

# Programme and Course Structure

SCHOOL OF LAW
B.A.,LL.B.
Integrated Bachelor of Arts Bachelor of Law
(NAAC Programme Code: SOL0102)
(Session 2018-19)



#### 1. Standard Structure of the Program at University Level

### 1.1 Vision, Mission and Core Values of the University

#### **Vision of the University**

To serve the society by being a global University of higher learning in pursuit of academic excellence, innovation and nurturing entrepreneurship.

#### **Mission of the University**

- 1. Transformative educational experience
- 2. Enrichment by educational initiatives that encourage global outlook
- 3. Develop research, support disruptive innovations and accelerate entrepreneurship
- 4. Seeking beyond boundaries

#### **Core Values**

- Integrity
- Leadership
- Diversity
- Community

#### 1.2 Vision and Mission of the School

### **Vision of the School**

To Serve the Society by Being a Global Centre of Academic Excellence in Legal Studies & Research.

### **Mission of the School**

- 1. Life Long Legal Learning
- 2. Promote Research with Global Perspective
- 3. Providing Free Legal Aid
- 4. Nurturing Socially Conscious Professionals

#### **Core Values**\

- Leadership
- Diversity
- Justice
- Community



#### 1.3 Programme Educational Objectives (PEO)

#### **1.3.1** Writing Programme Educational Objectives (PEO)

**PEO1**: To Ensure Conceptual Knowledge

**PEO2**: To Inculcate Good Communication and Interpretation Skills

PEO3: To Develop Critical Analytical Skills and Practical Application

PEO4: To Promote Legal Research

**PEO5**: To Provide Free Legal Aid

PEO6: To Develop Socially Conscious Professional

#### **Methods of Forming PEO's**

STEP 1: The needs of the Nation and society are identified through scientific publications, industry interaction and media.

Taking the above into consideration, the PEOs are established by the Coordination Committee of the department.

**STEP 3:** The PEOs are communicated to the alumni and their suggestions are obtained.

STEP 4: The PEOs are communicated to all the faculty members of the department and their feedback is obtained.

**STEP 5:** The PEOs are then put to the Board of Studies of the department for final approval.



#### 1.3.3 Program Outcomes (PO's)

- **PO1** :Sound Subject Knowledge: Possess knowledge and comprehension of the core information associated with the legal profession.
- PO2 : Practical Skills: Drafting, Mooting, Client Counselling, Debating, Trial Advocacy, ADR
- **PO3** :Communication: Effective verbal and written Communication
- **PO4** :Problem Analysis: Understanding problem with the knowledge and research data base.
- PO5 :Critical Legal Thinking: Possess quality of critical legal thinking by Moot Court and Judgment reading especially minority judgments by Utilise the principles of scientific inquiry, thinking analytically, clearly and critically, while solvingLegal problems. Find, analyse, evaluate and apply knowledge systematically
- **PO6** :Research Tools: Ability to Use Research Tools such as Library and e-resources including Manupatra and West Law etc.



TERM: I

S.	Subject	Subjects	Tea	ching l	Load		Core/Elective	Type of	
No.	Code			Т	P	Credits	Pre-Requisite/ Co Requisite	Course: 1. CC 2. AECC 3. SEC 4. DSE	
	1	Theory	Subj	ects	1	1		1	
1.	BAL 101	Law of Contract-I	4	0	0	4	Core	CC	
2.	BAL 124	Legal Methods	4	0	0	4	Core	CC	
3.	BAL 125	Sociology-I(Introduction To Sociology)	4	0	0	4	Core	CC	
4.	BAL 116	Economics-I	4	0	0	4	Core	CC	
5.	BAL 118	Polictical Sciences -I(Political Theory)	4	0	0	4	Core	CC	
6	FEN 101	Functional English-Beginners 1	1	0	0	1	Core	CC	
	FEN 103	Functional English- Intermediate 1					Core	CC	
7	OPE 118	Open Elective	2	0	0	2	Elective	AECC	
		Practical/V	iva-V	oce/Jur	<b>'y</b>	•		•	
8.	8. ENP 102 Functional English Lab-I				2	1	Co Requisite	SEC	
		Total Credits				24			



TERM: II

S.	Subject	Subjects	Te	eaching	Load		Core/Elective	Type of
No.	Code			Т	P	Credits	Pre-Requisite/ Co Requisite	Course: 1. CC 2. AEC C 3. SEC 4. DSE
		Theory	Sub	jects				
1.	BAL 126	Economics II	4	0	0	4	Core	CC
2.	BAL 110	Sociology-Ii(Indian Society)	4	0	0	4	Core	CC
3.	BAL 119	Political Science – II (Indian Polity)	4	0	0	4	Core	CC
4.	BAL 114	Law Of Torts – I	4	0	0	4	Core	CC
5.	BAL 115	Law Of Contract-II and Specific Relief Act	4	0	0	4	Core	CC
6.	FEN 102	Functional English Beginners- II	1	0	0	1	Core	CC
	FEN 104	Functional English Intermediate- II	1	U	U	1	Core	CC
7.	OPE 222	Open Elective	2	0	0	2	ELECTIVE	AECC
		Practical/V	iva-V	oce/Jur	y			
8.	BAL 152	Seminar Course Report-I	0	0 0 2		2	Co Requisite	SEC
9.	ENP 103 Functional English Lab-Ii 0 0 1						Co Requisite	SEC
		<b>Total Credits</b>	26					



TERM: III

S.	Subject	Subjects	Teaching Load				Core/Elective	Type of
No.	Code			T	P	Credits	Pre-Requisite/ Co Requisite	Course: 1.CC 2.AECC 3.SEC 4.DSE
		Theo	ry Si	ubjects				
1	BAL217	Political Science- III (International Relations)	4	0	0	4	Core	CC
2	BAL 218	Sociology- III (Sociology And Law)	4	0	0	4	Core	CC
3	BAL 219	Hindu Law	4	0	0	4	Core	CC
4	BAL 204	Law Of Torts –II (Consumer Protection And MBV Act)	4	0	0	4	Core	CC
5	BAL 205	Constitutional Law –I	4	0	0	4	Core	CC
		Practical/	Viva	-Voce/	Jury			
6	BAL 257	Internship I(Internship Report Evaluation & Viva Voce)	0	0	1	1	Co Requisite	SEC
7	BAL 220	Personality Development Program-I 1 0 0		1	Co Requisite	SEC		
8	BAL 258	Foreign Language- I	0	0	Co Requisite	SEC		
		Total Credits	•		•	22		



TERM: IV

S.	Subject Subjects Teaching Load					Core/Elective	Type of Course:	
No.	Code		L	T	P	Credits	Pre-Requisite/ Co Requisite	1.CC 2.AECC 3.SEC 4.DSE
		Th						
1	BAL 221	Political Science Iv (Political Thinkers)	4	0	0	4	Core	CC
2	BAL 222	Economics III	4	0	0	4	Core	CC
3	BAL 210	Law Of Crimes-I (Indian Penal Code)	4	0	0	4	Core	CC
4	BAL 211	Constitutional Law-II	4	0	0	4	Core	CC
5	BAL 223	Muslim Law	4	0	0	4	Core	CC
6	EVS 105	Environmental Studies	2	0	0	2	Core	CC
		Practical/Viva-Voce/Jury						
5	BAL 252	Seminar Course Report-II	0	0	2	2	Co Requisite	SEC
6	BAL 224	Personality Development Programme	1	0	0	1	Co Requisite	SEC
7	BAL 259	Foreign Language (German) –II	0	0	Co Requisite	SEC		
		Total Credits		25				



TERM: V

S.	Subject	Subjects	Te	aching	Load		Core/Elective	Type of
No.	No. Code L		Т	P	Credits	Pre-Requisite/ Co Requisite	Course: 1.CC 2.AECC 3.SEC 4.DSE	
		Theo	ry St	ıbjects				
1	BAL 301	CORPORATE LAW -I Including CSR	4	0	0	4	Core	CC
2	BAL 302	Labour Law-I	4	0	0	4	Core	CC
3	BAL 303	Up Land Laws	4	0	0	4	Core	CC
4	BAL 305	Law Of Crimes-Ii	4	0	0	4	Core	CC
5	BAL 316	Criminal Procedure Code-I	4	0	0	4	Core	CC
6	BAL 319	Political Science V (Comparative Government And Politics)	4	0	0	4	Core	CC
7	BAL 318	Moot Court And Court Management	4	0	0	4	Core	CC
		Practical/	Viva	-Voce/J	Jury			
8	BAL 357	Internship Ii (Internship Report Evaluation & Viva Voce)	0	0	1	1	Co Requisite	SEC
9	BAL 358	Community Connect	2	2	Co Requisite	SEC		
		Total Credits			•	31		



**TERM: VI** 

S.	Subject	Subjects	Tea	ching	Load		Core/Elective	Type of
No.	Code			TP		Credits	Pre- Requisite/ Co Requisite	Course: 1.CC 2.AECC 3.SEC 4.DSE
		,	Theory Su	bjects				
1.	BAL 308	Environmental Law	4	0	0	4	Core	CC
2.	BAL 304	Law Of Evidence	4	0	0	4	Core	CC
3.	BAL 310	Labour Law II	4	0	0	4	Core	CC
4.	BAL 313	Criminal Procedure Code-II	4	0	0	4	Core	CC
5.	BAL 314	Corporate Law-II	4	0	0	4	Core	CC
6	BAL 320	AL 320 Political Science VI (Public Administration) 4 0 0		4	Core	CC		
		Practical/Viva-Voce/	Jury					
7	7 BAL 352 Summer Course Report-III 0 0				2	2	Co Requisite	SEC
		Total Credits	•		•	26		



# **School of Law** Program - BA.LLB, Batch: 2018-2023 Term: VII

S.	3			eaching	Load		Core/Elective	Type of Course:	
No.	o. Code		L	Т	P	Credit s	Pre-Requisite/ Co Requisite	1. CC 2. AECC 3. SEC 4. DSE	
THE	ORY SUBJE	CTS							
1.	BAL 401	Public International Law	4	0	0	4	Core	CC	
2.	BAL 402	Administrative Law	4	0	0	4	Core	CC	
3.	BAL 403	Interpretation Of Statutes	4	0	0	4	Core	CC	
4.	BAL 405	Jurisprudence	4	0	0	4	Core	CC	
5.	BAL 404	Civil Procedure Code-I	4	0	0	4	Core	CC	
6.	BAL 505	Criminology And Penology (Optional 1)	4	0	0	4	ELECTIVE	AECC	
		Practica	l/Viva-	-Voce/Ju	iry			•	
7. BAL 451 Legal Aid Program (Summer Internship Evaluation)				0	2	2	Core	CC	
		TOTAL CREDITS				25			

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# **School of Law** Program - BA.LLB, Batch: 2018-2023 TERM: VIII

S.	Subject Subjects Teaching Load					Core/Elective	Type of Course:	
No.	No. Code		L	T	P	Cred its	Pre-Requisite/ Co Requisite	1. CC 2. AECC 3. SEC 4. DSE
		Th	eory Su	ıbjects				
1.	BAL 406	Property Laws	4	0	0	4	Core	CC
2.	BAL 407	Private International Law	4	0	0	4	Core	CC
3.	BAL 408	Alternate Dispute Resolution	4	0	0	4	Core	CC
4.	BAL 409	Civil Procedure Code-II And Law Of Limitation	4	0	0	4	Core	CC
5.	BAL 410	Intellectual Property Laws	4	0	0	4	Core	CC
6.	BAL 507	Media And Law (Optional 2)	4	0	0	4	Elective	AECC
Practical/Viva-Voce/Jury								
7.	BAL 452	Seminar Course Report-IV	0	0	2	2	Core	CC
		TOTAL CREDITS		26		,		

SUSOL/BA.LLB (2018-19)



## School of Law Program - BA.LLB, Batch: 2018-2023 TERM: IX

S.	Subject	Subjects	Te	eaching	Load		Core/Elective	Type of	
No.	No. Code		L	Т	P	Credits	Pre-Requisite/ Co Requisite	Course: 1. CC 2. AECC 3. SEC 4. DSE	
		Theo	ry Su	bjects					
1.	BAL 517	Drafting Pleading And Conveyancing	4	0	0	4	Core	CC	
2.	BAL 503	Professional Ethics And Bar Bench Relation	4	0	0	4	Core	CC	
3.	BAL 511	International Human Rights Law (Optional-3)	4	0	0	4	Elective	AECC	
4.	BAL 512	Comparative Constitution (Optional-4)	4	0	0	4	Elective	AECC	
5.	BAL 514	Banking Laws & Insurance	4	0	0	4	Core	CC	
6.	BAL 516	Taxation Laws	4	0	0	4	Core	CC	
	Practical/Viva-Voce/Jury								
7.	BAL 520	Internship IV (internship report evolution & Viva Voce	0	0	1	1	Core	CC	
	TOTAL CREDITS 25								



## School of Law Program - BA.LLB, Batch: 2018-2023 TERM: X

S. No.	Subject Code	Subjects Practical/	L			L T P		Credits	Core/Elective Pre-Requisite/ Co Requisite	Type of Course: 1. CC 2. AECC 3. SEC 4. DSE
1.	BAL 153	Moot Court, Trial Preparation & Participation In Trial Proceeding	0	0	2	2	Core	CC		
2.	2. BAL 552 Dissertation 0 0 4				4	Core	CC			
	TOTAL CREDITS							•		



# **Course Templates**



# **Law of Contract-1**

Scho	ool: SCHOOL	Batch: 2018-23
OF I		Julian 1 2010 20
Prog	gram: BA	
LLB		
Brar	nch:	Semester : I
1	Course Code	BAL101
2	Course Title	Law of Contract-1
3	Credits	4
4	Contact	4-0-0
	Hours	
	(L-T-P)	
	Course Type	COMPULSORY
5	Course	1. To acquaint the students with a study of general principles of contracts
	Objective	under sections 1-75 of the <i>Indian Contract Act 1872</i>
		2. To equip the students with the nature of contractual obligations and
		how parties make and break contracts.
		3. To acquaint the students about how courts interpret the terms of
		Contract, the consequences where a contract is induced by coercion,
		undue influence, illegal and unlawful contracts, remedies for breach of
	<u> </u>	contract
6	Course	CO1: The students will be equipped with nature and development, meaning of
	Outcomes	Indian Contract Act
		CO2: The students will be able to explain the nuances of Indian Contract Act
		CO3: The students will be equipped with the knowledge of technicalities with respect to seeking remedies.
7	Course	This course comprises a study of general principles of contracts under sections
'	Description	1-75 of the <i>Indian Contract Act 1872</i> . It examines the nature of contractual
	Description	obligations and how parties make and break contracts. Topics include: how
		contracts are formed and the necessary elements of a validly constituted
		contract; express and implied terms of a contract and how such terms are
		imported into the contract; how courts interpret the terms of a contract; the
		consequences where a contract is induced by coercion, undue influence, fraud,
		misrepresentation, mistake; contracts which are illegal and unlawful under
		statute or contrary to public policy; remedies for breach of contract and the
		damages payable for such breach.
		Students are encouraged to examine the role of contract law from an historical
		and contemporary standpoint.
8	Outline syllabu	ıs
	Unit 1	Meaning, Nature and Scope of Contract
	A	Meaning, Nature and Scope of Contract
	В	Offer / Proposal, Communication, Revocation, Acceptance, Revocation



	C	Effect of Void	, Voidable, Va	lid, Illegal, Unlawful Agreements			
	Unit 2	Considera	ition and capa	city to contract			
	A	Considerat	tion- Definition	, Kinds, Essentials, Privity of Contract			
	В	Capacity to Er	nter into a Cont	tract			
	C	Nature / Effec	t of Minor's A	greements			
	Unit 3	Free consent and unlawful consideration					
	A	Free Consent					
	B Coercion, Undue Influence, Misrepresentation, Fraud, Mistake						
	С	Unlawful Con	sideration and	Object			
	Unit 4	Discharge and breach of Contract					
A Discharge of Contracts							
	В	Performance,	Impossibility o	f Performance and Frustration			
	С	Breach: Antic	ipatory and Pre	esent			
	Unit 5	Quasi contra	cts and remed	ies			
	A	Breach					
	В	Remedies					
	C	Quasi Contrac	ts				
	Mode of examination	Theory					
	Weight age	CA	MTE	ETE			
	Distribution	30%	20%	50%			
	Text book/s*	1. Avtar	Singh, Law o	of Contract and Specific Relief, Eastern Book			
	Other						
	References						
	Nexis, 2013(14th Edn)						



# **Legal Methods**

School: SCHOOL		Batch: 2018-23
OF I	LAW	
Prog	gram: BA	
LLE	3	
Brai	nch:	Semester: I
1	Course Code	BAL 124
2	Course Title	Legal Methods
3	Credits	4
4	Contact	Contact Hours 48
	Hours	Assessment 25
	(L-T-P)	Guided Study 27
		Total hours 100
	Course Type	Compulsory
5	Course	The purpose of introduction of this subject is to:
	Objective	1. Develop basic understanding of law among students.
		2. Make the students aware about the uses and functions of law.
		3. Make students learn about the sources of law-custom, precedent and
		legislation
		4. Make the students learn about Public and Private Law
		5. Make the students learn about Substantive and Procedural Law
		6. Able the students learn about Municipal and International Law
6	Course	After completion of course, the student will be able to:
	Outcomes	CO1: recognize the role of Common Law and Constitution as the basic law
		CO2: identify the hierarchy of Courts in India
		CO3: discover the concept of Rule of law and Separation of Powers
		CO4: differentiate between public and private law
		CO5: evaluate the working of International law
		CO6 : analyse the Domestic Legislation
7	Course	This course helps the student in building the knowledge of basic law
	Description	applicable in India. It provides the students with the knowledge of
		hierarchy of civil courts and their competency to try and punish an offence.
8	Outline syllabu	S
	Unit 1	
	A	Meaning and definition of Law
	В	Uses and functions of law
	C	Sources of Law-
		a. Custom,
		b. Precedent,
		c. Legislation
	Unit 2	
	A	Public and Private Law
	В	Substantive and Procedural Law



С	Municipal and	International I	Law		
Unit 3	Basic Concep	ts of Law			
A	Constitution as	s the Basic Lav	V		
В	Rule of Law &	Concept of Fo	ederalism in India		
C	Separation of l	Separation of Powers			
Unit 4	Cases and Sta	itutes			
A	Legislations				
В	Doctrine of Pr	ecedent			
C	Case Law-Rat	io decidendi an	d obiter dicta		
Unit 5	Indian Legal	System			
A	Common Law and its development				
В	Judicial system in India				
C	Hierarchy of C	Courts in India			
Mode of	Theory				
examination					
Weightage	CA	MTE	ETE		
Distribution	30%	20%	50%		
Text book/s*	_	1	ar's Introduction to Jurisprudence, Lexis		
			Nagpur; Third edition (2010)		
	I.P. Massey, Administrative Law, Eastern Book Company; Ninth Edition (2017)				
Other	Bare Act of Th	ne Constitution	of India, 1950		
References					



# $\underline{Sociology} - I \; ( \; \underline{Introduction \; to \; sociology})$

Scho	School: SOL			
Prog	gram:	Academic Year: 2018-23		
B.A.	LL.B			
Brai	nch: -	Semester: I		
1	Course Code	BAL 125		
2	Course Title	Sociology –I (Introduction to sociology)		
3	Credits	4		
4	Contact	4+0+0		
	Hours			
	(L-T-P)			
	Course Status	Compulsory		
5	Course Description	There is a need to study the relationship between education and the society for better understanding of the functionality of the sub-systems in the society. It also aims at exposing the student teachers to contemporary educational issues for proper performance in the classroom. Sociology aims at drawing the attention of the student teacher to the cross cultural analysis of social issues for better understanding of their environment, so as to build a context for the study of Law		
6	Course Objective	<ol> <li>To make the students aware about the concept of the Introduction of sociology.</li> <li>To introduce the students with the Basic concepts of Society. Students learn how Society, community studies developed over time, the multiplicity of community definitions, and the importance of Society &amp; community self-concepts.</li> <li>To demonstrate how the major classical theorists developed the academic discipline of sociology.</li> <li>To teach students to understand the role of theory in the social sciences</li> <li>To introduce students to the concept &amp; Factors of social change and understand Social Structure</li> </ol>		
7	Course Outcomes	CO1: Students will be able to describe the characteristics and history of Sociology. Students will recognize what it takes and what it means to work as a sociologist. Students will be able to explain the processes of social scientific research, distinguish between the requirements and limitations of the various methodologies used in the social sciences.  CO2: Students will be able to distinguish the basis of different types of communities, can order and sequence the historical development of community definitions and can differentiate between the various types of community studies  CO3: Students will be able to review how Weber, Durkheim and August Comte conceived the discipline of sociology.		



0		CO4: Students will be able to identify the function of theory in the social sciences. Students will demonstrate and understanding of the sources and mechanisms of social change. CO5: Students will be able to demonstrate an understanding of how social class affects individual life chances. Also Students will be able to demonstrate an understanding of social structure and how it shapes and influences social interactions			
8	Outline syllabu				
	Unit 1			logy (10 Lectures)	
				vatch?v=zVi5hx37yvw	
	A			eaning, Definition,	
	В		ature and scope		
	C	Sociology and	other social sc	iences: (political science, history,	
		jurisprudence,	economics)		
	Unit II	Unit 2 BASIC	CONCEPTS	(10 Lectures)	
	A	Society, com	nunity associ	ation, (Project Method)	
	В	Social groups	(Case Study)		
	В	Status and role			
	Unit III	Unit 3 PIONE	ERS OF SOCI	AL THOUGHT (10 Lectures)	
	A			stages, Positivism and Religion of humanity	
	В			darity, the theory of division of labor, theory	
		of suicide			
	С	Max Weber: S	Sociology of re	ligion, the concept of authority and the	
		concept of social action			
		(https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=UYTZFaNNy-w)			
UnitIV Unit 4 SOCIAL CHAN					
	A	What is Social Change: Meaning & Definition			
	В	Various Factors of Social Change			
	C			d cultural change.	
	Unit V	Unit 5(08 Led		<u></u>	
	A				
	В	Meaning, functions and dysfunctions of social Control Agencies of social Control,			
	С		formal social c	ontrol	
	Mode of	Theory	TOTTIAL SOCIAL C	onu oi	
	examination	Theory			
	Weightage	CA	MTE	ETE	
	Distribution	30%	20%	50%	
	Text book/s*				
	Text book/s	1. T.K.Oommen&C.N.Venugopal, Sociology for Law Students, 2007, EBC Lucknow.			
	Other	1 CN CL	ankar Dag Sag	iology Chand&Company Dalhi	
	References	1. CN Sh	ankai Kao, 500	iology Chand&Company, Delhi	
			nbos (1980), M I University Pro	. Sociology: Themes and Perspectives, ess	



- 3. Bottomore, T. B. (1971) Sociology: A Guide to Problems and Literature, Blackie and Sons India Ltd.
- 4. Davis, K. (2000) Human Society, Surject Publications, India. Horton P.B. and C.L.Hunt, Sociology; McGrew-Hill Book Company, Singapore, 1984



# **Economics 1**

School: SOL			
Prog	gram: BA	Academic Year: 2018-23	
LLE			
Bra	nch: LAW	Semester: I	
1	Course Code	BAL 116	
2	Course Title	Economics 1	
3	Credits	4	
4	Contact	3-1-2	
	Hours		
	(L-T-P)		
	Course Type	Compulsory	
5	Course	1. To familiarize the students with the fundamental concepts of the	
	Objective	micro-economics.	
		2. Develop understanding of how various micro economic concepts work in decision making.	
		3. Develop an understanding of different market structure and related	
		decision making.	
		4. Help students to classify and connect to different micro economic	
		variables.	
		, 42.445.250	
6	Course	CO1: Understand the central concepts of economics.	
	Outcomes	CO2: Solve and understand how supply and demand determine	
		equilibrium prices and quantities.	
		CO3: Enumerate the theory of consumer choice.	
		CO4: Examine and understand the concepts and implication of production	
		and costs.	
		CO5: Discover the behaviour of producers who operate in different	
		competitive environments	
7	Course	This module is intended as an introduction to the microeconomics.	
	Description	Economics I studies how rational people make choices in the face of	
		scarcity and how these choices are coordinated by markets. We study how	
		markets work to promote economic efficiency, and why markets	
		sometimes fail. The module will consider the importance of competition in	
		the market. The aim throughout will be to introduce students to the	
	0 41 41 4	"economic way of thinking".	
8	Outline syllabu		
	Unit 1	The Central Concepts of Economics & Business	
	A	Definition of economics, Scarcity & efficiency: The twin themes of	
	D	economics	
	В	Microeconomics vs. Macroeconomics, Positive vs. Normative analysis	
	C	The Three problems of economic organization	



Unit 2	The Market I	Forces of Dema	and & Supply	
A	Human wants	Meaning and C	Characteristic of wants Meaning and	
	definition, Lav	v of demand, E	Determinants of demand, Demand Function,	
	Shift and Mov	ement in dema	nd curve.	
В	Supply, Determ	ninants of supp	ply, Shifts and Movement in Supply	
C	Elasticity of de	emand & Supp	ly and its Determinants	
Unit 3		Consumer Equilibrium		
A	Utility and La	w of Diminishi	ng marginal utility	
В	Indifference curve, its properties and types			
С	Consumer Equilibrium			
Unit 4	Production an	nd Cost		
A	Meaning of fa	ctor of product	ion, Concepts & Meaning of Production	
	Function, Tot	al, Average and	d Marginal product, Production in the short	
	run and long r	un		
В	Concept of cos	st: Fixed and V	ariable, opportunity cost	
С	Short run and long run cost curves, relationship between production and			
	costs			
Unit 5	Market			
A	Perfect Compe	etition: Feature	s, Price and output determination	
В	Monopoly, Mo	onopolistic Cor	npetition: Features, Price and output	
	determination			
C	Oligopoly, Du	oploy		
	Price and Outp	out determinati	on	
Mode of	Theory/Jury/P	ractical/Viva		
examination				
Weightage	CA	MTE	ETE	
Distribution	30%	20%	50%	
Text book/s*			cs—H.L Ahuja, S Chand.	
Other		•	applications D.N Dwivedi	
References			urdhaus, Tata McGraw Hill (Recent Edn)	
	An Introduction to Positive Economics, R.G. Lipsey& Chrystal E.L.B.S. (Recent Edn.)			



