			
		ordering the society and protecting the vulnerable.			
7	Course				
	Description	IPC aims to prepare the students to participate in the crucial process of			
		laying down the order of the society and help the vulnerable class and			
		victims to get access to justice. The students can pursue their career by			
		developing knowledge and skills necessary for success in prosecution and			
		defence of criminal charges. Law of crimes describe the type of conduct			
		that has been deemed a crime, the mindset or intent required, and the proper punishment thereof.			
8	Outline syllabu				
	Unit 1	Offences related to state, army and public tranquillity			
	A	Waging or attempting to wage war (section 121)			
		• Sedition(Sec.124A)			
	В	Public Servant disobeying direction(Sec.166A)			
		• Non treatment of victim by hospital(Sec 166B)			



С	• Rioting (section 146)				
	Affray (section 159)				
Unit 2	Offences related to elections ,public justice, coins, weights and measures, public nuisance and religion				
A	• Giving false evidence (section 191)				
	Fabricating False Evidence (section 192)				
В	Counterfeiting Coins (section 231)				
	• Counterfeiting Indian coin (section 232)				
C	Public nuisance (section 268)				
	Obscene acts and songs (section 294)				
Unit 3	Offences affecting the Human Body				
А	Culpable Homicide & Murder (section 299,302)				
	• Culpable Homicide not amounting to murder (Exceptions to section 300 IPC)				
В	Rash and negligent Homicide (section 304B)				
	• Hurt (section 319-326)				
	Grievous Hurt				
С	Kidnapping and abduction (359-367 and 369)				
Unit 4	Offences against women				
Α	• Rape (375-376)				
В	Cruelty by husband or relatives of the husband				
C	• Dowry death (section 304 B)				
Unit 5	Offences Against Property, defamation				
A	• Theft (section 379 to 382)				
	• Extortion (section 384 to 389)				
	• Robbery (section 392 to 389)				
В	• Dacoity (section 395,396)				
	Criminal Misappropriation (section 403,404)				
	 Criminal breach of Trust and cheating 				
С	Adultery (section 497)				
	 Defamation (499-502) 				
Mode of examination	Theory				
Weightage	CA MTE ETE				
Distribution	30% 20% 50%				



Text book/s*	1. Indian Penal Code: Gaur K D	
	2. The Indian Penal Code: Ratanlal&Dhirajlal	
	3. Indian Penal Code PSA Pillai	
Other	1. Criminal Law Cases and materials: Gaur K D	
References	2. Textbook of Criminal Law: Glanville Williams	
	3. Russel on Crime	
	4. Indian Penal Code: B M Gandhi	
	5. Indian Penal Code:Prof. S N Mishra	
	6. Bare Act on Indian Penal Code, 1860	
	7. All India Reports	



Criminal Procedure Code- I

	ool: SCHOOL	Batch: 2019-24
	LAW	
Prog LLE	gram: BA 3	
Bra	nch:	Semester: V
1	Course Code	BAL 316
2	Course Title	Criminal Procedure Code- I
3	Credits	4
4	Contact	Contact Hours 48
	Hours	Assessment 25
	(L-T-P)	Guided Study 27
		Total hours 100
	Course Type	Compulsory
5	Course	The purpose of introduction of this subject is to:
	Objective	1. develop basic understanding of criminal jurisprudence and procedural
		law among students.
		2. familiarize the students with crucial aspect of criminal procedural law
		relating to police investigation, court enquiry and trial.
		3. acquaint the students with essential features of fair trial.
		4. to provide knowledge of functions, duties and powers of police and
		criminal courts.
6	Course	After completion of course, the student will be able to:
	Outcomes	CO1: recognize the role of procedural laws in a legal system.
		CO2: explain the Hierarchy of Criminal Courts.
		CO3: interpret the role of Police, Magistrates in the criminal proceedings.
		CO4: explain and differentiate between the stages of investigation, enquiry
		and trial in criminal cases.
		CO5: evaluate the powers, functions, and duties of police and criminal
	~	courts.
7	Course	This course helps the student in building the knowledge of criminal
	Description	procedural law applicable in India. It provides the students with the
		knowledge of hierarchy of criminal courts and their competency to try and
		punish an offence. At the same it introduces the student to the procedure of
		investigation, inquiry and trial. Provisions of arrest and bail are also
0		discussed in the class.
8	Outline syllabu	
	Unit 1	Introduction to The Code of Criminal Procedure
	A	Object, Scope and Extent of the Code of Criminal Procedure
	В	Definitions - bailable, non bailable offences, charge, complaint, inquiry,
		investigation, judicial proceedings, trial, victim, cognizable, non-
		cognizable offences. (Section 2 Clause a, b, c, d, g, h, I, l. n, r, w, x)
	C	Constitution, Powers and Hierarchy of Criminal Courts (Section 6, 26, 28,



	29)			
Unit 2		Criminal Case		
А	F.I.R - Essentials of F.I.R and its evidentiary value. Information in non-			
		se. (Section 154		
В	Investigation: Procedure of Investigation, Police officer's powers to			
	investigate cognizable cases, procedure for investigation, police officer's			
			of witnesses, examination of witnesses by the	
	-	-	ons and statements and report of police officer	
0			on. (Section 156-164, 167)	
C	Police Report and Inquest Report. (Section 173, 174, 176)			
Unit 3	Pre-Trial Proceedings: Inquiry			
А	U U	•	a Magistrate & Committal of the cases.	
D	(Section 190, 193, 209, 322, 323, 325)			
B	Complaint Procedure before a Magistrate (Section 200-203)			
C	C Framing of a charge (Form of charge and Joinder of charge). (S			
TT . • 4 . 4	224) Law relating to Arrest Arrest (Section 41, 41A-D, 42, 43, 44, 46, 48 49, 57, 60A)			
Unit 4				
A				
В			a constitutional outlook and provisions under	
C			, 49, 50, 54, 55A, 57, 60A)	
Unit 5			of arrest. (Section 47, 48, 51-53)	
		The law relating BailBail: Concept and Constitutional Essence.		
A	Bail in Bailable and Non Bailable cases. (Section 436, 437) Anticipatory Bail and Cancellation of Bail. Special powers of HC and			
B				
C				
		COS. (Section 438, 439) Theory		
Mode of	Theory			
examination				
Weightage Distribution	CA 30%	MTE	ETE	
		20%	50%	
Text book/s* Other		Code of Crimi		
References		• 1	toSarkar&V.R.Manohar- The Code Of	
Keierences	Criminal Proc Criminal Proc		clopedic Commentary On The Code Of	
		,	lure, Ratanlal&Dhirajlal, 17th Edition, 2010.	
			tion, and Criminal Justice	
	D. Unia Devi	- Allesi, Delen	uon, and Chillinal Justice	



Political Science V

Sch	ool: SOL	Batch : 2019-24
Pro	gram: BALLB	
Bra	nch:	Semester: V
1	Course Code	
2	Course Title	Political Science V
3	Credits	4
4	Contact Hours	4-0
	(L-T-P)	
	Course Type	Compulsory /Elective/Open Elective
5	Course	1. Students will be able to comprehend the concept of comparative
	Objective	Politics
		2. Students will be able to comprehend the Constitutionalism and
		forms of Government
		3. Students will be able to analyse the concept of organs of power
6	Course	After completing the course, the students will be able to:
Ŭ	Outcomes	C01. Explain the meaning and importance of comparative Politics.
	outcomes	C02. Explain the Constitutionalism and forms of Government
		C03. Explain concept of Power.
7	Course	In this course students will be trained in the application of comparative
	Description	methods to the study of Politics. This course is comparative in both what
		we study and how we study. In the process course aims to introduce
		undergraduate students to some of the range of issues, literature and
		methods that cover comparative Politics.
8	Outline syllabus	
	Unit 1	Comparative Government and Politics
	А	Meaning, Nature and Scope of Comparative Politics:
	В	Post-Behaviuoralism; Development of Political Science.
	С	Traditional Institutional and New Institutional Approach
	Unit 2	Approaches to the study of comparative Politics:
	А	Political Development (Lucian W. Pye), Political Culture (G. Almond)
	В	Political System, Input-Out (David Easton), Structural Functional (G.
		Almond).
L	С	Communication (Deutsh) and Decision-Making (Simon and Snyder).
	Unit 3	
	А	Constitutionalism: History, Nature, Type and Problem in Modern Times.
		Forms of Government- Leading Classification of Governments
		(Traditional and Modern).



В	Electoral Syste	em: Definition	and Procedure: Types of electoral system-	
			PTP), Proportional Representation, Mixed	
	Representation	1.		
С	Party System:	Historical Con	texts of emergence of Party System and	
	Types of Parti	es.		
Unit 4	Nation-State			
А	What is a Nati	on-State.		
В	Historical Evolution of Western Europe and Post-Colonial Conte			
С	Nation and State : Debates			
Unit 5	State in comparative perspective			
А	State: Meaning, Nature and Characteristic.			
В	Characteristics and changing nature of the State in capitalist and socialist			
	economies,			
С	Advanced industrial and developing societies.			
Mode of	Theory/Jury/Practical/Viva			
examination				
Weightage	CA	MTE	ETE	
Distribution	30%	20%	50%	
Text book/s*				
Other				
References				



Law	<u>of Evidence</u>	
Schoo	I: SCHOOL OF	Batch: 2019-24
LAW		
Progr	am: BA LLB	
Branc	ch:	Semester: VI
1	Course Code	BAL 304
2	Course Title	Law of Evidence
3	Credits	4
4	Contact	Contact Hours 48
	Hours	Assessment 25
	(L-T-P)	Guided Study 27
		Total hours 100
	Course Type	Compulsory
5	Course	The purpose of introduction of this subject is to:
	Objective	1. develop basic understanding of Evidence law among students.
		2.familiarize the students with crucial aspect of relevancy and
		admissibility of facts
		3. acquaint the students with nuances involved in examination of
		witnesses
		4. to provide knowledge of rules concerning kinds of evidences,
		burden of proof, estoppel etc.
6	Course	After completion of course, the student will be able to:
	Outcomes	CO1. Describ the cardinal principles of evidence law and key terms
		etc.
		CO2. Explain the concept of relevant facts and facts in issue, order of
		examination of witnesses, burden of proof etc.
		CO3: interpret the rules of evidence in practical situations
		CO4. Analyze the approach of court in dealing with different kinds of
		evidences presented during trial
		CO5: Evaluate the strength of any given particular piece of evidence in
7		decision of the case ultimately
7	Course	This course helps the student in building the knowledge of criminal
	Description	procedural law applicable in India. It provides the students with the
		knowledge of hierarchy of criminal courts and their competency to try
		and punish an offence. At the same it introduces the student to the
		procedure of investigation, inquiry and trial. Provisions of arrest and bail are also discussed in the class.
8	Outling gullab	
0	Outline syllab	
	Unit 1	Introduction and Ambit scope and nature of Evidence Act [section 1] Cardinal Pules
	A	Ambit scope and nature of Evidence Act [section 1], Cardinal Rules, Definitions [section 3]



