

Program: BSc (Physics)

Program Code: SBR0203

Batch: 2020-23

Department of Physics

School of Basic Sciences and Research



Vision of the University

To serve the society by being a global University of higher learning in pursuit of academic excellence, innovation and nurturing entrepreneurship

Mission of the University

- 1. Transformative educational experience
- 2. Enrichment by educational initiatives that encourage global outlook
- 3. Develop research, support disruptive innovations and accelerate entrepreneurship
- 4. Seeking beyond boundaries

Core Values

- Integrity
- Leadership
- Diversity
- Community



Vision and Mission of the School

School of Basic Sciences and Research

Vision of the School

Achieving excellence in the realm of basic and applied sciences to address the global challenges of evolving society

Mission of the School

- 1. To equip the students with knowledge and skills in basic and applied sciences
- 2. Capacity building through advanced training and academic flexibility.
- 3. To establish center of excellence for ecologically and socially innovative research.
- 4. To strengthen interinstitutional and industrial collaboration for skill development and global employability.



Vision of Physics Department

To be recognized for quality education, innovation and socially relevant research by nurturing students and faculty to be good citizens to address the challenges faced by society through critical thinking and innovations anchored in physical sciences.

Mission of Physics Department

- 1. To provide education of global standards and nurturing young minds for fulfilling career and entrepreneurship in scientific research, applied fields, and advancing technologies.
- 2. To encourage faculty and students for research in core and interdisciplinary fields.
- 3. To establish collaborations with national and international centres of excellence in physical sciences and interdisciplinary fields.



Programme Educational Objectives (PEO)

- **PEO1**: To foster a strong foundation in theoretical and applied physics principles and theories to make students become globally competitive physicists.
- **PEO2:** To develop strong interest in physics by cultivating critical thinking and problem-solving skills in students so that they are motivated to pursue research and higher education in physics.
- **PEO3:** To emphasize on the interdisciplinary nature of physics and to integrate knowledge of other relevant disciplines to address a wide variety of problems through physics.
- **PEO4:** To train the students to design, execute record and analyse the results of physics experiments in line with physics principles and theories.
- **PEO5:** To create a sense of ethical responsibility among students towards the use of scientific knowledge for the benefit of humanity.

Program Outcomes (PO's)

- **PO1: Proficiency** Students will demonstrate proficiency in physics principles and concepts supported by sound understanding of underlying mathematical concepts and experimental results.
- **PO2: Knowledge** Students will demonstrate knowledge of classical mechanics, optics, electromagnetism, quantum mechanics, nuclear physics, astrophysics, materials, statistical physics, electronics, biophysics, fluid mechanics, thermal physics, mathematics, calculus, physical chemistry, organic chemistry, inorganic chemistry, computer programming and be able to apply this knowledge to analyze a variety of physical phenomena.
- **PO3:** Skills Students will show that they have learned laboratory skills, enabling them to take measurements in a physics laboratory and analyze the data to draw valid conclusions.
- **PO4:** Communication Students will be capable of oral and written scientific communication and will prove that they can think critically and work independently.
- **PO5:** Research Students shall have ability to take up higher education or work on interdisciplinary research problems
- **PO6: Responsibility** Students shall have a clear understanding of professional and ethical responsibility



BSc (H) Physics Program Structure



Program Structure Template School of Basic Sciences & Research B. Sc. (H) Physics

Batch: 2020-23

Term: I

S.	Subject	Subjects	Te	aching I	Load		Core/Elective		
No.	Code		L	T	P	Credits	Pre-Requisite/ Co Requisite	Course ¹ : 1. CC 2. AECC 3. SEC 4. DSE	
Theor	Y	1	ı		1				
1.	PHB114	Mechanics & props of matter	3	1	0	4	Intermediate Physics	CC	
2.	BCH101	Physical Chemistry 1	3	1	0	4	Intermediate Chemistry	GE-I	
3.	MSM101	Foundation course in Maths	3	1	0	4	Intermediate Mathematics	GE_II	
4.	CSE115	Introduction to C programming	2	0	0	2		AEEC-I	
5.	ARP101	Communicative English I	1	0	2	2		AECC-I	
Pract	icals								
6.	PHB151	Physics Lab-1	0	0	2	1	Intermediate Physics	Core	
7.	BCH151	Chemistry Lab-1	0	0	2	1	Intermediate Chemistry	GE Pract -I	
8.	CSP115	Computer Lab	0	0	4	2	Basic Computer Knowledge	AEEC- Pract-I	
		Total Credits				20			

¹ CC: Core Course, AECC: Ability Enhancement Compulsory Courses, SEC: Skill Enhancement Courses, DSE: Discipline Specific Courses



School of Basic Sciences & Research B. Sc. (H) Physics Batch: 2020-23 TERM: II

S.	Course	Course	Tea	ching Lo	ad		Core/Elective	Type of	
No.	Code		L	Т	P	Credits	Pre-Requisite/ Co Requisite	Course ² : 1. CC 2. AECC 3. SEC 4. DSE	
Theor	y								
1.	PHB115	Optics	3	1	0	4	Intermediate Physics	CC	
2.	BCH102	Organic Chemistry 1	3	1	0	4	Intermediate Chemistry	GE-II	
3.	MSM105	Calculus-1	3	1	0	4	Intermediate Mathematics	GE-III	
4.	PHB117	Thermal Physics	3	0	0	4	Intermediate Physics	CC	
5.	EVS106	Environmental Studies	3	0	0	3		AECC-II	
Practio	cal								
6.	PHB152	Physics Lab-2	0	0	2	1	Intermediate Physics	CC-Pract	
7.	BCH152	Chemistry Lab-2	0	0	2	1	Intermediate Chemistry	GE-III-Pract	
Total (Total Credits								

Program Structure Template

² CC: Core Course, AECC: Ability Enhancement Compulsory Courses, SEC: Skill Enhancement Courses, DSE: Discipline Specific Courses



School of Basic Sciences & Research B. Sc. (H) Physics Batch: 2020-23

TERM: III

S.	Course	Course	Te	aching L	oad		Core/Elective	Type of
No.	Code		L	Т	P	Credits	Pre-Requisite/ Co Requisite	Course ³ : 1. CC 2. AECC 3. SEC 4. DSE
Theory	y							
1.	PHB218	Solid state Physics	3	1	0	4	Intermediate Physics	CC
2.	BCH201	Inorganic Chemistry 1	3	1	0	4	Intermediate Chemistry	GE-V
3.	MSM204	Calculus-2	3	1	0	4	Intermediate Mathematics	GE-VI
4.	PHB219	Electricity and magnetism	3	1	0	4	Intermediate Physics	CC
5.	PHB229	Radiation Science	2	1	0	3	Intermediate Physics	CC
6.	OPE***	Open Elective	2	0	0	2		DSE-1
7.	CCU401	Community Connect	2	0	0	2		
Practio	cals	,	.	l		1	,	1
8.	PHB251	Physics Lab-3	0	0	2	1	Intermediate Physics	CC-Pract
9.	BCH251	Chemistry Lab-3	0	0	2	1	Intermediate Chemistry	GE-V- Pract
Total	Credits					25		

³ CC: Core Course, AECC: Ability Enhancement Compulsory Courses, SEC: Skill Enhancement Courses, DSE: Discipline Specific Courses



Program Structure Template School of Basic Sciences & Research

B. Sc. (H) Physics Batch: 2020-23

TERM: IV

S.	Course	Course	Tea	ching I	Load		Core/Elective	Type of
No.	Code		L	T	P	Credits	Pre-Requisite/ Co Requisite	Course ⁴ : 1. CC 2. AECC 3. SEC 4. DSE
Theor	ry					·		
1.	PHB221	Classical mechanics & relativity	3	1	0	4	Vectors	CC
2.	PHB222	Mathematical physics	3	1	0	4	Algebra	CC
3.	PHB228	Electromagnetic Theory	3	1	0	4	Electricity and Magnetism	CC
4.	PHB224	Basic electronics	3	1	0	4	Intermediate Physics	DSE-2
5.	PHB225	Nuclear Physics	3	1	0	4		CC
Pract	icals					·		
6.	PHB254	Physics lab – 4	0	0	3	2		CC-Pract
7.	PHB255	Physics lab – 5 (Electronics)	0	0	3	2		CC-Pract
Total	Credits					24		

⁴ CC: Core Course, AECC: Ability Enhancement Compulsory Courses, SEC: Skill Enhancement Courses, DSE: Discipline Specific Courses



Program Structure Template School of Basic Sciences & Research B. Sc. (H) Physics

Batch: 2020-23 TERM: V

S.	Course	Course	Tea	ching I	Load		Core/Elective	Type of
No.	Code		L	Т	P	Credits	Pre-Requisite/ Co Requisite	Course ⁵ : 1. CC 2. AECC 3. SEC 4. DSE
Theor	ry							
1.	PHB332	Quantum mechanics	3	1	0	4	Intermediate Physics	CC
2.	PHB333	Elective (Applied optics)	3	1	0	4	Optics	DSE-3
3.	PHB334	Oscillations & waves	3	1	0	4	Mechanics	CC
4.	PHB335	Analog electronic devices	3	1	0	4	Basic Electronics	CC
5.	PHB336	Statistical mechanics	3	1	0	4	Thermal Physics	CC
Practi	ical							
6.	PHB366	Physics lab – 6	0	0	2	2		CC-Pract
7.	PHB367	Physics lab – 7	0	0	2	2		CC-Pract
8.	PHB371	Dissertation 1				3		DSE-Pract
Total	Credits	•	•	•	•	27		

⁵ CC: Core Course, AECC: Ability Enhancement Compulsory Courses, SEC: Skill Enhancement Courses, DSE: Discipline Specific Courses



Program Structure Template School of Basic Sciences & Research

B. Sc. (H) Physics Batch: 2020-23

TERM: VI

S.	Course	Course	Tea	ching	Load		Core/Elective	Type of
No.	Code		L	Т	P	Credits	Pre-Requisite/ Co Requisite	Course ⁶ : 1. CC 2. AECC 3. SEC 4. DSE
Theor	:y							
1.	PHB337	Renewable energy	3	1	0	4	Intermediate Science	DSE-4
2.	PHB338	Atomic & molecular physics	3	1	0	4	Quantum Mechanics	CC
3.	PHB320	Instrumentation	3	1	0	4	Intermediate Science	CC
4.	PHB340	Digital electronics	3	1	0	4	Basic Electronics	CC
5.	PHB341	Particle & astrophysics	3	1	0	4	Nuclear Physics	CC
Practi	icals					•		
6.	PHB368	Physics lab – 8	0	0	3	2		CC-Pract
7.	PHB369	Physics lab – 9	0	0	3	2		CC-Pract
8.	PHB372	Dissertation 2				3		DSE-5
Total	Credits		ı	1	1	27		
Gran	d Total					144		

⁶ CC: Core Course, AECC: Ability Enhancement Compulsory Courses, SEC: Skill Enhancement Courses, DSE: Discipline Specific Courses