# Political Science-I (Political Theory)

Scho	ool: SOL	Batch : - 2018-23	
	gram: BA		
LLB	•		
Brai	nch:	Semester: I	
1	Course Code	BAL 118	
2	Course Title	Political Science-I(Political Theory)	
3	Credits	4	
4	ContactHours	4-0	
	(L-T-P)		
	Course Type	Compulsory	
5	Course	1. Introduce certain key aspects of conceptual analysis in Political theory	
	Objective	2. Inculcate the skills required to engage in debates surrounding the	
		application of the concepts.	
		3. Blending the conceptual approach to political theory with both elements	
		of the history of ideas and the application of ideas to political issues.	
		4. Encourage the capacity to think critically in an analytically rigorous way	
6	Course	CO1: To discuss the meaning and theories of State.	
	Outcomes	CO2: To Understand and interpret the basic normative concepts of	
		Political theory	
		CO3: To critically and reflectively analyse and interpret social practices through the relevant conceptual tool kit.	
		CO4: To understand and apply new modes of political debates to perceive	
		and interpret the world around us.	
		CO5: To demonstrate the capacity to intervene in tutorial based on a sound	
		knowledge of the set texts.	
7	Course	This paper tries to expose students to some basic ideas and concepts in	
,	Description	political science. The aim is to orient students to the methodological and	
	r	ideological traditions in political science.	
8	Outline syllabu		
	Unit 1	State	
	A	State: Meaning, elements and distinction between state, society,	
		government and civil society.	
		,	
	В	Theories of the origin of the state: Force Theory, Divine Theory.	
	C	Social Contract Theory: Hobbes, Locke and Rousseau	
		Marxist theory of state	
	Unit 2	Importance of Freedom	
	A	Negative Freedom: Liberty	
	В	Positive Freedom: Freedom as Emancipation and Development	
	C	Important Issue: Freedom of belief, expression and dissent	
	Unit 3	Significance of Equality	



	Ι Δ	Esmed Esmel	4 E 1:4 e	·		
	A	Formal Equality: Equality of opportunity Political equality				
		Fontical equal	ity			
	В	Egalitarianisn	n: Background	inequalities and differential treatment		
	С		ue: Affirmative			
	Unit 4	Indispensability of Justice				
	A	Procedural &	Distributive Ju	stice		
	В	Global Justice	:			
	С	Important Issue: Capital punishment				
	Unit 5	The Universa				
	A	Natural, Mora	l and Legal Rig	ghts		
	В	Three Generat	ions of Rights			
	С	Rights and Ob	ligations			
		_	ue: Right of the	girl child		
	Mode of	Theory/Jury/P				
	examination					
	Weightage	CA	MTE	ETE		
	Distribution	30%	20%	50%		
	Text book/s*					
	Other		ance of Freed			
	References			'Liberty' in Mckinnon, Catriona (ed.)		
				ry, New York: Oxford University Press,		
		* *	pp. 103-119.			
			• `	) Political Philosophy. London: Routledge,		
		pp. 69- 13	pp. 69- 132.			
		Swift, Ad	Swift, Adam. (2001) Political Philosophy: A Beginners Guide for			
		Student's and Politicians.				
		Cambride	ge: Polity Press	. pp. 51-88.		
		- Cumerrag	,00 1 01105 1 1 000	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		
		Carter, Ia	ın. (2003) 'Lil	perty', in Bellamy, Richard and Mason,		
		Andrew	(eds.). Politi	icalConcepts. Manchester: Manchester		
			y Press, pp. 4-1			
		Sethi, Aa	rti. (2008) 'F	reedom of Speech and the Question of		
		Censorshi	ip', in Bharga	va, Rajeev and Acharya, Ashok. (eds.)		
		Political Theory: An Introduction. New Delhi: Pearson Longman,				
		pp. 308-3				
		_	nce of Equalit			
		· ·		al Philosophy: A Beginners Guide for		
		Student's and		24.422		
Cambridge: Polity Press, pp. 91-132.			91-132.			
		Cocol Pouls	& William A	ndraw (2008) 'Equality' in Makinnan		
		Casai, Paula	x william, A	ndrew. (2008) 'Equality', in McKinnon,		



Catriona. (ed.) *Issues inPolitical Theory*. New York: Oxford University Press, pp. 149- 165.

Acharya, Ashok. (2008) 'Affirmative Action', in Bhargava, Rajeev and Acharya, Ashok. (eds.) *Political Theory: An Introduction* 



# Economics-II

Scho	ool: SOL	Batch: 2018-23
Prog	gram: BALLB	
Brai	nch:	Semester: II
1	Course Code	BAL126
2	Course Title	Economics-II
3	Credits	4
4	Contact	3-1-2
	Hours	
	(L-T-P)	
	Course Type	Compulsory
5	Course	1. The objective of this course is to familiarize the students with the
	Objective	concepts of the macro-economic environment.
		2. To understand how growth of an economy is measured
		3. To familiarize and understand the current economic issues in the Indian
		context
		4. To examine the link between different sectors of economy.
6	Course	CO1: Develop an understanding of factors responsible for economic
	Outcomes	growth and performance.
		CO2: Understand macroeconomic variables, conceptual framework of
		economy CO3: Understand Current economic issues in the Indian context.
		CO4: Demonstrate knowledge of exchange between sectors of economy
		and its measurement.
		CO5: Demonstrate understanding of alternative policies on the macro
		economy.
7	Course	
,	Description	This course expose students to an overview of macro- economic
		environment and will build an understanding of government policy
		measures in regulating and planning for the economy, Calculation of GDP,
		concept of inflation, policy measures with respect to the Indian economy.
8	Outline syllabu	IS S
	Unit 1	Introduction to Macro Economics
	A	Microeconomics & Macroeconomics
		Macroeconomics Goals & Subject matter
	B Interdependence of production, consumption & investment.	
	C	Circular flow of Income & Product Five Sectors-model of circular flow,
		Leakages & Injections in the Circular Flow.
	Unit 2	Economic Systems
	A	Market Economy or Capitalism(Evolution of capitalism and its features)
	В	Planned Economy or Command Economy



	С			
		Mixed Econor	•	
	Unit 3	Growth and D	evelopment Pa	rameters
	A	Concepts relating to National Income		
		Aggregates (	GDP, GNP, NI	OP and NNP
B Real Income and Nominal				
	C	Methods of me	easuring Nation	nal Income
	Unit 4	Concept of Inf	lation	
	A	Meaning & Ty	pes of Inflatio	n
	В	Cost push infl	ation	
		Demand pull i	nflation	
	C	Measures to co	ontrol inflation	
	Unit 5	Macro Econor	nic Policies &	Global Environment
	A	Role of Banks		
B Monetary Policy				
		Fiscal Policy		
	C	Globalization		
		Foreign Direct	Investment	
	Mode of	Theory/Jury/P	ractical/Viva	
	examination			
	Weightage	CA	MTE	ETE
Distribution 30% 20% 50%		50%		
	Text book/s*	H.L.Ahuja: M	acroeconomics	-Theory and Policy
	Other			les of Macro Economics, Cengage Learning.
	References	_		nomic Analysis (latest Ed.)
		Baumoland Blinder.: Macroeconomics: Principles and Policy by Baumo		
		and Blinder.		



# Sociology-II

Scho	ool: SOL	Batch: 2018-23
Prog	gram: BALLB	
Bra	nch: LAW	Semester: II
1	Course Code	BAL110
2	Course Title	Sociology-II
3	Credits	4
4	Contact	4+0+0
	Hours	
	(L-T-P)	
	Course Type	Compulsory
5	Course	1. To Define & introduce the students with the Basic concepts of
	Objective	Development of Indian Society.
		2. To understand the basic concepts, facts and processes of social
		stratification. To Demonstrate how the Forms of social stratification-Class
		system & Class developed Over time in Indian Society
		3. To illustrate the Meaning & importance of family, marriage& kinship
		social intuitions in the Society and Important features of Indian Society
		4.To teach students to understand the various Important features (SCs,
		STs, & OBS)of Indian Society
		5. To look at social problems in the context of culture.
6	Course	CO1: Describe the Origin, characteristics and history of the development
	Outcomes	of Indian Society.
	Outcomes	CO2: Students will be able to demonstrate an understanding of
		sociological concepts of social inequality, the processes involved in the
		maintenance and change of social hierarchies, and the trends and current
		numbers regarding social inequality in India.
		CO3: Developing the ability to critically analyse the features of different
		types of Social Institutions and point out their merits and demerits.
		CO4: Students will be able to demonstrate an understanding of social
		structure and how it shapes and influences social interactions in Indian
		society
		CO5: Aims at drawing the attention of the student to the Cross cultural
		analysis of social issues for better understanding of their environment.
7	Course	There is a need to study the relationship between education and the society
	Description	for better understanding of the functionality of the sub-systems in the
		society. This paper is to focus on basic concepts of sociology relevant for
		better understanding of Indian Society. Sociology aims at drawing the
		attention of the student teacher to the Cross cultural analysis of social
		issues for better understanding of their environment. So as to build a
		context for the study of law



8	Outline syl	labus				
	Unit 1	DEVELOPMENT OF INDIAN SOCIETY				
	A	Development of Indian Society Development from Vedic to Post Vedic Society,				
	В	Indian traditional order, Ashram and Varna System, Sanskars				
	С	Indian Cultural Values and their importance				
	Unit 2	BASIS OF SOCIAL STRATIFICATION IN INDIAN SOCIETY				
	A	Development of Indian Society Development from Vedic to Post Vedic Society.  Indian traditional order, Ashram and Varna System, Sanskars  Indian Cultural Values and their importance  BASIS OF SOCIAL STRATIFICATION IN INDIAN SOCIETY Caste- meaning, definition and nature of caste system.  Causes of Change in caste system  Class-Definitions of Class, Nature and Characteristics of Social Class, Difference between Caste and Varna, difference between Caste and Class  UNIT-III: SOCIAL INSTITUTIONS  Marriage Institution: Meaning of Marriage-Functions of Marriage- Types of Marriage Family Institution: Meaning and characteristics of Family-Distinctive features of family-Types of the family Kinship Institution: Definition of Kinship-Primary, Secondary and Tertiary Kins  IMPORTANT FEATURES OF INDIAN SOCIETY Scheduled Castes- Definitions and Measures for the Welfare of Scheduled Castes. Problems faced by Scheduled Castes, Scheduled Castes with special reference to Constitutional Provisions: (Article14,15,16,17,23,24,25,29,46,330, 332, 341, 342).  Scheduled Tribe- Definition, special features of Scheduled Tribe. Tribal problems and Tribal welfare.  The Other Backward Classes: Who forms the Backward Classes? Definition of Backward Classes with				
	В	Development of Indian Society Development from Vedic to Post Vedic Society,  Indian traditional order, Ashram and Varna System, Sanskars  Indian Cultural Values and their importance  BASIS OF SOCIAL STRATIFICATION IN INDIAN SOCIETY Caste- meaning, definition and nature of caste system.  Causes of Change in caste system  Class-Definitions of Class, Nature and Characteristics of Social Class, Difference between Caste and Varna, difference between Caste and Class  UNIT-III: SOCIAL INSTITUTIONS  Marriage Institution: Meaning of Marriage-Functions of Marriage- Types of Marriage Family Institution: Meaning and characteristics of Family-Distinctive features of family-Types of the family  Kinship Institution: Definition of Kinship-Primary, Secondary and Tertiary Kins  IMPORTANT FEATURES OF INDIAN SOCIETY Scheduled Castes- Definitions and Measures for the Welfare of Scheduled Castes. Problems faced by Scheduled Castes, Scheduled Castes with special reference to Constitutional Provisions: (Article14,15,16,17,23,24,25,29,46,330, 332, 341, 342).  Scheduled Tribe— Definition, special features of Scheduled Tribe. Tribal problems and Tribal welfare.  The Other Backward Classes: Who forms the Backward Classes? Definition of Backward Classes, description of Backward Classes with				
	С					
	Unit 3	UNIT-III: SOCIAL INSTITUTIONS				
	A	Marriage Institution: Meaning of Marriage-Functions of Marriage- Types				
	В	Family Institution: Meaning and characteristics of Family-Distinctive				
	С	Kinship Institution: Definition of Kinship-Primary, Secondary and				
	Unit 4	IMPORTANT FEATURES OF INDIAN SOCIETY				
	A	Scheduled Castes. Problems faced by Scheduled Castes, Scheduled Castes with special reference to Constitutional Provisions:				
	В	· · ·				
	С					
	Unit 5	SOCIAL DISORGANIZATION AND PROBLEMS				

A	The Problem of Overpopulation: Global Population Trends- Is India Over-
	Populated? Causes for the rapid growth of population in India.



	В	Unemployment Problem: Unemployment a Global Phenomenon- What is			
		Unemployment?-Types of Unemployment-Causes of Unemployment- Evil			
		effects of Unemployment- Remedial Measures and Suggestions.			
	С	Corruptions in Society: Definition of Corruption- Causes of Corruption-Prevention of Corruption Act, 1947.			
	Mode of examination	Theory/Jury/Practical/Viva			
	Weightage	CA	MTE	ETE	
	Distribution	30%	20%	50%	
			2. Mandelbaum,		
		D.G. Society Prakashan, Mui		volulle	I and Volume II; Popular
	Other	3.JayaSagade, 2005, Child Marriage in India, Oxford University Press,			
				4. Prabhu, H.P. Hindu Social	
		Organisation: A study in Socio-Psychological and Ideological			
		Foundations; Popular			
		5.Prakashan, Bombay; 1963(With effect from the Academic Session 2008-			
		2009) 6. MacIver& Page 'Society':			
		An Introductory Analysis 2. M.Haralambos 'Sociology': Theme and			
		Perspectives 3.			
		7.T.B.Bottomore 'Sociology': A Guide to problems and Literature			
		8. Ram Ahuja,	Society in Ind	ia.	



# **Indian Polity**

	ool: School of v (SOL)	Batch: 2018-23			
Prog	gram: BA				
LLB					
Branch:		Semester: II			
1	Course Code	BAL 119			
2	Course Title	Indian Polity			
3	Credits	4			
	Contact	4-0			
	Hours				
4	(L-T-P)				
	Course Type	Compulsory			
5	Course	The objective of this course is:			
	Objective	1. To introduce students to the Indian Constitution and its integral parts.			
	_	2. Acquainting students with the constitutional design of state structures			
		and institutions, and their actual working overtime.			
		3.Presenting the systematic analysis of the changing nature of political			
		systems in India.			
		4.Studying specific contemporary debates about the role of various factors			
		in Indian Politics.			
6	Course	This course will help the students to:			
	Outcomes	CO1: To know the basics about Indian Constitution.			
		CO2:To understand the philosophy, salient features and making of Indian			
		constitution.			
		CO3: To appreciate the fundamental rights & duties and the directive			
		principle of state policy.			
		CO4: To create critical understanding among the students about working			
		of Indian Government, its organs and the relationship between the organs.			
		CO5: To evaluate the evolution, functioning and consequences of political			
		party system in India.			
		CO6: To demonstrate the role of different social factors like religion, caste			
		and region in Indian Political System.			
7	Course	In this course students will engage in a deep, historical institutional			
	Description	analysis of Indian Political System. This course will consist of interactive			
		lectures intertwined with specific case studies.			
8	Outline syllabi	ıs			
	Unit 1	Introduction to Constitution:			
	A	Concept and classification (Written, unwritten, rigid and Flexible), Unitary			
		form of Government: Essential features			
	В	Federal form of Government: Essential features			
	С	Parliamentary and Presidential forms of government; Essential			
	Unit 2	The Constituent Assembly and the Constitution:			



		1			
	A	Framing of Constitution: Role of Constituent Assembly			
	В	Philosophy of Indian Constitution, Preamble, Salient features of Indian constitution  Fundamental Rights & Directive Principles of State Policy.			
	C				
	Unit 3	Organs of Government:			
	A	The Legislature: Parliament			
	В	The Executive: President and Prime Minister The Judiciary: Supreme Court, High Court			
	С				
	Unit 4	Federalism:			
	A	Federalism: Division of Power			
B Emergency provision, 5 <sup>th</sup> and 6 <sup>th</sup> Schedule			l 6 <sup>th</sup> Schedule		
	С	Working of Indian Federation: Major issues of Constraints			
	Unit 5	Indian Political System:			
	A Nature and evolution of Indian Party system, dominant system to mul			nn Party system, dominant system to multi-	
party system and rise of coalition Politics.			tion Politics.		
	В	Interest groups	s and Pressure	groups in India, Regionalism and	
		Communalism	ı in India.		
	С	Role of Caste and religion in India			
	Mode of	Theory/Jury/P	Theory/Jury/Practical/Viva		
	examination				
	Weightage	CA	MTE	ETE	
	Distribution  Text book/a*	30%	20%	50% Introduction: Outline of a Political Theory of	
	Text book/s*  1. Bhargava, R. (2008) 'Introduction: Outline of a Political T the Indian Constitution', in Bhargava, R. (ed.) Politics and		-		
		<ul> <li>of the Indian Constitution. New Delhi: Oxford University Press, pp. 1-40 Austin, G. (1999) Indian Constitution: Corner Stone of a Nation. New Delhi: Oxford University Press.</li> <li>2. Basu, D.D. (2014) An Introduction to the Constitution of India, New Delhi. Prentice Hall.</li> <li>3. Chakravarty, B. &amp;Pandey, K. P. (2009) Indian Government and Politics, New Delhi: Sage.</li> <li>4. Chandra, B., Mukherjee, A. &amp; Mukherjee, M. (2010) India After Independence. New Delhi: Penguin.</li> <li>5. Jayal, N. G. &amp; Mehta, P. B. (eds.) (2010) Oxford Companion to Indian Politics. New Delhi: Oxford University Press.</li> </ul>			
	Other	Austin, G. (2004) Working of a Democratic Constitution of Inc.			
	References	New D	elhi: Oxford U	niversity Press.	
			_	ra, R. (eds.) (2010) Understanding	
		Conten	nporary India:	Critical Perspectives. New Delhi: Orient	



	3.	Blackswan. Singh, M.P. &Saxena, R. (2008) Indian Politics: Contemporary Issues and Concerns. New Delhi:
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## Law of Torts 1

School: SOL		Batch : 2018- 23			
Program: BA					
LLE	3				
Brai	nch: LAW	Semester: II			
1	Course Code	BAL 114	BAL 114		
2	Course Title	Law of Torts 1			
3	Credits	4			
4	Contact		Contact Hours	48	
	Hours		Assessment	25	
	(L-T-P)		Guided Study	27	
			Total hours	100	
	Course Type	Compulsory			
5	Course	1. Familiarize the	students with basics of tort.		
	Objective	2. Enumerate the	crucial aspect of law of torts relati	ng to vesting of rights	
		to the victim.			
		3. Acquaint the st	udents with procedural nuances pe	ertaining to torts.	
			students the understanding of nece	essary aspect of	
		remedies available	e by virtue of this law.		
6	Course		of course, the student will be able		
	Outcomes		the role of law of torts in a legal sy	stem.	
			rights and liabilities under torts.		
			e existing remedies.		
		_	between tort, crime and contract.		
			e law of torts in cyberspace.		
7	Course		at harms other people or their prop		
	Description		erson for which the injured person	•	
			pensation. The injured party may		
		' '	over damages to compensate for the	ne harm or loss	
	0 41 11 1	incurred.			
8	Outline syllabu				
	Unit 1	Introduction			
	A	Definition of Tort			
	В		ort- Wrongful act, Legal damage a	•	
	C		Damnum Sine Injuria- Ubi jus ibir	remeatum.	
	C Unit 2		Comparison of Tort with Crime and Contract		
	Unit 2		Defences against Tortious Liability  Consent as defence- Volenti non fit injuria		
	A		ů ů		
	B C	Statutory authorit	у		
		Act of God			
	Unit 3	Negligence	gen ee		
	A	Theories of Negli	gence		



В	Essential Ingre	edients- Duty to	o take care, Breach of duty and Consequent	
	damage			
C	Proof of neglig	gence- <i>res ipsa</i>	loquitor	
Unit 4	Damages: Ge	neral Principl	es	
A	Remoteness of	f Damage		
В	Reasonable Foreseeability			
С	Effect of an in	tervening act: i	novusactusinterveniens	
Unit 5			nd Absolute Liability	
A	Strict Liability	Strict Liability		
В	Absolute Liability			
C	Liability under a legislation			
Mode of	Theory			
examination				
Weightage	CA	MTE	ETE	
Distribution	30%	20%	50%	
Text book/s*	R.K. Bangia's	Law of Torts.		
Other	1.Wienfield ar	nd Zolowicz, T	orts,17 <sup>th</sup> Edition, Sweet and Maxwell 2006.	
References	2.Salmond's L	aw of Torts.		
3.RatanlalDhirajlal on Law of Torts.		f Torts.		
	4.Ramaswamy	VIyer's The Lav	w of Torts, Lexis Nexis.	



## **Law of Contract –II**

Program:				
1	LL.B			
Bra	nch:	Semester: II		
1	Course Code	BAL-115		
2	Course Title	Law of Contract –II		
3	Credits	4		
4	Contact	4-0-0		
	Hours			
	(L-T-P)			
	Course Type	Compulsory		
5	Course Objective	CO1.To gives students an understanding of the contractual provisions regarding Bailment and Pledge. CO2.To introduces the students with Partnership, Goods Law and Negotiable Instruments Act.		
		CO3.To give an understanding of the Bailment, Guarantee, Pledge and Agency CO4. To introduce student with the provisions of Bailment and Pledge. CO5. To explain Specific Relief Act.		
6	Course Outcomes	After the completion of the course, the students will be able to CO1: Define and explain the contractual provisions of Bailment and Pledge, and rights and duties of the parties involved.  CO2: Explain the concept of LLP.  CO3: Analyse the difference between the concept of Principal and Agency and contractual provisions.  CO4: Explain the Concept of Sale of Goods Act.  CO5: Define and explain the Concept of Guarantee.  CO6: Summarize Law of Partnership, Sale of Goods Act and Specific Relief Act.		
7	Course Description	Law of contract being the pillar of the legal structure of a society, the fundamental goal of study is to critically evaluate principles underlying the legal postulates and propositions.  To enable students to understand the various types of specific contract and earn the skill of drafting of such contracts. This course comprises a study of specific principles of contracts under sections 124-238 of the <i>Indian Contract Act 1872</i> . It examines the contract of Indemnity, Guarantee,		



		Bailment, Plea	lge, and Agenc	y. It includes sale of goods, Law of	
		Partnership and Specific Relief Act.			
8	<b>Outline Syllal</b>	bus	ous		
	Unit 1	Contract of I	ndemnity & C	ontract of Guarantee	
	A	Definition and	Nature, Exten	t of Liability, Distinction.	
	В	Pledge by Hyp	oothecation		
	С	Rights & Ob	oligations of the	Parties. Definition, Essential features, Rights	
		& Obligation	of the Parties.		
	Unit 2	Agency			
	A	Relation of Pr	incipal with thi	rd Parties, Rights & Liabilities of undisclosed	
		Principal.			
	В	Definition of A	Agent & Princi	pal, Agency in Hire Purchase transactions,	
		Essentials of A	Agency, Creation	on of Agency, Duties of Agent, Rights of	
		Agent.			
	C	Duties of Age	ent, Rights of A	gent,	
		Relation of	Principal wit	th third Parties, Rights & Liabilities of	
		undisclosed P	rincipal, Ratific	cation and Determination of Agency	
	Unit 3	Sale of Goods			
	A	Rights of Unpaid Seller, Lien & Stoppage in Transit. Sale & Agreement to			
		Sale.			
	В	Sale & Hire P	urchase, Condi	tions & Warranties, Implied Conditions.	
	C	Sale by Samp	Sale by Sample, Implied Warranties, Transfer of Title, Sale by person		
		not the owner.			
	Unit 4	Law of Partnership			
	A	Sale of Good Will, Registration of Firms.			
	В	Definition &	Nature of Partn	ership, Mutual Relations, Duties & Rights of	
		Partners,			
	C			parties, Doctrine of Implied Authority,	
			olding Out, Dis	solution.	
	Unit 5	Specific Relie	f Act		
	A		ormance of a Co	ontract	
	В	Rescission and Cancellation			
C Injunction: Temporal-Perpetual		ıal			
	Mode of	Theory/Viva			
	examination				
	Weightage	CA	MTE	ETE	
	Distribution	30%	20%	50%	



Text book/s*	1.Avtar Singh, <i>Law of Contract and Specific Relief</i> , 10 <sup>th</sup> ed., 2008, Eastern Book Company.
	2.Pollock&Mulla, <i>The Indian Contract and Specific Relief Acts</i> , 14 <sup>th</sup> ed., revised 2012, Lexis Nexis.
	3.Anson's, <i>Law of Contract</i> , 29 <sup>th</sup> ed., 2010, Oxford Press.
	4.Cheshire, Fifoot, &Firmston's, Law of Contract, 16 <sup>th</sup> ed.,2012, Oxford
	University Press.
	5.Mercantile Law by Avtar Singh.
	6.Iyer Sale of Goods and Partnership Act, Asia Law House.
	7.Chitty,Contracts,Vol,II,29 <sup>th</sup> Ed,Sweet& Maxwell,2004.
	8.V.K.Rao,Contract II-Cases & Materials,Butterworths,2004.
	9.M.KrishnanNair,Law of Contracts,1998.
Other	1.Indian Contract Act 1872.
References	2.Sale of Goods Act,1930.
	3.Partnership Act,1932.
	4.Specific Relief Act, 1963



## **Political Science III**

School: SOL		Batch: 2018-23
Prog	gram: BA	
LLE	-	
Brai	nch:	Semester: III
1	Course Code	BAL217
2	Course Title	Political Science III
3	Credits	
4	Contact	3-1-2
	Hours	
	(L-T-P)	
	Course Type	Compulsory /Elective/Open Elective
5	Course	1. Students will be able to comprehend the concept of International
	Objective	relations and how balance of power works.
		2. Students will be able to summarize the importance of United
		Nations and other organizational actors.
		3. Students will be able to critically analyse the issues of concern in
		global terrorism.
		4. Students will be able to distinguish Post- cold war changing
		paradigms in reference to cold war diplomacy.
6	Course	After completing the course, the students will be able to:
	Outcomes	C01. Explain the meaning and importance of International Relations.
		C02 .Explain Role of United Nations
		C03. Explain Post-Cold War Changes in World Politics.
7	Course	
	Description	
8	Outline syllabu	
	Unit 1	
	A	Concept of International Relations, Meaning & Scope, National Power
		Components – population, geography, resources, economic organization,
		technology and military force.
	В	Limitations on National Power- international morality, public opinion and
		international law
	C	Balance of Power
	Unit 2	
	A	UN - Six Principal Organs - General Assembly, Security Council,
		Economic and Social Council
	В	Secretariat, Trusteeship Council and International Court of Justice
	С	Collective Security Mechanisms.
	Unit 3	
	A	Cold War diplomacy- Causes, Phases
	В	Case studies – Afghanistan Crisis, Gulf War-I
	C	Post-Cold War- Ongoing missions – Gulf War –II



	Unit 4					
	A	Non -State Ac	tors - NGOs			
	В	Inter- Governi	Inter- Governmental Organizations (IGOs) - IMF, WTO, OPEC and OAU.			
	С	International 7	International Terrorism			
	Unit 5					
	A	India with nei	India with neighbouring countries- Pakistan, Bangladesh & Nepal			
	В	India with oth	India with other countries-USA, China, Britain & Africa			
	C	Foreign Policy	Foreign Policy – Alliances- NATO, CENTO, SEATO and WARSAW Pact			
		and Non Align	and Non Aligned Movement			
	Mode of	Theory/Jury/Practical/Viva				
	examination					
	Weightage	CA	MTE	ETE		
	Distribution	30%	20%	50%		
	Text book/s*					
	Other					
	References					



## Sociology –III( Sociology & Law)

School: SOL		Batch: 2018-23
Prog	gram:	
B.A.	.LL.B	
Bra	nch: -	Semester: III
1	Course Code	BAL 218
2	Course Title	Sociology –III( Sociology&Law)
3	Credits	4
4	Contact	4+0+0
	Hours	
	(L-T-P)	
	Course Status	Compulsory
5	Course Description	There is a need to study the relationship between education and the society for better understanding of the functionality of the sub-systems in the society. The Objective is this paper is to focus on basic concepts of sociology relevant for understanding law and bring out the relationship between law and society.
6	Course Objective	<ol> <li>To make the students aware about the concept of the sociology relevant for understanding law.</li> <li>To introduce the students with the Basic concepts of law and society. Students learn how Society developed over time and bring out the relationship between law and society.</li> <li>To demonstrate how the major laws developed the academic discipline of legal profession organization.</li> <li>To teach students to understand the role of theory in socialization.</li> <li>To introduce students to the concept &amp; Factors of social change and law .To teach students to understand Social Structure and SocialDeviance</li> </ol>
7	Course Outcomes	CO1: Students will be able to describe the characteristics and history of Sociology. Students will be able to explain the processes of social scientific research, distinguish between the requirements and limitations of the various Laws. Sociological Implications of Major Laws.  CO2: Students will be able to distinguish the basis of different types of organization, relationship with public in society, relationship with community, court, client, opponent Party & Colleagues can order and sequence  CO3: Students will be able to Explain the legal profession organization, Social relationships in Legal profession, Legal aid to the Poor and Weaker Sections of the Society by Legal services Authorities and advocates  CO4: Students will be able to identify the function of socialization. Students will be able to demonstrate and understanding of the sources and Need or importance of socialization in the life of an individual.