	В	Relevancy and	nd Admissibi	lity of Facts [sections 5, 136], Res Gestae	
		[sections 6 to			
	С	Section 9 [T.I.P], Section 10, section 11[plea of alibi]			
	Unit 2	Relevant fac	-, L L		
	A			n [Sections 17 to 31]	
	В			o can't be called as witness, Dying	
	D	declaration [section 32]			
	С			Courts when relevant [section 40 to 44],	
	C		0	ections 14, 15]	
	Unit 3			and kinds of evidences	
	A		<u> </u>	45 to 51], Custom and Usages when relevant	
		[Sections 13, 14 & 16]			
	В	Character evidence in Civil & Criminal cases [sections 12, 52 to 55A],			
				roved [sections 56 to 58]	
	С			dence [Section 59 to 66B], Exclusion of Oral	
			•	[Section 91 to 100]	
	Unit 4	Proof of Facts			
	А			101 to 114 A]	
	В	Presumptions, Estoppel [sections 115-117], Accomplice witness			
		[Section 133]		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
	С			n [Sections 120 to 125], Professional	
		Communicati			
-	Unit 5	Examination of witnesses			
	А	Order of exar	nination, Le	ading questions, Questions which may be	
		asked			
	B Hostile witness, Impeaching credit of witness, contrad			ng credit of witness, contradiction and	
		 corroboration, Refreshing memory, Inquisitorial & Adversarial trial, Judge's Power to put questions, section 167 Theory 			
	С				
	Mode of				
	examination				
	Weightage	CA	ETE		
	Distribution	30%	20%	50%	
	Text book/s*	BatukLal, La	w of Evidend	ce	
	Other	1) M. Monir	, Law of Evi	lence, Universal Publication	
	References	2) VepaP.sar			
		3) krishname	hari, Law of	Evidence, Central Law Publications	
		,		Commentary on law of evidence	
		,		on law of evidence	



Labour Law II

Scho	ol: SUSoL	Batch 2019-24
Prog		
	ch: BA LLB	Semester: VI
1	Course Code	BAL 310
2	Course Title	Labour Law II
3	Credits	4
4	Contact Hours (L- T-P)	3-1-2
	Course type	Compulsory
5	Course objective	1. To equip the students with professional knowledge, learning and comprehensive understanding of Labour Law and research skill.
		2. To make the students understand the various features of the Child and Adolescent Labour (Prohibition and Regulation) Act, 1986 and the various case law on the subject; to make the students learn various provisions of the aspects of the Payment of Wages Act, 1956, such as obligations of the employers, authorized deductions, rights of employers and employees under the Act etc. with due emphasis on case law on the subject.
		3. To make the students understand about certain aspects to be taken care under the Factories Act, 1948, such as health, safety and safeguards in premises employing hazardous process with the aid of case law on the subject.
		4. To make the students understand about certain aspects to be taken care under the Factories Act, 1948, such as welfare, working hours, leave, special procedure etc. with the aid of case law on the subject.
		5. To make the students learn the provisions of the Employee's Compensation Act, 1923 with the case law on the subject.
		6. To make the students learn the provisions of Employees' State Insurance Act, 1948 with the case law on the subject.
6	Course outcomes	 CO1: The students will be equipped with professional knowledge, learning and comprehensive understanding of Labour Law and research skill. CO2: The students will be able in a position to explain various provisions of the Child and Adolescent Labour (Prohibition and Regulation) Act, 1986 and explain various provisions of the Payment of Wages Act, 1956, powers and functions of



various authorities under the Act etc with the help of case law on the subject.CO3: The students will be able to explain various provi such as definitions, Inspecting staff, health, safety ar safeguards in the premises employing hazardous pro- under the Factories Act, 1948 with the aid of case la subject.CO4: The students will be able to explain various aspec as welfare, working hours, leave, special procedure of under the Factories Act, 1948 with the aid of case la subject.CO5: The students will be in a position to explain the provisions of the Employee's Compensation Act, 19 the help of case law on the subject.CO6: The students will be in a position to explain the provisions of the Employees' State Insurance Act, 1 the help of case law on the subject.7Course Description7Course Unit 1Child labour prohibition and regulation Payment of wages	isions ad ocess w on the ts such etc. w on the 23 with 948 with course.				
such as definitions, Inspecting staff, health, safety ar safeguards in the premises employing hazardous pro under the Factories Act, 1948 with the aid of case la subject.CO4: The students will be able to explain various aspect as welfare, working hours, leave, special procedure of under the Factories Act, 1948 with the aid of case la subject.CO5: The students will be in a position to explain the provisions of the Employee's Compensation Act, 19 the help of case law on the subject.CO6: The students will be in a position to explain the provisions of the Employees' State Insurance Act, 11 the help of case law on the subject.CourseThe major issues of industrial relations will be learnt in this The issues that will be discussed are child labour prohibition regulation of adolescent labour, payment of wages, various regulations under the Factories Act, determination of compe for various injuries and the employees state insurance law.8Outline SyllabusUnit 1Child labour prohibition and regulation	nd ocess w on the ts such etc. w on the 223 with 948 with course.				
CO4: The students will be able to explain various aspect as welfare, working hours, leave, special procedure of under the Factories Act, 1948 with the aid of case la subject.CO5: The students will be in a position to explain the provisions of the Employee's Compensation Act, 19 the help of case law on the subject.CO6: The students will be in a position to explain the provisions of the Employees' State Insurance Act, 19 the help of case law on the subject.Course DescriptionThe major issues of industrial relations will be learnt in this The issues that will be discussed are child labour prohibition regulations under the Factories Act, determination of compet for various injuries and the employees state insurance law.8Outline SyllabusUnit 1Child labour prohibition and regulation	etc. w on the 23 with 948 with course.				
aprovisions of the Employee's Compensation Act, 19 the help of case law on the subject. CO6: The students will be in a position to explain the provisions of the Employees' State Insurance Act, 14 the help of case law on the subject.7Course DescriptionThe major issues of industrial relations will be learnt in this The issues that will be discussed are child labour prohibition regulation of adolescent labour, payment of wages, various regulations under the Factories Act, determination of compe for various injuries and the employees state insurance law.8Outline SyllabusUnit 1Child labour prohibition and regulation	948 with course.				
7 Course The major issues of industrial relations will be learnt in this Description The issues that will be discussed are child labour prohibition regulation of adolescent labour, payment of wages, various regulations under the Factories Act, determination of competion 8 Outline Syllabus Unit 1Child labour prohibition and regulation					
Description The issues that will be discussed are child labour prohibition regulation of adolescent labour, payment of wages, various regulations under the Factories Act, determination of competing for various injuries and the employees state insurance law. 8 Outline Syllabus Unit 1Child labour prohibition and regulation					
regulation of adolescent labour, payment of wages, various regulations under the Factories Act, determination of competition of various injuries and the employees state insurance law. 8 Outline Syllabus Unit 1Child labour prohibition and regulation	n,				
regulations under the Factories Act, determination of competence of c					
8 Outline Syllabus Unit 1Child labour prohibition and regulation					
8 Outline Syllabus Unit 1Child labour prohibition and regulation	ensation				
Unit 1Child labour prohibition and regulation					
Payment of wages					
	· · ·				
A The various provisions of the Child and Adolescent Labour (Prohibition and Deputation) Apt. 1086					
Regulation) Act, 1986					
B The Payment of Wages Act, 1936, definitions, responsibility for payment of wa	ages,				
payment of wages, deductions					
C Inspectors & their powers, authorities, courts, appeals, penalty					
Unit 2 The Factories Act, 1948- Health, Safety and Hazardous process					
A Definitions, Inspecting staff B Health, Safety					
C Hazardous process					
Unit 3 Welfare, working hours, penalties & procedures under the Factories	Act				
1948	ACI,				
A Welfare, working hours of adults					
B Employment of young persons, Annual leave with wages					
C Special procedures , Penalties & procedures					
Unit 4 Employee's Compensation Act, 1923					
	A Definitions, Compensation, determination, nature of injury				
B Time of payment, distribution of compensation, fatal accidents and serious bod					
B Time of payment, distribution of compensation, fatal accidents and serious bodily injuries					



C Special provisions	s, penalties		
Unit 5 Employees' State Insurance Act, 1948			
A Application, exem	ption, definition	ons, authorities,	their powers and duties
B Finance and audit	Finance and audit, contributions, benefits		
C Adjudication of di	isputes & claim	s, penalties, mis	scellaneous
Mode of	Theory		
examination			
Weightage	CA	MTE	ETE
distribution	30%	20%	50%
Text books	Dr.Avtar Sing	h &Dr.Harpree	tKaur, Introduction to Labour and
	Industrial Law	vs, Fourth Edition	on 2017, LexisNexis
Other references	1. G.B. P	uri, Labour Lav	vs in India
	2. H.K. H	Kumar, Labour a	and Industrial Law, 10 th Edition, 2016
			Employees' Compensation Act, P.
		•	KrishnamurthiAiyar, 6 th Edition, 2016
		,	nmentaries on the Payment of Wages
	,	936, 4 th Edition,	
			mentaries on Payment of Wages Act,
	1936,	revised by P.L.	Malik, 5 th Edition, 1998



Criminal procedure code II

School: So LAW	CHOOL OF	Batch: 2019-24	
Program:	BALIR		
Branch:	DALLD	Semester: VI	
1	Course Code	BAL313	
2	Course Title	Criminal procedure code II	
3	Credits	4	
4	Contact Hours	Contact Hours 48Assessment25Guided Study27Total hours100	
	Course Type	Compulsory	
5	Course Objective	 The purpose of introduction of this subject is to 1. develop basic understanding of criminal jurisprudence and procedural law among students. 2. familiarize the students with crucial aspect of criminal procedural law relating to plea bargaining, compounding of offence etc. 3. acquaint the students with procedure of trial at sessions court, warrant case trial, summons case trial, summary trial. 4. to provide knowledge of maintenance provisions, appeal provisions, procedure of reference and revision etc. 	
6	Course Outcomes	After completion of the Course the student will be able to CO1: state the role of procedural laws in a legal system and recognize the relation between substantive criminal laws and criminal procedural laws. CO2: explain the trial procedure followed by various criminal courts. CO3: relate the provisions of CrPC with actual criminal court proceedings. CO4: explain the procedure of trial along with appeal, revision and reference. CO5: appraise the procedure followed in a criminal trial.	
7	Course Description	This subject develops the basic understanding of criminal jurisprudence among students and make them aware about the punishment and redressal system of the country. It specifically helps the students who want to excel in the field of criminal law.	