Theory Courses: Physics Department



PHB114 Mechanics and properties of matter

Sch	nool: SBSR	Batch: 2020-23
	ogram: B.Sc.	Current Academic Year: 2020-21
	anch: Physics	Semester: I
1	Course Code	PHB114
2	Course Title	Mechanics and properties of matter
3	Credits	4
4	Contact Hours (L-T-P)	3-1-2
	Course Status	Compulsory
5	Course Objective	 To make the students familiar with use of vector algebra to study mechanics. To understand and appreciate the rotational and harmonic motion. To know the elasticity of matter and bending of beams in different situation. To understand the concept surface tension and viscosity.
6	Course Outcomes	After the completion of this course, the student will be able to CO1: understand the concept of motion, work, energy, momentum and frame of references CO2: appreciate real life applications of rotational mechanics and simple harmonic motion. CO3: use of moment of force and properties of matter to describe the elasticity and beam bending. CO4: understand the cause of capillarity, and surface tension and explain the of real life observations based on it CO5: understand the cause of viscosity and explain the real-life observations based on it. CO6: appreciate mechanics with vector algebra and can apply it on real life problems
7	Course Description	This course is designed to make students proficient in mechanics, especially rotational mechanics with vector treatment. They also learn about certain properties of matter like elasticity, surface tension and viscosity.
8	Outline syllabus	
	Unit 1	Motion, Work, Energy and Momentum
	A	Review of Vector Algebra, Concept of work, power and energy; Law of conservation of energy; Conservative forces
	В	Conservation law of momentum; Centre of mass; Collision of bodies
	С	Centre of mass frame of reference, Laboratory frame of reference
	Unit 2	Simple Harmonic Motion



			Beyond Boundaries					
A	Equation of S Compound Pe		ic Motion; Energy of a Harmonic Oscillator.					
В	1		dustational Mation, angular mamantum					
В	Rigid body-Translational and rotational Motion, angular momentum, torque; Moment of Inertia-Radius of gyration							
C			C.					
С	_	-	eeorems of Moment of Inertia, moment of					
TI 4 2		inertia of disk, sphere, and rectangular lamina						
Unit 3		Elasticity & Bending of beams						
A		Hooke's Law, Stress - Strain Diagram - Elastic moduli - Relation between elastic constants Poisson's Ratio – Determination of Poisson's ratio; Work done per unit						
В	Poisson's Rati							
	volume in a st		,					
С	Bending of be	am; Bending n	noment, Cantilever					
Unit 4	Surface Tens		,					
A	Surface Tensi	on: Definition	and dimensions of surface tension; Excess of					
	pressure over	curved surface	s					
В	Application to	spherical and	cylindrical drops and bubbles					
С	Variation of S	Surface tension	with temperature, Jaegar's method					
Unit 5	Viscosity Streamline Flow; Bernoulli's Theorem; Co-efficient of viscosity and its							
A								
	dimensions							
В	Rate of flow of	of liquid in a ca	pillary tube - Poiseuilles' formula					
С			quid with temperature					
Mode of	Class test (10)	Assignments, ((10) and presentation (10)					
examination								
Weightage	CA	MTE	ETE					
Distribution	30%	20%	50%					
Text book/s*	1. Me	echanics, D.S.N	Mathur, S.Chand & Co. (Text Book)					
	2. Pro	operties of mat	ter, D.S.Mathur, S.Chand & Co.					
Other References	3. Be	rkeley Physics	Course, Volume I, Mechanics, C. Kittel, W.					
		•	Rudderman, A. C. Helmhotz and B. J. Moye;					
		cGraw-Hill						
			Hans and S.P.Puri, Tata McGraw-Hill (2003)					
		•	n.) - Principles with applications, Douglas C.					
		ancoli, Prentice						
		•), John D. Cutnell & Kenneth W. Johnson, John					
	W	illey & Sons, I	nc.					



PHB115 Optics

Sch	nool: SBSR	Batch: 2020-23							
Pro	gram: B.Sc.	Current Academic Year: 2020-21							
Bra	nch: Physics	Semester: II							
1	Course Code	PHB115							
2	Course Title	Optics							
3	Credits	4							
4	Contact Hours (L-T-P)	3-1-2							
	Course Status	Compulsory							
5	Course Objective	This course provides the knowledge of fundamental concepts of optics and understanding of wave and optics phenomena, with emphasis on everyday effect.							
6	Course Outcomes	After the completion of this course, the student will be able to							
		CO1: Apply the laws and concepts of geometrical optics to find cardinal points and solve a variety of numerical problems.							
		CO2: Understand the concepts and phenomena of wave optics and analyze the intensity variation of light due to interference.							
		CO3: Understand the concepts of diffraction and analyze the intensity variation of light due to single slit, double slits and N-slits diffraction.							
		CO4: Understand mean of resolution and working of telescope and microscope.							
		CO5: Understand optical phenomena in terms of electromagnetic wave properties including polarization of light and its applications.							
		CO6: Apply conceptual understanding and mathematical methods to solve the problems.							
7	Course Description	This course provides students with an understanding of optical phenomena based on the wave description of light. The geometrical optics and principles of polarization, interference and diffraction and optical devices that use these properties of light will be described.							
8	Outline syllabus								
	Unit 1	Geometrical Optics							
	A	Cardinal Points of an Optical System (six points), Newton's formula							
	В	Nodal slide, Coaxial Lens System(equivalent focal length and cardinal							
		points)							
	С	Huygens Eyepiece, Ramsden Eyepiece and their cardinal points							
	Unit 2	Interference							



A	Introduction,	Coherent source	ces, Concept of spatial and temporal					
	coherence, In	terference of li	ght					
В	Division of wave front: Young's Double slit experiment and Fresnel's bi-							
	prism							
С	Division of a	mplitude: Inter	ference in thin films, wedge shaped films,					
	Newton's rin	gs.	-					
Unit 3	Diffraction							
A	Introduction,	Fresnel and Fr	aunhoffer diffraction,					
В	Fraunhoffer of	Fraunhoffer diffraction due to single slit, double slit						
С			raction grating					
Unit 4	Resolving po							
A		wer, Rayleigh	criteria					
В		wer of diffracti						
С		wer of microsc						
Unit 5	Polarization		- <u>F</u> - F					
A	Phenomenon of polarization, Production of polarized light by reflection,							
	refraction, Br							
В			double refraction Retardation plates (Quarter					
			action and analysis of circularly and					
	elliptically po		, ,					
С			's theory of optical rotation, specific rotation,					
	polarimeter	J						
Mode of	Class test (10	Assignments,	s (10) and presentation (10)					
examination	`	, , , ,	\					
Weightage	CA	MTE	ETE					
Distribution	30%	20%	50%					
Text book/s*	1. Optics	s by Brijlal and	l Subrahmanyam					
		s by Vasudeva						
Other References		s by A. K.Ghat						
			s, B.K. Mathur, New Global Printing Press,					
	Kanpı		,					
	_		tics - F.A. Jenkins and H.E. White ((McGraw					
	Hill)							
	6. Princi	6. Principles of Optics, M. Born and E. Wolf, Sixth Edition,						
	Pergamon Press, Oxford							
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PHB117 Thermal Physics

Schoo	ol: SBSR	Batch: 2020-23
Progr	ram: B.Sc. (Hons)	Current Academic Year: 2020-21
Bran	ch: Physics	Semester: II
1	Course Code	PHB117
2	Course Title	Thermal Physics
3	Credits	4
4	Contact Hours (L-T-P)	3-1-0
	Course Status	Compulsory
5	Course Objective	 To make students aware of concept of heat, temperature and heat flow. To teach students the thermodynamics of various engines To impart the knowledge of entropy and second law of thermodynamics. To differentiate the ideal gas from real gas behavior. To learn to derive and use thermodynamic equations.
6	Course Outcomes	After the completion of this course, the student will be able to CO1: understand the importance of Zeroth law and concept of temperature. CO2: appreciate second law of thermodynamics and understand the thermodynamics of engines. CO3: know the concept of entropy and second law of thermodynamics. CO4: differentiate real gases from ideal gases and will know special properties of real gases. CO5: understand Maxwell's thermodynamic equations and will be able to apply them on some real life problems. CO5: appreciate the laws of thermodynamics and will understand how the things behave thermodynamically. CO6: apply thermodynamic principle on various practical and research problems.
7	Course Description	This course is designed to teach students the basic laws of thermodynamics, thermodynamic potentials and behaviour of ideal and real gases
8	Outline Syllabus	
	Unit 1	Zeroth and first law of thermodynamics
	A	Thermodynamic Equilibrium; Zeroth Law of Thermodynamics and
		Concept of Temperature
	В	Work and Heat Energy; First Law of Thermodynamics; Applications of First Law
	С	General Relation between Cp and Cv; Work Done during Isothermal and Adiabatic Processes.
	Unit 2	Second law of thermodynamics
	A	Limitations of first law of thermodynamics, Reversible and Irreversible Processes
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son Effect for Real		
and Van der Waal Gases; Temperature of Inversion; Phase transformation		
hermodynamic		
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Properties and Applications; Derivations of Maxwell's Relations;		
Applications of Maxwell's Relations: (1) Clausius Clapeyron equation; (2) Values of Cp-Cv; (3) Tds Equations		
1.0 (5)		
(4) Joule-Kelvin Coefficient for Ideal and Van der Waal Gases; (5) Energy Equations (6) Cooling due to Adiabatic demagnetization;		
inetization,		
anyan, S.Chand \$		
heory of Gases;		
in Statistical		
ava (Indian Press;		
extbook By Mark		
Hill; 1981) (Text		
Book) 4. Thermal Physics by Garg; Bansal and Ghosh (Tata McGra-Hill;		
wicdia-filli;		



PHB218 Solid State Physics

Prog	ool: SBSR	Batch: 2020-23	
	gram: B.Sc.	Current Academic Year: 2021-22	
Branch: Physics		Semester: III	
1	Course Code	PHB218	
2	Course Title	Solid State Physics	
3	Credits	4	
4	Contact Hours	3-1-0	
•	(L-T-P)		
	Course Status	Compulsory	
5	Course Objective	This course provides an opportunity to develop knowledge and understanding of the key principles and applications of physics of solids including theoretical description of crystal and electronic structure, lattice dynamics and optical properties of different materials (metals, semiconductors, dielectrics, magnetic materials and superconductors)	
6	Course Outcomes	After the completion of this course, the student will be able to	
7	Course Description	CO1: Demonstrate knowledge for crystal structures of solids, different physical mechanisms involved in crystal binding and lattice dynamics. CO2: Understand the theory of X-ray diffraction, use the lattice structure of crystalline materials both in real space and in reciprocal space (k-space) and be able to transform between these two spaces. CO3: Knowledge of fundamental principles of conductor, semiconductors, and insulators on the basics of band theory and be able to estimate the charge carrier mobility and density. CO4: Explain atomistic mechanism of thermal properties of solids. CO5: Explain the physical principles for different types of electric and magnetic phenomena in solid materials (like e.g. dielectricity, superconductivity, paramagnetism, diamagnetism, ferromagnetism etc). CO6: Apply physics principles and mathematical methods in solid state physics to explain crystal structure and various physical, electrical, thermal and magnetic properties of materials. This course provides the basic understanding of crystal structure,	
	Course Description	symmetry, electrical, thermal, dielectric and magnetic properties of materials and their technological applications.	
8	Outline syllabus		
	Unit 1	Crystal Structure and Bonding	
	A	Bonding in solids- ionic, covalent, metallic, Van der Waals and hydrogen bonding.	
	В	Crystalline and amorphous solids, Crystal Lattice, Unit Cell, Miller Indices and Miller Planes, Bravais lattice	
	С	Simple crystal structure (SC, BCC, FCC), Atomic packing fractions for Simple cubic(SC), BCC and FCC	
	Unit 2	Reciprocal lattice	