		CO5:Students	will be able	to demonstrate an understanding of social	
		CO5:Students will be able to demonstrate an understanding of social structure and how it shapes and influences social interactions and			
		behaviour.	now it snap	es and influences social interactions and	
8	Outline syllabu				
0	Unit A		logy & Law (1	() I notures	
	A 1				
				of Sociology to Law	
	A 2	-		of Sociology to Law,	
	A 3	_	•	Major Laws: Social objects of laws. Impacts	
				ociety, Positive & Negative implications of	
	II:4 D			he implication of social laws.	
	Unit B			Profession (10 Lectures)	
	B 1			Profession Meaning & definition,	
	B 2			tion & who is eligible for legal profession	
	B 3		Legal profession		
	Unit C			Organization (10 Lectures)	
	C 1			on: BCI, Bar Bench Relations (Sec 35.	
			advocates for	misconduct, ADVOCATES ACT, 1961, Sec.	
	G 2	24, 24A)	1 T		
	C 2			al profession: relationship with public in	
			tionship with	community, court, client, opponent Party &	
	G 2	Colleagues	.1 1 0		
	C 3			s by Legal services Authorities, Legal aid to	
			the Poor and Weaker Sections of the Society by Legal services Authorities and advocates		
	II		2-1242 (10 T	4	
	Unit D		ialization (10 I	·	
	D 1			of socialization, Phases of socialization,	
	D 2			ectors of Socialization	
	D 2			ization in the life of an individual, The chief	
	D 2	agencies of So		Jan's Theory Erry d's Theory	
	D 3			oley's Theory, Freud's Theory	
	Unit E		l Deviance (08		
	E 1		ypes of devian		
	E 2			ime, property crime, white collar crime,	
				environmental crime, cyber crimes	
	E 3		estic violence a	nd juvenile delinquency	
	Mode of	Theory			
	examination				
	Weightage	CA	MTE	ETE	
	Distribution	30%	20%	50%	
	Text book/s*		ommen&C.N.V ucknow.	Yenugopal, Sociology for Law Students, 2007,	
			nbos, M. Soc sity Press, 198	iology: Themes and Perspectives; Oxford	



	3. Bottomore, T.B. Sociology: A Guide to Problems and Literature; Blackie and Sons India Ltd; 1971
	4. Horton. P.b. and C.L. Hunt Sociology; McGrew- Hill book Company, Singapore, 1984
	5. Giddens, A. Sociology; Polity Press, UK; 1993
Other References	1. CN Shankar Rao, Sociology Chand&Company, Delhi
	2. Davis, K. (2000) Human Society, Surject Publications, India.
	3. Horton P.B. and C.L.Hunt, Sociology; McGrew-Hill Book Company, Singapore, 1984
	4. Prasad, S.K. Social Problems in India; Mohit Publications Ltd. India; 2000
	5. Anleu. S. and N.L. Roach Law and social changes; Sage Publications Ltd. Delhi; 2000
	6. Williams, K.S. Criminology; Universal Law Publication (Indian Reprint); Delhi, 2001.



### Hindu Law

School: School of		<b>Batch</b> : 2018-23		
Law	7			
Prog	gram: BALLB			
Bra	nch: LAW	Semester: III		
1	<b>Course Code</b>	BAL 219		
2	<b>Course Title</b>	HINDU LAW		
3	Credits	4		
4	Contact	48-25-27		
	Hours			
	(L-T-P)			
	Course Type	Compulsory		
5	Course	1. This paper is to deal with the basic principles of Hindu Law relating to		
	Objective	marriage and succession.  2. This paper will help to understand the Sources of Hindu Law in India, Concept of Marriage, Matrimonial Remedies and Modes of Dissolution of Marriage.		
		3. This paper will help to analyse the concept of Maintenance and Guardianship under Hindu Law.		
		4. This paper will help to understand Joint Hindu Family, Coparcenary, rules of inheritance and succession along with Law of partnership with recent amendments		
6	Course	CO1: To Identify basic principles of Hindu Law related to marriage, divorce		
	Outcomes	and Succession. CO2: To Understand important sources of Hindu Law, essential conditions and types of marriage, dissolution of marriage and matrimonial remedies. CO3: To Apply General remedies under Hindu Law on different situation and Concept of Maintenance, Guardianship and Adoption.		
		CO4:Compare, analyze and appreciate the difference between Mitakshara&Dayabhaga joint family system, intestate and testamentary succession among Hindus.		
7	Course	Hindu Law has the most ancient pedigree of the known system of Law. It can		
	Description	be described to be the ancient law of the Hindus rooted in the Vedas and enounced in the Smritis as explained and enlarged in recognized commentaries and digests and as supplemented and varied by approved		



		usages. The concept of Hindu law is deeply rooted in Hindu philosophy and Hindu religion. Till this day, no precise definition of the word 'Hindu' is available in any statute or judicial pronouncement; it has defied all efforts at definition. There are two main schools of Hindu law; viz. the Mitakshara school and the Dayabhaga school or Bengal school. They have emerged in the era of Digests and Commentaries. The codified Hindu Law lays down uniform law for all Hindus. In the codified areas of Hindu Law, there is no scope for existence of schools. The schools of Hindu law have relevance only in respect of the un-codified areas of Hindu Law.
8	Outline syllab	
	Unit 1	Introduction
	A	Introduction to Family, Family Law and Hindu Law.
	В	Historical development of Hindu Philosophy and concept of Hindu Law.
	С	Schools and Sources of Hindu Law.
	Unit 2	Laws On Hindu Marriage
	A	Nature, Concept and Evolution of Institution of Hindu Marriage. Application of HMA, 1955 (Section 2, 4)
	В	Forms, Ceremonies and Capacity to Marry and Registration of Marriage. (Section 3, 5, 7, 8 of HMA, 1955). Status of Live-in Relationship and Same Sex Marriage.
	С	Valid, Void and Voidable Marriage. (Section 11, 12 of HMA, 1955)
	Unit 3	Materimonial Remedies Under Hindu Law
	A	Theories of Divorce and Grounds of Divorce with particular emphasis on Cruelty, Desertion, Option of Puberty, Breakdown of Marriage, Mutual Consent, Irretrievable Breakdown of Marriage. (Section 13 of HMA, 1955)
	В	Restitution of Conjugal Rights. (Section 9 of HMA, 1955)
	C	Judicial Separation. (Section 10 of HMA, 1955)
	Unit 4	Hindu Adoption & Maintenance; Minority And Guardianship
	A	Adoption: Ceremonies, Capability and Effect (Section 5 to 17 of HAMA, 1956)
	В	Maintenance under Hindu Marriage Act, 1955 (sections 24 and 25), Hindu Adoptions and Maintenance Act, 1956 (section 18), Criminal Procedure Code, 1973 (section 125), Protection of Women from Domestic Violence Act 2005 (section 20).
	С	Guardianship: Kinds of Guardians, Power of Guardian & Removal of Guardian. (Section 4, 6, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13 of HMGA, 1956)
	Unit 5	HINDU JOINT FAMILY PROPERTY, INHERITANCE AND



	SUCCESS	ON			
$\mathbf{A}$	Con	cept of Joint H	indu Family, Joint Hindu Family Property and		
	Coparcenary (Mitakshara and Dayabhaga School); Karta: Role, Power				
	and	Duties of Karta	a. Judicial and Legislative trend and Status of		
	Dau	ghter.			
В	Alie	nation and Partit	ion of Joint Hindu Family Property.		
С	Inhe	ritance and Succ	cession under Traditional Hindu Law and Hindu		
	Succ	cession Act, 1956	ó.		
Mode of	Theory				
examination					
Weightage	CA	MTE	ETE		
Distribution	30%	20%	50%		
Text book/s*	ParasDiwar	- Modern Hind	u Law, Allahabad Law Agency		
Other	1. Poor	nam P. Sexena:	Family Law Lectures-Family Law II, LexisNexis,		
References	Gur	gaon			
	2. Prof	Kusum: Family	Law Lectures-Family Law I, LexisNexis,		
		gaon			
			Diwan: Family Law, Allahabad Law Agency,		
		dabad			
			of Marriage and Divorce, N.M. Tripathi Pvt. Ltd		
		_	age, Divorce and Matrimonial Litigations Family		
			University Press, New Delhi		
	6. Satyajeet A. Desai: Mulla's Principles of Hindu Law, Vol. I & II,				
		sNexis, Gurgaor			
			du Law, Central Law Agency, Allahabad		
		-	yne's Treatise on Hindu Law & Usage, Bharat		
	Law	House, New De	lhi.		



## **LAW OF TORTS II**

Scho	ool: School of	<b>Batch</b> : 2018-23
Law		
1	gram:	
B.A.LLB		
Bra	nch:	Semester: III
1	Course Code	BAL 204
2	Course Title	LAW OF TORTS II
3	Credits	4
4	Contact	40-30-30
	Hours	
	(L-T-P)	
	Course Type	Compulsory
5	Course	1. To further deepen the understanding of the law of Torts in
	Objective	students.
		2. To introduce the concept of trespass and to make students
		understand the various dimensions related to it.
		3. To make students aware about the nuances of Cyber torts and to
		further understand concepts related to privacy and defamation in
		cyber space.
		4. To acquaint students to certain areas of Motor Vehicles Act, 1988
		and to develop knowledge of the same
		5. To teach the concept of consumer protection and to study in detail,
		theoretical as well as practical aspects of the consumer protection
		Act, 1986.
		6. To highlight the concept of damages in torts and various other
		remedies as available under the law of torts
6	Course	CO1: To examine the new emerging field of cyber torts and specifically
	Outcomes	cyber defamation and cyber privacy in consonance with relevant sections
		of the IT Act.
		CO2: To Infer in detail dimensions of some specific areas of torts.
		CO3: To apply various remedies available under the law of torts and more
		specifically the damages under the law of torts.
7	Course	This Course will further build the concepts of Tort related to damages, tort
	Description	affecting person and property. The concepts regarding consumer protection
		will be taught in detail as enumerated in the Consumer Protection Act,
		1986.
8	Outline syllabu	ıs
	Unit 1	Wrongs Affecting Property and Person
	A	Trespass to Land: Nature, Meaning and essentials, Kinds, Defences and
		Remedies.
	В	Torts against Business Interests: Injurious Falsehood, Mis-Statements &
		Passing-Off
	]	1



С	Nuisance: Nature, Meaning & Essentials, Kinds- Public and Private, Act Constituting Nuisance-Obstructions of Highways-Pollutions of Air, Water & Noise-Interference with Light & Air-Defenses			
Unit 2	Cyber Torts with relevant provisions of Information Technology Act, 2000			
A	Introduction to Cyber torts and relevant provisions u/s 43 of Information Technology Act, 2000			
В	Cyber Defamation			
С	Invasion of privacy in cyber space			
Unit 3	Statutory Tort(The Motor Vehicle Act 1988)			
A	Chapter X Liability without fault (Sec.140-144)			
В	Chapter XI Insurance of motor vehicle against third party (sec 145- 164)			
С	Chapter XII Claim Tribunals (Sec 165-173)			
Unit 4	Consumers Protection Act, 1986			
A	Main functions of the Consumer Protection Act,1986, deficiency in service and defect in goods.			
В	Definitions of Consumer, Goods and Services and Rights and Duties of Consumer			
С	Consumer Council, District Forum, State Commission, National Commission			
Unit 5	Damages			
A	Award of Damages: Simple-Special-Punitive			
B Remoteness of Damages: Foreseeability & Directness-Te 'But for' Test-Wagon Mound Case-Reasonable Foreseeab of an Intervening Act-Re Polemis Case-Direct Cons Injunction & Specific Restitution of Property				
С	Extra-Legal Remedies: Self-Help, Re-Entry on Land, Re-Caption of			
Mode of examination	Goods, Distress, Damage Feasance & Abatement of Nuisance  Theory			
examination	Goods, Distress, Damage Feasance& Abatement of Nuisance			
	Goods, Distress, Damage Feasance& Abatement of Nuisance Theory			
examination Weightage	Goods, Distress, Damage Feasance& Abatement of Nuisance Theory  CA MTE ETE			
examination Weightage Distribution	Goods, Distress, Damage Feasance & Abatement of Nuisance Theory  CA MTE ETE 30% 50%			
examination Weightage Distribution Text book/s*	Goods, Distress, Damage Feasance& Abatement of Nuisance Theory  CA MTE ETE 30% 20% 50%  R.K.Bangia's Law of Torts			
examination Weightage Distribution Text book/s* Other	Goods, Distress, Damage Feasance& Abatement of Nuisance Theory  CA MTE ETE 30% 50%  R.K.Bangia's Law of Torts  1) Winfield &Zolowicz, Torts 17 <sup>th</sup> Edn, Sweet & Maxwell 2006. 2) Salmond, J W, Salmond's Law of Torts (8 <sup>th</sup> edition Sweet & Maxwell, London, 1934.			
examination Weightage Distribution Text book/s* Other	Goods, Distress, Damage Feasance& Abatement of Nuisance Theory  CA MTE ETE 30% 50%  R.K.Bangia's Law of Torts  1) Winfield &Zolowicz, Torts 17 <sup>th</sup> Edn, Sweet & Maxwell 2006. 2) Salmond, J W, Salmond's Law of Torts (8 <sup>th</sup> edition Sweet & Maxwell, London, 1934. 3) RatanLal&DhirajLal on Law of Torts.			
examination Weightage Distribution Text book/s* Other	Goods, Distress, Damage Feasance& Abatement of Nuisance Theory  CA MTE ETE 30% 50%  R.K.Bangia's Law of Torts  1) Winfield &Zolowicz, Torts 17 <sup>th</sup> Edn, Sweet & Maxwell 2006. 2) Salmond, J W, Salmond's Law of Torts (8 <sup>th</sup> edition Sweet & Maxwell, London, 1934.			
examination Weightage Distribution Text book/s* Other	Goods, Distress, Damage Feasance& Abatement of Nuisance Theory  CA MTE ETE 30% 50%  R.K.Bangia's Law of Torts  1) Winfield &Zolowicz, Torts 17 <sup>th</sup> Edn, Sweet & Maxwell 2006. 2) Salmond, J W, Salmond's Law of Torts (8 <sup>th</sup> edition Sweet & Maxwell, London, 1934. 3) RatanLal&DhirajLal on Law of Torts. 4) A Lakshminath M Sridhar, RamaswamyIyer's, The Law of Torts,			



Commerce" APHPub.Corp. New Delhi 2003.	
7) R.K.Bangia's Law of Torts.	
8) S.P.Singh, Law of Torts.	
9) Law of Tort by B.M.Gandhi.	
10) Ramaswamilyer's The Law of Torts, Lexis Nexis	



# **Constitutional Law I**

Scho	ool: SOL	Batch: 2018-23	
Prog	gram: BALLB		
Brai	nch:	Semester: III	
1	Course Code	BAL 205	
2	Course Title	Constitutional Law I	
3	Credits	4	
4	Contact	4-0-0	
	Hours		
	(L-T-P)		
	Course Type	Compulsory	
5	Course Objective	The objective of this course is to-	
	3	1. describe the Constitution & Constitutionalism.	
		2. define the provisions of Constitutional Law provisions.	
		3. help students relate in understanding the underlying spirit and the	
		positive responsibility of the state to establish social order ensuring	
		Justice, Liberty, Equality and Fraternity.	
		4. Define the Preamble, Fundamental Rights, Directive Principles and	
		Fundamental Duties with the help of leading cases.	
6	Course	After completing the course, the students will be able to:	
	Outcomes	1. recognise the meaning and importance of Constitution and	
		Constitutionalism.	
		2. develop an understanding with the help of leading cases about the	
		provisions relating to Citizenship,	
		3. recognise with the help of leading cases the provisions relating to Fundamental rights	
		4. develop an understanding with the help of leading cases of the provisions relating to Directive Principles of State Policy	
		5. recognise with the help of leading cases the provisions relating to	
		Fundamental Duties.	
7	Course	Constitution of India is the supreme law of the nation. The course aims to	
	Description	examine the political, social and economic structure of the Constitution of	
	_	India. The objectives of the course are to apprise the students with the	
		Constitutional laws and the framework of Governance at the Union and	
		State level, legislative procedure, Judicial structure and other constitutional	
		provisions.	
8	Outline syllabu	IS .	
	Unit 1		
	A	Constitutional History, Meaning & Importance of Constitution, Nature of	
		Constitution	
	В	Salient features of Constitution, Preambular Declarations	
	С	Union and its Territory (Articles 1-4), Citizenship (Articles 5-11)	



Unit 2					
A		•	eference to Emergency Articles 352-360 and 668)		
В	State (Article	12), No Law t	o take away or abridge rights provided under		
С	Right to Equality (Articles 14-18), Equality before law & equal protection of laws				
Unit 3					
A	Prohibition of Discrimination on Grounds of Religion, Race, Caste, Sex or Place of Birth (Article 15)				
В		Equality of opportunity in matters of Public Employment (Article 16), Abolition of Untouchability (Article 17), Abolition of Titles (Article 18)			
С	Right to Certa	Right to Certain Freedoms (Articles 19-22), Six Freedoms and Provision			
Unit 4		`	,		
A	Protection in r	respect of Conv	viction for Offences (Article 20)		
В	(Article 21A)	Protection of Life and Personal Liberty (Article 21), Right to Education (Article 21A), Protection against Arrest and Detention in certain cases			
С	Right against Exploitation (Article 23-24), Prohibition of Traffic in Human Beings and Forced Labour (Article 23), Prohibition of Employment of Children in Factories etc. (Article 24)				
Unit 5 A Right to Freedom of Religion (Articles 25-28), Cultural an			, , ,		
			on (Articles 25-28), Cultural and Educational		
В			edies (Articles 32 – 35)		
С	Directive Prin	ciples of State	e Policy (Articles 36-51), Relation between Policy and Fundamental Rights, Fundamental		
Mode of examination	Theory				
Weightage	CA	MTE	ETE		
Distribution	30%	20%	50%		
	J.N. Pandey –	Constitutional	Law of India		
Other References	,				
	,				
3) K.C. Wheare - Modern Constitution			ern Constitution		
	B C Unit 3 A B C Unit 4 A B C Unit 5 A B C Unit 6 A B C Unit 7 A B C Unit 9 A B C U	A Fundamental Amendment p B State (Article Part III (Article C Right to Equation of laws)  Unit 3  A Prohibition of Place of Birth B Equality of othe Abolition of Unit 4  A Protection in r B Protection in r B Protection of (Article 21A) (Article 22) C Right against Human Being Employment of Unit 5  A Right to Free Rights (Article B Rights (Article B Rights (Article Directive Printer Duties (Article Mode of examination)  Weightage Other References  Other References  1) V.N. Randey— Other References  2) H.M.	A Fundamental Rights (with real Amendment provisions Art 3  B State (Article 12), No Law to Part III (Article 13)  C Right to Equality (Articles 1 of laws  Unit 3  A Prohibition of Discrimination Place of Birth (Article 15)  B Equality of opportunity in Abolition of Untouchability of Reasonable Restrictions (Auticle 21)  C Right to Certain Freedoms (Auticle 21A), Protection as (Article 21A), Protection as (Article 22)  C Right against Exploitation (Auman Beings and Forced Lemployment of Children in Fundamental Rights (Articles 29-30)  B Right to Freedom of Religion Rights (Articles 29-30)  B Right to Constitutional Removemental Removements (Article 51-A)  Mode of Examination Removemental Removements (Article 51-A)  Mode of Examination Remov		



## **Political Science IV**

	ool: School of	Batch: 2018-23
Law		
	gram: SOL	C 4 W/
	nch: BA LLB	Semester: IV
1	Course Code	BAL 221
2	Course Title	Political Science IV
3	Credits	4
4	Contact	4-0
	Hours	
	(L-T-P)	Compulsory paper
5	Course Type Course	Compulsory paper  The major chiesting of this course is:
3		The major objective of this course is:
	Objective	To introduce the students to some of the key modern Indian  thinkers.
		thinkers.
		2. To introduce the students to some of the key modern western
		thinkers.
		3. To help them to understand their ideas which helped in shaping the
		society and politics of modern world.
6	Course	This course will help the students:
	Outcomes	CO1: To recognize the distinctive features of Indian and Western Political
		Thought.
		CO2: To understand the thoughts of western political thinkers.
	CO3: To get information about the thoughts of Indian political this	
		CO4: To develop critical understanding towards the different traditions
		and strands of political thought.
		CO5: To demonstrate knowledge of key thinkers and concepts.
7	Course	In this course, we examine major texts in the history of Western and Indian
	Description	political thought, where the authors often pose difficult questions about the
		political community, social order, and human nature.
8	Outline syllabu	
	Unit 1	Western Political Thought
	A	Distinctive feature of Western and Indian Political Thought.
	В	Plato
	C	Aristotle
	Unit 2	Modern Western Political Thought
	A	Machiavelli
	В	Hobbes
	C	Locke



Unit 3	Modern V	Western Politio	al Thought		
A	Rousseau				
В	Hegel				
С	Karl Marx	ζ			
Unit 4	Ancient I	ndian Political	Thought		
A	Kautilya:	Kautilya: Theory of State			
В	Swami Vi	vekanand			
С	M.N.Roy				
Unit 5	Modern l	Modern Indian Political Thought			
A	B.R Amb	B.R Ambedkar- Social Justice			
В	Gandhi- S	Gandhi- Swaraj			
С	Ram Man	Ram ManoharLohia			
Mode of	Theory/Ju	Theory/Jury/Practical/Viva			
examinatio	n				
Weightage	CA	MTE	ETE		
Distribution	n 30%	20%	50%		
Text book/s	S*	·			
Other					
References					



### **Economics- III (BAL-222)**

SCHOOL: SCHOOL OF LAW		Semester-IV		ACADEMIC		
SCH	OOL OF LAW			SESSION : 2018-23		
1	Course number	BA LLB				
2	Course Title	Economics- III (BAL-222)				
3	Credits	04	<u> </u>	,		
4	Learning Hours	Contact Hours 30				
		V	Workshop	os .	15	
			Project/F	ield Work	15	
		A	Assessme	nt	15	
			Guided St		25	
			Total hour		100	
5	Course Objective			rse is to familiarize t		
				onomic environment of		
				nding of the key macro		
				e decision making pro		_
				tention will be more o		
		changes in the economic environment particularly in the Indian context. Current economic issues in the Indian context and corporate				
		case studies are to be integrated so that the students should analyze the				
			_	ore systematic way.	165 5110	and analyze the
6	Course	On successful completion of this module students will be able to:				
	Outcomes	<ol> <li>Understar</li> </ol>	1. Understand the nature of economic activity in the business			
		market 2. Demonstrate the various economic environmental forces and				
		sub-forces with their impact on various facets of business				
		decisions.				
				tive of the students with	ı regai	rd to the
		_		bility in the component	_	
		environme		•		
		4. Develop a	an unders	tanding of to deal with	chang	es in the
		economic environment of business				
7	Outline syllabus	T	ı			
7.01	. A	Unit A		ess Segment of the Ec		
7.02	.A1	Unit A Topic 1		oncept of Indian Econo ess in Current Outlook,		invironment,
7.03	.A2	Unit A Topic 2	Basic	Indicators of Economic	Deve	elopment and
			Perfor	mance of Economy: In	dian E	Economy
L	1	l				



7.04	.A3	Unit A Topic 3	India's Natural Resources and Sustained Economic Growth
7.05	.B	Unit B	Industrial Segment of Economy
7.06	.B1	Unit B Topic 1	Synergy Between Government and Business
7.07	.B2	Unit B Topic 2	Industrial Policy and Performance; Industrial
7.07		Cint B Topic 2	Policy of 1991. Current Industrial Policy; Case
			Study of Make in India Program
7.08	.B3	Unit B Topic 3	Public Sector in India: Process of Privatization
7.00		Cint B Topic 3	through Disinvestment, Navratna and Maharatna
7.09	.C	Unit C	Regulatory Segment of the Economy
7.10	.C1	Unit C Topic 1	Indian Governance –Constitutional Highlights
7.11	.C2	Unit C Topic 2	Regulatory Role of Government and Business
			Facilitation Activities. Inflation and Pricing
			Policy, Agriculture Pricing Policy
7.12	. C3	Unit C Topic 3	Indian Financial Sectors and Role of Independent
		_	Regulators
7.13	.D	Unit D	Technological and Investment Environment
			Segment
7.14	.D1	Unit D Topic 1	Technology Transfer Policy and Environment.
			Software Technology Parks. Promotion of
			Technology.
7.15	.D2	Unit D Topic 2	Energy Resource Management Policy of
			Government. Spectrum Allocation Policy and
			Telecommunication Regulation Policy
7.16	.D3	Unit D Topic 3	Foreign Direct Investment; Policy on Inflow and
			Outflow, Foreign Institutional Investment, Inflow
			and Outflow.
7.17	.E	Unit E	Global and Trade Environment of Business
7.18	.E1	Unit E Topic 1	Globalisation and Factors affecting globalization
			process
7.19	.E2	Unit E Topic 2	Foreign Trade Policy 2015-2020; Major elements
			of FTP Policy.
7.20	.E3	Unit E Topic 3	Direction of India's International Trade in Goods
			and Services. Major Trade Regulation impacting
			international trade.
8	Course Evaluation		
8.01	Continuous	30%	
0.00	Assessment	10::	
8.02			
8.03	Quizzes	10%	
8.04	Class Quiz	10%	
8.05	MTE	20 %	
8.06	ETE	50 %	
9	References		



9.01	Text book*	Paul Justin - Business Environment Text and Cases (Tata McGraw	
		Hill).	
		Raj Agarwal – Business Environment Second Edition	
9.02	other references	1. Mishra S K &Puri V K - Economic Environment of	
		Business (Himalaya Publishing House, 3 <sup>rd</sup> Edition).	
		2. Adhikari M- Economic Environment of Business (Excel	
		Books), 2000, 8th ed, Sultan Chand.	
		3.FrancisCherunilam – Business Environment, Text and	
		Cases (Himalaya Publishing House, 8 <sup>th</sup> Edition).	
		3. N. Gregory Mankiw- Principles of MacroEconomics,	
		Cengage Learning.	