8	Outline syllabus					
	Unit 1	Plea bargain	ing and prov	isions relating to inquiry and trial		
	А	Plea Bargaining (Sec 265A-L), Compounding (Sec 320), Withdrawal from prosecution (Sec 321) and Probation (S 360).				
	В	General Provisions as to Inquiries and Trial (SS. 300, 303, 304, 306, 307, 308, 309, 311, 313, 315, 317, 319, 321,327)				
	С	Process to Compel Appearance and Production of Things.				
	Unit 2	Trial				
	А	Trial before a	court of sessi	on (S. 225-237)		
	В	Trial of warra and S. 251-25		mon cases by magistrates (S. 238-250		
	С	Summary Tri	als (S. 260-26	5)		
	Unit 3		and Sentences			
	A	Judgement, D	Discharge, Acq	uittal, Conviction, Hearing on Sentence.		
	В	Submission of	of Death Senter	nces for Confirmation		
	С	Execution, Su	uspension, Rei	nission and Commutation of Sentences		
	Unit 4	Appeals, Reference, Revision				
	А	Appeals (S. 374-394)				
	В	Reference and Revision (S. 395-405) and Transfer of Criminal Cases.				
	С	Inherent Power of Court (S 482)				
	Unit 5	Quasi Criminal proceedings and Preventive Part				
	А	Maintenance of wives, children and parents (S. 125-128)				
	В	Security for keeping peace and good Behavior				
	С	Maintenance of Public order and Tranquility				
	Mode of examination	Theory				
	Weightage	СА	MTE	ETE		
	Distribution	30%	20%	50%		
	Text book/s*	s* R.V. Kelkar – Code of Criminal Procedure				
	Other	Rattan Lal&I	Dhirajlal – Coc	le of Criminal Procedure		
	References	S.N. Mishra – Code of Criminal Procedure				



Ganguly – Criminal Court, Practice and Procedure
S.C.Sarkar, revised by SudiptoSarkar&V.R.Manohar- The Code Of Criminal Procedure: An Encyclopaedic Commentary On The Code Of Criminal Procedure, 1973



<u>Corporate law –II</u>

School: SOL		Batch : 2019-24			
Program: BALLB					
	nch:	Semester: VI			
1	Course Code	BAL-314			
2	Course Title	Corporate law –II			
3	Credits	4			
4	Contact Hours	4-0-0			
	(L-T-P)				
	Course Type	Compulsory			
5	Course Objective				
6	Course Outcomes	 CO1: Knowledge Competition Law and its role in economic policy. CO2: Analysis of Anticompetitive agreements and cartels in world economy. CO3: Evaluation of Dominant position in competition Law. CO4: Analyse the role of Foreign Direct Investment in development of economy. CO5: Application of Tie in Arrangements in world economy. CO6: Analysis of Principles of Insurance and role of insurance in economy. 			
7	Course Description	 This paper focuses on the international aspect of corporate governance and competition laws of India in the contest of new economic order. The main objective of the course is to. The main aim of this paper is also to assess the role of transnational corporations in the international trade. Transnational corporations are the main players of the world economics. On one hand the globalization and regionalization create a very good conditions for development of TNCs, on the other hand firms reinforce this processes by their export and foreign direct investment. 			
8	Outline syllabu	IS			
	Unit 1				
	А	Definition of Competition			
	В	Objectives of Competition Law Raghavan Committee Report			
	С	Indian scenario with an overview of MRTP Act, 1969			
	Unit 2				



А	A. Anti-competitive Agreement
	-Appreciable adverse effect
	- Horizontal and Vertical agreements
	- Effects doctrine
В	B. Prohibition of anti-competitive agreements
	- Concerted practices and parallel behaviour
	- Cartel and Cartelisation
	- Bid rigging and collusive bidding
C	C Tie-in-arrangements, Exclusive supply agreement, Resale price
	maintenance agreement
Unit 3	
A	A. Abuse of Dominant Position
	- Relevant market
	- Predatory <u>Behaviour</u>
	- Predatory pricing
	- Discriminatory practices
	- Relevant market
В	Combination
	- Value of Assets
	- Turnover
	- Acquisition
	- Conglomeration
	- Joint Venture
	- Merger and Amalgamation
	- Notification
C	Competition Commission of India
	- Establishment and composition
	- Duties
	-Procedure for inquiry
	- Powers
Unit 4	
A	World Trade Organization
В	. Foreign Direct Investment and Transfer of Technology
C	E-Commerce
Unit 5	
А	Various types of Banks and their functions. Role and functions of Banking
	Institutions
	Analysis of Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934.
В	General Principles of Law of Insurance
С	Types of insurances. Policy and its Legal Status. Definition, nature and
	history.



	Mode of examination	Theory/Viva		
	examination			
	Weightage	CA	MTE	ETE
	Distribution	30%	20%	50%
	Text book/s*	AVTAR SINGH		
Other LEXIS NEXIS, VN PARANJPA		JJPAY		
	References			



Political Science VI

School: SOL		Batch : 2019-24		
Program: BALLB				
Branch:		Semester: VI		
1	Course Code			
2	Course Title	Political Science VI		
3	Credits	4		
4	Contact	4-0		
	Hours			
	(L-T-P)			
	Course Type	Compulsory /Elective/Open Elective		
5	Course	1. Students will be able to comprehend the concept of Public and		
	Objective	Private Administration		
		2. Students will be able to comprehend the theories of		
		organization		
		3. Students will be able to analyse the theories of Leadership and		
(Comme	Financial Administration		
6	Course	After completing the course, the students will be able to:		
	Outcomes	C01.Explain the meaning and importance of Public and Private Administration.		
		C02.Explain the theories of organization		
		C03.Explain concept of Leadership and Financial		
_	~	Administration.		
7	Course	The course provides an introduction to the discipline of public		
	Description	administration. The emphasis is on administrative theory, including		
		non-western developing country perspective. An Understanding of the classical theories of administration is provided a practical context with		
		the link to Public Policy. The course explores some contemporary		
		social Values, including social protection, Feminism and ecological		
		conservation and how the call for greater democratization in		
		restructuring public administration. The course will also attempt to		
		provide the student some practical hands on understanding on		
		contemporary administration and policy concerns.		
8	Outline syllab	us		
	Unit 1	Public Administration as a discipline and Profession		
	А	Meaning, Scope, significance of Subject		
	В	Public and Private Administration		
	С	Evolution and Major Approaches		
	Unit 2	Administrative Theories		
	А	Ideal-type Bureaucracy		
	В	Scientific Management, Human Relation Theory		
	С	Rational Decision Making Theory		



Unit 3	Developmen	t Administrat	ion	
А	Meaning			
В	Approaches			
С	Rigg's Ecolo	gical Approac	h	
Unit 4	Recent Tren	ds-I		
А	New Public A	Administration	(NPA)	
В	New Public N	Aanagement (I	NPM)	
С	Good Governance			
Unit 5	Citizens and	Administrati	on	
А	Bringing People closer to Administration: E-governance			
В	Meaning and forms of Public Accountability and Redressal of Public			
	Grievances: RTI			
С	Lokpal			
Mode of examination				
Weightage	CA	MTE	ETE	
Distribution	30%	20%	50%	
Text book/s*				
Other				
References				



Public International Law

Sch Lav	ool: School of	Batch : 2019-24
	gram: BA	
Bra	nch: Law	Semester: VII
1	Course Code	BAL 401
2	Course Title	Public International Law
3	Credits	4
4	Contact	3-1-2
	Hours	
	(L-T-P)	
	Course Type	Compulsory
5	Course	1. Introduce to the students the concepts of public international law and
	Objective	their application.
		2. Understand different types of laws relating to relationships between
		states and their impact on residents.
		3. Acquire knowledge regarding public international law and be able to
		analyse it so as to find out the merits and demerits.
6	Course	CO1: Identify the basic concepts in public international law.
	Outcomes	CO2: Understand the basic doctrines and concepts of public international
		law.
		CO3: Applying conceptual understanding to describe and explain practical
		issues.
		CO4: Developing the ability to critically analyse laws and point out their
		merits and demerits.
		CO5: Critically discuss the limits and potentials of international law as a
	~	technique of public policy.
7	Course Description	The course aims to present a panorama of public international law, which covers principles and rules that govern the relations between States and the latter's interactions with other international actors. The course is designed to give students a global understanding of the rules governing international relations and, ultimately, provide them with practical skills in legal reasoning and arguing, research and writing on international issues. The course will start with an introduction to the international legal order,
		including a presentation of the specificities of international law as compared to domestic law. It will then focus on core areas of public international law which involve the following questions: Who are the actors in the international legal system and to whom does international law apply? How is international law created and where can it be found? What are the fundamental principles of public international law, besides the multitude of international rules, with a special focus on one of them,



		namely the prohibition of the use of force? Finally, in case of breaches of				
		international r	ules, how does	s international law react to such breaches?		
8	Outline syllabu	S				
	Unit 1	Introduction (10 lectures)				
	А	Nature, Defin	ition and Deve	lopment of International Law		
	В	Subject of Inte	ernational Law	,		
		States: Condit	tion of Stateho	od, Territory and Underlying Principles,		
		Sovereignty				
		International Organisation: Concept, Right and Duties under International				
		Law and Statu	s of Individua	1		
	С	Relationship I	Between Intern	ational Law and Municipal Law		
	Unit 2	Nature and r	ole of treaties	(12 lectures)		
	А	Treaties (Law	making treaty), History and Vienna Convention on the Law		
		of Treaties (19	969)			
	В	Treaty Contra	cts as Opposed	to Law Making Treaties (Distinction and		
		Examples)				
	С	General Princ	iples, General	Assembly Resolutions, Security Council		
		Resolutions				
	Unit 3	State Jurisdie	ction and Rec	ognition (10 lectures)		
	А			al jurisdiction (including principle of		
		protective nat	ionality)			
	В	Extradition an	d Asylum			
	С	Recognition: Theories, Types and Impact				
	Unit 4	Law of the Sea (8 lectures)				
				orial Seas, Maritime Zone, Contiguous Zone)		
	В	United Nations Convention of Law of the Sea (UNCLOS)				
	C Major Case Laws, relevance, impact of the convention					
	Unit 5	United Nations (8 lectures)				
	А			ns, powers, General Assembly		
	В			Conomic and Social Council		
	С			ustice, The Trusteeship Council		
	Mode of	Theory/Jury/F	Practical/Viva			
	examination		ſ	1		
	Weightage	CA	MTE	ETE		
	Distribution	30%	20%	50%		
	Text book/s*			ernational Law, Oxford University Press, 2013		
				Cambridge University Press, 2008 (6 th Edn)		
		-		he Making of International Law, Foundations		
				Oxford University Press, 2007		
				fication of Public International Law, United		
		0		ersity Press, 1970		
				al Framework: Codification in Past and		
		Present", in Customary International Law and Treaties, Mark Villger				
		pp.63-113, The Netherlands: MartinusNijhoff, 1985				



	6. Brownlie, International Law and the Use of Force by States, Oxford: Clarendon Press, 1991
	7. D.J.Harris Cases And Material on International Law.
Other	Case Concerning Military and Paramilitary Activities in and Against
References	Nicaragua (Nicaragua v. USA)
	Liechtenstein v. Guatemala
	Southern Bluefin Tuna Cases (New Zealand & Australia v Japan)
	Luther vs. Sagor
	North Sea Continental Shelf Case (F.R. of Germany/Denmark; F.R.
	Germany/The Netherlands)



Administrative Law

Scho	ol: SUSoL	Batch 2019-24
	ram: BA LLB	
0	ch: Law	Semester: VII
1	Course Code	BAL 402
2	Course Title	Administrative Law
3	Credits	4
4	Contact Hours	3-1-2
	Course type	Compulsory
5	Course objective	 To equip the students with professional knowledge, learning and comprehensive understanding of Administrative Law and research skill. To make the students understand the institutional dimensions of administrative law and relationship between constitutional and administrative law and understand the nuances of Rule of law, separation of powers, procedural fairness and Administrative Discretionary power, principles of Natural justice, Right to fair hearing and the rule against bias. To make the students understand Procedural fairness and Administrative Discretionary power, Quasi-judicial functions; evolution, development and significance of principle of Natural Justice and Right to fair hearing ; and Rules of Natural Justice <i>audialtermpartem</i>, Rule against bias , exceptions, post decisional hearing. To introduce the students to the field of legislative functions of the Administration i.e., Delegated legislation to give them an introduction of delegated legislation. To make them understand Judicial control over Administrative Discretionary powers/ Administrative action (including Judicial Review),doctrine of <i>ultra vires</i>. Promissory Estoppel and Legitimate expectation as grounds of judicial review, proportionality, Absolute Discretion, Administrative Adjudication and Administrative Tribunals; meaning, characteristics and working of Administrative tribunals, and principles governing administrative tribunals and Administrative Tribunals under the Administrative Tribunals Act, 1985.
		6. To explain to the students Constitutional protection of civil servants, need for protection of civil servants, Lacunae in



		the protection, Terms and condition of service, tenure of office, the doctrine of pleasure its extent and limitations and exceptions, Nature, Constitution and powers of Public Undertakings and control over them and Liability of Govt. in Torts and Contract; Ombudsman/Lokpal/Lokayukata and Central Vigilance Commission.
6	Course outcomes	 CO1: The students will be equipped with professional knowledge, learning and comprehensive understanding of Administrative Law and research skill. CO2: They will be able to explain the institutional dimensions of administrative law and relationship between constitutional and administrative law, the nuances of Rule of law, separation of powers, procedural fairness and Administrative Discretionary power, principles of Natural justice, right to fair hearing and the rule against bias. CO3: The students will be able to explain Procedural fairness and Administrative Discretionary power, Quasi-judicial functions; evolution, development and significance of principle of Natural Justice and Right to fair hearing ; and Rules of Natural Justice-<i>audialtermpartem</i>, Rule against bias , exceptions, post decisional hearing. CO4: The students will be able to explain various aspects of delegated legislation, and to explain the causes of its growth, demerits and the need for safeguards against delegated legislation with the aid of the case law. CO5: The students will be able to explain Judicial control over Administrative Discretionary powers/ Administrative action (including Judicial Review),doctrine of <i>ultra vires</i>. Promissory Estoppel and Legitimate expectation as grounds of judicial review, proportionality, Absolute Discretion, Administrative Tribunals; meaning, characteristics and working of Administrative Tribunals; and principles governing administrative tribunals and Administrative Tribunals under the Administrative Tribunals Act, 1985 CO6: The students will be able to explain Constitutional protection of civil servants, need for protection of civil servants, Lacunae in the protection, Terms and condition of service, tenure of office, the doctrine of pleasure its extent and limitations and exceptions, Nature, Constitution and powers of Public Undertakings and control over them and Liability of Govt. in Torts and Contract; Ombudsman/Lokpal/Lokayukata and Cen
7	Course Description	Commission. Administrative Law (AL) has been characterised as the most
L	L	