	Beyond Boundaries			
	A	X-rays Diffr	action, Bragg	law, Laue method, Rotating-crystal method
	В	Scattering fr	om lattice, D	iffraction conditions
	С			
	Unit 3	Electrical p	roperties of s	solids
A Electrical c			nductivity, cl	assification of solids; conductors,
			ors and insul	
B intrinsic and extrinsic semiconductors, electrons and h			niconductors, electrons and holes	
	С	Hall Effect		
	Unit 4	Thermal pr	operties of S	olids
	A	Lattice vibra	tion and pho	nons, vibrational modes of a 1-D lattice
	В	Lattice heat	capacity, Cla	ssical theory of specific heat
	С		nductivity, Th	nermoelectricity: Seebeck Effect and Peltier
		Effect.		
	Unit 5	Dielectric and magnetic properties Dielectrics, dielectric polarization, polar and nonpolar dielectrics, relation between electric field and polarization. Classification of magnetic materials: diamagnetism, paramagnetism,		
	A			
	В			
	ferromagnetism, Magnetic Susceptibility, Curie law, Hysteresis			
C Superconductivity, Type-I and type-II superconductors. Me			I and type-II superconductors. Meissner effect.	
	Mode of	Class test (1	O) ,Assignme	nts (10) and presentation (10)
	examination	CA MTE ETE		
	Weightage			
Distribution 30% 20% 50%			50%	
	Text book/s*	1. Solic	State Physic	s: S.O. Pillai
	2. Introduction to material science: Raghvan Other References 3. Introduction to solid state physics: C. Kittel			nterial science: Raghvan
				id state physics: C. Kittel
4. Solid State Physics: A. J. Dekker			s: A. J. Dekker	
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PHB219 Electricity and Magnetism

Scho	ool: SBSR	Batch: 2020-23	
Program: B.Sc. (Hons)		Current Academic Year: 2021-22	
	nch: Physics +	Semester: III	
	hematics		
1	Course Code	PHB219	
2	Course Title	Electricity and Magnetism	
3	Credits	4	
4	Contact Hours (L-T-P)	3-1-0	
	Course Status	Compulsory	
5	Course Objective	This course aims to establish a foundation in electromagnetism and to make the students learn fundamental concepts of electricity, magnetism and circuit theory to use them in real life problems.	
6	Course Outcomes	On successful completion of this course students will /will be	
		able to: CO1: Understand Coulomb's Law of force, Electric field, Gauss Law and will solve problems based on it, Electric potential and electrostatic energy. CO2: Distinguish different types of capacitors and derive energy stored in a capacitor, force of attraction between capacitor plate. CO3: Learn magnetic effect of current, definition of B, magnetic flux density, Bio-Savart's Law, Ampere's Law, Gauss' Law in magnetism; Derive expression for magnetic force between two parallel conductors, Evaluate magnetic field along the axis of circular coil and solenoid. CO4: Explain electromagnetic induction, Faraday's law of induction, Lenz's law, self and mutual inductance; Evaluate energy stored in magnetic field, inductances in series and parallel combination. CO5: Acquire knowledge AC circuits, Kirchoff's laws for AC circuits, complex reactance and impedance, RC, RL, LC and LCR circuits (series and parallel). CO6: Evaluate electric and magnetic fields, potential, force and work using various laws; use Faradays laws in solving induction problems and learn the properties of basic circuit elements.	
7	Course Description	This course describes the various laws related to electricity and magnetism laying foundation for advance courses such as electromagnetic theory. The course also provides an understanding of electromagnetic induction to further describe the properties of electrical circuits.	
8	Outline Syllabus		
	Unit 1	Electrostatics	
	A	Coulomb's Law: Coulomb's Law of force, electrostatic field and intensity, electric flux.	

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	UNIVERSITY

	В	Gauss Law: Gauss I	aw and calculat	tion of electric field using
	С	Potential: Electric potential, equipotential surfaces, electrost		
		energy and potential e		
	Unit 2	Capacitor		
	A	Types of capacitors:	Different types	of capacitors: parallel plate
		capacitor, spherical, c		
	В	Energy stored: energy	gy stored in a ca	apacitor, force of attraction
		between capacitor pla		
	С	Capacitors with di	ielectrics: capa	citance of partially and
		completely filled diele	ectric	
	Unit 3	Magnetic effect of cu	rrent	
	A	Magnetic effect of cu	rrent: Magnetic	effect of current, definition
		of B , magnetic force of	on a current carry	ying conductor, torque on a
		current loop in a unifo	orm magnetic fie	ld.
	В	Bio Savart's Law:	magnetic flux c	lensity, Bio-Savart's Law,
		Magnetic force between two parallel conductors, Ampere's Law.		
	С	Gauss Law in magne	etism: Gauss' La	w in magnetism, Magnetic
		field along the axis of circular coil and solenoid.		
	Unit 4	Electromagnetic Ind	uction	
	A	Electromagnetic induction: Faraday's Law of induction, Le		
		Law, induced emf and		
	В	Energy: Energy stored in magnetic field. Inductance: Self Inductance, Mutual inductance, inductances in series and parallel.		
	С			
	TT */ =			
	Unit 5	Electrical Circuits	'. IZ' 11 CC	1 6 40 : :
	A	AC Circuits: AC circ		
	B C	Reactance: Complex		
		Series and Parallel of		
	Mode of Examination	(series and parallel) ex	cruding oscillati	IOIIS
	Weightage	Theory CA MTE ETE		
	Distribution	30% 20% 50%		
	Text books	 David J Griffiths, "Introduction to electrodynamics" Pearson New International Edition 		
	Halliday, Resnick and Walker, "Fundamentals of I			
		 Electricity and Magnetism" John Wiley Matthew N O Sadiku, "Principles of Electromagnetics" John David Jackson, "Classical Electrodynamics" John Wiley and Sons, Inc. 		
		Joseph Edminister, "Schaum's Outline of		
		Electromagnetics"		



Other References	S Mahajan and Chaudhary, "Electricity, Magnetism and electromagnetic theory" TMH
	 D N Vasudeva, "Fundamentals of Electricity and Magnetism" S Chand and Company
	K K Tewari, "Electricity and Magnetism" S. Chand



PHB229 Radiation Science

School: SBSR		Batch: 2020-23	
	ram: B.Sc. (Hons)	Current Academic Year: 2021-22	
	ch: Physics +	Semester: III	
	nematics		
1	Course Code	PHB229	
2	Course Title	Radiation Science	
3	Credits	3	
4	Contact Hours (L-T-P)	2-1-0	
	Course Status	Compulsory	
5	Course Objective	Demonstrate broad knowledge and understanding of the scientific concepts underpinning radiation physics and including deeper knowledge of gamma rays, X-rays, radiation generators, radiation effects and radiation therapy.	
6	Course Outcomes	On successful completion of this course students will /will be able to:	
		CO1: In depth knowledge of different electromagnetic radiation and their uses in medical physics. CO2: Understand the concept of Electromagnetic waves, interaction of radiation with matter, Photoelectric effect, Compton effect and pair production. CO3: Deeper knowledge of x rays, their production and distribution in space. CO4: Acquire knowledge of different radiation generators as cyclotron, Betatron and Van De Graff Generator with their principle and applications. CO5: Study the radiation effect on chemical system, interaction of fres radicals and radiolysis water. CO6: Techniques to study the special propertiess of radiotherapy, dosimetry and percentage of depth dose.	
7	Course Description	This course describes the different kind of electromagnetic radiation, their principal and uses in medical physics. This course will also provide them sufficient knowledge of different radiation generators, various types of sources used in radiotherapy and physical parameters of radiation dosimetry.	
8	Outline Syllabus		
	Unit 1	Interaction of radiation with matter	
	A	Photoelectric effect, Compton effect	
	В	Pair-production, Attenuation	



С	Scattering, absorption, Transmission
Unit 2	X-Rays
A	Electromagnetic waves - quantum theory of radiation, Physics of
	X-ray production, continuous spectrum,
В	The X-ray tube, Basics of X-ray Circuits
C	Distribution of X-rays in space, Quality of X- ray bean
	Measurement of beam quality
Unit 3	Radiation generators
A	Cyclic generators: Principle and applications of Cyclotron
	Synchro – Cyclotron
В	Betatron, Linear generators
С	Principle and applications of Klystron, magnetron, Van De Graf
	Generator
Unit 4	Radiation effects
A	Direct and Indirect effects of radiations, radiation chemical yield
	and G-values
В	Formation of free radicals, radiolysis of water, radiation effects o
	simple chemical systems
C	Interactions of free radicals with several solutes
Unit 5	Radiation Therapy
A	Various types of sources used in Radiotherapy and their properties
A	Physics of Photons, electrons, protons and neutrons i
	Physics of Photons, electrons, protons and neutrons i radiotherapy.
В	Physics of Photons, electrons, protons and neutrons i radiotherapy. Physical parameters of dosimetry such as percentage depth dose
	Physics of Photons, electrons, protons and neutrons i radiotherapy. Physical parameters of dosimetry such as percentage depth dose Special techniques in Radiotherapy such as SRS, SRT, IMRT
B C	Physics of Photons, electrons, protons and neutrons i radiotherapy. Physical parameters of dosimetry such as percentage depth dose Special techniques in Radiotherapy such as SRS, SRT, IMRT IGRT and Tomotherapy
B C Mode of Exami	Physics of Photons, electrons, protons and neutrons i radiotherapy. Physical parameters of dosimetry such as percentage depth dose Special techniques in Radiotherapy such as SRS, SRT, IMRT IGRT and Tomotherapy ination Theory
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B C Mode of Exami	Physics of Photons, electrons, protons and neutrons is radiotherapy. Physical parameters of dosimetry such as percentage depth dose. Special techniques in Radiotherapy such as SRS, SRT, IMRT IGRT and Tomotherapy. Ination Theory CA MTE ETE 30% 20% 50%
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CCU401 Community Connect