# <u>Law Of Crimes–I (Indian Penalcode)</u>

School: School of Law		<b>Batch</b> : 2018-23
-	gram: BA	
LLB	,	
	nch: LAW	Semester: IV
1	Course Code	BAL 210
2	Course Title	LAW OF CRIMES-I (INDIAN PENALCODE)
3	Credits	4
4	Contact	48-25-27
	Hours	
	(L-T-P)	
	Course Type	Compulsory /Elective/Open Elective
5	Course	1. This paper is to deal with the basic principles of criminal law
	Objective	determining criminal liability and punishment.
		2. This paper will help to understand the concept of punishment and
		various theories of punishment.
		3. This paper will help to analyse the concept of crime and its impact on
		the society.
		4. This paper will help to understand essential ingredients of crime.
6	Course	CO1:To Identify jurisdictional issues attached with the commission of the
	Outcomes	crime and the theories of punishment and Issues relating to capital
		punishment.
		CO2: To Understand Fundamental elements of crime and Various stages of commission of crime.
		CO3: To Apply General exceptions under Indian Penal Code to various
		situations.
		CO4: Contrast between different crimes and the law that applies to them.
7	Course	This course is designed to introduce students to the substantive criminal
	Description	laws. The course will primarily deal with the Indian Penal code, 1860 and
	•	certain portions of the act will be dealt elaborately under this course.
8	Outline syllabu	
	Unit 1	Introduction to Substantive Criminal Law
	A	Meaning and Definition of Crime, Historical development of Indian Penal
		Code
	В	Elements of crime: Mena Rea and Actus Reus, Stages in commission of a
		crime
	C	Extent and operation of the Indian Penal Code
	Unit 2	General Explanations Under IPC
	A	General Explanation
	В	Section (31-52A)Defining will, act or omission, common intention,
		offence, death, injury life, good faith, harbour etc



С	Constructive j	oint liability		
Unit 3	General Exce	ptions Under	IPC	
A	Mistake, Judic	ial and Execut	ive acts, Accidents, Necessity	
В	Infancy, Imma	turity, Insanity	y, Intoxication	
C	Consent, Priva	te Defence		
Unit 4	Theories of Punishment and Punishments under IPC			
A	Theories: Deterrent, Retributive, Preventive, Expiatory and Reformative			
	Theory			
В	Social implica	Social implications of Capital Punishment in Present Scenario		
C	Punishment u	Punishment under the IPC: Fine, Forfeiture, Simple Imprisonment,		
			ital Punishment	
Unit 5	Abetment, Cr	riminal Consp	iracy and Attempt	
A	Abetment (Sec 107- 120)			
В	Criminal Conspiracy(Sec 120A &120 B)			
C	Attempt (Sec 511)			
Mode of	Theory			
examination				
Weightage	CA	MTE	ETE	
Distribution	30%	20%	50%	
Text book/s*	Indian Penal Code: Gaur K.D			
Other	1) The Indian Penal Code - Ratanlal&Dhirajlal			
References	2) Crimi	nal Law Cases	and materials – Gaur K.D.	
	/		law - Glanville Williams	
	<b>4</b> ) Indian	Penal Code –	Prof. S.N.Mishra	
	<b>5</b> ) Bare <i>A</i>	Act on Indian P	Penal Code, 1860	



## <u>Constitution law – II</u>

School: SCHOOL		Batch: 2018-23
OF LAW		
	gram: BA LLB	
Brai	nch: Law	Semester: IV
1	Course Code	BAL 211
2	Course Title	Constitution law – II
3	Credits	4
4	Contact Hours	Contact Hours 48
	(L-T-P)	Assessment 25
		Guided Study 27
		Total hours 100
	Course Type	Compulsory
5	Course	The objective of introduction of this course is to:
	Objective	1. define the constitutional provisions regarding Union and State Executive.
		2. explain the constitutional provisions regarding Union and State Legislature.
		3. describe the constitutional provisions regarding Union and State Judiciary and constitutional provisions to safeguard independence of judiciary.
		4. relate the students with Centre and State relations.
		5. describe the Constitutional provisions regarding Freedom of Trade & Commerce, Civil Services and Tribunals.
		6. examine the constitutional provisions for Election Commission, Tribunals Emergency Powers and Constitutional Amendment
6	Course	After completion of course, the student will be able to:
	Outcomes	CO1. recognise the constitutional position of the President, the Vice
		President and the Council of Ministers, Governor, AG and CAG.
		CO2. develop an understanding of the functioning of legislature in India
		CO3: recognise the role played by judiciary in evolution of
		constitutionalism in India
		CO4: develop an understanding of the Constitutional provisions for the
		Supreme Court, the High Court and the Subordinate Judiciary.
		CO5: recognise the Constitutional provisions about distribution of Powers
		between Centre and States, Freedom of Trade, Commerce and Intercourse,
		Election Commission, Tribunals, Emergency Provisions and Constitutional Amendments
		CO6: develop an understanding of the impositions of emergency in union
		and states at different times
		and states at different times



		I many the second of the secon
7	Course Description	This course helps the student in building the knowledge of criminal procedural law applicable in India. It provides the students with the knowledge of hierarchy of criminal courts and their competency to try and punish an offence. At the same it introduces the student to the procedure of investigation, inquiry and trial. Provisions of arrest and bail are also discussed in the class.
8	Outline syllabu	S
	Unit 1 Central & state executive	
	A	The President [Art 52-61] and the Vice-President [Art 63-71]-
		Qualification, Manner of Election, Constitutional Position, Powers and
		functions, Pardoning Power [Art 72]
		The Governor [153-162] -Qualification, Appointment, Removal,
		Constitutional Position, Powers and functions, Pardoning Power [Art
		161]
	В	Impeachment Process [Art 61], Council of Ministers [Art 74, Art 163]
		Power and Duties of the Prime Minister [Art 75] and Chief Minister [Art
		167]
	С	Attorney General for India, [Art 76], Advocate General for State [Art 165]
		Comptroller and Auditor General of India [148]
	Unit 2 Union & State legislature	
	A	The Parliament [Art 79-88]-Composition and Duration of the LS [Art 80]
		and RS [81], Qualifications [Art 84] & Disqualifications [Art 102] of
	M.Ps., Parliamentary Privileges [Art 105]	
	The State Legislature [Art 168-187], Abolition or creation of Legisla	
		Council [Art 168] Composition of the Legislative Assemblies [Art 170]
	and Legislative Council [171], Qualifications [Art	
		Disqualifications [Art 191], Legislative Privileges [Art 194]
	В	Presiding Officers of the LokSabha [Art 93-96]&RajyaSabha[Art 89-92] –
	Appointment, Qualifications, Power and functions, Removal	
	C	Various stages in the enactment of a Statute in Parliament, [Art 107-111]
		Procedure relating to Ordinary bills, Money Bills [Art 110] and Financial
		Bills [Art 112- 117]
		Legislative Power of the President and Governor [Art 123 & Art 213]
		Various stages in the enactment of a Statute in State Legislature, [Art 196-
		201] Procedure relating to Ordinary bills, Money Bills [Art 199] and other
	TT 1: 0	Financial Bills [Art 202-207]
	Unit 3	Judiciary [Supreme Court, High Court and Subordinate Courts]
	A	Supreme Court [Art 124-130] High Court [Art 214-231] – Constitution,
		Qualification, Appointment, Salary & Emoluments and Removal of
	D	Judges  Levis distinct of Communication Control Official Appellate CLD (CARLES Advisory)
	В	Jurisdiction of Supreme Court – Original, Appellate, SLP & Advisory
	C	Jurisdiction [Art 131-147]
	C	Contempt of court, Court of Records and Article 142, Subordinate Courts
		[Art 233-237]



Unit 4	Centre-State	Relations			
A	Legislative R	Relation [Art	245-255]– 7 <sup>th</sup> Schedule, residual powers,		
	Parliament Po	wer to legislate			
В	Treaty making	g provisions [A	253]Administrative Relations [Art 256-263]		
C	Financial Rela	ations [Art 265	5-275], Finance Commission [Art 280-281];		
	Freedom of T	rade, Commerc	e and Intercourse [Art 301]		
Unit 5					
A	Condition of	Services under	Union [Art 309] Election Commission [Art		
	324]and Adm	324]and Administrative Tribunals [Art 323A & 323B]			
В	Emergency Pr	ovisions [Art 3	52, 356, 360]		
C	Amendment of	f the Constituti	on [Art 368]		
Mode of	Theory				
examination					
Weightage	CA	MTE	ETE		
Distribution	30%	20%	50%		
Text book/s*	J.N. Pandey –	Constitutional	Law of India		
Other	1) M.P.Ja	in - Constitutio	on Law		
References	2) V.N. S	hukla- Constitu	ution of India		
	3) D.D.B	asu - Shorter C	onstitution of India		
	4) H.M.S	eervai - Consti	tutional law of India		
	5) K.C.W	heare - Moder	n Constitution		



## **Muslim Law**

School: School of		<b>Batch</b> : 2018-23
Law	,	
Prog	gram: BALLB	
Brai	nch: LAW	Semester: IV
1	<b>Course Code</b>	BAL 223
2	<b>Course Title</b>	MUSLIM LAW
3	Credits	4
4	Contact	48-25-27
	Hours	
	(L-T-P)	
	Course Type	Compulsory
5	Course	1. This paper is to deal with the basic principles of Muslim Law relating to
	Objective	marriage and inheritance.  2. This paper will help to understand the Sources of Muslim Law in India,
		Concept of Marriage, Matrimonial Remedies and Modes of Dissolution of
		Marriage.  3. This paper will help to analyse the concept of Maintenance and
		Guardianship under Muslim Law.
		4. This paper will help to understand rules of inheritance along with Gift, Pre-emption and Wakf
6	Course	CO1: To Identify basic principles of Muslim Law related to marriage,
	Outcomes	divorce and inheritance.
		CO2: To Understand important sources of Muslim Law, essential conditions and types of marriage, dissolution of marriage and matrimonial
		remedies.
		CO3: To Apply General remedies under Muslim Law on different situation and Concept of Maintenance, Guardianship and Acknowledgement.
		CO4: Contrast between Gift and Will under Muslim Law, Law of
	C	Inheritance, Pre-emption and Wakf
7	Course	This course is designed to introduce students to the law relating to personal
	Description	matters governing Marriage, Guardianship and inheritance under Muslim Law. Also, the paper aims to acquaint students about law relating Will,
		Gift, pre-emption, and various Religious Endowments.
8	Outline syllab	
	Unit 1	Sources and Schools of Muslim Law



A	A	Primary Source	es – Quran, Su	nnat, Ahadis, Ijma, Qiyas
I	3	•		, Judicial Decision, Legislation, Equity,
			ood Conscience	
	C	Schools of Mu	ıslim Law	
J	Unit 2	Marriage		
A	A	Marriage, Dov	ver	of Marriage, Essential Conditions of
H	3	irregular marri	iage	rriage, Legal effects of valid, void and
	C	Distinction be	tween Shia & S	Sunni Law of Marriage
J	Unit 3	Divorce		
A	4	Matrimonial l	Remedies, Null	ity of marriage - Bar to matrimonial relief
I	3	Extra-judicial	Dissolution - T	alaq, Khula, Mubarat etc.
	С	Judicial Dissolution - The Dissolution of Muslim Marriages Act, 1939, The Muslim Women (Protection of Rights on Marriage) Bill, 2017 (Triple Talaq Bill)		
J	U <b>nit 4</b>	Maintenance, Guardianship and Acknowledgement		
A	1	Alimony and l	Maintenance ur	nder Muslim Law
F	3	Provisions of Maintenance under the Criminal Procedure Code, 1973; Muslim Women (Protection of Rights on Divorce) Act, 1986 and The Muslim Women (Protection of Rights on Marriage) Bill, 2017 (Triple Talaq Bill)		
	C	Guardianship and Acknowledgement		
τ	U <b>nit 5</b>	Will and Inheritance		
	<u> </u>	Will- Meaning	g, , Will made i	n death bed or during illness; difference
		between Will		<i>J</i> ,
I	3	Muslim law of Inheritance- Shia and Sunni schools		
	C	Gift, Pre-emp	tion, Wakf	
	Mode of examination	Theory		
<b>—</b>	Weightage	CA	MTE	ETE
	Distribution	30%	20%	50%
	Fext book/s*			med revised by I.A.Khan
				•
	Other	<ol> <li>A Fyzee - Outlines of Mohammedan Law.</li> <li>Mulla - Principles of Mohammedan Law.</li> </ol>		
		Z. Mulla	- Principles of	Monammedan Law.



References	3. TahirMohamood - Mohammedan Law.	
	4. ParasDiwan - Family Law: Law of Marriage and Divorce in India	a.
	5. M. Bhattacharjee - Muslim Law and the Constitution.	



## **Environmental Studies**

1	Course No	EVS105
2	Course Title	<b>Environmental Studies</b>
3	Credits	2
4	Contact hours	2-0-0
	(L-T-P)	
5	Course Objective	<ul> <li>The concepts, principles and importance of environmental science</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>Natural resource conservation</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>Effects and control of environmental pollution</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>Social issues associated with environment</li> </ul>
6	Course Outcomes	Students will understand
		1. Principles and scope of environmental science
		2. Natural resources conservation
		3. Role of individual in conservation
		4. Different types of pollution and solid waste: Cause effect and Management
		5. Climate change impacts and protocols
		6. Social issues and its concern

	Outline syllabus			
	Course	Multidisciplinary n	Multidisciplinary nature of environmental studies	
	Number			
7.00	A	Unit 1 Topic 1	Definition	
7.01	В	Unit 1 Topic 2	scope and importance of environment	
7.02	С	Unit 1 Topic 3	Need for public awareness	
	Unit2	Natural Resources-	renewable and non-renewable	
7.03	A	Unit 2 Topic 1	Food, Land and Forest	
7.04	В	Unit 2 Topic 2	Water, Energy and Mineral Resources	
7.05	С	Unit 2 Topic 3	Role of an individual in conservation of	
			natural resources	
	Unit3	<b>Environmental Pol</b>	lution (Cause, effects and control measures)	
7.06	A	Unit 3 Topic 1	Air, water, Noise, Soil and Thermal pollution	
7.07	В	Unit 3 Topic 2	Case studies on pollution	
7.08	С	Unit 3 Topic 3	Solid waste management: Causes, effects	
		_	and control measures of urban and	
			industrial wastes.	
	Unit4	Climate Change and its impact		
7.09	A	Unit 4 Topic 1	Concept of Global Warming and greenhouse	
			effect	



7.10	В	Unit 4 Topic 2	Ozone layer Depletion and its consequence
7.11	С	Unit 4Topic 3	Climate change and its effect on ecosystem, Kyoto protocol and IPCC concerns on changing climate
	Unit5	<b>Social Issues and the</b>	Environment
7.12	A	Unit 5Topic 1	Concept of sustainable development, Environment and human health, Resettlement and rehabilitation of people; its problems and concerns, Case studies
7.13	В	Unit 5 Topic 2	Water conservation, rain water harvesting, watershed management
7.14	С	Unit5 Topic 3	Urban Problems related to energy, Population explosion and its consequences

8.0	Course Evaluation	
8.01	Continuous Assessment	30%
8.02	Attendance	None
8.03	Homework	3 assignments (best of 2),
8.04	Quizzes	3 quizzes (best of 2), Total 30 Marks
8.05	Projects	None
8.06	Presentations	One
8.07	Any other	-
8.08	MTE	20 %
8.09	ETE 50 %	
9	References	
9.01	Text book*	<ol> <li>Joseph, Benny, "Environmental Studies", Tata Mcgrav Hill.</li> <li>Howard S. Peavy, Donald R. Rowe, George Tchobanoglous. Environmental engineering McGraw-Hill, 1985</li> </ol>
9.02	other references	



#### **CORPORATE LAW-I**

School: SOL		Batch:	
Program: B.A, LLB		Current Academic Year: 2018-2023	
Bran		Semester: V	
1	Course Code		
2	Course Title	CORPORATE LAW-I	
3	Credits	4	
4	Contact Hours	48-25-27	
	(L-T-P)		
	Course Type	Compulsory	
5	Course	To understand and differentiate between different types of companies	
	Objective	2. To understand the concept of corporate personality and exceptions to it.	
		3. To understand the powers and duties of Promoters.	
		4. To understand the MOA, AOA and Prospectus and terms in the	
		documents.	
		5. To analyses of incorporation process of different types of companies.	
		6. To understand the role, duties and functions of directors	
		7. To understand concept of CSR	
		8. To know the process of winding up	
6	Course	CO1: Recognize the characteristics of a company and various documents for	
	Outcomes	incorporation of a company.	
		CO2: Identify the role of promoters, directors, liquidators etc in a company	
		CO3: Interpret various clauses in AOA, MOA, Prospectus CO4: Analyze CSR & Winding up provisions	
		CO4. Analyze CSK & Winding up provisions CO5: Evaluate role of Liquidator & Court in Winding Up	
7	Course	This course examines corporate law including: regulation of companies under	
'	Description	Corporations Act; the incorporation process and its consequences; Documents	
	Bescription	such as MOA, AOA & Prospectus;; the duties and liabilities of directors and	
		other officers of a corporation; members' powers and remedies; and the winding	
		up processes.	
8	Outline syllabus		
	Unit 1		
	A	Definition of a Company; Historical Development	
	В	Concept of Corporate Personality	
	С	Different Kinds of Company	
	Unit 2		
	A	Promoters - Duties, powers and liabilities	
	В	Prospectus, Memorandum of Association and AOA	
	С	Formation and Registration of a company	
	Unit 3		
	A	Role and Responsibilities of Directors, Power and Duties	
	В	Prevention of Oppression and Mismanagement of Companies	
	С	Doctrines of Ultra-Vires, Indoor management and Constructive Notice.	
	Unit 4		
	A	Kinds of Company Meetings and Procedure	



В	Types of Shares and debentures.			
С	Protection of Minority rights, Foss VsHarbottle			
Unit 5				
A	Corporate Social Responsibility, Provisions, Corporate social initiatives.			
B Different Types of Winding up of Company. Appointment of Liquid				
С	Role of Courts in Winding up.A			
Mode of	Theory			
examination				
Weightage	CA	MTE	ETE	
Distribution	30%	20%	50%	
Text book/s*	ok/s* COMPANY LAW  1. Dr. N.V. Paranjape- Company Law, 7th ed; Central law Agency			
Other	ther 1. Charles Wild & Stuart Weinstein Smith and Keenan, Company L			
References Pearson Longman, 2009			9	
	2. Institute of Company Secretaries of India, Companies Act 2013, CCH			
	WolterKluver Business, 2013			
	<ol> <li>Lexis Nexis, Corporate Laws 2013 (Palmtop Edition)</li> <li>C.A. Kamal Garg, Bharat's Corporate and Allied Laws, 2013</li> </ol>			



# Labour Law I

School: SUSoL		Batch 2018-23		
Program: BA. LLB				
Branch:		Semester: V		
1	Course Code	BAL 302		
2	Course Title	Labour Law I		
3	Credits	4		
4	Contact Hours (L-	3-1-2		
	T-P)			
	Course type	Compulsory		
5	Course objective	<ol> <li>To equip the students with professional knowledge, learning and comprehensive understanding of Labour Law and research skill.</li> <li>To make the students understand the fundamentals of Labour Law such as contextual and constitutional frame work of Labour Law and its functioning in changing scenario and growth of trade unionism in India.</li> <li>To make the students understand the Trade Unions Law and its various aspects such as definitions under the Trade Unions Act, 1926, registration and recognition of trade unions, the members, office holders &amp; outsiders in trade unions, finances, the privileges of trade unions, Collective bargaining and Unfair labour practices.</li> <li>To make the students learn some of the aspects of the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947, such asdefinitions under Act with emphasis on the definition of 'workman', Authorities, powers of the Appropriate Government and individual and industrial disputes.</li> <li>To make the students understand about strikes/lockouts, settlements, industrial disputes, strikes, lockouts, layoff, retrenchment, transfer, closure and changes in condition of service.</li> <li>To make the students learn the provisions of the Industrial Employment (Standing Orders) Act, 1946 including various</li> </ol>		
		aspects of Standing Order.		
6	Course outcomes	CO1: The students will be equipped with professional knowledge, learning and comprehensive understanding of Labour Law and research skill.  CO2: The students will be able to explain the fundamentals of Labour Law such as contextual and constitutional frame work of Labour Law and growth of trade unionism in India.  CO3: The students will be able to explain the various provisions of the Trade Unions Law and its various aspects such as definitions		



		under the Trade Unions Act, 1926, registration and recognition of trade unions, the members, office holders & outsiders in trade unions, finances, the privileges of trade unions andCollective bargaining and Unfair labour practices with the help of leading case law.
		CO4: The students will be explain various provisions of the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947, such asdefinitions under Act with emphasis on the definition of 'workman', Authorities, powers of the Appropriate Government and individual and industrial disputes with the help of leading case law.
		CO5: The students will be in a position to explain strikes/lockouts, settlements, industrial disputes, strikes, lockouts, layoff, retrenchment, transfer, closure and changes in conditions of service with the help of leading case law.
		CO6: The students will be in a position to explain the provisions of the Industrial Employment (Standing Orders) Act, 1946 including various aspects of Standing Order.
7	Course Description	Industrial relations is a dynamic socio-economic process. It has two sides- co-operation and conflict. The relationship between labour and management is based on mutual adjustment of interests and goals. The major issues of industrial relations will be learnt in this course. The issues that will be discussed are contextual and constitutional framework of labour law in India, trade unions law, industrial disputes and industrial employment standing order laws.
8	Outline Syllabus	disputes and industrial employment standing order laws.
	•	Relations: Contextual and Constitutional Framework
		evolution of Labour Law, importance of labour law in the era of
	globalisation and pr	
		work, Constitutional Framework & Industrial relations, Indian Labour
		itutional scheme of labour laws
	•	owth of trade unionism in India,
	Unit 2 Trade Union	
		t, 1926, definitions, registration and recognition
	B Members, office of trade unions	holders & outsiders in trade unions Finances & funds and the Privileges
	C Collective bargain	ning
	Unit 3 Industrial D	
		es Act, 1947, definitions with special emphasis on the definition of
	'workman'	is 12., 17., definitions with special emphasis on the definition of
		the Act; Powers of the Appropriate Government
		ustrial disputes; Participants in Industrial Disputes
		outs, settlements, layoff and retrenchment
		outes, settlement & awards



B S	Strikes & lockouts	s- legal provis	ions under the In	dustrial Disputes Act and the Industrial
Dis	sputes (Standing C	Orders) Act, 1	946	•
CI	C Lay off, retrenchment, transfer and closure, changes in condition of service; Prohibition			
of s	strikes & lockouts	S		
Un	fair labour practic	ees		
Un	it 5 <b>Standing ord</b>	lers- the Indu	ıstrial Employm	ent (Standing Orders) Act, 1946
	•	_		nd coverage- modification and
	nporary application Certification proce			ct-
				rs and provisions contained in the
	ustrial Employme		-	-
	ode of	Theory		
	mination			
	eightage	CA	MTE	ETE
	tribution	30%	20%	50%
Tex	kt books			ws & Labour Laws
Oth	ner references		Malhotra, The la	w of Industrial Disputes, 7 <sup>th</sup> Edition,
		2015		
		<b>2.</b> Vithat 2016	lbhai B. Patel, L	aw on Industrial Disputes, 5 <sup>th</sup> Edition,
			o D.D. Soth Cor	nmentaries on Industrial Disputes Act,
				Kharbanda, 10 <sup>th</sup> Edition, 2016
				Laws, P.K. Padhi, 2 <sup>nd</sup> Edition
			Srivastava, Trad	
			Puri, Labour Lav	
			,	nmentary on Trade Unions Act, 1926
				and Industrial Law, 10 <sup>th</sup> Edition, 2016
L			,	



## **UP LAND LAWS**

	ool: SCHOOL	Batch: 2018-23
	LAW	
-	gram: BALLB	G 4 \$7
Brai		Semester: V
1	Course Code	BAL 303
2	Course Title	UP LAND LAWS
3	Credits	4
4	Contact	Contact Hours 48
	Hours	Assessment 25
	(L-T-P)	Guided Study 27
		Total hours 100
	Course Type	Compulsory
5	Course	The purpose of introduction of this subject is to:
	Objective	1. familarize the students with basic land laws in Uttar Pradesh among
		students.
		2. enumerate the crucial aspect of U.P Land law relating to vesting of
		estates, kind of land holders and their rights and obligations
		3. acquaint the students with procedural nuances involved in extinction,
		ejectment, surrender, abandonment and lease done by various category of
		land holders
		4. develop in the students the understanding of necessary aspects of land
		revenue system and procedure thereof
6	Course	After completion of course, the student will be able to:
	Outcomes	CO1: recognize the role of land laws in a legal system.
		CO2: explain the rights and liabilities of the various categories of land
		holders in state of Uttar Pradesh.
		CO3: illustrate the existing categories of land holders in state of U.P
		CO4: distinguish between extinction, ejectment, surrender, abandonment
		and lease
		CO5: evaluate the powers, functions, and duties of revenue officers and
		revenue courts
7	Course	This course helps the student in building the knowledge of land laws
<b>'</b>	Description	applicable in India. It provides the students with the knowledge of
	Description	hierarchy of revenue courts and their competency to adjudicate upon
		revenue disputes. At the same it enables students to deal with procedural
		matters viz. mutation proceeding, ejectment proceedings etc. knowledge of
		documents concerning proprietary rights will also be discussed.
8	Outline syllabu	
0	Unit 1	
		Concept of proprietory rights in Land
	A	Concept of proprietary rights in Land
	В	Survey of land reforms in India
	C	Historical background of UPZA & LR Act and Reasons for abolition of



	Zamindari sys	tem			
Unit 2					
A	Salient feature	s of U.P Zamir	ndari Abolition Act and definitions provided		
	in it				
В	Constitutional	challenges to I	U.P.Z.A.& L.R Act, 1950		
C	Acquisition of the interest of intermediaries and its consequences				
Unit 3					
A	Classes of land	d holder and th	eir rights		
В	Ejectment & e	xtinction			
C	Abandonment	, surrender and	lease		
Unit 4					
A	Successsion				
В	Allotment of land and declaratory suit				
C	Settlement of land revenue				
Unit 5					
A	Jurisdiction and functions of revenue courts and revenue authorities				
В	Maintenance & revision of maps and records				
C	Appeal, reference, review and revision				
Mode of	Theory				
examination					
Weightage	CA	MTE	ETE		
Distribution	30%	20%	50%		
Text book/s*	R.R.Maurya book on U.P Land Laws				
Other	Dr.C.P.Singh-	- U.P Land Lav	vs		
References		heja – U.p Lan			
	Dr. S.D. Singh – Commentaries on U.P Land Laws				



## **Law of Crimes II**

Sch	ool: SOL	
Pro	gram: BA	Academic Year: 2018-23
LLI		
	nch:	Semester: V
1	Course Code	BAL 305
2	Course Title	Law of Crimes II
3	Credits	4
4	Contact	4-0-0
	Hours	
	(L-T-P)	
	Course Status	Compulsory
5	Course Objective	1. This course comprises study of law and court decisions governing the basic principles of criminal law determining criminal liability and punishment.(CO1)
		2. To make the students understand that study of Criminal law enforces and regulates social conduct, in addition to prohibiting threats, harm or other element that endangers the health, safety and moral welfare of people within a jurisdiction.(CO2)
		<ul> <li>3. Criminal law enforcement breaks crimes down into specific classes or degrees to assign an appropriate punishment like imprisonment, government supervision or house arrest, fines, seizure of property and/or money from an offender.(CO3)</li> <li>4. The subject will help the students to participate in crucial work of ordering the society and protecting the vulnerable.</li> </ul>
7	Course	ordering the secrety and protecting the value acre.
	Description	IPC aims to prepare the students to participate in the crucial process of laying down the order of the society and help the vulnerable class and victims to get access to justice. The students can pursue their career by developing knowledge and skills necessary for success in prosecution and defence of criminal charges. Law of crimes describe the type of conduct that has been deemed a crime, the mindset or intent required, and the proper punishment thereof.
8	Outline syllabu	ls —
	Unit 1	Offences related to state, army and public tranquillity
	A	Waging or attempting to wage war (section 121)
		• Sedition(Sec.124A)
	В	Public Servant disobeying direction(Sec.166A)
		Non treatment of victim by hospital(Sec 166B)