	'outstanding legal development of the 20 th century' (Vanderbilt's introduction to Schwartz, French Administrative Law and the Common Law World 1954)- AL has come to be identified as a branch of public law by itself, distinct and separate from Constitutional law, a fit subject-matter of independent study and investigation in its own right. The rapid growth of AL in modern times is the direct result of the growth of administrative powers and functions- attributable to t he critical international and internal situation creating a sense of insecurity which compels the Govt to acquire vast powers; e.g., the			
	National Security Act, 1980 confers vast discretionary powers on			
-	the administration.			
8	Outline Syllabus			
	Unit 1 Fundamentals of Administrative Law			
	A Evolution, definition, nature and scope, and significance of Administrative Law in			
	various system of governance from ancient to modern. Development of Administrative			
	law in UK, USA, and India, and <i>DroitAdministratif</i> in France.			
	B Constitutional dimensions of administrative law and relationship between constitutional and administrative law.			
	C Rule of law and separation of powers. Unit 2 Administrative Discretionary power; quasi-judicial function and the			
	principles of Natural JusticeA Procedural fairness and Administrative Discretionary power			
	B Quasi-judicial functions; evolution, development and significance of principle of			
	Natural Justice and Right to fair hearing ; and Rules of Natural Justice-			
	audialtermpartem,			
	C Rule against bias, exceptions, post decisional hearing.			
	Unit 3 Legislative functions of the Administration- Delegated legislation-			
	A Introduction, causes of growth, demerits/ need for safeguards.			
	B Difference between conditional and delegated legislation			
	C Constitutionality, types/ forms and control of delegated legislation			
	Unit 4 Administrative discretion, Judicial control of Administrative			
	discretion/action; and Administrative adjudication- Administrative Tribunals			
	A Judicial control over Administrative Discretionary powers/ Administrative action			
	(including Judicial Review), doctrine of <i>ultra vires</i> . Promissory Estoppel and Legitimate			
	expectation as grounds of judicial review, proportionality, Absolute Discretion			
	B Administrative Adjudication and Administrative Tribunals; meaning, characteristics and working of Administrative Tribunals; and principles governing administrative tribunals			
	C Administrative Tribunals under the Administrative Tribunals Act, 1985			
	Unit 5 Civil Servant, Public Undertakings and Corporations, Liability of Govt.,			
	Ombudsman etc			
	A Constitutional protection of civil servants, need for protection of civil servants, Lacunae in the protection, Terms and condition of service, tenure of office, the doctrine of			



pleasure its extent ar	d limitations and	l exceptions		
B Nature, Constitution	B Nature, Constitution and powers of Public Undertakings and control over them			
C Liability of Govt.	in Torts and Con	tract; Ombudsm	an/Lokpal/Lokayukata and Central	
Vigilance Commissi	on			
Mode of	Theory			
examination	5			
Weightage	CA	MTE	ETE	
distribution	30%	20%	50%	
Text books	M.P. Jain & S.	N. Jain, Principl	les of Administrative Law, Updated	
	7 th Edition, Lez	xis Nexis, 2013	(in two volumes)	
Other references			trative Law, 2 nd Edition, EBC, 2012	
	2. S.P. Sa	the, Administrat	tive Law, 7 th Edition, Lexis	
	NexisB	utterworh's, 200	06	
	3. Wade &	& Forsyth, Admi	inistrative Law, 11 th Edition, Oxford	
	Univers	sity Press		
	4. De Smi	ith, Judicial Rev	iew of Administrative Action, 7th	
	Edition	, 2016, Sweet an	nd Maxwell Publication	
	5. Prof. N	arender Kumar,	Nature and Concepts of	
	Admin	istrative Law, 20	011, Allahabad Law Agency	



Interpretation of statues

Sch	ool: SOL	Batch: 2019-24
Program: BA		
LLE		
	nch:	Semester: VII
1	Course Code	BAL 403
2	Course Title	Interpretation of statues
3	Credits	4
4	Contact	4-0-0
	Hours	
	(L-T-P)	
	Course Status	Compulsory
5	Course	1. Make students aware of importance of interpretation in legal
	Objective	profession.
		-
		(CO1)
		2. Enhance the critical skills to equip the students with various aspects
		of statutory interpretations. (CO2)
		3. Introduce the various theories of statutory interpretation in order to
		impart complete justice. (CO3)
		4. Develop among students the skills involved in legislative drafting,
		external and internal aids of legislation, and effects of repeal.
		(CO4)
6	Course	CO1:Classify various kinds of statutes.
0	Outcomes	CO2: Explain meaning of interpretation of statute.
		CO3: Identify general rules of interpretation
		CO4: Identify each part of statutes and will know importance of each part
		CO5: Differentiate between the theories of interpretation.
		CO6: Analyze importance of external and internal aids for interpretation
7	Course	The term interpretation means giving meaning to government power. It has
	Description	been divided into three wings namely legislature, executive and judiciary.
		Interpretation of statues is very essential as it is the sole base for analysing
		intent of the statue by the legislature. It is the duty of the court to interpret
		each and every word of the statue for determining legislative intent. The
		course provides for various rules like literal, grammatical, mischief rule
		etc. to determine the legislative intent and logical interpretation of words
		that provide for better justice delivery system.
8	Outline syllabu	15



Unit 1	Introdu	uction (CO1) (C	203)		
А	Meanin	g and Definition	n of Statutes, Classification of Statues		
В	Meanin	g and definition	of interpretation		
С	Genera	l Principles of In	nterpretation — Rules of Construction		
Unit 2	Rules of	of interpretation	n		
Α	Gramm	atical Rule of Ir	iterpretation		
В	Golden	Rule of Interpre	etation		
С	Rule of	Interpretation to	o avoid mischief		
Unit 3	Rules of	of interpretation	n-II		
А	Interpre	etation of Penal	Statutes		
В	Interpre	Interpretation of Statutes of Taxation			
С	Doctrin	e of Harmoniou	s Construction		
Unit 4	Extern	al and Internal	Aids to Interpretation		
Α			retation- I: Statement of objects of legislation,		
	historic	0	ound, Legislative debates		
В	Externa	l Aids to Interp	retation- II: dictionaries, textbooks, practice-		
		l, conveyance, e			
C		1	etation: Preamble, title, interpretation clause,		
			ations etc. — Presumptions		
Unit 5			and conflict of legislation, Presumptions		
			, Interpretation of Constitution		
A		Effect of Repeal, Effect of amendments to statutes			
В		ptions regarding			
C		etation of the Co	nstitution		
Mode of	J				
examina					
Weighta	-	MTE	ETE		
Distribu		20%	50%		
Text bo	bk/s^* 1.	Prof. T. Bhatta	charyya "The Interpretation of Statutes", Central		
		Law Agency.			
Other	1.	Maxwell: Interp	pretation of Statutes, Butterworths Publications.		
Referen		-	pretation of Statutes, Universal Publishers.		
	3.	Chatterjee: Inter	rpretation of Statutes.		
1 1			inciples of Statutory Interpretation, Wadhwa and		
		Company.			
		Company.			
		Company. Cross, Statutory	^y Interpretation		
	5.	Cross, Statutory	v Interpretation a "Interpretation of Statutes", Universal Law		
	5. 6.	Cross, Statutory A.B. Kafaltily Publishing Co.,	a "Interpretation of Statutes", Universal Law		



Civil Procedure Code- I

	ool: SCHOOL	Batch: 2019-24
	LAW gram: BA	
	nch:	Semester: VII
1	Course Code	BAL 404
2	Course Title	Civil Procedure Code- I
3	Credits	4
4	Contact	Contact Hours 48
	Hours	Assessment 25
	(L-T-P)	Guided Study 27
		Total hours 100
	Course Type	Compulsory
5	Course	The purpose of introduction of this subject is to:
	Objective	1. develop basic understanding of civil jurisprudence and procedural law
		among students.
		2. familiarize the students with rules governing preparation of pleadings
		3. acquaint the students with various stages of civil suit
		4. deliberate upon various interlocutory proceedings which are conducted
		during the trial
6	Course	After completion of course, the student will be able to:
	Outcomes	CO1: recognize the role of various procedural laws in a legal system
		CO2: explain the jurisdiction and competence of civil courts.
		CO3: discover the approach taken by the court in dealing with
		interlocutory application and proceedings.
		CO4: differentiate between judgment, order, decree, appeal reference,
		review and revision
		CO5: evaluate the working of ADR Mechanism in timely settlement of
		civil disputes
		CO6 : Formulate civil pleadings viz., plaint, written statement, replication,
7	Cauraa	rejoinder, cross objection etc.
7	Course	This course helps the student in building the knowledge of civil procedural
	Description	law applicable in India. It provides the students with the knowledge of
		hierarchy of civil courts and their competency to try and punish an offence. At the same it introduces the student to the procedure of adjudication of
		civil dispute.
8	Outline syllabu	A
0	Unit 1	نی ا
	A	Introduction to code of civil procedure, Important term
	B	Jurisdiction of civil courts
	C	Res Subjudice and Res judicata, foreign judgment and decrees
	Unit 2	The subjudice and the judicata, foreign judgment and decrees



А	Parties to civil	suit & instituti	on of civil suit	
В	Plaint : essenti	ials, return and	rejection of plaint, amendment of pleading &	
	other formaliti	es		
С	Summons to t	he defendant		
Unit 3				
А	Written statem counter claim	nent: essentials,	doctrine of deemed admission, set off &	
В	Appearance an	nd non appeara	nce of parties and date of first hearing of suit	
С	Settlement of	issues		
Unit 4				
А	Summon to pa	rties and witne	sses	
В	Adjournment and cost			
С	Conduct of trial, judgment and decree			
Unit 5				
А	Interlocutory applications viz., temporary injunction and receiver			
В	Special suits [government suit, indigent suit, interpleader suit, minor suit]			
С	Abatement and	d withdrawal of	f suits	
Mode of	Theory			
examination				
Weightage	CA	MTE	ETE	
Distribution	30%	20%	50%	
Text book/s*	C.K.Takwani,	Code of Civil	PRocedure	
Other	Mulla, Code o	f Civil Proced	ure	
References	Sarkar, Sudipto and Manohar, V R – Code of Civil Procedure, 11th Edition, Lexis Nexis.			