to communities in tangible ways so that they may feel perceptible better off post the interaction and involvement of the Shard academic community 5. Provide ample opportunity for Sharda University academic community to contribute effectively to society and nation building Course Outcomes After completion of this course students will be able to: CO1: Students learn to be sensitive to the living challenge of disadvantaged communities. CO2: Students learn to appreciate societal realities beyond textbook and classrooms CO3: Students learn to apply their knowledge via research, and training	SCHOOL: SBSR		Batch :2020	-2023			
Course Number Course Code: CCU401/ Course ID: 30804	Program: BSc						
Course Number Course Title Community Connect							
Number Course Title Community Connect	Branch: Physic		Semester: II	I			
Course Title Community Connect	1	Course	Course Cod	e: CCU401/ Course ID: 30804	4		
Contact Hours Contact Hour							
Course Objectives Contact Hours 30 Project/Field Work 20 Assessment 00 Guided Study 10 Total hours 60 Course Objectives Contribute to the holistic development of students by making them more aware of socially and economically disadvantage communities and their specific issues				Connect			
Contact Hours	3	Credits	2				
Project/Field Work 20	4	(L-T-P)	(0-0-2)				
Assessment 00 Guided Study 10 Total hours 60 Course Objectives 1. Contribute to the holistic development of students by makin them more aware of socially and economically disadvantage communities and their specific issues 2. Provide more richer context to classrooms, so as to make their more effective laboratories of learning by aligning them to social realities beyond textbooks 3. Provide scope to faculty members to align their teaching an research goals by giving them ample opportunity to carry or community -oriented projects 4. Ensure that the community connect programs provides benefit to communities in tangible ways so that they may feel perceptible better off post the interaction and involvement of the Shard academic community 5. Provide ample opportunity for Sharda University academic community to contribute effectively to society and nation buildin community to contribute effectively to society and nation building of disadvantaged communities. CO1: Students learn to be sensitive to the living challenge of disadvantaged communities. CO2: Students learn to appreciate societal realities beyond textbook and classrooms CO3: Students learn to apply their knowledge via research, and training	5			Contact Hours	30		
Guided Study		Hours		Project/Field Work	20		
Total hours 60				Assessment	00		
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5. Provide ample opportunity for Sharda University academic community to contribute effectively to society and nation building. 7			better off post the interaction and involvement of the Sharda				
7 Course Outcomes After completion of this course students will be able to: CO1: Students learn to be sensitive to the living challenge of disadvantaged communities. CO2: Students learn to appreciate societal realities beyond textbook and classrooms CO3: Students learn to apply their knowledge via research, and training			acade	emic community			
7 Course Outcomes After completion of this course students will be able to: CO1: Students learn to be sensitive to the living challenge of disadvantaged communities. CO2: Students learn to appreciate societal realities beyond textbook and classrooms CO3: Students learn to apply their knowledge via research, and training			5. Prov	ide ample opportunity for	Sharda University academi		
Outcomes CO1: Students learn to be sensitive to the living challenge of disadvantaged communities. CO2: Students learn to appreciate societal realities beyond textbook and classrooms CO3: Students learn to apply their knowledge via research, and training			comr	nunity to contribute effectivel	y to society and nation building		
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of disadvantaged communities. CO2: Students learn to appreciate societal realities beyond textbook and classrooms CO3: Students learn to apply their knowledge via research, and training		Outcomes	_	1			
CO2: Students learn to appreciate societal realities beyond textbook and classrooms CO3: Students learn to apply their knowledge via research, and training							
and classrooms CO3: Students learn to apply their knowledge via research, and trainin					etal realities hevond textbook		
for community benefit					ledge via research, and training		



		CO4: Students learn to work on socio-economic projects with
		contribution to society teamwork and timely delivery constribution to society
8	Theme	Major themes for research:
		 Survey and self-learning: In this mode, students will make survey, analyze data and will extract results out of it to correlate with their theoretical knowledge. E.g. Crops and animals, land holding, labour problems, medical problems of animals and humans, savage and sanitation situation, waste management etc. Survey and solution providing: In this mode, students will identify the common problems and will provide solution/ educate rural population. E.g. air and water pollution, need of after treatment, use of renewable (mainly solar) energy, electricity saving devices, inefficiencies in cropping system, animal husbandry, poultry, pest control, irrigation, machining in agriculture etc. Survey and reporting: In this mode students will educate villagers and survey the ground level status of various government schemes meant for rural development. The analyzed results will be reported to concerned agencies which will help them for taking necessary/corrective measures. E.g. Pradhan Mantri Jan Dhan Yojana, Pradhan Mantri MUDRA Yojana, Pradhan Mantri Awas Yojana, Pradhan Mantri FasalBima Yojana, Swachh Bharat Abhiyan, Soil Health Card Scheme, Digital India, Skill India Program,BetiBachao, BetiPadhao Yojana, DeenDayal Upadhyaya Gram Jyoti Yojana, Shyama Prasad Mukherjee Rurban Mantri Awas Yojana-Gramin, Pradhan Mantri Yuva Yojana, Pradhan Mantri Awas Yojana-Gramin, Pradhan Mantri Yuva Yojana, Pradhan Mantri Jan Aushadhi Yojana, Pradhan Mantri Suraksha Bima Yojana, Pradhan Mantri Suraksha Bima Yojana, Pradhan Mantri Sukanya Samriddhi Yojana, Sansad Adarsh Gram Yojana, Pradhan Mantri SurakshitMatritva Abhiyan, Pradhan Mantri RojgarProtsahan Yojana, Pradhan Mantri Matritva Vandana Yojana, and Ayushman Bharat Yojana.



		Beyond Boundaries			
9.1	<u>Guidelines</u>	It will be a group assignment.			
	for Faculty	₹ ±			
	<u>Members</u>	The faculty guide will guide the students and approve the project title and help the student in preparing the questionnaire and final report.			
		The questionnaire should be well design and it should carry at least 20			
		questions (Including demographic questions).			
		The faculty will guide the student to prepare the PPT.			
		The topic of the research should be related to social, economical or			
		environmental issues concerning the common man.			
		The report should contain 2,500 to 3,000 words and relevant charts, tables			
		and photographs.			
		Plagiarism check of the report must.			
		ETE will conduct out of 100, divided in three parts (i) 30 Marks for report			
		(ii) 30 Marks for presentation (iii) 40 Marks for knowledge.			
		The student should submit the report to CCC-Coordinator signed by the			
		faculty guide by			
		The students have to send the hard copy of the report and PPT , and then only they will be allowed for ETE.			
9.2	Role of CCC-	The CCC Coordinator will supervise the whole process and assign students			
	Coordinator	to faculty members.			
		•			
		1. PG- M.ScSemester II - the students will be allocated to faculty member (mentors/faculty member) in odd term.			
9.3	Layout of the	Abstract (250 words)			
7.5	Report	Tiostract (250 Words)			
		a. Introduction			
		b. Literature review(optional)			
		c. Objective of the research			
		d. Research Methodology			
		e. Finding and discussion			
		f. Conclusion and recommendation			
		g. References			
		Note: Research report should base on primary data.			
9.4	Guideline for	Title Page: The following elements must be included:			
***	Report				
	Writing	• Title of the article;			
		Name(s) and initial(s) of author(s), preferably with first names and lade out:			
		spelled out; • Affiliation(s) of author(s):			
		 Affiliation(s) of author(s); Name of the faculty guide and Co. guide 			
		 Name of the faculty guide and Co-guide Abstract: Each article is to be preceded by a succinct abstract, of up to 			
		250 words, that highlights the objectives, methods, results, and			
		conclusions of the paper.			
		Text: Manuscripts should be submitted in Word.			
l	I .	TOTAL TIME BUT DESCRIPTION OF DEPARTMENT AND THE TOTAL			



SHARDA UNIVERSITY Beyond Boundaries
• Use a normal, plain font (e.g., 12-point Times Roman) for text.
Use italics for emphasis.
 Use the automatic page numbering function to number the pages.
• Save your file in docx format (Word 2007 or higher) or doc format
(older Word versions)
Reference list:
The list of references should only include works that are cited in the text
and that have been published or accepted for publication.
The entries in the list should be in alphabetical order. Journal article
Hamburger, C.: Quasimonotonicity, regularity and duality for nonlinear
systems of partial differential equations. Ann. Mat. Pura Appl. 169, 321–
354 (1995)
Article by DOI
Sajti, C.L., Georgio, S., Khodorkovsky, V., Marine, W.: New nanohybrid
materials for biophotonics. Appl. Phys. A (2007). doi:10.1007/s00339-
007-4137-z
Book
Geddes, K.O., Czapor, S.R., Labahn, G.: Algorithms for Computer
Algebra. Kluwer, Boston (1992)
Book chapter
Broy, M.: Software engineering — from auxiliary to key technologies. In: Broy, M.: Depart F. (eds.) Software Biopears, pp. 10-13. Springer
Broy, M., Denert, E. (eds.) Software Pioneers, pp. 10–13. Springer, Heidelberg (2002)
Online document
Cartwright, J.: Big stars have weather too. IOP Publishing PhysicsWeb.
http://physicsweb.org/articles/news/11/6/16/1 (2007). Accessed 26 June
2007
Always use the standard abbreviation of a journal's name according to the
ISSN List of Title Word Abbreviations, see
www.issn.org/2-22661-LTWA-online.php
For authors using EndNote, Springer provides an output style that
supports the formatting of in-text citations and reference list.
EndNote style (zip, 2 kB)
Tables: All tables are to be numbered using Arabic numerals.
Figure Numbering: All figures are to be numbered using Arabic numerals.
The report should be Spiral/ hardbound
The Design of the Cover page to report will be given by the Coordinator-
CCC

9.5 Format:

T

T CCC

Cover page

Acknowledgement

Content

Project report

Appendices



	T _	Beyond Boundaries		
9.6	<u>Important</u>			
	Dates:	faculty member and submit the final questionnaire within		
		to CCC- Coordinator.		
		Students will complete their survey work within and submit		
		the same to concern faculty member. (Each group should complete 50 questionnaires)		
		The student should show the 1st draft of the report to concern faculty		
		member within and submit the same to concern faculty		
		member.		
		Faculty members should give required inputs, so that students can		
		improve their project work and make the final report submission on		
		The students should submit the hard copy and soft copy of the report to		
		CCC-Coordinator signed by the faculty guide within		
		The students should submit the soft copy of the PPT to CCC-		
		Coordinator signed by the faculty guide within		
		The final presentation will be organized on		
9.7	ETE The students will be evaluated by panel of faculty members on the			
		of their presentation on		
	or man presentation on			
10 Course Evaluation		aluation		
10.01 Continuous Assessment		s Assessment 60%		
Questionnaire design		nire design 20 Marks		
Report Writing		iting 40 Marks		
10.02 ETE (PPT presentation)				
	•			



PHB221 Classical Mechanics and Relativity

Scho	ool: SBSR	Batch: 2020-23			
Prog	gram: B.Sc.	Current Academic Year: 2021-22			
Branch: Physics		Semester: IV			
1	Course Code	PHB221			
2	Course Title	Classical Mechanics and Relativity			
3	Credits	4			
4	Contact Hours (L- T-P)	3-1-0			
	Course Status	Compulsory			
5	Course Objective	 To know about the concepts of Mechanics of single particle, system of particles, Constraints, Generalised Coordinates. To explain the concepts concept of virtual work, de-Alembert's principle, Lagrange's equation, Basis of variation, Applications of calculus of variation, Generalized momenta. To get introduced about the concept of Hamiltonian and Hamilton's equations of motion, Inertial frames, Galilean Transformation. To analyze the concept of Michelson Morley experiment, postulates of special theory, Lorentz transformations, Velocity addition, etc. 			
6	Course Outcomes	CO1: Learn the basic concepts of Mechanics of single particle, system of particles in vector form, centre of mass, Conservation of linear momentum, energy and angular momentum, Constraints. CO2: Understand the concepts Generalised Coordinates, virtual work, de-Alembert's principle, Lagrange's equation, Applications of the Lagrange's equations. CO3: Able to explain the Basis of variation, derivation of Lagrange's equation, Applications of calculus of variation. CO4: Figure out the Generalized momenta, Hamiltonian and Hamilton's equations of motion. CO5: State the concepts of Inertial frames, Galilean Transformation, Michelson Morley experiment, postulates of special theory, Lorentz transformations. CO6: Analyze the concepts of Constrained motion, Lagrangian Formalism, Calculus of Variation, The Hamilton's Equation of Motion, Special Theory of Relativity			
7	Course Description	This course is about describing the concepts of Constrained motion, Lagrangian Formalism, Calculus of Variation, The Hamilton's Equation of Motion, Special Theory of Relativity			
8	Outline syllabus				
	Unit 1	Elementary Principles and Constrained motion			