С	Rioting (section 146)			
	Affray (section 159)			
Unit 2	Offences related to elections ,public justice, coins, weights and measures, public nuisance and religion			
A	• Giving false evidence (section 191)			
	• Fabricating False Evidence (section 192)			
В	Counterfeiting Coins (section 231)			
	Counterfeiting Indian coin (section 232)			
С	Public nuisance (section 268)			
	Obscene acts and songs (section 294)			
Unit 3	Offences affecting the Human Body			
A	Culpable Homicide & Murder (section 299,302)			
	<ul> <li>Culpable Homicide not amounting to murder (Exceptions to section 300 IPC)</li> </ul>			
В	Rash and negligent Homicide (section 304B)			
	• Hurt (section 319-326)			
	Grievous Hurt			
C	Kidnapping and abduction (359-367 and 369)			
Unit 4	Offences against women			
A	• Rape (375-376)			
В	Cruelty by husband or relatives of the husband			
С	• Dowry death (section 304 B)			
Unit 5	Offences Against Property, defamation			
A	• Theft (section 379 to 382)			
	• Extortion (section 384 to 389)			
	• Robbery (section 392 to 389)			
В	Dacoity (section 395,396)			
	• Criminal Misappropriation (section 403,404)			
	Criminal breach of Trust and cheating			
С	Adultery (section 497)  Proposition 497)			
	• Defamation (499-502)			
1 N/11	Theory			
Mode of examination	J			



Distribution	30%		20%	50%
Text book/s*	1.	. Indian Penal Code: Gaur K D		
	2.	The In	dian Penal Cod	e: Ratanlal&Dhirajlal
	3.	Indian	Penal Code PS	A Pillai
Other		1. Cri	minal Law Cas	ses and materials: Gaur K D
References		2. Te	xtbook of Crim	inal Law: Glanville Williams
	3. Russel on Crime			
		4. Indian Penal Code: B M Gandhi		
		5. Indian Penal Code:Prof. S N Mishra		e:Prof. S N Mishra
		6. Bare Act on Indian Penal Code, 1860		n Penal Code, 1860
		7. All	India Reports	
			_	



## **Criminal Procedure Code- I**

School: SCHOOL OF LAW		Batch: 2018-23
	gram: BA	
Brai	nch:	Semester: V
1	Course Code	BAL 316
2	Course Title	Criminal Procedure Code- I
3	Credits	4
4	Contact	Contact Hours 48
	Hours	Assessment 25
	(L-T-P)	Guided Study 27
		Total hours 100
	Course Type	Compulsory
5	Course	The purpose of introduction of this subject is to:
	Objective	1. develop basic understanding of criminal jurisprudence and procedural law
	-	among students.
		2. familiarize the students with crucial aspect of criminal procedural law
		relating to police investigation, court enquiry and trial.
		3. acquaint the students with essential features of fair trial.
		4. to provide knowledge of functions, duties and powers of police and
		criminal courts.
6	Course	After completion of course, the student will be able to:
	Outcomes	CO1: recognize the role of procedural laws in a legal system.
		CO2: explain the Hierarchy of Criminal Courts.
		CO3: interpret the role of Police, Magistrates in the criminal proceedings.
		CO4: explain and differentiate between the stages of investigation, enquiry
		and trial in criminal cases.
		CO5: evaluate the powers, functions, and duties of police and criminal
		courts.
7	Course	This course helps the student in building the knowledge of criminal
	Description	procedural law applicable in India. It provides the students with the
		knowledge of hierarchy of criminal courts and their competency to try and
		punish an offence. At the same it introduces the student to the procedure of
		investigation, inquiry and trial. Provisions of arrest and bail are also
		discussed in the class.
8	Outline syllabu	is .
	Unit 1	Introduction to The Code of Criminal Procedure
	A	Object, Scope and Extent of the Code of Criminal Procedure
	В	Definitions - bailable, non bailable offences, charge, complaint, inquiry,
		investigation, judicial proceedings, trial, victim, cognizable, non-cognizable
		offences. (Section 2 Clause a, b, c, d, g, h, I, l. n, r, w, x)



С	Constitution, Powers and Hierarchy of Criminal Courts (Section 6, 26, 28, 29)			
Unit 2	Initiation of Criminal Cases			
A			d its evidentiary value. Information in non-	
		se. (Section 15 <sup>2</sup>		
В	Investigation:	Procedure of I	nvestigation, Police officer's powers to	
	investigate cognizable cases, procedure for investigation, police officer's			
			of witnesses, examination of witnesses by the	
			ons and statements and report of police officer on	
	completion of investigation. (Section 156-164, 167)			
С			eport. (Section 173, 174, 176)	
Unit 3		ceedings: Inq		
A	_	•	a Magistrate & Committal of the cases.	
		193, 209, 322,		
В			a Magistrate (Section 200-203)	
С	Framing of a charge (Form of charge and Joinder of charge). (Section 211-224)			
Unit 4	Law relating to Arrest			
A	Arrest (Section 41, 41A-D, 42, 43, 44, 46, 48 49, 57, 60A)			
В	Rights of an arrested person, a constitutional outlook and provisions under			
	the Code. (Sec	ction 41B, 41D	, 49, 50, 54, 55A, 57, 60A)	
C	Search & Seiz	of arrest. (Section 47, 48, 51-53)		
Unit 5	The law relating Bail			
A	Bail: Concept and Constitutional Essence.			
В	Bail in Bailable and Non Bailable cases. (Section 436, 437)			
C	Anticipatory E	Bail and Cancel	lation of Bail. Special powers of HC and COS.	
	(Section 438,	439)		
Mode of	Theory			
examination				
Weightage	CA	MTE	ETE	
Distribution	30%	20%	50%	
Text book/s*	R.V. Kelkar - Code of Criminal Procedure			
Other		• •	toSarkar&V.R.Manohar- The Code Of Criminal	
References		• •	Commentary On The Code Of Criminal	
	Procedure, 19'			
	The Code of Criminal Procedure, Ratanlal&Dhirajlal, 17th Edition, 2010.			
	B. Uma Devi - Arrest, Detention, and Criminal Justice			



## **Political Science V**

Sch	ool: SOL	Batch: 2018-23
Pro	gram: BALLB	
Bra	nch:	Semester: V
1	Course Code	
2	Course Title	Political Science V
3	Credits	4
4	Contact Hours (L-T-P)	4-0
	Course Type	Compulsory /Elective/Open Elective
5	Course Objective	<ol> <li>Students will be able to comprehend the concept of comparative Politics</li> <li>Students will be able to comprehend the Constitutionalism and forms of Government</li> <li>Students will be able to analyse the concept of organs of power</li> </ol>
6	Course Outcomes	After completing the course, the students will be able to:  C01. Explain the meaning and importance of comparative Politics.  C02. Explain the Constitutionalism and forms of Government  C03. Explain concept of Power.
7	Course Description	In this course students will be trained in the application of comparative methods to the study of Politics. This course is comparative in both what we study and how we study. In the process course aims to introduce undergraduate students to some of the range of issues, literature and methods that cover comparative Politics.
8	Outline syllabus	
	Unit 1	Comparative Government and Politics
	A	Meaning, Nature and Scope of Comparative Politics:
	В	Post-Behaviuoralism; Development of Political Science.
	С	Traditional Institutional and New Institutional Approach
	Unit 2	Approaches to the study of comparative Politics:
	A	Political Development (Lucian W. Pye), Political Culture (G. Almond)
	В	Political System, Input-Out (David Easton), Structural Functional (G. Almond).
	С	Communication (Deutsh) and Decision-Making (Simon and Snyder).
	Unit 3	
	A	Constitutionalism: History, Nature, Type and Problem in Modern Times. Forms of Government- Leading Classification of Governments (Traditional and Modern).



	В	•		nd Procedure: Types of electoral system-	
		First Past the P	ost System (FP	ΓP), Proportional Representation, Mixed	
		Representation			
	C	Party System: 1	Historical Conte	exts of emergence of Party System and	
		Types of Partie	es.		
	Unit 4	Nation-State			
	A	What is a Natio	on-State.		
	В	Historical Evolution of Western Europe and Post-Colonial Contexts			
C Nation and State : Debates					
	Unit 5	State in comparative perspective			
	A	State: Meaning, Nature and Characteristic.			
	В	Characteristics and changing nature of the State in capitalist and			
socialist economies,					
	C	Advanced industrial and developing societies.			
	Mode of	Theory/Jury/Pr	actical/Viva		
	examination				
	Weightage	CA	MTE	ETE	
	Distribution	30%	20%	50%	
	Text book/s*				
	Other				
	References				



### **Moot Court & Court Management**

	ool: School of	<b>Batch</b> : 2018 -23
Law		
BA.	gram:	
Brai		Semester: V
		Semester: V
1	Course Code	M 4 C 4 P C 4 M
2	Course Title	Moot Court & Court Management
3	Credits	4
4	Contact	40-25-35
	Hours	
	(L-T-P)	
	Course Type	Compulsory
5	Course Objective	To give students an understanding of the Moot Court & Court Management.
		<ol> <li>To give students an understanding of hierarchy of courts &amp; judicial system in India.</li> <li>To help students in understanding the general principles of civil &amp;</li> </ol>
		criminal proceedings.  3. To introduce the students with general rules of court civil & criminal.  4. To understand the role of Indian Registration Act,1908.
6	Course Outcomes	CO2: To interpret meaning and importance of Moot Court & Court Management.  CO3: To relate with the help of cases the role of Indian Registration Act.  CO4: To Analyze with the help of general principles of civil & criminal proceedings about bail, injunction application, suit for specific performance etc.  CO5: To appraise the students of leading cases, the general rules of courts: civil & criminal.
7	Course	This course aims at familiarizing the students with the concept of moot
	Description	Court and the actual trial procedure in courts. The general principals and
0	On41:nc11:1	procedure involved in civil and criminal trial will be emphasized on.
8	Outline syllabu	
	Unit 1	Moot Court: Concept & Importance
	A	Moot Court vs. Ordinary Courts, Practice and Procedure.
	В	Hierarchy of Courts and Judicial System in India, Pre-trial preparation, Procedure before hearing
	C Art of cross-examinations, Fees and retainers, Various Legal Remo	
	Unit 2	Ordinary suit for Recovery
	A	Suit under Order XXXVII of CPC and the difference between the two suits.



		T			
	B Suit for Permanent Injunction, Application for temporary in			n, Application for temporary injunction under	
		Order XXXIX	of CPC		
	C	Suit for Specif	ic Performance	e, Petition for eviction under the Delhi Rent	
Control Act.					
	Unit 3	<b>General Prin</b>	ciples of Crim	inal Pleadings	
	A	Application for	r bail		
	В	Application under Section 125 Cr.P.C.			
	С	F.I.R. – under	Section 154 Ca	r.P.C.	
	Unit 4	General Rule	s of Court		
	A	General Rules	of Court: Civi	l and Criminal	
	В	Delhi High Co	ourt Rules, 196	7	
	C Supreme Court Rules, 1966				
	Unit 5	Indian Registration Act, 1908			
	A	Introduction o			
	В	Registrable Documents, time & place for registration			
	С	Presenting doo	cuments for reg	ristration	
	Mode of	Theory/Jury/P	ractical/Viva		
	examination				
	Weightage	CA	MTE	ETE	
	Distribution	30%	20%	50%	
	Text book/s*	Dr.KailashRai - Legal Ethics - Accountancy for lawyers and bench and			
		Bar relations			
	Other	. P. Ramar	athaIyer- Lega	al and Professional Ethics	
	References . B.B. Mitra – The Limitation Act			ation Act	
. B.R. Aggarwala – Supreme Court Practice and Procedure			eme Court Practice and Procedure		



## **Environmental Law**

	ool: School of	Batch: 2018-23
Lav	y gram: BALLB	
	nch: Law	Semester: VI
1	Course Code	BAL 308
2	Course Title	Environmental Law
3	Credits	4
4	Contact	3-1-2
	Hours	
	(L-T-P)	
	Course Type	Compulsory
5	Course	1. Awareness of Indian approaches to the problem of environmental
	Objective	pollution in the context of law as a means of prevention of environmental
		pollution and for protection of environment
		2. A spirit of inquiry to explore the international obligations of the country
		for protection of environment
		3. To make the students aware about the legislative measures for protection
		of environment and spirit of Indian Constitution for protection of
		environment. It also provides the opportunities to the students to
		understand the activist role played by Indian Judiciary in protection of
		environment and evolution of different principles such as polluter pay
		principle, precautionary principle, inter-generational equity and sustainable development.
		4. To examine the Emerging International Environmental Regimes and
		India's National Policy
6	Course	CO1: Recognizing and listing laws related to environment protection in
	Outcomes	India
		CO2: Developing the ability to interpret various laws
		CO3: Applying laws to solve practical issues
		CO4: Developing the ability to critically analyse laws and point out their
		merits and demerits
7	Course	Law and policy plays a major role in the conservation and management of
	Description	natural resources as well as pollution control. This course intends to
		introduce the students to the vast field of Environmental Law and Policy.
		At the end of the course it is expected that the students would be familiar
		with the overall Environmental Law and Policy regime of the country as
		well as its international obligations. It is expected that the case studies
		would equip them with basic knowledge and skills to understand
		environmental law issues.
		Students are expected to attend the class after going through the reading
		material.



8	Outline syllabus				
	Unit 1				
	A	Introduction to Environment and Indian Scenario			
	11	(Including key concerns)			
	В	Sustainable Development in the Indian Scenario			
	C	India's Environment Law and Policy Overview			
	Unit 2	Environment Protection under Constitution and Role of Judiciary (10			
	Omt 2	Lectures)			
	A	Constitutional Mandate and Environment Protection- Article 51-A (g),			
		Article 47, Article 48 and 48-A, Articles 21, 14 and 19			
	В	Role of Judiciary for Environmental Protection and Sustainable			
		Development			
	С	General Principles of Environmental Law -			
		a. Absolute Liability			
		b. Precautionary Principle			
		c. Polluter Pays Principle			
		d. Intra and Inter-Generational Equity			
		e. Public Trust Doctrine			
	Unit 3	Statutory Control of Environmental Pollution (12 Lectures)			
	A	Environment (Protection) Act, 1986 and Rules to Control Various			
		Pollutions			
	В	Water (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act, 1974 & Air (Prevention			
		and Control of Pollution) Act, 1981			
	С	National Green Tribunal Act, 2010			
	Unit 4	Law Regarding Protection of Species and Ecosystems (Relevant			
		Portion/ Overview only (8 Lectures)			
	A	Protection of Wildlife and Major Offences			
	В	Protection of Forests (Including Evironmental Impact Assessment)			
	С	Biodiversity Act (Overview only), Genetically Modified Organisms,			
		Future Perspectives			
	Unit 5	International Environmental Law (10 Lectures)			
	A	Reasons for growth of environmental law internationally-Ozone depletion,			
		Global Warming, Green house, threat of nuclear emissions, International			
		Environmental Campaigns			
	В	World Summit in 20th century- The United Nations Conference on Human			
		Environment, 1972 (Stockholm Conference)			
		a) Framework of the Conference			
		b) Aims and Objectives			
		c) United Nations Declaration on the Human Environment, 1972			
C The United Nations Conference on		The United Nations Conference on Environment and Development,			
		(UNCED) (Earth Summit, 1992).			
		a) Framework of the Conference			
		b) Aims and Objectives			
		c) Earth Charter or Rio Declaration			



	d) Agenda 21: Blue Print for action in 21st century				
	,	e) Earth Summit Plus Five			
	(c) Sustainable Development and International Legal Order in 21st Century				
		1. Johannesburg Declaration (2001)			
	2. $Rio + 20$ (2)	*			
	3. Paris Conve	, ,			
Mode of	Theory/Jury/P	ractical/Viva			
examination		<b>.</b>			
Weightage	CA	MTE	ETE		
Distribution	30%	20%	50%		
Text book/s*	1. Environmen	ntal Law in Ind	lia – P. Leelakrishnan		
	2. ParasDiwan	: Studies on E	nvironmental Cases.		
	3. A.Agarwal	(ed.): Legal Co	ontrol of Environmental Pollution Page 27 of		
	70				
	4. Chetan Singh Mehta: Environmental Protection and Law				
	5. V.K. Krishna Iyer: Environment Pollution and Law				
	6. Shah: Environmental Law				
	7. ParasDiwan	: Environment	tal Law and Policy in India, 1991		
Other	Case Law				
References	M.C. Mehta and Anr. Etc vs. Union Of India and Ors. Etc				
	Municipal Con	Municipal Corporation, Ratlam vs. Vardhichand			
	Indian Counci	il for Enviro-Le	egal Action vs. Union of India		
	M.C. Mehta vs	M.C. Mehta vs. Union of India			
	Animal Welfare Board of India vs. A. Nagaraj and Ors.				
	M.C. Mehta vs. Union of India (Taj Trapezium Case)				
	M.C. Mehta v	s. Union of Inc	lia		
	Narmada Bachao Andolan v. Union of India				
	KedarNathYa	dav v State of	West Bengal		
	Samata v Unio	on of India			



## **Law of Evidence**

School: SCHOOL OF LAW		Batch: 2018-23
Progran	n: BA LLB	
Branch:		Semester: VI
1	Course Code	BAL 304
2	Course Title	Law of Evidence
3	Credits	4
4	Contact	Contact Hours 48
	Hours	Assessment 25
	(L-T-P)	Guided Study 27
		Total hours 100
	Course Type	Compulsory
5	Course	The purpose of introduction of this subject is to:
	Objective	1. develop basic understanding of Evidence law among students.
		2.familiarize the students with crucial aspect of relevancy and
		admissibility of facts
		3. acquaint the students with nuances involved in examination of
		witnesses
		4. to provide knowledge of rules concerning kinds of evidences,
		burden of proof, estoppel etc.
6	Course	After completion of course, the student will be able to:
	Outcomes	CO1. Describ the cardinal principles of evidence law and key terms
		etc.
		CO2. Explain the concept of relevant facts and facts in issue, order of
		examination of witnesses, burden of proof etc.
		CO3: interpret the rules of evidence in practical situations
		CO4. Analyze the approach of court in dealing with different kinds of
		evidences presented during trial
		CO5: Evaluate the strength of any given particular piece of evidence in
_		decision of the case ultimately
7	Course	This course helps the student in building the knowledge of criminal
	Description	procedural law applicable in India. It provides the students with the
		knowledge of hierarchy of criminal courts and their competency to try
		and punish an offence. At the same it introduces the student to the
		procedure of investigation, inquiry and trial. Provisions of arrest and
8	Outline avillable	bail are also discussed in the class.
0	Outline syllabu Unit 1	Introduction and
	A	Ambit scope and nature of Evidence Act [section 1], Cardinal Rules,
		Definitions [section 3]



	В	Relevancy and Admissibility of Facts [sections 5, 136], Res Gestae					
		[sections 6 to 8]					
	С	Section 9 [T.I.P], Section 10, section 11[plea of alibi]					
	Unit 2	Relevant fac		o, section replica of anorg			
	A			[Sections 17 to 31]			
	В			can't be called as witness, Dying			
		declaration [s		can't be cance as withess, bying			
	С			ourts when relevant [section 40 to 44],			
			Mensrea when relevant [Sections 14, 15]				
	Unit 3	Relevant Facts [contd.] and kinds of evidences					
	A			5 to 51], Custom and Usages when relevant			
		[Sections 13,		o to 31], Custom and Csuges when relevant			
	В			& Criminal cases [sections 12, 52 to 55A],			
				oved [sections 56 to 58]			
	С			ence [Section 59 to 66B], Exclusion of Oral			
			•	Section 91 to 100]			
	Unit 4	<b>Proof of Fac</b>	ts				
	A	Burden of Proof [Sections 101 to 114 A]					
	B Presumptions, Estoppel [sections 115-117], Accomplice with						
		[Section 133]					
	C	_		[Sections 120 to 125], Professional			
			on [Sections 1	26 to 132]			
	Unit 5		of witnesses				
	A	Order of examination, Leading questions, Questions which may be					
		asked					
	В			g credit of witness, contradiction and			
			, Refreshing n				
	С		& Adversarial	trial, Judge's Power to put questions,			
	Mada-f	section 167					
	Mode of	Theory					
	examination Weightage	CA	MTE	ETE			
	Distribution	CA MTE ETE					
	•	30% 20% 50%  BatukLal, Law of Evidence					
	Text book/s* Other	,		ence, Universal Publication			
	References	,	hy, Law of Evide	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,			
	References	/ <b>1</b>	•				
		<ul><li>3) krishnamchari, Law of Evidence, Central Law Publications</li><li>4) Amir Ali &amp; Woodroff, Commentary on law of evidence</li></ul>					
		5) M.Monir, Commentary on law of evidence					
L		3) IVI.IVIOIIII, COIIIIIIeittat y Oil iaw of evidence					



## **Labour Law II**

School: SUSoL		Batch 2018-23			
Program:					
<b>Branch: BA LLB</b>		Semester: VI			
1	Course Code	BAL 310			
2	Course Title	Labour Law II			
3	Credits	4			
4	Contact Hours (L-T-P)	3-1-2			
	Course type	Compulsory			
5	Course objective	1. To equip the students with professional knowledge, learning and comprehensive understanding of Labour Law and research skill.			
		2. To make the students understand the various features of the Child and Adolescent Labour (Prohibition and Regulation) Act, 1986 and the various case law on the subject; to make the students learn various provisions of the aspects of the Payment of Wages Act, 1956, such as obligations of the employers, authorized deductions, rights of employers and employees under the Act etc. with due emphasis on case law on the subject.			
		3. To make the students understand about certain aspects to be taken care under the Factories Act, 1948, such as health, safety and safeguards in premises employing hazardous process with the aid of case law on the subject.			
		4. To make the students understand about certain aspects to be taken care under the Factories Act, 1948, such as welfare, working hours, leave, special procedure etc. with the aid of case law on the subject.			
		5. To make the students learn the provisions of the Employee's Compensation Act, 1923 with the case law on the subject.			
		6. To make the students learn the provisions of Employees' State Insurance Act, 1948 with the case law on the subject.			
6	Course outcomes	CO1: The students will be equipped with professional knowledge, learning and comprehensive understanding of Labour Law and research skill.  CO2: The students will be able in a position to explain various provisions of the Child and Adolescent Labour (Prohibition and Regulation) Act, 1986 and explain various provisions of the Payment of Wages Act, 1956, powers and functions of			



		various authorities under the Act etc with the help of leading case law on the subject.					
		CO3: The students will be able to explain various provisions such as definitions, Inspecting staff, health, safety and safeguards in the premises employing hazardous process under the Factories Act, 1948 with the aid of case law on the					
		subject. CO4: The students will be able to explain various aspects such					
		as welfare, working hours, leave, special procedure etc. under the Factories Act, 1948 with the aid of case law on the subject.					
		CO5: The students will be in a position to explain the					
		provisions of the Employee's Compensation Act, 1923 with					
		the help of case law on the subject.					
		CO6: The students will be in a position to explain the provisions of the Employees' State Insurance Act, 1948 with					
		the help of case law on the subject.					
7	Course	The major issues of industrial relations will be learnt in this course.					
	Description	The issues that will be discussed are child labour prohibition,					
		regulation of adolescent labour, payment of wages, various					
		regulations under the Factories Act, determination of compensation					
0	Outline Cullabus	for various injuries and the employees state insurance law.					
8	Outline Syllabus Unit 1Child labour	prohibition and regulation					
	Payment of wages						
	A The various provisions of the Child and Adolescent Labour (Prohibition and Regulation) Act, 1986						
	B The Payment of Wages Act, 1936, definitions, responsibility for payment of wages, payment of wages, deductions						
	C Inspectors & their powers, authorities, courts, appeals, penalty						
	Unit 2 The Factories Act, 1948- Health, Safety and Hazardous process						
	A Definitions, Inspe	ecting staff					
	B Health, Safety	0					
	C Hazardous proces						
	1948	Unit 3 Welfare, working hours, penalties & procedures under the Factories Act, 1948					
	A Welfare, working hours of adults						
		oung persons, Annual leave with wages					
		s, Penalties & procedures					
		Compensation Act, 1923					
		pensation, determination, nature of injury					
	- ·	distribution of compensation, fatal accidents and serious bodily					
	injuries						



C Special provision	C Special provisions, penalties					
<b>Unit 5 Employees'</b>	Unit 5 Employees' State Insurance Act, 1948					
A Application, exer	A Application, exemption, definitions, authorities, their powers and duties					
B Finance and audi	B Finance and audit, contributions, benefits					
C Adjudication of c	lisputes & claim	ns, penalties,	miscellaneous			
Mode of	Theory					
examination						
Weightage	CA	MTE	ETE			
distribution	30%	20%	50%			
Text books	Dr.Avtar Sing	gh &Dr.Harp	reetKaur, Introduction to Labour and			
	Industrial Lav	Industrial Laws, Fourth Edition 2017, LexisNexis				
Other references	<b>1.</b> G.B. F	1. G.B. Puri, Labour Laws in India				
	2. H.K. I	2. H.K. Kumar, Labour and Industrial Law, 10 <sup>th</sup> Edition, 2016				
	<b>3.</b> Commentaries on the Employees' Compensation Act, P.					
	RamanathaAiyar& S. KrishnamurthiAiyar, 6 <sup>th</sup> Edition, 2016					
	<b>4.</b> V.K. Kharbanda, Commentaries on the Payment of Wages					
	,	936, 4 <sup>th</sup> Edit	,			
			ommentaries on Payment of Wages Act,			
	1936,	revised by P	.L. Malik, 5 <sup>th</sup> Edition, 1998			



# Criminal procedure code II

School: SCHOOL OF LAW		Batch: 2018 -23	
Program:	BA LLB		
Branch:		Semester: VI	
1	Course Code	BAL313	
2	Course Title	Criminal procedure code II	
3	Credits	4	
4	Contact Hours	Contact Hours 48 Assessment 25 Guided Study 27 Total hours 100	
	Course Type	Compulsory	
5	Course Objective	The purpose of introduction of this subject is to 1. develop basic understanding of criminal jurisprudence and procedural law among students. 2. familiarize the students with crucial aspect of criminal procedural law relating to plea bargaining, compounding of offence etc. 3. acquaint the students with procedure of trial at sessions court, warrant case trial, summons case trial, summary trial. 4. to provide knowledge of maintenance provisions, appeal provisions, procedure of reference and revision etc.	
6	Course Outcomes	After completion of the Course the student will be able to CO1: state the role of procedural laws in a legal system and recognize the relation between substantive criminal laws and criminal procedural laws.  CO2: explain the trial procedure followed by various criminal courts.  CO3: relate the provisions of CrPC with actual criminal court proceedings.  CO4: explain the procedure of trial along with appeal, revision and reference.  CO5: appraise the procedure followed in a criminal trial.	
7	Course Description	This subject develops the basic understanding of criminal jurisprudence among students and make them aware about the punishment and redressal system of the country. It specifically helps the students who want to excel in the field of criminal law.	