Property Law

Scho	ool: SCHOOL	Batch: 2019-24	
OF	LAW		
Prog	gram: BA LLB		
Brai	nch:	Semester: VIII	
1	Course Code	BAL 406	
2	Course Title	PROPERTY LAW	
3	Credits	4	
4	Contact Hours	Contact Hours 48	
	(L-T-P)	Assessment 25	
		Guided Study 27	
		Total hours 100	
	Course Type	Compulsory	
5	Course	The purpose of introduction of this subject is to:	
	Objective	1. develop basic understanding of property laws among students.	
		2. familiarize the students with general principles governing transfer of	
		property	
		3. acquaint the students with different modes of transfer of property	
		4. provide knowledge of rights and liabilities of parties involved in	
		transfer of property	
6	Course	After completion of course, the student will be able to:	
	Outcomes	CO1: recognize the role of property laws in a welfare society	
		CO2: explain the concepts of contingent and vested interest,	
		CO3: demonstrate the nuances of various doctrines concerning transfer of	
		property	
		CO4: Distinguish between absolute and limited transfer of property	
		CO5: evaluate the procedural rules governing transfer of property	
7	Course	This course helps the student in building the knowledge of property laws	
	Description	applicable in India. It provides the students with the knowledge of	
		general principles governing transfer of property. At the same it	
		introduces the student as to how transfer of property is to be effected.	
8	Outline syllabus		
	Unit 1	Introduction	
	А	Ambit, Scope & Nature of T.P.A, 1982 [sections 1,2]; definitions [section	
		3]	
	В	Transferrable and Non-Transferrable Property [section 6]; conditions of	
		valid transfer [sections 7]	
	С	Contingent and vested interest [sections 19 to 24]	
	Unit 2	Principles and Doctrines	
	А	transfer to unborn person [Sections 13 to 18]	
	В	Conditional transfers [Sections 25 to 33]	
	С	Transfer by unauthorized person [Sections 35, 41,43]	
	Unit 3	Principles and Doctrines	



			• • • • •	E (10, 11, 20, 20, 40)
Α				n [section 10, 11, 38,39,40]
В	II			octrine of Priority [sections 48], doctrine of
Lis-pendens [sections 52]				
C		fraudulent transfer sections 53], doctrine of part – performance section		
		53-A]		
Uni	it 4	Absolute trans	sfer of property	y
А		Sale [sections 5	54 to 57]	
В		Gift [sections 1	22 to 129]	
С		Actionable clai	m [sections 3, 1	30 to 137]
Uni	it 5	Limited trans	fer of property	
А		Mortgage [kind	ls of Mortgage,	subrogation, foreclosure and sale]
В		Marshalling, S	ubrogation, Cha	urge
С		Lease (Meanin	g, Execution, D	uration, termination of lease, licence,
		surrender, forfe	eiture) [sections	105 to 117]
Moo	de of	Theory		
exa	mination			
Wei	ightage	CA	MTE	ETE
Dist	tribution	30%	20%	50%
Tex	t book/s*	PoonamPradha	nSaxena, Prope	erty Law, Lexis Nexis
Oth	er	1. Dr.R.K.Sinh	a, Property Law	V
Ref	erences	2. Dr.G.P.Tripa	athy, Transfer o	f Property Law, Central Law Publications
		3. Avtar Singh	Transfer of Pro	operty Act, Universal Publishing Pvt Ltd
		4.SandeepBhal	la, Digest of Ca	ses on Transfer of Property in India,
			Company, 2 nd Ed	
		5. Mulla, Trans	sfer of Property	Act, Lexis Nexis, 2013
				rt and Sovereignty (Law, Property and
		Society), Ashg	ate, 2014	
		7. Chitaley on		



Private International Law

Scho	ol: SUSoL	Batch 2019-24			
	ram: BA LLB				
Bran		Semester: VIII			
1	Course Code	BAL 407			
2	Course Title	Private International Law			
3	Credits	4			
4	Contact Hours (L- T-P)	48-25-27			
5	Course objective	 To equip the students with professional knowledge, learning and comprehensive understanding of Private International Law (Conflict of Laws) and research skill. 			
		2. To make the students understand the fundamentals of certain aspects of Private International Law such as nature, scope and various theories of Private International Law.			
		3. To make the students understand various concepts such as Renvoi, jurisdiction, nationality and domicile in the context of conflict of laws and recognition and enforcement of foreign judgments and arbitral awards.			
		4. To make the students learn various aspects of Private International Law, such asmarriages; matrimonial causes, legitimacy, legitimisation, adoption, guardianship and custody of childrenwith due emphasis on case law on the subject.			
		5. To make the students understand about certain Private International Law aspects in the matter of movable and immovable property, transfer of tangible movables and assignment of intangible movables, insolvency and succession with the aid of case law on the subject.			
		 To make the students learn the conflict of law aspects in respect of contracts and torts in the context of Private International Law with the case law on the subject. 			
6	Course outcomes	CO1: The students will be equipped with professional knowledge, learning and comprehensive understanding of Private International Law (Conflict of Laws) and research skill.			
		 CO2: The students will be in a position to explain nature, scope and various theories of Private International Law. CO3: The students will be able to explain Renvoi, jurisdiction, nationality and domicile in the context of conflict of laws and recognition and enforcement of foreign judgments and 			



-	1			
		arbitral awards with the help of leading case law on the		
		subject.		
		CO4: The students will be able to explain various aspects of		
		Private International Law, such asmarriages; matrimonial		
		causes, legitimacy, legitimisation, adoption, guardianship		
		and custody of children with the aid of case law on the		
		subject.		
		CO5: The students will be able to explain various Private		
		International Law aspects in the matter of movable and		
		immovable property, transfer of tangible movables and		
		assignment of intangible movables, insolvency and		
		succession, with the aid of case law on the subject with the		
		aid of case law on the subject.		
		CO6: The students will be in a position to explain contracts and		
		torts in the context of Private International Law with the		
7	Course Description	help of case law on the subject. Private International Law or Conflict of laws means a branch of		
7	Course Description			
		Indian Law applied by Indian courts whenever a dispute before it		
		involves a foreign element. The scope and nature of this branch of		
		law and various aspects of the law such as characterisation, renvoi,		
		jurisdiction, recognition and enforcement for foreign judgments and awards, family law, property law and law of obligations are covered		
		in this course.		
8	Outline Syllabus			
0		e etc of Pvt International Law		
	A /	of Pvt International Law		
	B Theories of Pvt International Law			
	C Characterisation and the incidental question; the time factor			
	Unit 2 Renvoi, Juris			
	A Renvoi; Jurisdictio			
	B Domicile and Nati			
		nforcement of foreign judgments and arbitral awards		
	Unit 3 Family law et	tc.		
	A Marriages; matrim			
	B Legitimacy and Le			
	C Adoption, guardian			
	Unit 4 Property Law			
	A Movable and imm			
		e movables; assignment of intangible movables		
	C Succession and ins			
	Unit 5 Law of obligation	ations		
	A Contracts			
	B Torts			
	C Foreign monetary	obligations		



Mode of examination	Theory			
Weightage	CA	MTE	ETE	
distribution	30%	20%	50%	
Text books	Conflict	of Laws, Atul M	I Setalvad, Second E	dition, 2009
Other references	1. ParasE	Diwan : Private	international Law.	
	2. Anson	2. Anson: Conflict of laws		
	3.Chesire	3. Chesire, North & Fawcett: Private International Law, Fourteenth		
	Edition, 2	2008 Oxford		



Alternative Dispute Redresssal

	ool: SCHOOL	Batch : 2019-24
-	LAW	
,	gram: BALLB	
Brai	r	Semester :VIII
1	Course Code	BAL 408
2	Course Title	ALTERNATIVE DISPUTE REDRESSSAL
3	Credits	4
4	Contact	4-0-0
	Hours	
	(L-T-P)	
	Course Type	COMPULSORY
5	Course Objective	Alternative Dispute Resolution has become the primary means by which cases are resolved now days, especially commercial, business disputes. It has emerged as the preferred method for resolving civil cases, with litigation as a last resort. Alternative Dispute Resolution provides an overview of the statutory, procedural, and case law underlining these processes and their interplay with litigation. A significant theme is the evolving role of professional ethics for attorneys operating in non- adversarial settings. Clients and courts increasingly express a preference for attorneys who are skilled not only in litigation but in problem-solving, which costs the clients less in terms of time, money and relationship. The law of ADR also provides an introduction to negotiation and mediation theory.
6	Course Outcomes	CO1: Understand the nuances of various ADR mechanism CO2: Appreciate the technicalities with respect to jurisdictional disputes CO3: Understand the international law associated with arbitration
7	Course Description	Alternative dispute resolution (ADR; known in some countries, such as India, as external dispute resolution) includes <u>dispute</u> <u>resolution</u> processes and techniques that act as a means for disagreeing parties to come to an agreement short of <u>litigation</u> . It is a collective term for the ways that parties can settle disputes, with the help of a third party.
8	Outline syllabu	
	Unit 1	Meaning, Nature and Genesis of Alternative Dispute Resolution
	А	Meaning, Nature and Genesis of Alternative Dispute Resolution
	В	Forms of ADR Mechanism
	С	Legal Aid Framework: Legal Services Authorities Act, 1987
	Unit 2	Arbitration-general provisions
	А	Arbitration-general provisions, Arbitration Agreement
	В	Composition of Arbitral Tribunal, Extent of Judicial Intervention, Interim measures, Power of Court to refer Parties to Arbitration
	С	Jurisdiction of Arbitral Tribunal, Competence of Arbitral Tribunal,



			1.4 1.0 1		
		Conduct of Arbitral Proceedings, Place of Arbitration and Termination			
		and Enforcement of award			
	Unit 3	Conciliation:	general provi	sion	
A Conciliation			general provision	on	
	В	Appointment of Conciliator and their Role- Commencement of conciliator			
		proceedings			
	С	Termination of	of conciliation p	proceedings	
	Unit 4	Negotiation: 7	Theories, Devel	opment and its types	
	А	Negotiation: 7	Theories, Devel	opment and its types	
	В	International I	Negotiation & i	ts process	
	С	Mediation &	Good Offices		
	Unit 5	International (Commercial Ar	bitration	
	А	International (Commercial Ar	bitration: New-York and Geneva Convention	
	В	UNCITRAL N	Model Law, Tre	eaties etc.	
	С	Enforcement	of Foreign Awa	rd and Jurisdictional Issues	
	Mode of	Theory			
	examination				
	Weightage	CA MTE ETE			
	Distribution	30%	20%	50%	
	Text book/s*	2. O.P. N	Ialothra, The la	aw and practice of Arbitration & Conciliation	
		(Lexis	Nexis Butterwo	orths, New Delhi 2006).	
		3. Avtar	Singh, Law of	Arbitration and Conciliation (Eastern Book	
		Compa	any, Lucknow,	2013)	
	Other	1. P.C. R	ao& William S	bheffield, ed., Alternative Disputes	
	References	Resolution- What it is and how it works? (Universal Law			
		Publis	Publishing Co. Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi, 2006).		
		2. P.C. Markanda, Law relating to Arbitration and Conciliation, (7th			
		edn., I	exis NexisBut	terworths, Nagpur, 2009)	
		4. Basu.	N.D, Law of A	rbitration and Conciliation (9th edn.,	
		Univer	rsal Law Publis	hing Co. Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi, 2000).	