				Beyond Boundaries	
A	A	Mechanics of mass	single particle	e, system of particles in vector form, centre of	
E	3	Conservation	of linear mon	nentum, energy and angular momentum	
		Constraints, Classification of constraints.			
J	U nit 2	Lagrangian Formalism			
A	Α	Generalised Coordinates, virtual work, de-Alembert's principle			
E	3	Lagrange's ed	quation	•	
	C	Applications of the Lagrange's equations (simple harmonic oscillator, simple pendulum, compound pendulum, double pendulum, Atwood's machine)			
J	U nit 3	Calculus of Variation			
A	4	Basis of variation, derivation of Lagrange's equation			
E	3	Applications of calculus of variation			
		shortest path	between two	points, bead sliding on a curved path, surface due	
	C	to revolution around an axis			
Ţ	Unit 4	The Hamilton's Equation of Motion			
A	4			niltonian and Hamilton's equations of motion	
E)	Application (Simple Harmonic Oscillator, simple pendulum, compound			
L)	pendulum)			
	\mathbb{C}	Phase space			
J	U nit 5	Special Theory of Relativity			
l —	4	Galilean Transformation, Michelson Morley experiment			
E	3	postulates of special theory, Lorentz transformations			
	C	Velocity addition, Length contraction, Time dilation, relativity of mass, mass energy relationship			
N	Mode of	Theory/Jury/Practical/Viva			
e	examination				
V	Weightage	CA	MTE	ETE	
	Distribution	30%	20%	50%	
Text book/s* 1. Classical Mechanics by H.Goldstein, Narosa Publishing F 2. Classical Mechanics by N.C.Rana and P.S.Joag, Tata		N.C.Rana and P.S.Joag, Tata Mc-Graw Hill			
	Publishing Company Limited, New Delhi.				
	Other	3. Introduction to Classical Mechanics by R.G.Takawale and			
F	References	P.S.Puranik, Tata Mc-Graw Hill Publishing Company Limited, New			
		Delhi.			
		4. Classical N	Iechanics by J	I.C.Upadhyaya, Himalaya Publishing House.	



PHB222: MATHEMATICAL PHYSICS

Scho	ool: School of	Batch: 2020-2023			
Basic Sciences and					
Research					
Program: B.Sc. (H)		Current Academic Year: 2021-2022			
Physics					
	nch: Physics	Semester: IV			
1	Course Code	PHB222			
2	Course Title	MATHEMATICAL PHYSICS			
3	Credits	4			
4	Contact Hours (L-T-P)	3-1-0			
5	Course Status	Core			
8	Course Objective	 The student should be able to understand basic theory of matrices. The student should be able to understand basic theory of vector analysis. The student should be able to understand basic theory of vector space and linear transformations. The student should be able to understand basic theory of Convolution theorem and Laplace transformation. 			
9	Course	After successful completion of this course the students will/will be able to:			
	Outcomes	CO1: Students will be having the knowledge of definition of different types matrices, Basic properties, addition & multiplication, Inverse of matrices, System of linear equations. CO2: Students will be having the knowledge of Evaluation of Eigen values & Eigen vectors, Cayley-Hamilton theorem along with its applications. CO3: Student will be used to describe Vector spaces & Subspaces. Linearly dependent and independent vectors; Basis and Dimensions of a vector space; Linear transformations. CO4: Students will able to understand the concepts of Gradient, Divergence, and Curl; in Cartesian, Polar and spherical polar coordinates; Vector integral – Line, Surface and Volume integrals; Gauss's theorem, Stokes's theorem, and Green's theorem. CO5: Students will be able to carry out evaluation of Integral transforms, Development & Inversion theorem. Fourier transform of derivatives. CO6: Students will able to understand the Convolution theorem, Elementary Laplace transforms, Laplace transforms of derivatives, Convolution or faulting theorem, Inverse Laplace transformation.			
10	Course Description	This course is designed to introduce students to methods of mathematical physics and to develop required mathematical skills to solve problems in quantum mechanics, electrodynamics and other fields of theoretical physics.			
11	Outline syllabus	<u>, , </u>			
	Unit 1				
	1				

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A	Matrices; Spe	cial matrices; F	Review of basic properties of matrices- addition		
В	and multiplication of matrices; Null matrices; Diagonal, Scalar and Unit				
C	matrices; Orthogonal; Upper-triangular and Lower-triangular matrices;				
	Conjugate of a matrix; Hermitian and Skew Hermitian Matrices; Unitary				
			singular matrices; Inverse of a matrix- Adjoint		
		_	atrix by adjoint method, Inverse of matrix by		
	elementary transformation; Trace of a matrix; System of linear equations.				
Unit 2	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
A	Characteristic	es equation: Eig	gen values and Eigen vectors; Caley-Hamilton		
В	theorem; Inverse using Caley-Hamilton theorem; Eigen-value problems.				
C	ancoroni, inverse using care, riaminon meoroni, ingen varue problems.				
Unit 3					
A	Vector space	and subspaces:	Linearly dependent and independent vectors;		
В	-	•			
С		Basis and dimensions of a vector space; Linear transformations.			
Unit 4					
A	Gradient, divergence, and curl; ∇^2 in Cartesian, Polar and spherical polar				
В	coordinates; Vector integral – line, surface and volume integrals; Gauss's				
С	theorem, Stok	xes's theorem, a	and Green's theorem.		
Unit 5					
A	Integral transforms; Development of the Fourier integral; Fourier				
В	transforms- Inversion theorem; Fourier transform of derivatives;				
C	Convolution	theorem; Eleme	entary Laplace transforms; Laplace transforms		
	of derivative	es; Convolution	on or faulting theorem; Inverse Laplace		
	transformatio	n			
Mode of	Class Test (10), Assignment (10) and presentation (10)				
examination	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •				
Weightage	CA	MTE	ETE		
Distribution	30%	20%	50%		
Text book/s*	Advanced En	l gineering Math	ematics- M.K. Jain and S.R.K. Iyenger (Narosa		
	Publications)				
Other	1. Engineering Mathematics Vol. 1 & 2 – Sastry (Prentice Hall of				
References	India)2. Mathematical Methods- Potter and Goldberg (Prentice Hall of India)				
	3. Advanced Engineering Mathematics- Kreyszig (Wiley)				
	4. Complex Variable- Schaum Series (Tata McGraw Hill)				
	<u> </u>		. ,		



PHB228 Electromagnetic Theory

School: SBSR		Batch: 2020-23			
Program: B.Sc.		Current Academic Year: 2021-22			
	anch: Physics	Semester: IV			
1	Course Code	PHB228			
2	Course Title	Electromagnetic theory			
3	Credits	4			
4	Contact Hours (L-T-P)	3-1-0			
	Course Status	Compulsory			
5	Course Objective	This course provides the knowledge of fundamental theory and concepts of Electromagnetic waves, transmission lines and propagation, reflection, and transmission of plane waves in different media and interface.			
6	Course Outcomes	CO1: Able to interpret vector calculus operators and their application in electromagnetic. CO2: Understanding the concepts of displacements current and Analyze the Maxwell's equations in differential and integral form. CO3: Use Maxwell's equations to describe the propagation of electromagnetic waves in different media, nature of EM waves and can apply complex Poynting theorem to calculate average power. CO4: Understanding and solving the reflection and transmission of EM waves at normal and oblique incidence in linear media and conducting media. CO5: Understand the basic concepts of transmission lines, waveguides and calculate the characteristic impedance, attenuation constant and phase constant of different transmission lines. CO6: Apply conceptual understanding and mathematical methods to solve			
7	Course	the problems.			
	Description				
8	Outline syllabus				
	Unit 1 A	Gradient of a scalar and its physical significance, Line, Surface and Volume integrals of a vector and their physical significance			
	В	Flux of a vector field, Divergence and curl of a vector and their physical significance, Gauss's divergence theorem			
	С	Stoke's theorem, Laplace's and Poisson equations. The Uniqueness Theorem.			
	Unit 2				
	A	Ampere's law and concept of Displacement current			
	В	Equation of continuity			
	С	Maxwell's equations in differential form and integral form			
	Unit 3				
	A	EM wave equation and their solutions; Propagation of plane EM waves in free space			



В	Propagation	of plane EN	I waves in dielectrics and conductors	
C	Poynting theorem and energy conservation , Transverse nature of EM waves			
Unit 4				
A	Polarization	of EM wave	2	
В			and oblique incidence in linear media and total rewster angle	
С	transmission	at normal a	and oblique incidence in conducting media	
Unit 5				
A	Propagation	of e.m. wav	e through transmission line	
В	reflection co	efficient, sta	anding wave, characteristic impedance,	
С	propagation	constant, In	troduction to waveguides	
Mode of examination	Class test (10	Class test (10) ,Assignments (10) and presentation (10)		
Weightage	CA	MTE	ETE	
Distribution	30%	20%	50%	
Text book/s*	Introduction to electromagnetics by Richard, Millford and Christi, Narosa Pub.			
Other	1. Iı	ntroduction	to Electrodynamics J. D. Griffith, PHI.	
References	2. E	lectromagne	etic waves- R. K. Shevgaonkar, TMH.	
	3. S	chaum's out	tline on Electromagnetics-J. A. Edminister, TMH.	
		_	etic Waves and Radiating System-Edward C. Jordan,	
		K.G. Balmair	,	
			etics- J.D. Kraus, TMH.	
	6. E	lements of I	Electromagnetics- N.N. Rao, Pearson	



PHB224 Basic Electronics

Scho	ool: School of	Batch: 2020-23		
Basic Sciences and Research				
Prog	gram: B.Sc.	Current Academic Year: 2021-22		
(Ho	ns)			
Bra	nch: Physics	Semester: IV		
1	Course Code	PHB224		
2	Course Title	Basic Electronics		
3	Credits	4		
4	Contact	3-1-0		
	Hours			
	(L-T-P)			
	Course Status	Compulsory		
5	Course	1. To provide students an understanding of fundamentals of		
	Objective	semiconductor physics and electronic devices.		
		2. To develop understanding of diodes, transistors and rectifiers.		
		3. To develop basic understanding of various junction diodes and their		
		applications.		
		4. To provide knowledge of physics concepts related to electronics.		
6	Course	After the completion of this course,		
	Outcomes	Truct the completion of this course,		
	Guteomes	CO1: Students will show that they have learned fundamentals of		
		semiconductors		
		CO2: Students will understand various transport phenomenon in		
		semiconductors		
		CO3: Students will gain knowledge of various junction diodes and their I-V		
		characteristics		
		CO4: Students will have a clear understanding of applications of diode as		
		rectifiers, filters, modulation and demodulation.		
		CO5: Students will learn the concept of different types of transistors and		
		their uses in on chip devices.		
		CO6: Students will understand the basics of electronics along with their		
		various applications and can learn how to use them in daily life.		
7	Course	This course will provide knowledge of various phenomenon of		
	Description	semiconductors and their uses in diode formation and transistors.		
8	Outline syllabus			
	Unit 1	Semiconductor Fundamentals		
	A	Formation of energy band, Effective mass, Direct and indirect band gap.		
	В	Fermi Dirac distribution function, Fermi energy, Donor and Acceptor level.		
	С	Degenerate and non-degenerate semiconductors.		
	Unit 2	Transport Phenomena in Semiconductors		