8	Outline syllabus			
	Unit 1	Plea bargain	ing and provi	sions relating to inquiry and trial
	A	_	-	L), Compounding (Sec 320), on (Sec 321) and Probation (S 360).
	В	General Provisions as to Inquiries and Trial (SS. 300, 303, 304, 307, 308, 309, 311, 313, 315, 317, 319, 321,327)		
	С	Process to Compel Appearance and Production of Things.		
	Unit 2	Trial		
	A	Trial before a	court of session	on (S. 225-237)
	В	Trial of warra and S. 251-25		mon cases by magistrates (S. 238-250
	С	Summary Tri	als (S. 260-265	5)
	Unit 3	Judgement a	nd Sentences	
	A	Judgement, D	oischarge, Acq	uittal, Conviction, Hearing on Sentence.
	B Submission of Death Sentences for Confirmation			nces for Confirmation
	С	Execution, Suspension, Remission and Commutation of Sentences		
	Unit 4	Appeals, Reference, Revision		
	A	Appeals (S. 3	74-394)	
	В	Reference and Revision (S. 395-405) and Transfer of Criminal Cases.		
	С	Inherent Power of Court (S 482)		
	Unit 5	Quasi Crimi	nal proceedin	gs and Preventive Part
	A	Maintenance of wives, children and parents (S. 125-128)		
	В	Security for keeping peace and good Behavior		
	С	Maintenance of Public order and Tranquility		
	Mode of examination	Theory		
	Weightage	CA	MTE	ЕТЕ
	Distribution	30%	20%	50%
	Text book/s*	R.V. Kelkar – Code of Criminal Procedure		
	Other	Rattan Lal&D	Dhirajlal – Cod	e of Criminal Procedure
	References	S.N. Mishra -	- Code of Crim	ninal Procedure



Ganguly – Criminal Court, Practice and Procedure
S.C.Sarkar, revised by SudiptoSarkar&V.R.Manohar- The Code Of Criminal Procedure: An Encyclopaedic Commentary On The Code Of Criminal Procedure, 1973



## Corporate law -II

School: SOL		Batch: 2018-23				
Program: BALLB						
Bra	nch:	Semester: VI				
1	Course Code	BAL-314				
2	Course Title	Corporate law –II				
3	Credits	4				
4	Contact	4-0-0				
	Hours					
	(L-T-P)					
	Course Type	Compulsory				
5	Course Objective					
6	Course Outcomes	CO1: Knowledge Competition Law and its role in economic policy. CO2: Analysis of Anticompetitive agreements and cartels in world economy. CO3: Evaluation of Dominant position in competition Law. CO4: Analyse the role of Foreign Direct Investment in development of economy. CO5: Application of Tie in Arrangements in world economy. CO6: Analysis of Principles of Insurance and role of insurance in economy.				
7	Course Description	<ol> <li>This paper focuses on the international aspect of corporate governance and competition laws of India in the contest of new economic order.</li> <li>The main objective of the course is to. The main aim of this paper is also to assess the role of transnational corporations in the international trade.</li> <li>Transnational corporations are the main players of the world economics.</li> <li>On one hand the globalization and regionalization create a very good conditions for development of TNCs, on the other hand firms reinforce this processes by their export and foreign direct investment.</li> </ol>				
8	Outline syllabus					
	Unit 1					
	A	Definition of Competition				
	В	Objectives of Competition Law Raghavan Committee Report				
	С	Indian scenario with an overview of MRTP Act, 1969				
	Unit 2					



A	A. Anti-competitive Agreement
	-Appreciable adverse effect
	- Horizontal and Vertical agreements
	- Effects doctrine
В	B. Prohibition of anti-competitive agreements
	- Concerted practices and parallel behaviour
	- Cartel and Cartelisation
	- Bid rigging and collusive bidding
С	C Tie-in-arrangements, Exclusive supply agreement, Resale price
	maintenance agreement
Unit 3	
A	A. Abuse of Dominant Position
	- Relevant market
	- Predatory <u>Behaviour</u>
	- Predatory pricing
	- Discriminatory practices
	- Relevant market
В	Combination
	- Value of Assets
	- Turnover
	- Acquisition
	- Conglomeration
	- Joint Venture
	- Merger and Amalgamation
	- Notification
C	Competition Commission of India
	- Establishment and composition
	- Duties
	-Procedure for inquiry
TT:4 A	- Powers
Unit 4	Would Trade Ouronization
A	World Trade Organization  Foreign Direct Investment and Transfer of Technology
B C	. Foreign Direct Investment and Transfer of Technology  E-Commerce
C	E-Commerce
Unit 5	
A	Various types of Banks and their functions. Role and functions of Banking
	Institutions
	Analysis of Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934.
В	General Principles of Law of Insurance
C	Types of insurances. Policy and its Legal Status. Definition, nature and
	history.



Mode of	Theory/Viva		
examination			
Weightage	CA	MTE	ETE
Distribution	30%	20%	50%
Text book/s*	AVTAR SINGH		
Other	LEXIS NEXIS, VN PARANJPAY		
References			



## **Political Science VI**

School: S	SOL	Batch: 2018-23			
-	: BALLB				
Branch:		Semester: VI			
1	Course Code				
2	Course Title	Political Science VI			
3	Credits	4			
4	Contact	4-0			
	Hours				
	(L-T-P)				
	Course Type	Compulsory /Elective/Open Elective			
5	Course	1. Students will be able to comprehend the concept of Public and			
	Objective	Private Administration			
		2. Students will be able to comprehend the theories of			
		organization			
		3. Students will be able to analyse the theories of Leadership and			
		Financial Administration			
6	Course	After completing the course, the students will be able to:			
	Outcomes	C01.Explain the meaning and importance of Public and Private			
		Administration.			
		C02.Explain the theories of organization			
		C03.Explain concept of Leadership and Financial			
		Administration.			
7	Course	The course provides an introduction to the discipline of public			
	Description	administration. The emphasis is on administrative theory, including			
	_	non-western developing country perspective. An Understanding of the			
		classical theories of administration is provided a practical context with			
		the link to Public Policy. The course explores some contemporary			
		social Values, including social protection, Feminism and ecological			
		conservation and how the call for greater democratization in			
		restructuring public administration. The course will also attempt to			
		provide the student some practical hands on understanding on			
		contemporary administration and policy concerns.			
8	Outline syllabi				
	Unit 1	Public Administration as a discipline and Profession			
	A	Meaning, Scope, significance of Subject			
	В	Public and Private Administration			
	С	Evolution and Major Approaches			
	Unit 2	Administrative Theories			
	A	Ideal-type Bureaucracy			
	В	Scientific Management, Human Relation Theory			
	C	Rational Decision Making Theory			



	Unit 3	Development Administration					
	A	Meaning					
	В	Approaches					
	C	Rigg's Ecolo	gical Approac	h			
	Unit 4	Recent Trends-I					
	A	New Public Administration (NPA)					
	В	New Public N	Management (1	NPM)			
	C	Good Govern	Good Governance				
	Unit 5	Citizens and Administration					
	A	Bringing People closer to Administration: E-governance					
	В	Meaning and	forms of Publ	ic Accountability and Redressal of Public			
		Grievances: I	RTI				
	C	Lokpal					
	Mode of examination	Theory/Jury/	Practical/Viva				
	Weightage	CA	MTE	ETE			
	Distribution	30%	20%	50%			
	Text book/s*						
	Other	Other					
References							



## **Public International Law**

School: School of Law		Batch: 2018-23				
	gram: BA					
LLI	_					
Bra	nch: Law	Semester: VII				
1	Course Code	BAL 401				
2	Course Title	Public International Law				
3	Credits	4				
4	Contact	3-1-2				
	Hours					
	(L-T-P)					
	Course Type	Compulsory				
5	Course	1. Introduce to the students the concepts of public international law and				
	Objective	their application.				
		2. Understand different types of laws relating to relationships between				
		states and their impact on residents.				
		3. Acquire knowledge regarding public international law and be able to				
		analyse it so as to find out the merits and demerits.				
6	Course	CO1: Identify the basic concepts in public international law.				
	Outcomes	CO2: Understand the basic doctrines and concepts of public international				
		law.				
		CO3: Applying conceptual understanding to describe and explain practical issues.				
		CO4: Developing the ability to critically analyse laws and point out their				
		merits and demerits.				
		CO5: Critically discuss the limits and potentials of international law as a				
technique of public policy.		<u> </u>				
7	Course	The course aims to present a panorama of public international law, which				
	Description	covers principles and rules that govern the relations between States and the				
		latter's interactions with other international actors. The course is designed				
		to give students a global understanding of the rules governing international				
		relations and, ultimately, provide them with practical skills in legal				
		reasoning and arguing, research and writing on international issues. The				
		course will start with an introduction to the international legal order,				
		including a presentation of the specificities of international law as				
•		compared to domestic law. It will then focus on core areas of public				
international law which involve the following questions: V		5 1				
		actors in the international legal system and to whom does international law				
		apply? How is international law created and where can it be found? What				
		are the fundamental principles of public international law, besides the				
		multitude of international rules, with a special focus on one of them,				
<u> </u>		namely the prohibition of the use of force? Finally, in case of breaches of				



		international rules, how does international law react to such breaches?					
8	Outline syllabu						
	Unit 1	1	(10 lectures)				
	A			elopment of International Law			
	В	Subject of International Law					
		States: Condition of Statehood, Territory and Underlying Principle					
		Sovereignty					
		International	Concept, Right and Duties under International				
	Law and Status of Individual			al			
	С	Relationship	Between Inter	national Law and Municipal Law			
	Unit 2	Nature and i	role of treatie	s (12 lectures)			
	A	Treaties (Law	making treat	y), History and Vienna Convention on the Law			
		of Treaties (1969)					
	В	Treaty Contra	acts as Oppose	ed to Law Making Treaties (Distinction and			
		Examples)					
	C		ciples, General	Assembly Resolutions, Security Council			
		Resolutions					
	Unit 3			cognition (10 lectures)			
	A			rial jurisdiction (including principle of			
		protective nat					
	В	Extradition a	•				
	C			es and Impact			
	Unit 4		Law of the Sea (8 lectures)				
	A	Concepts (High Seas, Territorial Seas, Maritime Zone, Contiguous Zone)					
	В			of Law of the Sea (UNCLOS)			
	С			e, impact of the convention			
	Unit 5	United Nations (8 lectures)					
	A	United Nations: compositions, powers, General Assembly					
	В			Economic and Social Council			
	C			Justice, The Trusteeship Council			
	Mode of	Theory/Jury/l	Practical/Viva				
	examination		) //DE	FIRE			
	Weightage	CA	MTE	ETE			
Distribution 30% 20% 50%							
	Text book/s*			nternational Law, Oxford University Press, 2013			
		,		, Cambridge University Press, 2008 (6 <sup>th</sup> Edn)			
		3. A. Boyle & C. Chinkin. The Making of International Law, Foundations of Public International Law, Oxford University Press, 2007					
		of Public International Law, Oxford University Press, 2007					
		4. R. P. Dhokalia, The Codification of Public International Law, United					
		Kingdom: Manchester University Press, 1970  5. Mark Villiger "The Factual Framework: Codification in Past and					
		5. Mark Villiger, "The Factual Framework: Codification in Past and Present", in Customary International Law and Treaties, Mark Villger,					
		pp.63-113, The Netherlands: MartinusNijhoff, 1985					
		6. Brownlie, International Law and the Use of Force by States, Oxford:					
		J. DIOWIIIC,	micinational L	Law and the OSC of Porce by States, Oxfold.			



	Clarendon Press, 1991			
	7. D.J.Harris Cases And Material on International Law.			
Other Case Concerning Military and Paramilitary Activities in and Aga				
References	Nicaragua (Nicaragua v. USA)			
	Liechtenstein v. Guatemala			
	Southern Bluefin Tuna Cases (New Zealand & Australia v Japan)			
	Luther vs. Sagor			
	North Sea Continental Shelf Case (F.R. of Germany/Denmark; F.R.			
	Germany/The Netherlands)			



## **Administrative Law**

Scho	ol: SUSoL	Batch 2018-23		
Program: BA LLB				
	ch: Law	Semester: VII		
1	Course Code	BAL 402		
2	Course Title	Administrative Law		
3	Credits	4		
4	Contact Hours	3-1-2		
	Course type	Compulsory		
5	Course objective	<ol> <li>To equip the students with professional knowledge, learning and comprehensive understanding of Administrative Law and research skill.</li> <li>To make the students understand the institutional dimensions of administrative law and relationship between constitutional and administrative law and understand the nuances of Rule of law, separation of powers, procedural fairness and Administrative Discretionary power, principles of Natural justice, Right to fair hearing and the rule against bias.</li> <li>To make the students understand Procedural fairness and Administrative Discretionary power, Quasi-judicial functions; evolution, development and significance of principle of Natural Justice and Right to fair hearing; and Rules of Natural Justice audialtermpartem, Rule against bias, exceptions, post decisional hearing.</li> <li>To introduce the students to the field of legislative functions of the Administration i.e., Delegated legislation to give them an introduction of delegated legislation and to explain to them the causes of its growth, demerits and the need for safeguards against delegated legislation.</li> <li>To make them understand Judicial control over Administrative Discretionary powers/ Administrative action (including Judicial Review),doctrine of ultra vires. Promissory Estoppel and Legitimate expectation as grounds of judicial review, proportionality, Absolute Discretion, Administrative Adjudication and Administrative Tribunals; meaning, characteristics and working of Administrative tribunals and Administrative Tribunals and Administrative Tribunals and Patenting Tribunals and Administrative Tribunals and Ad</li></ol>		
		6. To explain to the students Constitutional protection of civil servants, need for protection of civil servants, Lacunae in		



		the protection, Terms and condition of service, tenure of office, the doctrine of pleasure its extent and limitations and exceptions, Nature, Constitution and powers of Public Undertakings and control over them and Liability of Govt. in Torts and Contract; Ombudsman/Lokpal/Lokayukata and Central Vigilance Commission.
6	Course outcomes	CO1: The students will be equipped with professional knowledge, learning and comprehensive understanding of Administrative Law and research skill.  CO2: They will be able to explain the institutional dimensions of administrative law and relationship between constitutional and administrative law, the nuances of Rule of law, separation of powers, procedural fairness and Administrative Discretionary power, principles of Natural justice, right to fair hearing and the rule against bias.  CO3: The students will be able to explain Procedural fairness and Administrative Discretionary power, Quasi-judicial functions; evolution, development and significance of principle of Natural Justice and Right to fair hearing; and Rules of Natural Justice audialtermpartem, Rule against bias, exceptions, post decisional hearing.  CO4: The students will be able to explain various aspects of delegated legislation, and to explain the causes of its growth, demerits and the need for safeguards against delegated legislation with the aid of the case law.  CO5: The students will be able to explain Judicial control over Administrative Discretionary powers/ Administrative action (including Judicial Review),doctrine of ultra vires.  Promissory Estoppel and Legitimate expectation as grounds of judicial review, proportionality, Absolute Discretion, Administrative Adjudication and Administrative Tribunals; meaning, characteristics and working of Administrative Tribunals; and principles governing administrative tribunals and Administrative Tribunals under the Administrative Tribunals Act, 1985  CO6: The students will be able to explain Constitutional protection of civil servants, need for protection of civil servants, Lacunae in the protection, Terms and condition of service, tenure of office, the doctrine of pleasure its extent and limitations and exceptions, Nature, Constitution and powers of Public Undertakings and control over them and Liability of Govt. in Torts and Contract; Ombudsman/Lokpal/Lokayukata and Central Vigilance
7	Course Description	Administrative Law (AL) has been characterised as the most



	'outstanding legal development of the 20 <sup>th</sup> century' (Vanderbilt's introduction to Schwartz, French Administrative Law and the Common Law World 1954)- AL has come to be identified as a branch of public law by itself, distinct and separate from Constitutional law, a fit subject-matter of independent study and investigation in its own right.  The rapid growth of AL in modern times is the direct result of the growth of administrative powers and functions- attributable to the critical international and internal situation creating a sense of insecurity which compels the Govt to acquire vast powers; e.g., the National Security Act, 1980 confers vast discretionary powers on the administration.				
8	Outline Syllabus				
	Unit 1 Fundamentals of Administrative Law				
	A Evolution, definition, nature and scope, and significance of Administrative Law in various system of governance from ancient to modern. Development of Administrative law in UK, USA, and India, and <i>DroitAdministratif</i> in France.				
	B Constitutional dimensions of administrative law and relationship between constitutional and administrative law.				
	C Rule of law and separation of powers.				
	Unit 2 Administrative Discretionary power; quasi-judicial function and the				
	principles of Natural Justice A Procedural fairness and Administrative Discretionary power				
	B Quasi-judicial functions; evolution, development and significance of principle of				
	Natural Justice and Right to fair hearing; and Rules of Natural Justice-				
	audialtermpartem,				
	C Rule against bias, exceptions, post decisional hearing.				
	Unit 3 Legislative functions of the Administration- Delegated legislation-				
	A Introduction, causes of growth, demerits/ need for safeguards.				
	B Difference between conditional and delegated legislation				
	C Constitutionality, types/ forms and control of delegated legislation				
	Unit 4 Administrative discretion, Judicial control of Administrative				
	discretion/action; and Administrative adjudication- Administrative Tribunals				
	A Judicial control over Administrative Discretionary powers/ Administrative action				
	(including Judicial Review),doctrine of <i>ultra vires</i> . Promissory Estoppel and Legitimate				
	expectation as grounds of judicial review, proportionality, Absolute Discretion				
	B Administrative Adjudication and Administrative Tribunals; meaning, characteristics				
	and working of Administrative Tribunals; and principles governing administrative				
	tribunals  C Administrative Tribunals under the Administrative Tribunals Act, 1985				
	Unit 5 Civil Servant, Public Undertakings and Corporations, Liability of Govt.,				
	Ombudsman etc				
	A Constitutional protection of civil servants, need for protection of civil servants,				
	Lacunae in the protection, Terms and condition of service, tenure of office, the doctrine				
L					



of	of pleasure its extent and limitations and exceptions					
В	B Nature, Constitution and powers of Public Undertakings and control over them					
Cl	Liability of Govt. in	Govt. in Torts and Contract; Ombudsman/Lokpal/Lokayukata and Central				
Vi	Vigilance Commission					
Mo	ode of	Theory				
exa	amination	•				
We	eightage	CA	MTE	ETE		
dis	stribution	30%	20%	50%		
Te	ext books	M.P. Jain & S.	N. Jain, Principle	es of Administrative Law, Updated		
		7 <sup>th</sup> Edition, Le	xis Nexis, 2013 (	in two volumes)		
Ot	her references	<b>1.</b> C.K Th	akker, Administr	rative Law, 2 <sup>nd</sup> Edition, EBC, 2012		
		<b>2.</b> S.P. Sathe, Administrative Law, 7 <sup>th</sup> Edition, Lexis				
		NexisButterworh's, 2006				
		<b>3.</b> Wade &	& Forsyth, Admir	nistrative Law, 11 <sup>th</sup> Edition, Oxford		
		Univers	sity Press			
		<b>4.</b> De Smi	th, Judicial Revi	ew of Administrative Action, 7 <sup>th</sup>		
		Edition	, 2016, Sweet and	d Maxwell Publication		
		<b>5.</b> Prof. N	arender Kumar, l	Nature and Concepts of		
		Admini	strative Law, 20	11, Allahabad Law Agency		



### <u>Interpretation of statues</u>

School: SOL		Batch: 2018-23
	gram: BA	
LLE		
Brai		Semester: VII
1	Course Code	BAL 403
2	Course Title	Interpretation of statues
3	Credits	4
4	Contact	4-0-0
	Hours	
	(L-T-P)	
	Course Status	Compulsory
5	Course	1. Make students aware of importance of interpretation in legal
	Objective	profession.
		-
		(CO1)
		2. Enhance the critical skills to equip the students with various aspects
		of statutory interpretations. (CO2)
		3. Introduce the various theories of statutory interpretation in order to
		impart complete justice. (CO3)
		4. Develop among students the skills involved in legislative drafting,
		external and internal aids of legislation, and effects of repeal.
		(CO4)
6	Course	CO1:Classify various kinds of statutes.
U	Outcomes	CO2: Explain meaning of interpretation of statute.
	Outcomes	
		CO3: Identify general rules of interpretation
		CO4: Identify each part of statutes and will know importance of each part
		CO5: Differentiate between the theories of interpretation.
		CO6: Analyze importance of external and internal aids for interpretation
7	Course	The term interpretation means giving meaning to government power. It has
	Description	been divided into three wings namely legislature, executive and judiciary.
		Interpretation of statues is very essential as it is the sole base for analysing
		intent of the statue by the legislature. It is the duty of the court to interpret
		each and every word of the statue for determining legislative intent. The
		course provides for various rules like literal, grammatical, mischief rule
		etc. to determine the legislative intent and logical interpretation of words
		that provide for better justice delivery system.
8	Outline syllabu	IS



Unit 1	Introduction	(CO1) (CO3)	
A	Meaning and	Definition of St	tatutes, Classification of Statues
В	Meaning and	definition of int	terpretation
С	General Princi	iples of Interpre	etation — Rules of Construction
Unit 2	Rules of inter	•	
A		Rule of Interpre	etation
В	Golden Rule o	of Interpretation	1
С		retation to avoi	
Unit 3	Rules of inter		
A		of Penal Statut	es
В	_	of Statutes of T	
С	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	armonious Con	
Unit 4	<b>External</b> and	<b>Internal Aids</b>	to Interpretation
A	External Aids	to Interpretatio	n- I: Statement of objects of legislation,
	historical	background,	Legislative debates
В	External Aids	to Interpretatio	n- II: dictionaries, textbooks, practice-
	Judicial, conve	eyance, etc.	
C	Internal Aids t	o Interpretation	n: Preamble, title, interpretation clause,
	marginal notes	s, explanations	etc. — Presumptions
Unit 5	_ :		onflict of legislation, Presumptions
			rpretation of Constitution
A			nendments to statutes
В		regarding juris	
C		of the Constitu	tion
Mode of	Theory		
examination		1	
Weightage	CA	MTE	ETE
Distribution	30%	20%	50%
Text book/s*	1. Prof. 7	<ul><li>Γ. Bhattachary</li></ul>	ya "The Interpretation of Statutes", Central
	Law A	gency.	
Other	1. Maxw	ell: Interpretation	on of Statutes, Butterworths Publications.
References	2. Crawford: Interpretation of Statutes, Universal Publishers.		
			tion of Statutes.
		Singh: Principle	es of Statutory Interpretation, Wadhwa and
	_	Statutory Inter	pretation
			nterpretation of Statutes", Universal Law
		hing Co.,Delhi	norpretation of Statutes, Offiversal Law
			pretation of Statutes, Eastern Book Co.
	γ. γυρα 1	. Surumi. mitci	production of buttutos, Eustern Dook Co.



## Civil Procedure Code- I

Program: BA   LLB	School: SCHOOL OF LAW		Batch: 2018-23
Course Code   BAL 404			
Course Code   BAL 404		•	
Course Title	Brai	nch:	
Credits	1	Course Code	BAL 404
4 Contact Hours Assessment 25 (L-T-P) Guided Study 27 Total hours 100  Course Type Objective The purpose of introduction of this subject is to: 1. develop basic understanding of civil jurisprudence and procedural law among students. 2. familiarize the students with rules governing preparation of pleadings 3. acquaint the students with various stages of civil suit 4. deliberate upon various interlocutory proceedings which are conducted during the trial  6 Course Outcomes Outcomes Outcomes Outcomes Outcomes CO1: recognize the role of various procedural laws in a legal system CO2: explain the jurisdiction and competence of civil courts. CO3: discover the approach taken by the court in dealing with interlocutory application and proceedings. CO4: differentiate between judgment, order, decree, appeal reference, review and revision CO5: evaluate the working of ADR Mechanism in timely settlement of civil disputes CO6: Formulate civil pleadings viz., plaint, written statement, replication, rejoinder, cross objection etc. This course helps the student in building the knowledge of civil procedural law applicable in India. It provides the students with the knowledge of hierarchy of civil courts and their competency to try and punish an offence. At the same it introduces the student to the procedure of adjudication of		Course Title	Civil Procedure Code- I
Hours (L-T-P) Guided Study 27 Total hours 100  Course Type Compulsory  5 Course Objective The purpose of introduction of this subject is to: 1. develop basic understanding of civil jurisprudence and procedural law among students. 2. familiarize the students with rules governing preparation of pleadings 3. acquaint the students with various stages of civil suit 4. deliberate upon various interlocutory proceedings which are conducted during the trial  6 Course Outcomes Outcomes CO1: recognize the role of various procedural laws in a legal system CO2: explain the jurisdiction and competence of civil courts. CO3: discover the approach taken by the court in dealing with interlocutory application and proceedings. CO4: differentiate between judgment, order, decree, appeal reference, review and revision CO5: evaluate the working of ADR Mechanism in timely settlement of civil disputes CO6: Formulate civil pleadings viz., plaint, written statement, replication, rejoinder, cross objection etc.  7 Course Description This course helps the student in building the knowledge of civil procedural law applicable in India. It provides the students with the knowledge of hierarchy of civil courts and their competency to try and punish an offence. At the same it introduces the student to the procedure of adjudication of		Credits	4
(L-T-P) Guided Study 27 Total hours 100  Course Type Compulsory  The purpose of introduction of this subject is to: 1. develop basic understanding of civil jurisprudence and procedural law among students. 2. familiarize the students with rules governing preparation of pleadings 3. acquaint the students with various stages of civil suit 4. deliberate upon various interlocutory proceedings which are conducted during the trial  6 Course Outcomes  CO1: recognize the role of various procedural laws in a legal system CO2: explain the jurisdiction and competence of civil courts. CO3: discover the approach taken by the court in dealing with interlocutory application and proceedings. CO4: differentiate between judgment, order, decree, appeal reference, review and revision CO5: evaluate the working of ADR Mechanism in timely settlement of civil disputes CO6: Formulate civil pleadings viz., plaint, written statement, replication, rejoinder, cross objection etc.  7 Course Description  This course helps the student in building the knowledge of civil procedural law applicable in India. It provides the students with the knowledge of hierarchy of civil courts and their competency to try and punish an offence. At the same it introduces the student to the procedure of adjudication of	4	Contact	Contact Hours 48
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Course Type   Compulsory		(L-T-P)	Guided Study 27
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At the same it introduces the student to the procedure of adjudication of		2 cochphon	
			_ * * * * * *
CIVII dispute.			civil dispute.
8 Outline syllabus	8	Outline syllabu	
Unit 1		•	
A Introduction to code of civil procedure, Important term			Introduction to code of civil procedure, Important term
B Jurisdiction of civil courts			
C Res Subjudice and Res judicata, foreign judgment and decrees			
Unit 2			J



A	Parties to civil	suit & instituti	ion of civil suit		
В	Plaint : essenti	als, return and	rejection of plaint, amendment of pleading &		
	other formaliti	es			
С	Summons to the	ne defendant			
Unit 3					
A	Written statem counter claim	ent: essentials,	doctrine of deemed admission, set off &		
В	Appearance and non appearance of parties and date of first hearing of suit				
С	Settlement of issues				
Unit 4					
A	Summon to pa	rties and witne	sses		
В	Adjournment and cost				
C	Conduct of trial, judgment and decree				
Unit 5					
A	Interlocutory applications viz., temporary injunction and receiver				
В	Special suits [government suit, indigent suit, interpleader suit, minor suit ]				
C	Abatement and withdrawal of suits				
Mode of	Theory				
examination	-				
Weightage	CA	MTE	ETE		
Distribution	30%	20%	50%		
Text book/s*	C.K.Takwani,	Code of Civil	PRocedure		
Other	Mulla, Code o	f Civil Proced	ure		
References	Sarkar, Sudipt	o and Manohar	, V R – Code of Civil Procedure, 11th		
	Edition, Lex	is Nexis.			
	B C Unit 3 A B C Unit 4 A B C Unit 5 A B C Weightage Distribution Text book/s* Other	Plaint: essention other formalities:  C Summons to the Summons to the Summons to the Summons to the Summon to part of the Summon to	Plaint: essentials, return and other formalities  C Summons to the defendant  Unit 3  A Written statement: essentials, counter claim  B Appearance and non appearance C Settlement of issues  Unit 4  A Summon to parties and witnees  B Adjournment and cost C Conduct of trial, judgment and cost C Conduct of trial, judgment and cost  Unit 5  A Interlocutory applications vize  B Special suits [government suited and withdrawal of the composition of the		