Civil Procedure Code- II

School: SCHOOL OF LAW		Batch: 2019-24
Prog	gram: BA	
LLE Bra		Semester: VIII
1	Course Code	BAL 404
2	Course Title	Civil Procedure Code- II
3	Credits	4
4	Contact	Contact Hours 48
	Hours	Assessment 25
	(L-T-P)	Guided Study 27
	~ -	Total hours 100
	Course Type	Compulsory
5	Course	The purpose of introduction of this subject is to:
	Objective	1. develop basic understanding of civil jurisprudence and procedural law
		among students.
		2. familiarize the students with rules governing issue of commissions
		3. acquaint the students with the procedure related to arrest and attachment
		of property
		4. provide procedural aspect of appeals, review, reference and revision
		5. impart knowledge about execution proceeding
		6. discuss basic concepts of law of Limitation
6	Course	After completion of course, the student will be able to:
	Outcomes	CO1: recognize the role of various procedural laws in a legal system
		CO2: identify process of arrest and attachment of property.
		CO3: discover the approach taken by the court in dealing with execution
		proceedings.
		CO4: differentiate between judgment, order, decree, appeal reference,
		review and revision
		CO5: evaluate the working of court in execution of decree of a court
_		CO6 : analyse the law of limitation
7	Course	This course helps the student in building the knowledge of civil procedural
	Description	law applicable in India. It provides the students with the knowledge of
		hierarchy of civil courts and their competency to try and punish an offence.
		At the same it introduces the student to the procedure of adjudication of
		civil dispute.
8	8 Outline syllabus	
	Unit 1	
	A	Introduction, Commissions
	В	Process of arrest and attachment before judgement
	C	Correction judgements, orders and decrees
	Unit 2	



А	Appeals decre	es and orders				
В	Second Appea	1				
С	Powers of App	cellate Court				
Unit 3						
А	Reference					
В	Review					
С	Revision					
Unit 4						
А	Execution of t	he decree/order	r: court by which it may be executed,			
	application for	application for execution				
В	Modes of Exe	cution				
С	Stay of execut	ion, Questions	to be determined by executing court			
Unit 5	•		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
А	Basic concepts of Limitation Act, 1963, Effect of expiry of					
	limitation(section3)					
В	Extension of limitation(section 5)					
С	Acquisition of ownership by possession(Sections 25-27)					
Mode of	Theory	·	• · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
examination						
Weightage	CA	MTE	ETE			
Distribution	30%	20%	50%			
Text book/s*	C.K. Takwani	's Civil Proced	ure			
	B. M. Prasad & S. K. Sarvaria,					
	Mulla's Code of Civil Procdure B. B. Mitra The Limitation Act,1963					
Other	AIR Manual o	of CPC, 1908				
References	nces					



Intellectual Property Law

Sch	ool: SOL	Batch : 2019-24			
Pro	gram: BA				
LLE	3				
Bra	nch:	Semester: VIII			
1	Course Code	BAL 410			
2	Course Title	Intellectual Property Law			
3	Credits	4			
4	Contact	3-1-2			
	Hours				
	(L-T-P)				
	Course Type	Compulsory			
5	Course	1. Familiarize the students with basic IPR laws in India.			
	Objective	2. Enumerate the crucial aspect of IPR laws relating to vesting and			
		protection of rights of the owner.			
		3. Acquaint the students with procedural nuances pertaining to protection			
		of IPR.			
		4. Develop in the students the understanding of necessary aspects of IPR.			
6	Course	After completion of course, the student will be able to:			
	Outcomes	CO1: Recognize the role of IPR laws in a legal system.			
		CO2: Explain the rights and liabilities of the owner of intellectual property.			
		CO3: Illustrate the existing categories of intellectual property.			
		CO4: Distinguish between various types of intellectual property.			
-		CO5: Evaluate the intellectual property laws in cyberspace.			
7	Course	Intellectual property rights are like any other property right. They allow			
	Description	creators, or owners, of patents, trademarks or copyrighted works to benefit from their own work or investment in a creation. This course helps the			
		from their own work or investment in a creation. This course helps the			
0	Outline sullaby	student in building the knowledge of IPR laws applicable in India.			
8	Outline syllabu Unit 1	Introduction			
	A	Brief evolution of IPR and its importance in present context.			
	B C	Types of Intellectual Property.Intellectual Property and its Abuse.			
	Unit 2	The Copyright Act, 1957 Subject matter of Copyright, rights of copyright owner &			
	А	5 15 6 7 6 15 6			
		2(a),(c),(d),(ffa),(h),(o), (p),(q),(qq),(s),(uu),(y),(z)] [Section 13,14,17,18,19,19A,21,37,38,38A,39,57]			
	В	Infringement of Copyright and permitted acts.			
	ע	[Section 51 & 52]			
	С	Copyright Office & Board [Section 9-12].			
	Unit 3	The Geographical Indications of Goods (Registration and Protection)			
		Act, 1999			
<u> </u>		All, 1777			



	А	Concept of Indication of source.				
	В	Kinds of Geo 19]	graphical Indic	ations and Registration.	[Section 3-	
	С	Infringement,	[Section 20-23,			
		37-54, 66-67]				
	Unit 4	The Trademarks Act, 1999				
A Understanding Trademark.						
		[Section 2(1)(j),(m),(q),(z),(z	zb),(zg)].		
	В	Registration of	f trade mark fo	or goods/services, Absolute	e & Relative	
		grounds for refusal of registration. [Section 9,11,18-				
		23,57]				
	С	•	0	d Exceptions to Infringeme	ent Action.	
		[Section 29 &				
	Unit 5	The Patents	/			
	А			n Patentable Invention.	[Section	
		2(1)(j),(ja) &				
	В	Procedure for filing Patent Application. [Section				
		11A,11B,25].				
C Rights of Patentee and Patent Infringement.			t Infringement.	[Section		
		47,48,104,107	7,107A]			
	Mode of	Theory				
	examination					
	Weightage	CA	MTE	ETE		
	Distribution	30%	20%	50%		
	Text book/s*			Intellectual Property Right		
	Other		•	ctual Property Law (Easte	rn Law House,	
	References		ta, 1999) [Stuc	_		
				relating to Intellectual Pro		
		•		tions, 2013) [Student Ed.]		
		 W.R. Cornish, <i>Intellectual Property</i> (Sweet and Maxwell, 3rd ed. 1996) 				
		,	Anderfelt, Inte	rnational Patent Legislatio	on and Developing	
			ries (1971).	0	1 0	
			· /	ght and Related Rights: Na	ntional and	
				ctives (Macmillan India Lt		



Media Laws (Optional-II)

Sc	chool: School of	Batch : 2019-24	
La	nw		
Pr	ogram: BA		
LI			
Bı	ranch: Law	Semester: VIII	
1	Course	BAL 507	
	Code		
2	Course	Media Laws (Optional-II)	
	Title		
3	Credits	4	
4	Contact	4-0-0	
	Hours		
	(L-T-P)		
	Course	Compulsory	
	Туре		
5	Course	1. Understand the importance of Media in national growth.	
	Objective	2. Acknowledge the interface of media with public policy & law.	
		3. Appreciate the nuances of regulating media and balancing it with	
		their constitutional rights of speech and expression	
		4. Figure out the nuances of different statutes and rules dealing with	
		media.	
	Carrier	5. Understand the functioning of different media regulatory bodies.	
6	Course	CO1: Recognizing and listing laws related to environment protection in India	
	Outcomes	CO2: Developing the ability to interpret various laws	
		CO3: Applying laws to solve practical issues	
		CO4: Developing the ability to critically analyse laws and point out	
		their merits and demerits	
7	Course	This course seeks to reflect on the interplay between the much-touted	
,	Description	Constitutional objective of freedom of speech and expression, and	
	Description	existing Rights and Restrictions governing the fourth estate, an	
		essential pillar of Democratic Governance. The intent of the course is	
		not just to make the student aware of the policy framework existing to	
		regulate the media but to sensitize them to imbibe the values of	
		freedom of speech and expression to the extent that they can reconcile	
		the emerging conflicting issues in future in a more balancing and	
		logical manner.	
		Since this is an emerging jurisprudence, newer developments of the	
		law are always to be incorporated in one's ambit of knowledge.	
		Students are expected to attend the class after going through the	
		reading material.	



8	Outline syllab	labus				
	Unit 1 Media Law: Introduction(8 Lectures)					
	А	History of media regulation and laws in Indiatracing its roots from colonial times to post independence.				
	В	Media Legislations and Regime from Around the World: A Comparative Perspective				
	С	New Media and Issues in Cyberspace				
	Unit 2	Legal Overview (10 Lectures)				
	А	Constitutional Provisions (Article 19); Right to Free Speech versus Reasonable Restrictions				
	В	Reporting of Proceedings of Legislative and Judiciary: Gag Orders, Contempt of Court, Defamation, Legislative Priviledge				
	С	Dissemination of Information (With emphasis on RTI Act of 2005)				
	Unit 3	Broadcasting and Entertainment (10 Lectures)				
	А	Understanding the PrasarBharti Act, 1990 and the regulation framework of the broadcasting industry				
	Censorship (with an emphasis on what constitutes 'obscene') and freedom of creative expression					
	С	Competition and Intellectual Property-related issues				
	Unit 4	Contemporary Issues in Media and Entertainment (10 Lectures)				
	А	Statutory Protection of Journalists				
	В	Media and Ethics (Debating paid news, fake news, rules to govern the standards and veracity of reportage etc.)				
	С	Investigative Journalism and the jurisprudence on Right to Privacy				
	Unit 5	Law Relating to Advertisements(10 Lectures)				
	А	Analysis and interpretation of statutes regulating advertisement:				
		1. The Advertisement Act, 1954				
		2. Indecent Representation (Prohibition) Act, 1986				
		3. The Drugs and Magic Remedies (Objectionable) Advertisements Act of 1954				
	В	Commercial Speech Doctrine, Broadcasting of Government Advertisements				
	С	Self- regulation by the Advertising Standards Council of India (ASCI)				
	Mode of	Theory/Jury/Practical/Viva				
	examination					
	Weightage Distribution	CA MTE ETE				
		30% 20% 50%				
	Text book/s*	1. Media Laws in India by MadhaviGoradiaDiwan				
	Other	Case Law				
	References					



Taxation Laws

Scho	ool: SOL	Batch : 2019-24	
Prog	gram: B.COM	Current Academic Year: (2018- 2019)	
LLB	/BBALLB/BALLB		
Bran	nch:	Semester: IX	
1	Course Code	BAL	
2	Course Title	Taxation Laws	
3	Credits	4	
4	Contact Hours (L-T-P)	04-0-0	
	Course Status	Compulsory	
5	Course Objective	 This module provides the basic knowledge about the structure of direct tax and GST It provides the basic knowledge about the levy of tax. It deals with the provisions for computation of total income of the employee. It deals with provisions relating to Tax deduction at sources and Practices of filling of Return of Income 	
6	Course	CO1: Describe the concept of Direct tax and GST. demonstrate the	
	Outcomes	different key terms used in income tax lawCO2: Discuss the Residential Status of an Individual, Firm, HinduUndivided Family (HUF), Company, Association of Persons.CO3: To know the different heads of Income and tax liability?CO4: Apply provisions relating to Tax deduction at sourcesCO5: Practices of filling of Return of Income	
7	Course Description	This course is an introduction to fundamental concepts of India taxation, including the definition of income, the computation of ta liability, exclusions from income, basis, deductions available for individuals and application of provisions relating to Tax deduction a sources and Practices of filling of Return of Income. This course design for B.COM LLB/BBALLB/BALLB	
8 Outline syllabus			
	Unit ABasic concepts of income tax act 1961		
	Unit A Topic 1	Introduction to the income tax: meaning and features, Taxation under	
		the Indian Constitution, Direct tax vs. Indirect Tax, Tax avoidance vs.	
		tax evasion.	
	Unit A Topic 2	Assessment Year, Previous Year, Casual income, Person.	
	Unit A Topic 3	Assessee, Gross Total Income, Total Income, Agricultural Income.	
	Unit B	Residential status	