			Beyond Boundaries	
A	Mobility, con intrinsic semi		rier concentration (electrons and holes) in	
В	Law of mass action. Variation of Fermi level with doping concentration and			
	temperature.			
С	Drift and diff	usion current.	Einstein relation.	
Unit 3	Junction Dio	de		
A	Basic structur	e and formati	on of p-n junction, Energy band diagram,	
	Formation of	depletion regi	ion, Built in potential,	
В	Behaviours of	f a p-njunction	n under bias, Diode equation and I-V	
	characteristic	s of a p-n junc	ction, Junction Capacitance.	
С	Avalanche an	d Zener break	down, Zener Diode and Voltage Regulation.	
Unit 4	Diode Applic	cations		
A	Half-wave Re	ectifiers. Cent	re-tapped and Bridge full-wave rectifiers.	
В	Calculation of	f Ripple Facto	or and Rectification Efficiency, filters – RC, LC,	
	and pi.		•	
C	Modulation a	nd demodulat	ion – elementary theory of AM, FM,	
	Demodulation	n of AM (diod	le detector).	
	Transistors			
Unit 5	Transistors			
Unit 5 A		o transistors,	Basic structure of n-p-n and p-n-p transistors.	
A B	Introduction t	es of CB, CE a	and CC Configurations.	
A	Introduction t	es of CB, CE a		
A B	Introduction t Characteristic Physical med Regions, Curr	es of CB, CE a	and CC Configurations.	
A B C	Introduction to Characteristic Physical med	es of CB, CE a	and CC Configurations. rent Flow. Active, Cutoff and Saturation	
A B C Mode of	Introduction t Characteristic Physical med Regions, Curr	es of CB, CE a	and CC Configurations. rent Flow. Active, Cutoff and Saturation	
A B C Mode of examination	Introduction t Characteristic Physical med Regions, Curr transistors. Theory	es of CB, CE a hanism of cur rent gains α an	and CC Configurations. rent Flow. Active, Cutoff and Saturation and β, Relation between α and β, applications of	
A B C Mode of examination Weightage	Introduction to Characteristic Physical med Regions, Curr transistors. Theory CA	es of CB, CE a hanism of cur rent gains α an MTE	and CC Configurations. rent Flow. Active, Cutoff and Saturation and β, Relation between α and β, applications of ETE	
A B C Mode of examination Weightage Distribution	Introduction to Characteristic Physical med Regions, Currotransistors. Theory CA 30%	es of CB, CE a hanism of cur rent gains α an MTE 20%	and CC Configurations. rent Flow. Active, Cutoff and Saturation and β, Relation between α and β, applications of ETE 50%	
A B C Mode of examination Weightage	Introduction t Characteristic Physical mechanisms, Curritransistors. Theory CA 30% 1. Solid	es of CB, CE a hanism of current gains α an MTE 20%	and CC Configurations. rent Flow. Active, Cutoff and Saturation and β, Relation between α and β, applications of ETE	
A B C Mode of examination Weightage Distribution	Introduction to Characteristic Physical med Regions, Currotransistors. Theory CA 30% 1. Solid (Text)	es of CB, CE a hanism of current gains α an MTE 20% State Electro book)	ETE 50% nic Devices- B. Streetman, Pearson Education.	
A B C Mode of examination Weightage Distribution	Introduction to Characteristic Physical mechanisms. Curt transistors. Theory CA 30% 1. Solid (Text 2. Electr	es of CB, CE a hanism of current gains α an MTE 20% State Electrobook) onic Devices	and CC Configurations. rent Flow. Active, Cutoff and Saturation and β, Relation between α and β, applications of ETE 50% nic Devices- B. Streetman, Pearson Education. and Circuit Theory- Robert Boylestad and Louis	
A B C Mode of examination Weightage Distribution Text book/s*	Introduction to Characteristic Physical med Regions, Curt transistors. Theory CA 30% 1. Solid (Text 2. Electron Nashe	es of CB, CE a hanism of current gains α and MTE 20% State Electrobook) onic Devices elsky, Prentice	ETE 50% nic Devices- B. Streetman, Pearson Education. and Circuit Theory- Robert Boylestad and Louis Hall. (Text book)	
A B C Mode of examination Weightage Distribution Text book/s*	Introduction to Characteristic Physical mechanisms. Physical mechanisms. Theory CA 30% 1. Solid (Text 2. Electric Nashe) 1. Integri	es of CB, CE a hanism of current gains α and MTE 20% State Electrobook) onic Devices elsky, Prentice ated Electronic descriptions.	ETE 50% nic Devices- B. Streetman, Pearson Education. and Circuit Theory- Robert Boylestad and Louis Hall. (Text book) ics- Millman - Halkias, Tata Mc Graw Hill	
A B C Mode of examination Weightage Distribution Text book/s*	Introduction to Characteristic Physical mechanisms. Physical mechanisms. Theory CA 30% 1. Solid (Text 2. Electric Nashe) 1. Integri	MTE 20% State Electro book) onic Devices elsky, Prentice ated Electronic d A Neaman	ETE 50% nic Devices- B. Streetman, Pearson Education. and Circuit Theory- Robert Boylestad and Louis Hall. (Text book)	



PHB225 Nuclear Physics

Scho	ool: SBSR	Batch: 2020-23	
Prog	gram: B.Sc. (Hons)	Current Academic Year: 2021-22	
Bra	nch: Physics	Semester: IV	
1	Course Code	PHB 225	
2	Course Title	Nuclear Physics	
3	Credits	4	
4	Contact Hours (L-T-P)	3-1-0	
	Course Status	Compulsory	
5	Course Objective	This course aims: 1. To explore nuclear matter 2. To introduce students to the concepts governing nuclear	
		models 3. To explain nuclear decay and radioactivity 4. To learn about various detectors	
6	Course Outcomes	Upon successful completion of this course students will /will be	
		 CO1: Explain the properties of nucleus and illustrate how to measure radius of the nucleus; Describe various models of the nucleus CO2: Evaluate half-life, mean lifetime, activity of the decaying nucleus CO3: Explain the theory behind alpha beta and gamma decay CO4: Compare different types of nuclear reactions and learn about nuclear fission and fusion and their reactors CO5: Explain the concept of nuclear detection and differentiate various counters CO6: Acquire relevant knowledge about nuclear physics to apply it to the real-life problems. 	
7	Course Description	This course illustrates in depth the composition and properties of nucleus, nuclear forces, different models depicting the nucleus, laws governing radioactivity, nuclear decay, types of nuclear reactions and introduces to the concept nuclear detection.	
8	Outline Syllabus		
	Unit 1 Nuclear Structure		
	A	Structure: Nuclear Composition- basic concepts of neutrons, protons, electrons, atomic number, isotopes, atomic mass unit; Experimental procedure to measure nuclear size- Rutherford scattering formula	
	В	Properties: Properties of the Nucleus- charge, mass, size of the nucleus, angular momentum, spin, parity and magnetic moment,	

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		Beyond Boundario					
		s; Stable Nuclei- odd-even effect, pairing of nuc					
		Binding Energy of the Nucleus- binding energy	gy per				
	nucleon;	1 M 11 (2) (77) T' '175 M 11	1				
C		clear Models- (i) The Liquid-Drop Model- vo					
		e effect, Coulomb repulsion effect, symmetry of					
		al binding-energy formula (Weizackers's-Bethe The Shell Model- evidences, theory, energy					
			ievei				
Unit 2		diagram, spin-orbit interaction, magic numbers Radioactivity					
A	· ·	viscovery of radioactivity; Types of radioactive do	ecav				
В	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	activity- the laws of radioactive decay, half-life,					
B							
		ivity; Natural Radioactivity and Radioactive I	Jating				
	$(^{14}C, {}^{40}K)$						
С	Series: Radio	active Series					
Unit 3	Nuclear Deca	·					
A	Alpha decay:	: The Decay Processes- (i) Alpha Decay- disinteg	ration				
	energy (Q-va	alue calculation), alpha-particle energy, Gar	now's				
	theory/tunnel	theory of alpha decay, Geiger-Nuttal Law and	alpha				
	particle spectr		-				
В		Beta Decay: Beta Decay- negative and positive beta decay, electron					
	•	capture, Q-value calculation, beta ray spectra, neutrino hypothes					
	*	non-conservation of parity in beta decay					
С		ay: Gamma Decay- gamma rays, internal conve	rsion				
		recoil of nucleus.					
Unit 4	Nuclear Read	ctions					
A	111111111111111111111111111111111111111	duction; Conservation Laws in Nuclear Reac	tions-				
		disintegration energy or Q-value, exothermic and endothermic					
		reactions, threshold energy;					
В	Fission: Nuc	Fission: Nuclear Fission; Fission in Liquid Drop Model; Chain					
		uclear Reactors;					
С	Fusion: Nucl	ear Fusion; Fusion Reactors and their uses					
Unit 5	Nuclear Rad	iations and Detectors					
A		ounters: Introduction, Concepts to radiation deter	ction,				
		and Bubble Chamber, Scintillation Counter;					
В		azard: Radiation Hazards, Radiation protection	n and				
	covering.						
C		neficial uses of Radiation- tracing, materials analy	ysis,				
3.5.1.05		apy, food preservation, etc.;					
Mode of Exa	•) (m)					
Weightage	CA	MTE ETE					
Distribution	30%	20% 50%					
Text books		epts of Modern Physics-Arthur Beiser (Tata McG	raw				
	Hill E	ducation)					



	 Nuclear Physics-Alex E S Green (Tata McGraw Hill Education) Introductory Nuclear Physics-David Halliday (Asia Publishing House) Concepts of Nuclear Physics- B L Cohen (Tata McGraw Hill Education) Nuclear Physics-J B Rajam (S Chand Publishing Co.)
Other References	 Nuclear Physics- S N Ghoshal (S Chand Publishing Co.) Nuclear Physics-D C Tayal (Himalayan Publishing House) Concept of Nuclear Physics- S P Kuila Nuclear and Particle Physics-S L Kakani & Shubhra Kakani



PHB332 Quantum Mechanics

Bas	ool: School of ic Sciences and	Batch: 2020-23		
	earch R. G.	G		
	gram: B. Sc	Current Academic Year: 2022-23		
	nch: Physics	Semester: V		
1	Course Code	PHB332		
2	Course Title	Quantum Mechanics		
3	Credits	4		
4	Contact Hours (L-T-P)	3-1-0		
	Course Status	Compulsory		
5	Course Objective	 To study the basic principles of quantum mechanics. Explain the operator formulation of quantum mechanics. Students learn the concept of wave function. To study role of uncertainty in quantum physics. Student will learn Schrodinger equation and their applications. 		
6	Course Outcomes	After the completion of this course students will be able to: CO1: Pinpoint the historical aspects of development of quantum mechanics. CO2: Understand the idea of wave particle duality. CO3: understand the uncertainty relations and its applications. CO4: explain the postulates of quantum mechanics. CO5: solve the Schrödinger equation and describe the properties of a particle in simple potential wells. CO6: appreciate quantum mechanics with wave function approach and can apply it on real life problems.		
7	Course description	This course develops concepts in quantum mechanics such that the behaviour of the physical universe can be understood from a fundamental point of view. It provides a basis for further study of quantum mechanics.		
8	Outline Syllabus			
	Unit 1	Introduction to modern physics		
	A	Need for Quantum Physics-Historical Overview: Inadequacy of classical physics		
	В	origin of quantum theory, Blackbody radiation and Plank's hypothesis		
	С	Photo electric effect, Compton Scattering, Pair production.		
	Unit 2	Wave Aspect of Particles		
	A	Matter waves: de-Broglie Hypothesis. Experimental evidence: Davission and Germer experiment, G.P. Thomson experiment		
	В	Electron diffraction and wave-particle duality of matter and light, Quantization of Energy,		