## **Jurisprudence**

School: School of		Batch: 2018-23
Law		
Prog	gram: BA LLB	
Brar	nch: Law	Semester: VII
1	Course Code	BAL 405
2	Course Title	Jurisprudence
3	Credits	4
4	Contact Hours (L-T-P)	4-0-0
	Course Type	Compulsory
5	Course Objective	<ol> <li>To give students an understanding of jurisprudence.</li> <li>To help students in appreciating the various approaches to law and in tracking out principles underlying therein.</li> <li>To introduce the students with the scientific development of the law and recent approaches to law.</li> <li>To make students learn about the sources of law-custom, precedent and legislation.</li> <li>To make the students aware about the basic legal concepts like-rights, duties, ownership,</li> </ol>
		possession, legal personality.
6	Course Outcomes	CO1: Explain the meaning and importance of jurisprudence. CO2: Trace the different reasons behind a given law. CO3: Analyse the changing approach towards law by understanding the recent schools of jurisprudence. CO4: Comprehend the relationship between rights and duties, other concepts in law like ownership, possession.
7	Course Description	This course seeks to reflect on the interplay between the much-touted Constitutional objective of freedom of speech and expression, and existing Rights and Restrictions governing the fourth estate, an essential pillar of Democratic Governance. The intent of the course is not just to make the student aware of the policy framework existing to regulate the media but to sensitize them to imbibe the values of freedom of speech and expression to the extent that they can reconcile the emerging conflicting issues in future in a more balancing and logical manner. Since this is an emerging jurisprudence, newer developments of the law are always to be incorporated in one's ambit of knowledge.  Students are expected to attend the class after going through the reading material.
8	Outline syllabus	
	Unit 1	Introduction (8 Lectures)
	A	Nature and scope of Jurisprudence
	В	Need for study of Jurisprudence



		T 1 1 .	т ' 1	1 .1 '			
	С	Linkage between Jurisprudence and other sciences					
	Unit 2			y (10 Lectures)			
	A	History of Leg	gal Philosophy	(Major Philosophers)			
	В	Natural Law S	School				
	C	Analytical Lav	w School				
	Unit 3	Schools of Le	gal Philosoph	y (10 Lectures)			
	A	Historical Sch	ool				
	В	Sociological S	Sociological School				
	С	American Rea	American Realism				
	Unit 4	Contemporar	y Issues in M	edia and Entertainment (10 Lectures)			
	A	Custom					
	В	Precedent					
	С	Legislation					
	Unit 5	Law Relating to Advertisements (10 Lectures)		ments (10 Lectures)			
	A Rights and I		nd Duties				
	В	Legal Personality					
	C	Possession and Ownership					
	Mode of	Theory/Jury/P	ractical/Viva				
	examination						
	Weightage	CA	MTE	ETE			
	Distribution	30%	20%	50%			
	Text book/s*	1. Jurisprudence by VD Mahajan					
	Other	All Schools of	f legal theory v	vill be taught keeping the Indian perspective			
References and relevance in mind							



### **Property Law**

School: SCHOOL OF LAW		Batch: 2018-23
	gram: BA LLB	
Branch:		Semester: VIII
1	Course Code	BAL 406
2	Course Title	PROPERTY LAW
3	Credits	4
4	Contact Hours	Contact Hours 48
7	(L-T-P)	Assessment 25
	(LTT)	Guided Study 27
		Total hours 100
	Course Type	Compulsory
5	Course	The purpose of introduction of this subject is to:
3	Objective	1. develop basic understanding of property laws among students.
	Objective	2. familiarize the students with general principles governing transfer of
		property
		3. acquaint the students with different modes of transfer of property
		4. provide knowledge of rights and liabilities of parties involved in
		transfer of property
6	Course	After completion of course, the student will be able to:
	Outcomes	CO1: recognize the role of property laws in a welfare society
	o diconnes	CO2: explain the concepts of contingent and vested interest,
		CO3: demonstrate the nuances of various doctrines concerning transfer of
		property
		CO4: Distinguish between absolute and limited transfer of property
		CO5: evaluate the procedural rules governing transfer of property
7	Course	This course helps the student in building the knowledge of property laws
	Description	applicable in India. It provides the students with the knowledge of
	1	general principles governing transfer of property. At the same it
		introduces the student as to how transfer of property is to be effected.
8	Outline syllabus	
	Unit 1	Introduction
	A	Ambit, Scope & Nature of T.P.A, 1982 [sections 1,2]; definitions
		[section 3]
	В	Transferrable and Non-Transferrable Property [section 6]; conditions of
		valid transfer [sections 7]
	С	Contingent and vested interest [sections 19 to 24]
	Unit 2	Principles and Doctrines
	A	transfer to unborn person [Sections 13 to 18]
	В	Conditional transfers [Sections 25 to 33]
	С	Transfer by unauthorized person [Sections 35, 41,43]
	Unit 3	Principles and Doctrines



Δ	Condition restr	aining alienatio	n [section 10, 11, 38, 39, 40]	
Б	* -			
C				
C		sier sections 53	j, doctrine of part – performance sections	
	_	3		
			y	
	Gift [sections 1	.22 to 129]		
C	Actionable clai	m [sections 3, 1	.30 to 137]	
Unit 5	Limited trans	fer of property		
A	Mortgage [kind	ls of Mortgage,	subrogation, foreclosure and sale]	
В	Marshalling, S	ubrogation, Cha	ırge	
С	Lease (Meanin	g, Execution, D	uration, termination of lease, licence,	
	surrender, forfe	eiture) [sections	105 to 117]	
Mode of	Theory			
examination				
Weightage	CA	MTE	ETE	
Distribution	30%	20%	50%	
Text book/s*	PoonamPradha	nSaxena, Prope	rty Law, Lexis Nexis	
Other	1. Dr.R.K.Sinh	a, Property Law	7	
References	2. Dr.G.P.Tripa	athy, Transfer o	f Property Law, Central Law Publications	
	3. Avtar Singh, Transfer of Property Act, Universal Publishing Pvt Ltd			
	4.SandeepBhal	la, Digest of Ca	ses on Transfer of Property in India,	
		5. Mulla, Transfer of Property Act, Lexis Nexis, 2013		
			rt and Sovereignty (Law, Property and	
	• • • •			
	A B C Mode of examination Weightage Distribution Text book/s* Other	B Doctrine of Ap Lis-pendens [set] C fraudulent trans 53-A] Unit 4 Absolute trans A Sale [sections 5] B Gift [sections 1] C Actionable claim Unit 5 Limited trans A Mortgage [kinds B Marshalling, State C Lease (Meaning surrender, forfer Mode of Evamination Weightage CA Distribution Text book/s* PoonamPradhat Other 1. Dr.R.K.Sinh References 2. Dr.G.P.Tripat 3. Avtar Singh, 4.SandeepBhat Eastern Book Co. 5. Mulla, Trans 6. James Charle Society), Ashg	B Doctrine of Apportionment, do Lis-pendens [sections 52] C fraudulent transfer sections 53 53-A] Unit 4 Absolute transfer of property A Sale [sections 54 to 57] B Gift [sections 122 to 129] C Actionable claim [sections 3, 1] Unit 5 Limited transfer of property A Mortgage [kinds of Mortgage, B Marshalling, Subrogation, Cha C Lease (Meaning, Execution, D surrender, forfeiture) [sections Mode of examination Weightage CA MTE Distribution 30% 20% Text book/s* PoonamPradhanSaxena, Property Law References 1. Dr.R.K.Sinha, Property Law 2. Dr.G.P.Tripathy, Transfer of Property 4. SandeepBhalla, Digest of Ca Eastern Book Company, 2nd Ed 5. Mulla, Transfer of Property	



### **Private International Law**

School: SUSoL		Batch 2018-23			
Progr	ram: BA LLB				
Bran	ch:	Semester: VIII			
1	Course Code	BAL 407			
2	Course Title	Private International Law			
3	Credits	4			
4	Contact Hours (L-	48-25-27			
	T-P)				
5	Course objective	1. To equip the students with professional knowledge, learning and comprehensive understanding of Private International Law (Conflict of Laws) and research skill.			
		2. To make the students understand the fundamentals of certain aspects of Private International Law such as nature, scope and various theories of Private International Law.			
		3. To make the students understand various concepts such as Renvoi, jurisdiction, nationality and domicile in the context of conflict of laws and recognition and enforcement of foreign judgments and arbitral awards.			
		4. To make the students learn various aspects of Private International Law, such asmarriages; matrimonial causes, legitimacy, legitimisation, adoption, guardianship and custody of childrenwith due emphasis on case law on the subject.			
		5. To make the students understand about certain Private International Law aspects in the matter of movable and immovable property, transfer of tangible movables and assignment of intangible movables, insolvency and succession with the aid of case law on the subject.			
		6. To make the students learn the conflict of law aspects in respect of contracts and torts in the context of Private International Law with the case law on the subject.			
6	Course outcomes	CO1: The students will be equipped with professional knowledge, learning and comprehensive understanding of Private International Law (Conflict of Laws) and research skill.			
		CO2: The students will be in a position to explain nature, scope and various theories of Private International Law. CO3: The students will be able to explain Renvoi, jurisdiction, nationality and domicile in the context of conflict of laws and recognition and enforcement of foreign judgments and			



		arbitral awards with the help of leading case law on the	
		subject. CO4: The students will be able to explain various aspects of Private International Law, such asmarriages; matrimonial causes, legitimacy, legitimisation, adoption, guardianship and custody of children with the aid of case law on the subject. CO5: The students will be able to explain various Private International Law aspects in the matter of movable and immovable property, transfer of tangible movables and assignment of intangible movables, insolvency and succession, with the aid of case law on the subject with the	
		aid of case law on the subject.	
		CO6: The students will be in a position to explain contracts and torts in the context of Private International Law with the help of case law on the subject.	
7	Course Description	Private International Law or Conflict of laws means a branch of	
,	Course Description	Indian Law applied by Indian courts whenever a dispute before it involves a foreign element. The scope and nature of this branch of	
		law and various aspects of the law such as characterisation, renvoi,	
		jurisdiction, recognition and enforcement for foreign judgments and	
		awards, family law, property law and law of obligations are covered	
0	Outling Crillahus	in this course.	
8	Outline Syllabus	a ote of Dyt International Law	
	Unit 1 Scope, nature etc of Pvt International Law		
	A Scope and nature of Pvt International Law  B Theories of Pvt International Law		
		nd the incidental question; the time factor	
	Unit 2 Renvoi, Juris		
	A Renvoi; Jurisdiction		
	B Domicile and Nation		
		nforcement of foreign judgments and arbitral awards	
	Unit 3 Family law et		
	A Marriages; matrim		
	B Legitimacy and Legitimisation		
	C Adoption, guardianship and custody		
	Unit 4 Property Law		
	A Movable and immovable property		
	B Transfer of tangible movables; assignment of intangible movables		
	C Succession and ins		
	Unit 5 Law of obliga	ntions	
	A Contracts		
	B Torts	obligations	
	C Foreign monetary of	bongations	



Mode of	Theory		
examination			
Weightage	CA	MTE	ETE
distribution	30%	20%	50%
Text books	Conflict of La	ws, Atul M Set	alvad, Second Edition, 2009
Other references	1. ParasDiwar	n : Private Interi	national Law.
	2. Anson: Cor	nflict of laws	
	3.Chesire, No.	rth & Fawcett: l	Private International Law, Fourteenth
	Edition, 2008	Oxford	



# <u>Alternative Dispute Redresssal</u>

School: SCHOOL		Batch: 2018-23
OF I	LAW	
Prog	gram: BALLB	
Bra	nch:	Semester :VIII
1	Course Code	BAL 408
2	Course Title	ALTERNATIVE DISPUTE REDRESSSAL
3	Credits	4
4	Contact	4-0-0
	Hours	
	(L-T-P)	
	Course Type	COMPULSORY
5	Course	Alternative Dispute Resolution has become the primary means by which
	Objective	cases are resolved now days, especially commercial, business disputes. It
		has emerged as the preferred method for resolving civil cases, with
		litigation as a last resort. Alternative Dispute Resolution provides an
		overview of the statutory, procedural, and case law underlining these
		processes and their interplay with litigation. A significant theme is the
		evolving role of professional ethics for attorneys operating in non-
		adversarial settings. Clients and courts increasingly express a preference
		for attorneys who are skilled not only in litigation but in problem-solving,
		which costs the clients less in terms of time, money and relationship. The
		law of ADR also provides an introduction to negotiation and mediation
6	Course	theory.  CO1: Understand the nuances of various ADR mechanism
0	Outcomes	CO2: Appreciate the technicalities with respect to jurisdictional disputes
	Outcomes	CO3: Understand the international law associated with arbitration
7	Course	COS. Orderstand the international law associated with arbitration
'	Description	Alternative dispute resolution (ADR; known in some countries, such as
	Description	India, as <b>external dispute resolution</b> ) includes <u>dispute</u>
		resolution processes and techniques that act as a means for disagreeing
		parties to come to an agreement short of <u>litigation</u> . It is a collective term
		for the ways that parties can settle disputes, with the help of a third party.
8	Outline syllabu	
	Unit 1	Meaning, Nature and Genesis of Alternative Dispute Resolution
	A	Meaning, Nature and Genesis of Alternative Dispute Resolution
	В	Forms of ADR Mechanism
	С	Legal Aid Framework: Legal Services Authorities Act, 1987
	Unit 2	Arbitration-general provisions
	A	Arbitration-general provisions, Arbitration Agreement
	В	Composition of Arbitral Tribunal, Extent of Judicial Intervention, Interim
		measures, Power of Court to refer Parties to Arbitration
	С	Jurisdiction of Arbitral Tribunal, Competence of Arbitral Tribunal,



		Conduct of Arbitral Proceedings, Place of Arbitration and Termination		
		and Enforcement of award		
	Unit 3		general provi	sion
	A		general provisi	
B Appointment of Conciliator and their Role- Commen				
		proceedings		
	С		f conciliation p	proceedings
	Unit 4	Negotiation: 7	Theories, Devel	opment and its types
	A	Negotiation: 7	Theories, Devel	opment and its types
	В	International I	Negotiation & i	ts process
	C	Mediation & 0	Good Offices	
	Unit 5	International Commercial Arbitration		
	A	International Commercial Arbitration: New-York and Geneva Convention		
	В	UNCITRAL Model Law, Treaties etc.		
	С		of Foreign Awa	ard and Jurisdictional Issues
	Mode of	Theory		
	examination			
	Weightage	CA	MTE	ETE
	Distribution	30%	20%	50%
	Text book/s*	2. O.P. Malothra, The law and practice of Arbitration & Conciliation		
		`		orths, New Delhi 2006).
			-	Arbitration and Conciliation (Eastern Book
	Out	Company, Lucknow, 2013)		
	Other			Sheffield, ed., Alternative Disputes
	References	Resolution- What it is and how it works? (Universal Law Publishing Co. Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi, 2006).		
			•	
				relating to Arbitration and Conciliation, (7th terworths, Nagpur, 2009)
				rbitration and Conciliation (9th edn.,
				shing Co. Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi, 2000).
		Cilive	ibui Law i ubiis	ming Co. 1 vt. Dtd., 110 w Dcini, 2000).



## Civil Procedure Code- II

Program: BA   LLB		ool: SCHOOL	Batch: 2018-23	
Course Code				
Semester: VIII		0		
Course Title	Bra	nch:	Semester: VIII	
Credits	1	Course Code	BAL 404	
Contact Hours   Assessment   25	2	Course Title	Civil Procedure Code- II	
Hours	3	Credits	4	
Course Type   Compulsory	4	Contact	Contact Hours 48	
Total hours 100		Hours	Assessment 25	
Course Type		(L-T-P)	Guided Study 27	
The purpose of introduction of this subject is to:   1. develop basic understanding of civil jurisprudence and procedural law among students.   2. familiarize the students with rules governing issue of commissions 3. acquaint the students with the procedure related to arrest and attachmen of property   4. provide procedural aspect of appeals, review, reference and revision 5. impart knowledge about execution proceeding 6. discuss basic concepts of law of Limitation   Course   After completion of course, the student will be able to: CO1: recognize the role of various procedural laws in a legal system CO2: identify process of arrest and attachment of property. CO3: discover the approach taken by the court in dealing with execution proceedings. CO4: differentiate between judgment, order, decree, appeal reference, review and revision CO5: evaluate the working of court in execution of decree of a court CO6: analyse the law of limitation   Course   This course helps the student in building the knowledge of civil procedural law applicable in India. It provides the students with the knowledge of hierarchy of civil courts and their competency to try and punish an offence At the same it introduces the student to the procedure of adjudication of civil dispute.   Outline syllabus   Unit 1			Total hours 100	
Objective  1. develop basic understanding of civil jurisprudence and procedural law among students.  2. familiarize the students with rules governing issue of commissions  3. acquaint the students with the procedure related to arrest and attachmen of property  4. provide procedural aspect of appeals, review, reference and revision  5. impart knowledge about execution proceeding  6. discuss basic concepts of law of Limitation  6 Course  Outcomes  CO1: recognize the role of various procedural laws in a legal system CO2: identify process of arrest and attachment of property.  CO3: discover the approach taken by the court in dealing with execution proceedings.  CO4: differentiate between judgment, order, decree, appeal reference, review and revision  CO5: evaluate the working of court in execution of decree of a court CO6: analyse the law of limitation  7 Course  Description  This course helps the student in building the knowledge of civil procedura law applicable in India. It provides the students with the knowledge of hierarchy of civil courts and their competency to try and punish an offence At the same it introduces the student to the procedure of adjudication of civil dispute.  8 Outline syllabus  Unit 1  A Introduction, Commissions  B Process of arrest and attachment before judgement  C Correction judgements, orders and decrees		Course Type		
among students.  2. familiarize the students with rules governing issue of commissions  3. acquaint the students with the procedure related to arrest and attachmen of property  4. provide procedural aspect of appeals, review, reference and revision  5. impart knowledge about execution proceeding  6. discuss basic concepts of law of Limitation  6 Course  Outcomes  Col: recognize the role of various procedural laws in a legal system CO2: identify process of arrest and attachment of property.  Co3: discover the approach taken by the court in dealing with execution proceedings.  CO4: differentiate between judgment, order, decree, appeal reference, review and revision  Co5: evaluate the working of court in execution of decree of a court Co6: analyse the law of limitation  7 Course  Description  This course helps the student in building the knowledge of civil procedura law applicable in India. It provides the students with the knowledge of hierarchy of civil courts and their competency to try and punish an offence At the same it introduces the student to the procedure of adjudication of civil dispute.  8 Outline syllabus  Unit 1  A Introduction, Commissions  B Process of arrest and attachment before judgement  C Correction judgements, orders and decrees	5			
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4. provide procedural aspect of appeals, review, reference and revision 5. impart knowledge about execution proceeding 6. discuss basic concepts of law of Limitation 6 Course			1	
5. impart knowledge about execution proceeding 6. discuss basic concepts of law of Limitation  6			1 1 2	
6. discuss basic concepts of law of Limitation  6				
After completion of course, the student will be able to: CO1: recognize the role of various procedural laws in a legal system CO2: identify process of arrest and attachment of property. CO3: discover the approach taken by the court in dealing with execution proceedings. CO4: differentiate between judgment, order, decree, appeal reference, review and revision CO5: evaluate the working of court in execution of decree of a court CO6: analyse the law of limitation  This course helps the student in building the knowledge of civil procedura law applicable in India. It provides the students with the knowledge of hierarchy of civil courts and their competency to try and punish an offence At the same it introduces the student to the procedure of adjudication of civil dispute.  Outline syllabus  Unit 1  A Introduction, Commissions B Process of arrest and attachment before judgement C Correction judgements, orders and decrees				
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review and revision CO5: evaluate the working of court in execution of decree of a court CO6: analyse the law of limitation  Course Description India. It provides the students with the knowledge of hierarchy of civil courts and their competency to try and punish an offence At the same it introduces the student to the procedure of adjudication of civil dispute.  Outline syllabus Unit 1 A Introduction, Commissions B Process of arrest and attachment before judgement C Correction judgements, orders and decrees				
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civil dispute.  8 Outline syllabus  Unit 1  A Introduction, Commissions  B Process of arrest and attachment before judgement  C Correction judgements, orders and decrees				
8 Outline syllabus  Unit 1  A Introduction, Commissions  B Process of arrest and attachment before judgement  C Correction judgements, orders and decrees			<u> </u>	
Unit 1 A Introduction, Commissions B Process of arrest and attachment before judgement C Correction judgements, orders and decrees	8	Outline syllabu		
A Introduction, Commissions B Process of arrest and attachment before judgement C Correction judgements, orders and decrees				
B Process of arrest and attachment before judgement C Correction judgements, orders and decrees			Introduction, Commissions	
C Correction judgements, orders and decrees				
			<u> </u>	
		Unit 2	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	



	A	Appeals decre					
	В	Second Appea					
	C	Powers of App	pellate Court				
	Unit 3						
	A	Reference					
	В	Review					
	C	Revision					
	Unit 4						
	A	Execution of t	Execution of the decree/order: court by which it may be executed,				
		application for execution					
	В	Modes of Exe	Modes of Execution				
	C	Stay of execut	ion, Questions	to be determined by executing court			
	Unit 5						
	A	Basic concepts of Limitation Act, 1963, Effect of expiry of					
		limitation(section3)					
	В	Extension of limitation(section 5)					
	С	Acquisition of ownership by possession(Sections 25-27)					
	Mode of	Theory					
	examination	, and the second					
	Weightage	CA	MTE	ETE			
	Distribution	30%	20%	50%			
Text book/s* C.K. Takwani's Civil Procedure			lure				
		B. M. Prasad & S. K. Sarvaria, Mulla's Code of Civil Procdure					
	B. B. Mitra The Limitation Act,1963			Act,1963			
	Other	AIR Manual of CPC, 1908					
	References						



### **Intellectual Property Law**

Program: BA   LLB
Branch:   Semester: VIII
Course Code   BAL 410
2 Course Title Intellectual Property Law 3 Credits 4 4 Contact 3-1-2 Hours (L-T-P) Course Type Compulsory 5 Course Objective 1. Familiarize the students with basic IPR laws in India. 2. Enumerate the crucial aspect of IPR laws relating to vesting and protection of rights of the owner. 3. Acquaint the students with procedural nuances pertaining to protection of IPR. 4. Develop in the students the understanding of necessary aspects of IPR. 6 Course Outcomes CO1: Recognize the role of IPR laws in a legal system. CO2: Explain the rights and liabilities of the owner of intellectual property
3
4 Contact Hours (L-T-P) Course Type Compulsory  5 Course Objective 1. Familiarize the students with basic IPR laws in India. 2. Enumerate the crucial aspect of IPR laws relating to vesting and protection of rights of the owner. 3. Acquaint the students with procedural nuances pertaining to protection of IPR. 4. Develop in the students the understanding of necessary aspects of IPR.  6 Course Outcomes CO1: Recognize the role of IPR laws in a legal system. CO2: Explain the rights and liabilities of the owner of intellectual property
Hours (L-T-P)  Course Type Compulsory  1. Familiarize the students with basic IPR laws in India. Objective 2. Enumerate the crucial aspect of IPR laws relating to vesting and protection of rights of the owner. 3. Acquaint the students with procedural nuances pertaining to protection of IPR. 4. Develop in the students the understanding of necessary aspects of IPR.  Course Outcomes After completion of course, the student will be able to: CO1: Recognize the role of IPR laws in a legal system. CO2: Explain the rights and liabilities of the owner of intellectual property
Course Type   Compulsory
Course Type Compulsory  5 Course Objective 1. Familiarize the students with basic IPR laws in India. 2. Enumerate the crucial aspect of IPR laws relating to vesting and protection of rights of the owner. 3. Acquaint the students with procedural nuances pertaining to protection of IPR. 4. Develop in the students the understanding of necessary aspects of IPR.  6 Course Outcomes CO1: Recognize the role of IPR laws in a legal system. CO2: Explain the rights and liabilities of the owner of intellectual property
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Objective  2. Enumerate the crucial aspect of IPR laws relating to vesting and protection of rights of the owner.  3. Acquaint the students with procedural nuances pertaining to protection of IPR.  4. Develop in the students the understanding of necessary aspects of IPR.  Course Outcomes  CO1: Recognize the role of IPR laws in a legal system.  CO2: Explain the rights and liabilities of the owner of intellectual property
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6 Course Outcomes After completion of course, the student will be able to: CO1: Recognize the role of IPR laws in a legal system. CO2: Explain the rights and liabilities of the owner of intellectual property
Outcomes CO1: Recognize the role of IPR laws in a legal system. CO2: Explain the rights and liabilities of the owner of intellectual property
CO2: Explain the rights and liabilities of the owner of intellectual property
CO5: Evaluate the intellectual property.
CO5: Evaluate the intellectual property laws in cyberspace.
7 Course Intellectual property rights are like any other property right. They allow
Description creators, or owners, of patents, trademarks or copyrighted works to benefit from their own work or investment in a creation. This course helps the
student in building the knowledge of IPR laws applicable in India.
8 Outline syllabus
Unit 1 Introduction
A Brief evolution of IPR and its importance in present context.
B Types of Intellectual Property.
C Intellectual Property and its Abuse.
Unit 2 The Copyright Act, 1957
A Subject matter of Copyright, rights of copyright owner &
Neighbouring/Related Rights. [Section
2(a),(c),(d),(ffa),(h),(o),(p),(qq),(s),(uu),(y),(z)] [Section
13,14,17,18,19,19A,21,37,38,38A,39,57]
B Infringement of Copyright and permitted acts.
[Section 51 & 52]
C Copyright Office & Board [Section 9-12].
Unit 3 The Geographical Indications of Goods (Registration and Protection)
Act, 1999



	A	Concept of In	dication of sou	rce.			
	В	Kinds of Geo	graphical Indic	ations and Registration.	[Section 3-		
		19]					
C Infringement, penalties and remedies.			remedies.	[Section 20-23,			
		37-54, 66-67]					
	Unit 4	The Trademarks Act, 1999					
	A	Understanding	_				
			(j),(m),(q),(z),(z)				
	В	Registration of for refusal of		or goods/services, Absolute [Section 9,1]	e & Relative grounds [1,18-23,57]		
	С	Passing off, In	nfringement an	d Exceptions to Infringem	ent Action.		
		[Section 29 &	30]				
	Unit 5	The Patents A	Act, 1970				
	A	Patentable Inv	vention and No	n Patentable Invention.	[Section		
		2(1)(j),(ja) &					
	В	Procedure for	filing Patent A	Application.	[Section		
		11A,11B,25].					
	C	_		t Infringement.	[Section		
		47,48,104,107	7,107A]				
	Mode of examination	Theory					
	Weightage	CA	MTE	ETE			
	Distribution	30%	20%	50%			
	Text book/s*	V.K. Ahuja, I	Law Relating to	Intellectual Property Rigi	hts (2016).		
	Other	P. Nar	ayanan, <i>Intelle</i>	ectual Property Law (Easte	ern Law House,		
	References	Calcut	ta, 1999) [Stud	lent Ed.]			
		M.K. Bhandari, Law relating to Intellectual Property Rights					
		(Central Law Publications, 2013) [Student Ed.]					
		• W.R. Cornish, <i>Intellectual Property</i> (Sweet and Maxwell, 3rd ed.					
		<ul> <li>1996)</li> <li>U.I.F. Anderfelt, International Patent Legislation and Developing</li> </ul>					
			Anderien, <i>inte</i> ries (1971).	rmanonai Faleni Legislati	on ana Developing		
		<ul> <li>AlkaC</li> </ul>	hawla, <i>Copyri</i> g	ght and Related Rights: No	ational and		
		Intern	ational Perspe	ctives (Macmillan India Lt	d., Delhi, 2007).		



## Media Laws (Optional-II)

Sc La	chool: School of	Batch: 2018-23	
Pr LI	ogram: BA		
	ranch: Law	Semester: VIII	
1	Course	BAL 507	
_	Code		
2	Course Title	Media Laws (Optional-II)	
3	Credits	4	
4	Contact Hours (L-T-P)	4-0-0	
	Course Type	Compulsory	
5	Course Objective	<ol> <li>Understand the importance of Media in national growth.</li> <li>Acknowledge the interface of media with public policy &amp; law.</li> <li>Appreciate the nuances of regulating media and balancing it with their constitutional rights of speech and expression</li> <li>Figure out the nuances of different statutes and rules dealing with media.</li> <li>Understand the functioning of different media regulatory bodies.</li> </ol>	
6	Course Outcomes	CO1: Recognizing and listing laws related to environment protection in India CO2: Developing the ability to interpret various laws CO3: Applying laws to solve practical issues CO4: Developing the ability to critically analyse laws and point out their merits and demerits	
7	Course Description	This course seeks to reflect on the interplay between the much-touted Constitutional objective of freedom of speech and expression, and existing Rights and Restrictions governing the fourth estate, an essential pillar of Democratic Governance. The intent of the course is not just to make the student aware of the policy framework existing to regulate the media but to sensitize them to imbibe the values of freedom of speech and expression to the extent that they can reconcile the emerging conflicting issues in future in a more balancing and logical manner.  Since this is an emerging jurisprudence, newer developments of the law are always to be incorporated in one's ambit of knowledge.  Students are expected to attend the class after going through the reading material.	