	Unit B Topic 1	Residential st	tatus of an	individual and tax Incidence under the Income
		Tax Act.	latus of all	individual and tax incluence under the income
	Unit B Topic 2		tatus of Fi	rm, Hindu Undivided Family (HUF) and
		Company		,
	Unit B Topic 3		pt from T	ax, Different heads of income.
	Unit C			ne under various heads
	Unit C Topic 1	-		different types of allowance, computation of
		House Rent a	llowance.	Perquisites- meaning and types.
	Unit C Topic 2	Income from house property. Basics concept of Profit and Gains		
		Business or F		
	Unit C Topic 3	Income from	Capital G	bains and other sources. Deduction under section
		80C to 80 U.		
	Unit D	Law and Pro	ocedure	
	Unit D Topic 1	Income Tax	Authoritie	es and their Powers with Special Reference to
		Search & Sei		
	Unit D Topic 2	Filing of Re	eturns, Pa	yment of Advance Tax, Deduction of Tax at
		Source (TDS))	
	Unit D Topic 3	Collection an	d recover	y of tax.
	Unit E	Goods and services Tax (GST)		
	Unit E Topic 1	Back Ground of GST, introduction of GST-Concept, Meaning and		
		Structure		
	Unit E Topic 2	-		GST, CGST and IGST, Apportionment of GST
		between Cent		
	Unit E Topic 3			axes and Duties subsumed under GST, Benefits
				d Government.
	Mode of	Theory/Jury/	Practical/V	Viva
	examination			L
	Weightage		MTE	ETE
	Distribution		20%	50%
	Text book/s*	Dr. Vinod	•	ghania& Dr. Monica Singhania: Taxmann
		Publications 1	Pvt. Ltd.,	New Delhi
	Other	•		h to income tax-Dr. GirishAhuja and Dr. Ravi
	References	Gupta: Wolte		
				Thothadri- Taxation Law & Practice (Eastern
		Economy Edi		
			handra &	D.C.Shukla- Income tax and Sales tax- (Pragati
		Publication)		
1				



Drafting, Pleading and Conveyancing

Sch	ool: School of	Batch : 2019-24	
Law			
Prog	gram:		
	.LL.B		
Bra	nch:	Semester: IX	
1	Course Code	BAL 517	
2	Course Title	Drafting, Pleading and Conveyancing	
3	Credits	4	
4	Contact Hours	40-30-30	
	(L-T-P)		
	Course Type	Compulsory	
5	Course	1. Draft legal pleadings for all Indian Courts: District Courts, High Courts	
	Objective	and Supreme Court of India	
		2. Explain the art of drafting in a simple and crisp manner to avoid huge	
		legal jargon beneficial to Court Pleadings.	
		3. Draft of matrimonial pleadings.	
		4. Draft and file criminal complaints, FIRs, Bail Applications and other	
		documents required in a Criminal case and trial.	
		5. Draft a Public Interest Litigations (PILs), Writs (to enforce	
		constitutional rights) and drafts pertaining to Constitutional law.	
		6. Draft and File legal documents required of civil nature and contracts.	
6	Course	CO1: To define drafting, pleading and conveyancing.	
	Outcomes	CO2: To Explain the art of drafting in a simple and crisp manner.	
		CO3: To apply the knowledge of substantive laws gained till now in	
		preparation of drafts.	
		CO4: To Breakdown the whole drafting procedure in various steps.	
		CO5: To Summarize the arguments on each sides in issues and to design	
		the body of draft.	
		CO6: To create drafts relating to civil, criminal and constitutional matters.	
7	Course	The Course is aimed at teaching the students the art of drafting pleading	
	Description	and the Conveyancing of instruments. The substantive and procedural	
		knowledge that the student has gained till now will be applied for	
		preparation of appropriate drafts for Civil, Criminal and constitutional	
		petitions.	
8 Outline syllabus		3	
	Unit 1	Introduction And Drafting of Civil Pleadings	
	А	Meaning, Importance and Functions of Drafting, Pleadings and	
		Conveyancing and Drafts to initiate suits- Plaint and Written Statement	
	В	Affidavit, Suit for recovery under Order XXXVII of the Code of Civil	
		Procedure 1908, Caveat under section 148-A of the Code of Civil	
		Procedure, 1908, Application for the Execution of Decree	
	С	Application for Temporary Injunction under Order 39 Rules 1 and 2 of	



	the Code of Civil Procedure, 1908, Permanent Injunction.				
Unit 2	Matrimonial	Pleadings			
А	Petition for Re Marriage Act,		onjugal Rights under Section 9 of the Hindu		
В			on under Section 10 of the Hindu Marriage		
С		ssolution of M	arriage by Decree of Divorce under Section		
	13 of the Hind	lu Marriage Ac	t, 1955 and Petition for Dissolution of		
	Marriage by D	Decree			
			B(1) of the Hindu Marriage Act, 1955		
Unit 3			ings and Substantive aspects		
А	Complaint, FI 125	R, Application	u/s 125 Cr.P.C. and reply to application u/s		
В			and Application for Anticipatory Bail		
С	Complaint une	der section 138	of the Negotiable Instruments Act, 1881		
Unit 4	Petitions und	er the Constit	ution		
А	Writ Petitions	under Article	32		
	-	e 226 of the Co	nstitution		
	of India				
В	-	Petition (Civil) under Article 136 of the Constitution of		
	India				
С	Curative Petition under Article 129, 137,141, 142 of the Constitution of				
 	India Conveyancing and drafting of Contracts				
Unit 5					
А		Sale deed, mortgage deed, lease			
В		Deed Gift deed, promissory note, will			
В	_	-	W111		
С	and Adoption.	sell & amp; con	atract to		
C	Sell	sen æamp, co			
 Mode of	Theory				
examination	Theory				
Weightage	CA MTE ETE				
Distribution	30%	20%	50%		
 Text book/s*			Drafting and Conveyancing, Central Law		
	Publications.	,	,		
Other	1. C.K.Takwa	ni, Civil Proce	dure Code, Eastern Book Company.		
References			Civil Drafting with Model Forms, Orient		
	Publishing Co				
	0	1 V	logha, Mogha's The Law of Pleadings in		
	India (17th ed	., 2006)	-		
	4. M.R. Mallie	ck, Ganguly's,	Civil Court: Practice and Procedure (13th		
	ed., 2005)				



Professional Ethics and Bar Bench Relation

Sch	ool: SOL	Batch : 2019-24		
Pro	gram: BA LLB			
Bra	nch:	Semester: IX		
1	Course Code	BAL 503		
2	Course Title	Professional Ethics and Bar Bench Relation		
3	Credits	4		
4	Contact	40-35-25		
	Hours			
	(L-T-P)			
	Course Type	Compulsory		
5	Course	• Giving advanced understanding of essential elements of ethical and		
	Objective	professional practice of law		
	5	• To place the profession in the societal and legal context and give		
		current information about professional associations		
		• Ethical and professional issues such as competence,		
		confidentiality, consent, boundary issues and professional conduct		
		are covered in context of practical ethical cases		
6	Course	CO1: Examine the constitution, powers and functions of BCI and State		
	Outcomes	Bar Councils		
		CO2: Discuss Ethical practices of advocates and their duties		
		CO3: Apply professional skills such as time management, honestly,		
		eloquence etc and maintain healthy relations with bench and fellow		
		colleagues		
		CO4: Analyze various case laws related to professional misconduct and		
		contempt of Court		
		CO5: Evaluate the various aspects and defenses of Contempt of Court Act		
		CO6: Develop a comprehensive understanding of skills, practices and		
		rights of an advocate		
7	Course	The paper in to imbue students with importance of ethics in legal		
	Description	profession and instill in them the skills essential for a lawyer. It also		
		focuses on court craft as part of legal profession.		
0	Outling gullaby			
8	Outline syllabu Unit 1	S Introduction and Advocates Act, 1961		
	-	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
	A	Historical development of Legal Profession in India		
C Role of State Bar Council and Bar Council enrolment of Advocates		Advocate Act, 1961: Constitution, Function, Powers and Jurisdiction		
		,		
		Professional Ethics		
	A B	Ethics in present Era, Ethics and statutory sanctions		
	B C	Ethics and Professional Duty Conflicts between Interest and duty		
		Conflicts between Interest and duty		



Unit 3	Duties and Essential Skills of a Lawyer					
А	Duties of a lawyer: Duty to court, Duty to client, Duty to opponent, D					
	to colleague, I	Duty towards se	ociety and obligation to render legal aid.			
BQualities to succeed in his profession, viz., honesty, cour eloquence, judgment and fellowship.						
			owship.			
С	Lawyers in the	Lawyers in the court: court etiquette, duty in the court.				
Unit 4	Bench-Bar Relationship					
А	Reciprocity as	Partners in Ac	lministration of Justice			
В	Professional N	lisconduct				
С	Rights and Pri	vileges of Adv	ocates			
Unit 5	Contempt of	Contempt of Court Act, 1971				
А	Historical dev	elopment of Co	ontempt of Court Act in India			
В	Object and Co	Object and Constitutional validity of Contempt of Court Act Definition, Kinds of Contempt: Contempt by Judges, Magistrates,				
C	Definition, Ki					
			Cognizance, Procedure, Appellate provisions			
	0 0	-	s, Punishment and Remedies against			
	-	1	Court and Punishment for Contempt,			
	Defenses unde	er contempt of	court.			
Mode of	Theory					
examination						
Weightage	CA	MTE	ETE			
Distribution	30%	20%	50%			
Text book/s*		Dr.KailashRai - Legal Ethics – Accountancy for lawyers and bench and Bar relations				
	Bar relations					



Banking and Insurance Law

Sch	ool: SOL	Batch :				
Program: BALLB		Current Academic Year: 2019-24				
-	Branch: Semester: IX					
1	Course Code	BAL 514				
2	Course Title	Banking and Insurance Law				
3	Credits	4				
4	Contact		Contact Hours	48		
	Hours		Assessment	25		
	(L-T-P)		Guided Study	27		
			Total hours	100		
	Course Type	Compulsory		<u> </u>		
5	Course	This paper is aim	ed to:			
	Objective	legal fram 2. And of sp	op knowledge and skill in the unden nework of Banking & Insurance la pecific legal areas relating to Bank	IW.		
		law. 3.Recognising the need to seek further specialist legal advice where necessary				
6	Course Outcomes	After the completion of the course, the students will be able to:				
		CO1: To appreciate and discuss the need of Banking & Insurance law .				
		CO2: To describe and discuss the various obligation arising in the course of banking & Insurance.				
CO3: To enumerate and describe the types and worki companies and insurance			rking of H	Banking		
		CO4: To able to	a.			
		CO5: To analyse	the issuses related to Banking and	l insuranc	ces.	
7	Course Description	=The course on Banking and Insurtance law deals with the basics of banking and insurance industry in India. It also explains the fundamental concepts of bank and customer relationship etc. Reserve bank of India and its functioning is also part of its ambit. In insurance part, history, growth and kinds of insurance and the legal fcators involved therein will be discussed.				
8	Outline syllabu					
	Unit 1	Introduction				
	А	Evolution of Banking and its history in India.				
	В		nd Bank Regulation.			
	С	NABARD, Financial Institutions and their respective functions – An Overview.			ons – An	