T			Beyond Boundaries
C	Quantum mechanics	on the basis of Bohr's the	heory; Sommerfield theory,
	Short comings of old	quantum theory.	
Unit 3	Uncertainty principl	e	
A	Wave packets Phas	se velocity and Grou	p velocity, Superposition
	Principle	se velocity and Grou	p velocity, superposition
В		ertainty Principle - Sta	atement, interpretation and
С		ectron in a nucleus, ra	dius of Bohr's first orbit,
Unit 4	Basic features of Qu	antum Mechanics	
A	Basic postulates of Q	uantum Mechanics.	
В	1		bservable and operators.
С	Pauli's exclusion p functions.	rinciple, Symmetric	and anti-symmetric wave
Unit 5	Schrodinger Equation	on and Applications	
A	-	of matter waves: Time dant Schrodinger equat	In-dependant Schrodinger ion
В		e and finite), potential s	
С			onal Harmonic Oscillator.
Mode of Examination	Theory		
Weightage	CA	MTE	ЕТЕ
Distribution	30%	20%	50%
Text books	 Concepts of mode Quantum Mechan India Ltd. Quantum Mechan 	rn physics by A. Beiser ics by A. Ghatak and ics: Concept and Application mechanics by	
Other References	 Modern Quantum Mechanics by J.J. Sakurai and San Fu Tuan (Addison Wesley) Quantum Mechanics by L.I. Schiff (Mc Graw Hill) A Text book of Quantum Mechanics, P. M. Mathews and K.Venkatesan, Tata McGraw Hill Quantum Physics by R. Eisberg and R. Resnick (Wiley and Sons) 		



PHB 333 Applied Optics

Sch	ool: SBSR	Batch: 2020-23		
	gram: B.Sc.	Current Academic Year: 2022-23		
	nch: Physics	Semester: V		
1	Course Code	PHB333		
2	Course Title	Applied Optics		
3	Credits	4		
4	Contact Hours (L-T-P)	3-1-2		
	Course Status	Compulsory		
5	Course Objective	Lasers, optical fiber and holography and their applications have become integral part of our society. This course provides the knowledge of fundamental concepts and working principle of various laser, optical fiber and holography with their applications.		
6	Course Outcomes	CO1: Provides the students a thorough understanding of the fundamentals of lasers and their unique properties. CO2: Knowledge of different lasers design and its various applications. CO3: Knowledge of basics of holography, construction and re-contraction of hologram and recording materials. CO4: Understanding of Interferometry and different types of hologram and its applications. CO5: Adequate knowledge of basic concepts of optical fibers, properties and industrial applications of optical fibers. CO6: Describe the basic laser physics, working of lasers, holography and theory of optical fibers.		
7	Course Description	This course provides the basic understanding about the various laser systems and their applications. Provide knowledge about structure of optical fiber, light propagation in optical fiber, construction, reconstruction of hologram and their applications.		
8	Outline syllabus			
	Unit 1	Concepts of Laser		
	A	Introduction, coherent sources, Absorption, Spontaneous and Stimulated emission, Einstein's coefficients.		
	В	Optical amplification, Population inversion and Optical pumping, Active components of laser		
	С	Optical Resonators: Stable and unstable resonators, Threshold condition for laser action.		
	Unit 2	Types of Laser		
	A	Solid state laser (Ruby, Nd:Yag),		
	В	gas laser (He-Ne, CO ₂ laser)		
	С	Semiconductor diode laser: Homo and Hetero junction, applications of lasers.		
	Unit 3	Holography		
	A	Introduction, basic principle of holography, Recording of hologram, Reconstruction of hologram, Hologram of a point source,		



				🕓 🎾 Beyond Boundaries
	В	Requirements	s in making hol	ogram, Transmission and Reflection
		holograms, Pl	lane and Volun	ne holograms,
	C	Recording materials for holograms: silver halides, dichromatic gelatin,		
		photoresist et	c,	
	Unit 4	Interferomet	ry and Imagii	ng
	A	Interferometr	y: Michelson ii	nterferometer, Fabry Perot interferometer,
	В	Optical Data	storage, Displa	y, HOEs (Holographic optical elements),
	С	Colour hologi	raphy: Recordi	ng with multiple wavelength, White light
		holograms an	d acoustic holo	graphy
	Unit 5	Optical Fibe	r	
	A	Introduction,	Structure of op	tical fibers, light propagation through an
		optical fiber,	parameters rel	ated to an optical fiber
	В	Classification	of optical fibe	rs, attenuation, dispersion
	С	Advantages a	nd disadvantag	ges of optical fiber, Introduction of optical
		fibre communication system		
	Mode of	Class test (10),Assignments	(10) and presentation (10)
	examination			
	Weightage	CA	MTE	ETE
	Distribution	30%	20%	50%
	Text book/s*	An introducti	on to Lasers: T	Theory and Applications by M. N.
		Avadhanulu (Text book)	
	Other References			Application) by K.Thyagarajan &
			Shatak	
				ar Optics by B.B. Laud (New Age
				l Edition) (text book)
				by A.K. Ghatak& K. Thyagarajan
		_		nications by John M. Senior (Second
		Editio	n)	



PHB334 Oscillations and Waves

Sch	ool: SBSR	Batch: 2018-2021
Program: B.Sc.		Current Academic Year: 2020-2021
	nch: Physics	Semester: 5 th
1	Course Code	PHB334
2	Course Title	Oscillations and Waves
3	Credits	4
4	Contact	3-1-0
•	Hours	
	(L-T-P)	
	Course Status	Compulsory
5	Course	1. To develop an idea of superposition of waves and nature of oscillation
	Objective	2. To know the brief detail of damping of oscillation and energy related to
	J 1 3 1 1 1 1	the system.
		3. To know about the forced damping of waves and resonance of waves and
		to know about the wave motion and also about the coupled oscillation.
		4. Deduce the classical, differential equations of waves and to learn about
		the modulation, propagation and dispersion of waves.
		5. To understand the basics of acoustics of building and conditions of a
		good quality hall.
6	Course	CO1: Learn the basics of waves and oscillation.
	Outcomes	CO2: Learn the superposition principle of waves and beat phenomenon and
		Lissajous Figures.
		CO3: learn about the damping of waves and about its energy.
		CO4: learn about forced oscillations and coupled oscillation
		CO5: learn about the idea of classical wave equation, propagation of waves
		in different media.
		CO6: learn about acoustics and able to apply course knowledge on
		mechanical and electrical systems.
7	Course	This course is designed for B.Sc. third year students. This course deals the
	Description	basics of different types of oscillations and waves. It also describes the
		basic knowledge of the subject to electrical and mechanical systems.
8	Outline syllabu	
	Unit 1	Superposition of Harmonic Oscillations
	A	The superposition principle and linearity, Superposition of Two Collinear
		Harmonic Oscillations
	В	Superposition of Two Collinear Harmonic Oscillations: Oscillations having
		equal and different frequencies: Beats, Application of Beats,
	С	Superposition of two perpendicular harmonic oscillations: Oscillations
	TT 1/ 0	having equal frequencies and different frequencies, Lissajous Figures.
	Unit 2	Free Damped Oscillations (One degree of freedom)
	A	Damping forces, Oscillation of systems with one degree of freedom,
	В	Energy of a weakly damped oscillator, Logarithmic Decrement, Relaxation
		time, Quality factor,
	C	Damped Oscillations of Mechanical impedances.



Unit 3	Forced Oscil	lations and C	oupled Oscillations		
A		ations, Forced ady State – A	Oscillations of one dimensional harmonic mplitude		
В	-	Coupled Oscillations, Two coupled pendulums, Normal Coordinates and Normal Modes			
С	Transverse vibration of a string, Classical wave equation				
Unit 4	Wave Motion	n	-		
A		•	ve motion, Wave velocities in continuous a for velocity of sound		
В	Modulations,	Wave Groups	and Pulses, Particle and Wave Velocities		
С	Normal and A	nomalous dis	persion		
Unit 5	Acoustics				
A	Acoustics of building, Condition for a good hall				
В	Reverberation time, Sabine's Reverberation formula				
C	Absorption Coefficient measurement.				
Mode of examination	Theory/Jury/l	Practical/Viva			
Weightage	CA	MTE	ETE		
Distribution	30%	20%	50%		
Text book/s*	The Physics of Waves and Oscillations by N.K. Bajaj (Tata McGraw-Hill, 1988 1. Vibrations and Waves by A. P. French. (CBS Pub. & Dist., 1987) 2. Fundamentals of Waves & Oscillations by K. Uno Ingard (Cambridge University Press, 1988)				
Other References					
		roduction to I kow (McGraw	Mechanics by Daniel Kleppner, Robert JHill 1973)		
		•	ysics Course (SIE) by Franks Crawford.		



PHB335 Analog Electronic Devices

School: School of Batch: 2020-23				
Basic Sciences		Daten. 2020-25		
and Research				
		Current Academic Year: 2022-23		
(Ho	_	Current Academic Tear. 2022-23		
	nch: Physics	Semester: V		
1	Course Code	PHB335		
2	Course Title	Analog Electronic Devices		
3	Credits	4		
4	Contact	3-1-0		
	Hours			
	(L-T-P)			
	Course Status	Compulsory /Elective/Open Elective		
5	Course	6. 1. To provide students an understanding of fundamentals of electrical		
	Objective	circuits and theorems.		
		7. To develop understanding of the working principle of Bipolar		
		junction transistor as a switch.		
		8. To demonstrate JFET and MOSFET and variety of special diodes		
		used in electronic industry.		
		9. To provide knowledge of basics of operational amplifier and its		
		applications.		
6	Course	After the completion of this course,		
	Outcomes			
		CO1: Students will show that they have learned basics of electrical circuits		
with the help of variety of theorems.				
		CO2: Students will gain knowledge of Biploar junction transistor and its		
		various parameters		
		CO3: Students will differentiate between JFET and MOSFET		
		CO4: Students will learn the concept of different types of special diodes and		
		their applications in research problems		
		CO5: Students will have a clear understanding of fundamentals of		
		operational amplifiers used in electronic industries.		
		CO6: Students will get the deep insight of analog electronic devices useful		
7	Course	in day to today life. This course will help students to know about the fundamentals of various		
1		analog devices.		
8	Outline syllabi			
0	Unit 1	Electrical Circuits		
	A	Constant current source and constant voltage source, Conversion of voltage		
		source into current source		
	В	Thevenin's theorem, Norton's theorem, Superposition theorem		
	С			
	Unit 2	Maximum power transfer theorem Pinglan Jungtian Transistor		
Unit 2 Bipolar Junction 1 ra		Bipolar Junction Transistor		



s and Voltage				
1 lines analysis O				
Divider Bias, Single stage amplifier Practical singuit of transistan amplifier DC and AC lead lines analysis. O				
Practical circuit of transistor amplifier, DC and AC load lines analysis, Q point, h-parameter equivalent circuit				
Iodel, BJT as a				
num channel width,				
Field dependent mobility, pinch-off, I-V curves, Basic construction of MOSFET and its working, I-V characteristics and its				
similarity with JFET, Enhancement and depletion modes				
olications of JFET				
and MOSFET				
emitting Diode,				
_				
Semiconductor Laser diode, Solar cell, Tunnel Diode				
Silicon-Controlled Rectifier				
Operational Amplifier				
Introduction to Op-amp, Properties of ideal amplifier				
Inverting and non-inverting amplifier, CMRR				
Applications of operational amplifier as Adder, Subtractor, Differentiator,				
Integrator				
Mc Graw Hill.				
2. Electronic Devices and Circuit Theory- Robert Boylestad and Louis				
Pearson Education.				
2. Semiconductor Device Fundamentals- Robert F. Pierret Addison				
Wesley Longman.				
ald A Neaman, Tata				