	Outline syllabu Unit 1					
		Media Law: Introduction(8 Lectures)				
	A History of media regulation and laws in India colonial times to post independence.					
	В	_	slations and Reve Perspective	egime from Around the World: A		
	C	New Media and Issues in Cyberspace				
	Unit 2	Legal Overview (10 Lectures)  Constitutional Provisions (Article 19); Right to Free Speech versus Reasonable Restrictions				
	A					
	B Reporting of Proceedings of Legislative and Judiciary: Gag Contempt of Court, Defamation, Legislative Priviledge					
	С			tion (With emphasis on RTI Act of 2005)		
	Unit 3			inment (10 Lectures)		
	A	Understanding the PrasarBharti Act, 1990 and the regulation framework of the broadcasting industry  Censorship (with an emphasis on what constitutes 'obscene') and freedom of creative expression				
	В					
	С		entering of electric expression ampetition and Intellectual Property-related issues			
				in Media and Entertainment (10 Lectures)		
	A		rotection of Jo			
	В	Media and		ng paid news, fake news, rules to govern th		
	С	Investigative Journalism and the jurisprudence on Right to Privacy Law Relating to Advertisements(10 Lectures) Analysis and interpretation of statutes regulating advertisement:  1. The Advertisement Act, 1954				
	Unit 5					
	A					
				ion (Prohibition) Act, 1986		
			-	c Remedies (Objectionable) Advertisements		
		Act of 1954		( <b>J</b> )		
	В	Commercial Speech Doctrine, Broadcasting of Government Advertisements				
	С			Ivertising Standards Council of India (ASC)		
	Mode of examination		y/Practical/Viv			
	Weightage	CA	MTE	ETE		
	Distribution	30%	20%	50%		
	Text			/ MadhaviGoradiaDiwan		
	book/s*	1. Media La	iws iii iiidia by	y iviaunaviOorauraDiwan		
	Other	Case Law				
	References	Case Law				



## **Taxation Laws**

Scho	ol: SOL	Batch: 2018- 2023		
Prog	ram: B.COM	Current Academic Year: (2018- 2019)		
LLB/	BBALLB/BALLB			
Bran	ch:	Semester: IX		
1	Course Code	BAL		
2	Course Title	Taxation Laws		
3	Credits	4		
4	Contact Hours	04-0-0		
	(L-T-P)			
	Course Status	Compulsory		
5	Course	1. This module provides the basic knowledge about the structure		
	Objective	of direct tax and GST		
		2. It provides the basic knowledge about the levy of tax.		
		3. It deals with the provisions for computation of total income of		
		the employee.		
		4. It deals with provisions relating to Tax deduction at sources		
6	Course	and Practices of filling of Return of Income		
0	Outcomes	CO1: Describe the concept of Direct tax and GST. demonstrate the		
	Outcomes	different key terms used in income tax law		
		CO2: Discuss the Residential Status of an Individual, Firm, Hindu		
		Undivided Family (HUF), Company, Association of Persons.		
		CO3: To know the different heads of Income and tax liability?		
		CO4: Apply provisions relating to Tax deduction at sources		
		CO5: Practices of filling of Return of Income		
7	Course	This course is an introduction to fundamental concepts of Indian		
	Description	taxation, including the definition of income, the computation of tax		
		liability, exclusions from income, basis, deductions available for		
		individuals and application of provisions relating to Tax deduction at		
		sources and Practices of filling of Return of Income. This course is		
	0 11 11 1	design for B.COM LLB/BBALLB/BALLB		
8	Outline syllabus	Dagia concents of income toward 1971		
	Unit A Topic 1	Basic concepts of income tax act 1961  Introduction to the income toy, magning and feetures. Toyotion under		
	Unit A Topic 1	Introduction to the income tax: meaning and features, Taxation under		
		the Indian Constitution, Direct tax vs. Indirect Tax, Tax avoidance vs.		
		tax evasion.		
	Unit A Topic 2	Assessment Year, Previous Year, Casual income, Person.		
	Unit A Topic 3	Assessee, Gross Total Income, Total Income, Agricultural Income.		
	Unit B	Residential status		



1	Unit B Topic 1	Residential Tax Act.	status of ar	n individual and tax Incidence under the Income
1	Unit B Topic 2		status of Fi	rm, Hindu Undivided Family (HUF) and
1	Unit B Topic 3	Income exer	npt from T	ax, Different heads of income.
	Unit C	Computation	on of incor	ne under various heads
1	Unit C Topic 1		•	fferent types of allowance, computation of House isites- meaning and types.
	Unit C Topic 2	Income from house property. Basics concept of Profit and Gains Business or Profession.		
1	Unit C Topic 3	Income from 80C to 80 U		Gains and other sources. Deduction under section
	Unit D	Law and Pa	ocedure	
	Unit D Topic 1	Income Tax Search & Se		es and their Powers with Special Reference to
	Unit D Topic 2	Filing of R Source (TD:		syment of Advance Tax, Deduction of Tax at
1	Unit D Topic 3			
1	Unit E	Goods and services Tax (GST)		
	Unit E Topic 1	Back Ground of GST, introduction of GST-Concept, Meaning and Structure		
1	Unit E Topic 2	Component of GST-SGST, CGST and IGST, Apportionment of GST between Central and States		
1	Unit E Topic 3			axes and Duties subsumed under GST, Benefits d Government.
	Mode of examination	Theory/Jury		
	Weightage	CA	MTE	ETE
	Distribution	30%	20%	50%
	Text book/s*	Dr. Vinod K. Singhania& Dr. Monica Singhania: Taxmann Publications Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi		
	Other References	<ol> <li>Systematic approach to income tax-Dr. GirishAhuja and Dr. Ravi Gupta: Wolters Kluwer</li> <li>V.Balachandran S. Thothadri- Taxation Law &amp; Practice (Eastern Economy Edition)</li> <li>Mahesh Chandra &amp;D.C.Shukla- Income tax and Sales tax- (Pragati Publication)</li> </ol>		



## **Drafting, Pleading and Conveyancing**

School: School of		<b>Batch</b> : 2018-23
Law		
Prog	gram:	
B.A.	LL.B	
Brai	nch:	Semester: IX
1	Course Code	BAL 517
2	Course Title	Drafting, Pleading and Conveyancing
3	Credits	4
4	Contact Hours (L-T-P)	40-30-30
		Commulatory
_	Course Type	Compulsory
5	Course	1. Draft legal pleadings for all Indian Courts: District Courts, High Courts
	Objective	and Supreme Court of India
		2. Explain the art of drafting in a simple and crisp manner to avoid huge
		legal jargon beneficial to Court Pleadings.
		3. Draft of matrimonial pleadings.
		4. Draft and file criminal complaints, FIRs, Bail Applications and other
		documents required in a Criminal case and trial.
		5. Draft a Public Interest Litigations (PILs), Writs (to enforce
		constitutional rights) and drafts pertaining to Constitutional law.
	~	6. Draft and File legal documents required of civil nature and contracts.
6	Course	CO1: To define drafting, pleading and conveyancing.
	Outcomes	CO2: To Explain the art of drafting in a simple and crisp manner.
		CO3: To apply the knowledge of substantive laws gained till now in preparation of drafts.
		CO4: To Breakdown the whole drafting procedure in various steps.
		CO5: To Summarize the arguments on each sides in issues and to design
		the body of draft.
		CO6: To create drafts relating to civil, criminal and constitutional matters.
7	Course	The Course is aimed at teaching the students the art of drafting pleading
,	Description	and the Conveyancing of instruments. The substantive and procedural
	2 Court from	knowledge that the student has gained till now will be applied for
		preparation of appropriate drafts for Civil, Criminal and constitutional
		petitions.
8	Outline syllabus	
	Unit 1	Introduction And Drafting of Civil Pleadings
	A	Meaning, Importance and Functions of Drafting, Pleadings and
		Conveyancing and Drafts to initiate suits- Plaint and Written Statement
	В	Affidavit, Suit for recovery under Order XXXVII of the Code of Civil
	_	Procedure 1908, Caveat under section 148-A of the Code of Civil
		Procedure, 1908, Application for the Execution of Decree
	С	Application for Temporary Injunction under Order 39 Rules 1 and 2 of
	<u> </u>	Application for Temporary Injunction under Order 37 Rules 1 and 2 01



	the Code of Civil Procedure, 1908, Permanent Injunction.				
Unit 2	Matrimonial Pleadings				
A			onjugal Rights under Section 9 of the Hindu		
	Marriage Act,		J. 2 2		
В		Petition for Judicial Separation under Section 10 of the Hindu Marriage			
Act, 1955					
С		issolution of M	Marriage by Decree of Divorce under Section		
		13 of the Hindu Marriage Act, 1955 and Petition for Dissolution of			
	Marriage by I	_	,		
		of Divorce under Section 13B(1) of the Hindu Marriage Act, 1955			
Unit 3		Drafting of Criminal Pleadings and Substantive aspects			
A			n u/s 125 Cr.P.C. and reply to application u/s		
	125	, 11	1 7 11		
В	Application for	or Regular Bai	l and Application for Anticipatory Bail		
С			8 of the Negotiable Instruments Act, 1881		
Unit 4		er the Consti			
A	Writ Petitions	under Article	32		
		e 226 of the Co			
	of India				
В	Special Leave	Petition (Civi	1) under Article 136 of the Constitution of		
	India				
С	Curative Petition under Article 129, 137,141, 142 of the Constitution of				
	India				
Unit 5	Conveyancin	g and draftin	g of Contracts		
A	Sale deed, mo	rtgage deed, le	ease		
	Deed				
В	Gift deed, promissory note, will				
	and Adoption.				
C	Agreement to	Agreement to sell & amp; contract to			
	Sell	Sell			
Mode of	Theory	Theory			
examination					
Weightage	CA	MTE	ETE		
Distribution	30%	20%	50%		
Text book/s*	R.N.Chaturvedi, Pleadings, Drafting and Conveyancing, Central Law				
	Publications.				
Other		1. C.K.Takwani, Civil Procedure Code, Eastern Book Company.			
References		2. P.K.Majumdar, Guide to Civil Drafting with Model Forms, Orient			
	Publishing Co		6 1 16 1 1 m x 200 1 1 1		
	_		Mogha, Mogha's The Law of Pleadings in		
	,	India (17th ed., 2006)			
		4. M.R. Mallick, Ganguly's, Civil Court: Practice and Procedure (13th			
	ed., 2005)	ed., 2005)			



## **Professional Ethics and Bar Bench Relation**

School: SOL		Batch: 2018-23
Prog	gram: BA LLB	
Bran		Semester: IX
1	Course Code	BAL 503
2	Course Title	Professional Ethics and Bar Bench Relation
3	Credits	4
4	Contact	40-35-25
	Hours	
	(L-T-P)	
	Course Type	Compulsory
5	Course	Giving advanced understanding of essential elements of ethical and
	Objective	professional practice of law
		<ul> <li>To place the profession in the societal and legal context and give</li> </ul>
		current information about professional associations
		<ul> <li>Ethical and professional issues such as competence,</li> </ul>
		confidentiality, consent, boundary issues and professional conduct
		are covered in context of practical ethical cases
6	Course	CO1: Examine the constitution, powers and functions of BCI and State
	Outcomes	Bar Councils
		CO2: Discuss Ethical practices of advocates and their duties
		CO3: Apply professional skills such as time management, honestly,
		eloquence etc and maintain healthy relations with bench and fellow
		colleagues
		CO4: Analyze various case laws related to professional misconduct and
		contempt of Court
		CO5: Evaluate the various aspects and defenses of Contempt of Court Act
		CO6: Develop a comprehensive understanding of skills, practices and
7	Carrea	rights of an advocate
/	Course	The paper in to imbue students with importance of ethics in legal
	Description	profession and instill in them the skills essential for a lawyer. It also focuses on court craft as part of legal profession.
		locuses on court craft as part of legal profession.
8	Outline syllabus	S S
	Unit 1 Introduction and Advocates Act, 1961	
	A	Historical development of Legal Profession in India
	В	Advocate Act, 1961: Constitution, Function, Powers and Jurisdiction
	С	Role of State Bar Council and Bar Council of India, Admission and
		enrolment of Advocates
	Unit 2	Professional Ethics
	A	Ethics in present Era, Ethics and statutory sanctions
	В	Ethics and Professional Duty
	С	Conflicts between Interest and duty



	Unit 3	<b>Duties and Es</b>	sential Skills o	of a Lawyer	
	A	Duties of a lawyer: Duty to court, Duty to client, Duty to opponent, Duty			
		to colleague, Duty towards society and obligation to render legal aid.			
	В	•		ofession, viz., honesty, courage, industry,	
		wit, eloquence, judgment and fellowship.			
	C	Lawyers in the court: court etiquette, duty in the court.			
Unit 4 Bench-Bar Relationship			elationship		
	A	Reciprocity as	Partners in Ad	ministration of Justice	
	В	Professional Misconduct			
C Rights and Privileges of Advocates				ocates	
	Unit 5	Contempt of Court Act, 1971			
A Historical development of Contempt of Court Act in I			ontempt of Court Act in India		
	В	Object and Constitutional validity of Contempt of Court Act Definition, Kinds of Contempt: Contempt by Judges, Magistrates, Lawyers and other persons, Cognizance, Procedure, Appellate provi			
	C				
	regarding Contempt Defenses, Punishment and Remedies again				
				Court and Punishment for Contempt,	
			r contempt of c	court.	
	Mode of	Theory			
	examination				
	Weightage	CA	MTE	ETE	
	Distribution	30%	20%	50%	
	Text book/s*	xt book/s* Dr.KailashRai - Legal Ethics – Accountancy for lawyers and bench and Bar relations			



### **Banking and Insurance Law**

School: SOL		Batch:				
Program: BALLB		Current Academic Year: 2018-23				
Branch:		Semester: IX				
1	Course Code	BAL 514				
2	Course Title	Banking and In	surance Law			
3	Credits	4				
4	Contact		Contact Hours	48		
	Hours		Assessment	25		
	(L-T-P)		Guided Study	27		
			Total hours	100		
	Course Type	Compulsory		ı		
5	Course	This paper is aim	ed to:			
	Objective		op knowledge and skill in the under nework of Banking & Insurance law		ing of the general	
		2. And of sp law .	ecific legal areas relating to Banki	ng sec	etor & Insurance	
		3. Recognising the need to seek further specialist legal advice where necessary				
6	Course	After the completion of the course, the students will be able to:			le to:	
	Outcomes	CO1: To apprecia	ate and discuss the need of Banking	g & In	surance law.	
		CO2: To describe and discuss the various obligation arising in the course of banking & Insurance.				
		CO3: To enumerate and describe the types and working of Banking companies and insurance				
		CO4: To able to l	know role of Reserve bank of India	ì.		
		CO5: To analyse	the issuses related to Banking and	insura	ances .	
7	Course Description	=The course on Banking and Insurtance law deals with the basics of banking and insurance industry in India. It also explains the fundamental concepts of bank and customer relationship etc. Reserve bank of India and its functioning is also part of its ambit. In insurance part, history, growth and kinds of insurance and the legal fcators involved therein will be discussed.				
8	Outline syllabu	utline syllabus				
	Unit 1	Introduction				
	A	Evolution of Banking and its history in India.				
	В	Bank, Banking and Bank Regulation.				
	С	NABARD, Financial Institutions and their respective functions – An				



		Overview.				
	Unit 2	RELATION BETWEEN BANKER AND CUSTOMER				
	A	Legal character of Banker – Customer relationship.				
	В	Rights and Duties of Banker.				
C Winding up of Banking companies				nanies		
		whiching up of banking companies				
	Unit 3=	RESERVE BANK OF INDIA: Structure and Functions				
	A	Central Banking: Organizational Structure of RBI				
	В	Functions of the Reserve Bank- Primary functions, Secondary functions.				
	C			over Banking and Non-Banking Companies.		
	Unit 4	•	rowth of Insu	rance Business in India-Definition of		
		Insurance				
	A	Principle of Utn		h		
	В	Wager and Insurance				
	C	Insurance Contr Kinds of Insura		ct of Indemnity or Contingent Contract.		
	Unit 5					
	A	Life Insurance (	Contract – Nat	ture and Scope		
	В	Nature and scop	e of Marine I	nsurance		
	С	Purpose of com	pulsory insura	ance- Motor Vehicle Insurance and Rights of		
		third parties.				
	Mode of	Theory				
	examination					
	Weightage		MTE	ETE		
	Distribution		20%	50%		
	Text book/s*			mentaries on Banking Regulation Act as		
			RFESI Act 20	002 and BRA, amendment act 2007]K.C.		
		Shekhar.				
	Other	1. Banking Theory and Practice (1998) UBS Publisher Distributors				
	References	Ltd.New Delhi.				
		2. Basu, A. Review of Current Banking Theory and Practice (1998)				
		Mac millan				
		<ol> <li>M. Hapgood (ed.), Pagets' Law of Banking (1989) Butterworths, London</li> <li>R. Goode, Commercial Law, (1995) Penguin, London</li> <li>Ross Cranston, Principles of Banking Law (1997) Oxford.</li> </ol>				



### <u>International Human Rights Law (Optional-III)</u>

	hool: SCHOOL F LAW	Batch: 2018-23	
Program:			
	A.LLB		
Branch:		Semester: IX	
1	Course Code	BAL 511	
2	Course Title	INTERNATIONAL HUMAN RIGHTS LAW (Optional-III)	
3	Credits	4	
4	Contact	Contact Hours 48	
	Hours	Assessment 25	
	(L-T-P)	Guided Study 27	
		Total hours 100	
	Course Type	Compulsory	
5	Course	To introduce students to the concept of Human Rights.	
	Objective	2. To introduce students to the concept of Human Rights.	
		Rights and role of United Nations.	
		3. To give an understanding of the various human rights available to the	
		marginalized groups.	
		4. To introduce students to the various International and Regional	
		instruments pertaining to Human Rights.	
6	Course	After completion of course, the student will be able to:	
	Outcomes	CO1: Recognize the role of U N in the area of human rights and also	
		various stages of development of Human Rights.	
		CO2: Evaluate the role of United Nations in promotion and protection	
		of Human Rights.	
		CO3: Recognize various rights of marginalized groups like women	
		and children and refugees.	
		CO4: Evaluate the role of various International and Regional Human	
		Rights instruments in securing human rights.	
		CO5: Critically analyse the role of Indian judiciary in promotion and	
		protection of human rights.	
7	Course	This course will help the students in building a good understanding of	
	Description	International Human rights Law. It will acquaint the students with the	
	_	development of Human Rights law through various international	
		instrumentalities. The course also provides an opportunity to the	
		students to learn about Indian Constitutional provisions and role of	
		Indian Supreme Court with respect to Human Rights in India.	
8	Outline syllal	pus	
	Unit 1	Introduction	



	A	Perspectives and Foundations of Human Rights -Foundational Aspects - Meaning and Concept of Human Rights			
	В				
	В	Notion and Classification of Rights: Natural, Moral, Fundamental and Legal Rights			
-	С	Three Generations of Human Rights.			
	Unit 2	International Human Rights Instruments			
	A	Emergence of International Human Rights Law UN Charter and Human Rights International Bill of Rights (Universal Declaration of Human Rights, International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights; and the International			
	B				
	C				
	C				
		Covenant on Economic, Social and Cultural Rights.			
	Unit 3	Human Rights of Vulnerable Groups- Women and Children			
	A Social status of Women and Children in International and				
	71	Perspective			
	В	Human Rights and Women's Rights –International and National Standards			
	C	Human Rights of Children-International and National Standards			
	Unit 4	Human Rights of Vulnerable Groups- Refugees and Minorities			
	A	International Protection For the Refugees and the Minorities			
	B	Declaration on the Rights of Persons Belonging to National or Ethnic,			
	В	Religious and Linguistic Minorities, 1992			
	С	Convention Against Torture and other International Instruments.			
	Unit 5	Regional Human Rights Instruments			
	A	Regional Human Rights Instruments.			
	B	Role of Amnesty International, Red Cross and other Institutions in			
	В	protection and promotion of Human Rights.			
	С	Constitution of India and role of India's higher judiciary in protection and			
		promotion of Human Rights.			
	Mode of	Theory			
	examination	Theory			
	Weightage	CA MTE ETE			
	Distribution	30% 20% 50%			
	Text	Agarwal, H.O., Implementation of Human Rights Covenants with Special			
	book/s*	Reference to India (Allahabad: KitabMahal)			
	Other	REFERENCES			
	References	1. Agarwal, H.O., Implementation of Human Rights Covenants			
		with Special Reference to India (Allahabad: KitabMahal, 1983).			
		2. Human Rights 19 Alam, Aftab, ed., Human Rights in India:			
		Issues and Challenges (New Delhi: Raj Publications, 1999).			
		3. Alston, Phillip, The United Nations and Human Rights			
		(London: Clarendon Press, 1995).			
		4. Bajwa, G.S. and D.K. Bajwa, Human Rights in India:			
		Implementation and Violations (New Delhi: D.K. Publishers, 1996).			
		5. Bansal, V.K., Right to Life and Personal Liberty (New Delhi:			
		Deep and Deep, 1986).			



- 6. Banton, Michael, International Action against Racial Discrimination (Oxford: Clarendon Press, 1996).
- 7. Basu, D.D., Human Rights in Constitutional Law (New Delhi: Prentice Hall, 1994).
- 8. Batra, Manjula, Protection of Human Rights in Criminal Justice Administration: A Study of the Right of Accused in Indian and Soviet Legal Systems (New Delhi: Deep and Deep, 1989).
- 9. Bava, Noorjahan, ed., Human Rights and Criminal Justice Administration in India (New Delhi: Uppal Publishing House, 2000).
- 10. Baxi, Upendra, Inhuman Wrongs and Human Rights (Delhi: HarAnand Publications, 1994).
- 11. Begum, S.M., ed., Human Rights in India: Issues and Perspectives (New Delhi: APH Publishing Co., 2000).
- 12. Bhagwati, P.N., Legal Aid as Human Rights (Dharwad: JagrutBharut, 1985).
- 13. Bhargava, G.S. and R.M.Pal, ed., Human Rights of Dalits: Societal Violation (New Delhi: Gyan Publishing House, 2000).
- 14. Bhatia, K.L. and others, Social Justice of Dr. B.R. Ambedkar (New Delhi: Deep and Deep, 1995).
- 15. Borgohain, Bani, Human Rights: Social Justice and Political Change (New Delhi: KanishkaPublishers, 1999).
- 16. Burgers, J.H., and H. Danelius, The United Nations Convention against Torture (Dordrecht: MartinusNijhoff, 1988).
- 17. Cassese, J., Human Rights in Changing World (Philadelphia: Temple University Press, 1990).
- 18. Chandra, Shailja, Justice V.R. Krishna Iyer on Fundamental Rights and Directive Principles (New Delhi: Deep and Deep, 1998).
- 19. Chatrath, K.J.S., ed., Education for Human Rights and Democracy (Shimla: Indian Institute of Advanced Studies, 1998).
- 20. Clark, R.S., A United Nations High Commissioner for Human Rights (The Hague: MartinusNijhoff, 1972).
- 21. Desai, A.R., ed., Violations of Democratic Rights in India (Bombay: Popular Prakashan, 1986).
- 22. Detrick, S., The United Nations Convention on the Rights of the Child (Dordrecht: MartinusNijhoff, 1992).
- 23. Dhavan, Rajeev, ed., Judges and Judicial Power: Essays in Honour of Justice V.R. Krishna Iyer (London: Sweet & Maxwell Ltd., 1983).
- 24. Dikshit, R.C., Police: The Human Face (New Delhi: Gyan Publishing House, 1999).
- 25. Diwan, Paras and PeeyushiDiwan, Children and Legal Protection (New Delhi: Deep and Deep, 1994).



## **Comparative Constitutional (Optional-IV)**

	hool: SCHOOL FLAW	Batch: 2018-23
Program: BA.LLB		
Branch:		Semester: IX
1	Course Code	BAL 512
2	Course Title	Comparative Constitutional (Optional-IV)
3	Credits	4
4	Contact	Contact Hours 48
	Hours	Assessment 25
	(L-T-P)	Guided Study 27
		Total hours 100
	Course Type	Compulsory
5	Course	The purpose of introduction of this subject is to:
	Objective	1. develop basic understanding of comparative constitutional law
		among students.
		2. to make students familiar with the legal systems of a few countries,
		in particular the constitution of United States of America, United
		Kingdom and few other emerging constitutions along with the Indian legal systems.
		3. Examine from a comparative perspective –legal structure and
		concepts that are found in Constitutions across the world, precepts
		such as basic rights, rule of law, systems of governance, judicial
		review, to name a few.
		4. Appreciate the doctrines and values underlying the provisions and
		principles from various legal systems.
		5. Discuss various kinds of government in selects countries
		6. Analyse judicial system in various courtesies
6	Course	After completion of course, the student will be able to:
	Outcomes	CO1: Appreciate the importance of comparative studies in law
		CO2: Explain the meaning and elements of Public law
		CO3: Identify, analyse and explain constitutional models of United
		Kingdom (UK), United States of America (USA), Australia,
		Switzerland, South Africa, Nigeria, Germany, India and Canada
		CO4: compare the legal system of other nations among themselves
		and with India.
		CO5: analyse the different types of constitution
		CO6: identify different kinds of government
7	Course	
	Description	
8	Outline syllab	
	Unit 1	Introduction to Comparative Constitutional Law (8 Lectures)



	Α	M	. 1 C' 'C'	f C 4'44' C 4'44' 1 1 1		
A Meaning and Significance of Constitution, C			e of Constitution, Constitutional law and			
		Constitutionalism				
	В	Introduction, Need and Significance of Comparative studies				
	C	Types of Constitution- written, unwritten				
	Unit 2	Evolution of constitution(9 Lectures)				
	A	Evolution of UK constitutional Law				
	В	Making of	the USA Const	itution and Indian Constitution		
	С	Constitutional History of France, Russia, Canada				
	Unit 3	Features of Constitution-Structure of State (9 Lectures)				
	A	Federal Co	untries- USA, (	Germany,		
	В		K, Japan, China			
	С	Distinct str	ucture- India, F	France		
Unit 4 Form of Government and its functions(9 lecture			its functions(9 lectures)			
	A	Parliamentary – UK, India, Canada				
	В	Presidential – USA, South Sudan, Nigeria				
C Quasi Presidential/ Quasi- Parliamentary – Fran						
	Unit 5	Judicial System and Judicial Review (8 Lectures)				
	A	Independence of Judiciary – USA, UK, India, France, Russia,				
Canada, Switzerland						
	В	•		n and its applicability		
	С	Judiciary as	the supreme a	rbitrator and custodian of Rights		
		<b>J</b>	1			
	Mode of	Theory				
	examination					
	Weight age	CA	MTE	ETE		
	Distribution	30%	20%	50%		
	Text book/s*	Dr.Durga Das Basu, Comparative Constitutional Law				
	Other	J. C. Johari, Select World Constitutions				
	References	M.P. Jain, Constitutional Law				
		1.1.1 · valid, Computational Butt				