Unit 2	RELATION BETWEEN BANKER AND CUSTOMER			
А	Legal character of Banker – Customer relationship.			
В	Rights and Duties of Banker.			
С	Winding up of Banking companies			
Unit 3=	RESERVE B	ANK OF IND	IA: Structure and Functions	
А	Central Banki	ng: Organizatio	nal Structure of RBI	
В	Functions of t	he Reserve Bar	k- Primary functions, Secondary functions.	
С	Controlling fu	nction of RBI of	over Banking and Non-Banking Companies.	
Unit 4	History and	Growth of Insu	rance Business in India-Definition of	
	Insurance			
А	Principle of U	tmost good fait	h	
В	Wager and Ins	surance		
С	Insurance Cor	ntract-A Contra	ct of Indemnity or Contingent Contract.	
Unit 5	Kinds of Insurance			
А	Life Insurance	e Contract – Na	ture and Scope	
В	Nature and sc	ope of Marine I	nsurance	
С	Purpose of compulsory insurance- Motor Vehicle Insurance and Rights of third parties.			
Mode of	Theory			
examination	2			
Weightage	CA	MTE	ETE	
Distribution	30%	20%	50%	
Text book/s*	SETH'S Bank	ting Laws [com	mentaries on Banking Regulation Act as	
	amended by S	ARFESI Act 20	002 and BRA, amendment act 2007]K.C.	
	Shekhar.			
Other	1. Banking Theory and Practice (1998) UBS Publisher Distributors			
References	Ltd.New Delhi.			
	2. Basu, A. Review of Current Banking Theory and Practice (1998)			
	Mac millan			
	3. M. Hapgood (ed.), Pagets' Law of Banking (1989) Butterworths, London			
	4. R. Goode, <i>Commercial Law</i> , (1995) Penguin, London			
	5. Ross Cranston, <i>Principles of Banking Law</i> (1997) Oxford.			



International Human Rights Law (Optional-Iii)

Sc	hool: SCHOOL	Batch: 2019-24
OF LAW		
Program:		
BA.LLB		
Br	anch:	Semester: IX
1	Course Code	BAL 511
2	Course Title	INTERNATIONAL HUMAN RIGHTS LAW (Optional-III)
3	Credits	4
4	Contact	Contact Hours 48
	Hours	Assessment 25
	(L-T-P)	Guided Study 27
		Total hours 100
	Course Type	Compulsory
5	Course	1. To introduce students to the concept of Human Rights.
	Objective	2. To introduce students with the emergence of International Human
		Rights and role of United Nations.
		3. To give an understanding of the various human rights available to the
		marginalized groups.
		4. To introduce students to the various International and Regional
		instruments pertaining to Human Rights.
6	Course	After completion of course, the student will be able to:
	Outcomes	CO1: Recognize the role of U N in the area of human rights and also
		various stages of development of Human Rights.
		CO2: Evaluate the role of United Nations in promotion and protection
		of Human Rights.
		CO3: Recognize various rights of marginalized groups like women
		and children and refugees.
		CO4: Evaluate the role of various International and Regional Human
		Rights instruments in securing human rights.
		CO5: Critically analyse the role of Indian judiciary in promotion and
		protection of human rights.
7	Course	This course will help the students in building a good understanding of
	Description	International Human rights Law. It will acquaint the students with the
		development of Human Rights law through various international
		instrumentalities. The course also provides an opportunity to the
		students to learn about Indian Constitutional provisions and role of
		Indian Supreme Court with respect to Human Rights in India.
8	Outline sylla	
	Unit 1	Introduction



	Α	Perspectives and Foundations of Human Rights -Foundational Aspects -		
	A	Meaning and Concept of Human Rights		
-	В	Notion and Classification of Rights: Natural, Moral, Fundamental and		
	D	Legal Rights		
-	С	Three Generations of Human Rights.		
	Unit 2	International Human Rights Instruments		
-	A	Emergence of International Human Rights Law		
-	В	UN Charter and Human Rights International Bill of Rights (Universal Declaration of Human Rights,		
-	С			
		International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights; and the International		
		Covenant on Economic, Social and Cultural Rights.		
	Unit 3	Human Rights of Vulnerable Groups- Women and Children		
	А	Social status of Women and Children in International and National		
		Perspective		
	В	Human Rights and Women's Rights –International and National Standards		
	С	Human Rights of Children-International and National Standards		
	Unit 4	Human Rights of Vulnerable Groups- Refugees and Minorities		
	А	International Protection For the Refugees and the Minorities		
	В	Declaration on the Rights of Persons Belonging to National or Ethnic,		
_		Religious and Linguistic Minorities, 1992		
	С	Convention Against Torture and other International Instruments.		
-	Unit 5	Regional Human Rights Instruments		
_	A	Regional Human Rights Instruments.		
	В	Role of Amnesty International, Red Cross and other Institutions in		
		protection and promotion of Human Rights.		
	C	Constitution of India and role of India's higher judiciary in protection and		
		promotion of Human Rights.		
	Mode of	Theory		
	examination			
	Weightage	CA MTE ETE		
	Distribution	30% 20% 50%		
	Text	Agarwal, H.O., Implementation of Human Rights Covenants with Special		
	book/s* Other	Reference to India (Allahabad: KitabMahal) REFERENCES		
	References	1. Agarwal, H.O., Implementation of Human Rights Covenants		
	References	with Special Reference to India (Allahabad: KitabMahal, 1983).		
		2. Human Rights 19 Alam, Aftab, ed., Human Rights in India:		
		Issues and Challenges (New Delhi: Raj Publications, 1999).		
		3. Alston, Phillip, The United Nations and Human Rights		
		(London: Clarendon Press, 1995).		
		4. Bajwa, G.S. and D.K. Bajwa, Human Rights in India:		
		Implementation and Violations (New Delhi: D.K. Publishers, 1996).		
		5. Bansal, V.K., Right to Life and Personal Liberty (New Delhi:		
		Deep and Deep, 1986).		
		Deep and Deep, 1700).		



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Discrimination (Oxford: Clarendon Press, 1996).
7. Basu, D.D., Human Rights in Constitutional Law (New Delhi:
Prentice Hall, 1994). 8. Batra, Manjula, Protection of Human Rights in Criminal Justice
Administration: A Study of the Right of Accused in Indian and Soviet Legal Systems (New Delhi: Deep and Deep, 1989).
9. Bava, Noorjahan, ed., Human Rights and Criminal Justice
Administration in India (New Delhi: Uppal Publishing House, 2000).
10. Baxi, Upendra, Inhuman Wrongs and Human Rights (Delhi:
HarAnand Publications, 1994).
11. Begum, S.M., ed., Human Rights in India: Issues and
Perspectives (New Delhi: APH Publishing Co., 2000).
12. Bhagwati, P.N., Legal Aid as Human Rights (Dharwad:
JagrutBharut, 1985).
13. Bhargava, G.S. and R.M.Pal, ed., Human Rights of Dalits:
Societal Violation (New Delhi: Gyan Publishing House, 2000).
14. Bhatia, K.L. and others, Social Justice of Dr. B.R. Ambedkar
(New Delhi: Deep and Deep, 1995).
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Change (New Delhi: KanishkaPublishers, 1999).
16. Burgers, J.H., and H. Danelius, The United Nations Convention
against Torture (Dordrecht: MartinusNijhoff, 1988).
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Temple University Press, 1990).
18. Chandra, Shailja, Justice V.R. Krishna Iyer on Fundamental
Rights and Directive Principles (New Delhi: Deep and Deep, 1998). 19. Chatrath, K.J.S., ed., Education for Human Rights and
Democracy (Shimla: Indian Institute of Advanced Studies, 1998).
20. Clark, R.S., A United Nations High Commissioner for Human
Rights (The Hague: MartinusNijhoff, 1972).
21. Desai, A.R., ed., Violations of Democratic Rights in India
(Bombay: Popular Prakashan, 1986).
22. Detrick, S., The United Nations Convention on the Rights of
the Child (Dordrecht: MartinusNijhoff, 1992).
23. Dhavan, Rajeev, ed., Judges and Judicial Power: Essays in
Honour of Justice V.R. Krishna Iyer (London: Sweet & Maxwell Ltd.,
1983).
24. Dikshit, R.C., Police: The Human Face (New Delhi: Gyan
Publishing House, 1999).
25. Diwan, Paras and PeeyushiDiwan, Children and Legal
Protection (New Delhi: Deep and Deep, 1994).



Comparative Constitutional (Optional-IV)

	hool: SCHOOL F LAW	Batch: 2019-24			
Program: BA.LLB					
	anch:	Semester: IX			
1	Course Code	BAL 512			
2	Course Title	Comparative Constitutional (Optional-IV)			
3	Credits	4			
4	Contact	Contact Hours 48			
	Hours	Assessment 25			
	(L-T-P)	Guided Study 27			
		Total hours 100			
	Course Type	Compulsory			
5	Course Objective	 The purpose of introduction of this subject is to: develop basic understanding of comparative constitutional law among students. 			
		2. to make students familiar with the legal systems of a few countries, in particular the constitution of United States of America, United Kingdom and few other emerging constitutions along with the Indian legal systems.			
		 Examine from a comparative perspective –legal structure and concepts that are found in Constitutions across the world, precepts such as basic rights, rule of law, systems of governance, judicial review, to name a few. 			
		 Appreciate the doctrines and values underlying the provisions and principles from various legal systems. Discuss various kinds of government in selects countries Analyse judicial system in various courtesies 			
6	Course Outcomes	After completion of course, the student will be able to:CO1:Appreciate the importance of comparative studies in law			
		CO2: Explain the meaning and elements of Public law CO3: Identify, analyse and explain constitutional models of United Kingdom (UK), United States of America (USA), Australia, Switzerland, South Africa, Nigeria, Germany, India and Canada			
		CO4: compare the legal system of other nations among themselves and with India.CO5: analyse the different types of constitutionCO6: identify different kinds of government			
7	Course				
	Description				
8	Outline syllab				
	Unit 1	Introduction to Comparative Constitutional Law (8 Lectures)			

SUSOL/B.A.LL.B (Hons.)/2019-20

Page 127



	А	Meaning a	nd Significanc	e of Constitution, Constitutional law and		
		Constitutionalism				
	В	Introduction, Need and Significance of Comparative studies				
	C	Types of Constitution- written, unwritten				
	Unit 2	Evolution of constitution(9 Lectures) Evolution of UK constitutional Law				
	A					
	В	Making of the USA Constitution and Indian Constitution				
	С	Constitutional History of France, Russia, Canada				
	Unit 3	<u>Features of Constitution-Structure of State (9 Lectures)</u>				
	А		untries- USA,			
	В	Unitary- Ul	K, Japan, Chin	a, Italy		
	С	Distinct str	ucture- India, H	France		
	Unit 4	Form of Go	overnment and	its functions(9 lectures)		
	А	Parliamenta	ary – UK, India	a, Canada		
	В	Presidential – USA, South Sudan, Nigeria Quasi Presidential/ Quasi- Parliamentary – France, Russia				
	С					
	Unit 5	Judicial System and Judicial Review (8 Lectures)Independence of Judiciary – USA, UK, India, France, Russia, Canada, SwitzerlandJudicial Review- Evolution and its applicability				
	А					
	В					
	С	Judiciary as	s the supreme a	arbitrator and custodian of Rights		
	Mode of	Theory				
	examination					
	Weight age	CA	MTE	ETE		
	Distribution		30% 20% 50%			
	Text book/s*	Dr.Durga Das Basu, Comparative Constitutional Law				
	Other	J. C. Johari, Select World Constitutions				
	References	M.P. Jain, Constitutional Law				