PHB336 Statistical Mechanics

Sch	ool: SBSR	Batch: 2020-23		
Pro	gram: MSc	Current Academic Year: 2022-23		
Bra	nch: Physics	Semester: v		
1	Course Code	PHB336		
2	Course Title	Statistical Mechanics		
3	Credits	4		
4	Contact Hours	3-1-0		
	(L-T-P)			
	Course Status	Compulsory		
5	Course Objective	 This course aims: To establish an understanding of the basics of Statistical mechanics. Students are made aware of the concept of phase space, ensembles and the types of ensembles. To make students aware of partition function, Maxwell velocity distribution and Gibb's paradox. To provide detailed understanding of black body radiation and its 		
6	Course Outcomes	Upon successful completion of this course, the student will be able to: CO1: Acquire knowledge of phase space, entropy, classical and quant statistics. CO2: Understand the concept of ensembles and their types and probabi functions.		
		CO3: Develop an understanding of Entropy of mixing and Gibb's parado Sackur Tetrode equation, Maxwell Boltzmann Statistics and partitifunction. CO4: Learn fundamentals of thermal radiation, black body radiation and		
		properties, Rayleigh jeans law, Planck's law of Radiation. CO5: Learn the concept of quantum statistics, Boson gas, fermions, B-E statistics and Fermi dirac statistics		
		CO6: Understand, analyze and apply the concept of statistical mechanics to various problems which help to explain the behavior of large system.		
7	Course Description	This course introduces the various concepts, methods and terminologies of statistical mechanics that are further used to develop the statistics for Bose-Einstein, Fermi-Dirac etc. Also to understand the concept of Radiation. Statistical Mechanics can be used to explain the thermodynamic behavior of large system.		



		Beyond Boundaries			
0	O41: 11 1				
8	Outline syllabus	Introduction to Classical Statistics			
	Unit 1	Introduction to Classical Statistics			
	A	Scope and aim of Statistical mechanics, Transition from thermodynamics to			
	_	statistical mechanics, Classical and quantum statistics.			
	В	Statistical approach to thermodynamic quantities: (Pressure, temperature,			
		internal energy, Entropy)			
	С	Entropy as a variable of state, Thermodynamic probability, Microscopic and			
		Macroscopic states, Phase Space			
	Unit 2	Concepts of ensembles			
	A	Contact between statistical and thermodynamic quantities, Boltzmann			
		relation for entropy			
	В	Calculation of thermodynamic properties, Elementary concept of Ensemble:			
		micro-canonical, canonical and grand-canonical ensembles			
	С	Ω_0 as a function of energy, Calculation of $\Omega_{\rm MB}$.			
	Unit 3	Classical Statistics			
	A	Statistical approach to the laws of classical thermodynamics, Entropy of			
		mixing and Gibb's paradox,			
	В	Sackur Tetrode equation, Maxwell Boltzmann Statistics, Partition function,			
	С	Maxwell velocity distribution and mean values			
	Unit 4	Theory of Radiation			
	A	Properties of Thermal Radiation; Blackbody Radiation; Kirchhoff's Law;			
		Stefan-Boltzmann Law.			
	В	Wien's Displacement law, Radiation Pressure, Rayleigh-Jean's Law,			
		Ultraviolet Catastrophe,			
	C	Planck's Quantum Postulates, Planck's Law of Blackbody Radiation,			
		Experimental Verification.			
	Unit 5	Quantum Statistics			
	Quantum restrictions on translational, rotational and vibration forms of the				
		energy, Calculation of Ω_{MB} and Ω_{BE} ,			
	В	Distribution functions: Bose-Einstein (BE) Distribution Function, Fermi			
		Dirac (FD) Distribution function			
	С	Photon gas, Boson Gas, Applications of BE and FD distributions.			
	Mode of	Theory/Viva			
	examination				
	Weightage	CA MTE ETE			
	Distribution	30% 20% 50%			
	Text book/s*	 Fundamentals of classical and statistical thermodynamics, Bimalendu 			
		N. Roy, Wiley			
		 Heat thermodynamics and Statistical Physics, S. S. Singhal, J. P. 			
		Agrawal, Satya Prakash			
		• Thermal Physics, S. C. Garg, R. M. Bansal, C. K. Ghosh, Tata			
		McGraw-Hill			
		 Heat and Thermodynamics, Zemanskay and Dittman, McGraw H 			



	Statistical Mechanics, R.K. Patharia, Pergamin press, Oxford
Other	Thermodynamics and Statistical Mechanics, Greiner, Springer
References	• Statistical and Thermal Physics: an introduction by S. Lokanathan and
	R.S. Gambhir.



PHB337 Renewable Energy

Sch	nool: SBSR	Batch: 2020-23		
	ogram: B.Sc.	Current Academic Year: 2022-23		
	anch: Physics	Semester: 6th		
1	Course	PHB337		
	Code			
2	Course	RENEWABLE ENERGY		
	Title			
3	Credits	4		
4	Contact	3-1-0		
	Hours			
	(L-T-P)			
	Course	Compulsory		
	Status			
5	Course	1. To know the importance of Physics and Materials Science.		
	Objective	2. To utilize the various synthesis procedure to develop materials.		
		3. To explain the practical application of materials in various area.		
6	Course	CO1: Learn the basics of Energy/Technology		
	Outcomes	CO2: Understand the correlation between Applied science and Technology		
		CO3: Apply the concept of Renewable energy and technology at certain levels.		
		CO4: Develop renewable devices.		
		CO5: Create the path to handle materials and devices.		
		CO6: Expertise in various tools will make a bridge between industry and		
		students and Find out the platform for employment in high tech industries		
7	Course	Renewable energy power generation has grown as a result of clean energy		
	Description	policies in many countries. The fastest growing of these green energy sources		
		is solar power and wind power. Hydro power is the largest alternative energy		
		source but geothermal power, biomass power and tidal power are starting to		
		make strides in the market.		
8	Outline syllab	bus		
	Unit 1	Fossil fuels and Alternate Sources of Energy		
	A	Fossil fuels and nuclear energy, their limitation, need of renewable energy,		
		non-conventional energy sources		
	В	An overview of developments in Offshore Wind Energy, Tidal Energy, Wave		
		energy systems, Ocean Thermal Energy Conversion, solar energy, biomass,		
		biochemical conversion, biogas generation		
		Geothermal energy tidal energy, Hydroelectricity. Environmental issues and		
		Renewable sources of energy, sustainability		
	Unit 2	Solar Energy		
	A	Solar energy, its importance, storage of solar energy, solar pond, non-		
		convective solar pond, applications of solar pond and solar energy		
		Solar water heater, flat plate collector, solar distillation, solar cooker, solar		
		green houses, solar cell		



		NT 1 1 1		Beyond Boundaries	
	С	Need and characteristics of photovoltaic (PV) systems, PVmodels and			
		equivalent circuits, and sun tracking systems			
	Unit 3	Wind and Ocean Energy			
	A			Wind Turbines and different electrical	
		machines in wir			
	В	Ocean Energy:	Ocean Energy Po	otential against Wind and Solar, Wave	
		Characteristics	and Statistics, W	ave Energy Devices	
	C	Tide characteris	stics and Statistic	s, Tide Energy Technologies, Ocean Thermal	
		Energy,Osmotic	Power, Ocean I	Bio-mass	
	Unit 4	Geothermal an	d Hydro energy	7	
	A		· · ·	l Resources, Geothermal Technologies	
	В			ources, hydropower technologies	
	C		impact of hydro		
	C	Liivii oiiii ciitai	impact of figure	power sources.	
	Unit 5	Piezoelectric F	nergy harvestin	α	
	A			eteristics of piezoelectric effect, materials and	
	A				
	D	mathematical description of piezoelectricity			
	В	Piezoelectric parameters and modelling piezoelectric generators			
C Piezoelectric energy harvesting applic			applications		
	Mode of	Theory			
	examination		Γ		
	Weightage	CA	MTE	ETE	
	Distribution	30%	20%	50%	
	Text	1. Non-conventional energy sources - G.D Rai - Khanna Publishers,			
	book/s*	New	Delhi		
	Other	1. Sola	r energy - M P A	garwal - S Chand and Co. Ltd.	
	References		•••	s P Sukhative Tata McGraw - Hill Publishing	
			pany Ltd.		
			1 2	ewable Energy, Power for a sustainable future",	
			l,	<i>5</i> ,	
			•	ress, in association with The Open University.	
			-	olar Energy: Resource Assesment Handbook,	
		2009			
				and S. Jarosek, Photovoltaics, Lawrence J	
			drich (USA).	and S. Jarosek, Photovoltaics, Lawrence J	
			, ,	rg/wiki/Renewable_energy	
		7. http:	//en.wikipeuia.0i	ig/wiki/Keliewavie_cheigy	



PHB338 Atomic and Molecular Physics

Sch	ool: SBSR	Batch: 2020-23
Pro	gram: BSc	Current Academic Year: 2022-23
	ysics)	
Bra	nch:	Semester: VI
1	Course Code	PHB338
2	Course Title	Atomic and Molecular Physics
3	Credits	4
4	Contact	3-1-0
	Hours	
	(L-T-P)	
	Course Status	Compulsory
5	Course Objective	 To know concept of atomic particle and structure of an atom. To understand the orbital and spin motion of an electron in an atom.
		3. To know the concept of pauli principle and coupling.
		4. To understand the concept of molecular spectra and scattering
		mechanism concept of pauli principle and coupling.
		meenamsin concept of pauli principle and coupling.
6	Course Outcomes	After the completion of this course, the student will be able to CO1: To understand the electron discovery and different atomic models
		CO2: To know the hydrogen atom spectra and the relativistic corrections for the energy levels of the hydrogen atom.
		CO3: To explain the observed dependence of atomic spectral lines on externally applied electric and magnetic fields.
		CO4: To understand the importance of spin orbit interactions.
		CO5: State and justify the selection rules for various optical spectroscopies
		in terms of the symmetries of molecular vibrations, Raman Spectra and Raman Scattering.
		CO6: To understand the concepts and potential applications of atomic and
		molecular physics and successfully apply the theoretical techniques
		presented in the course to practical problems.
7	Course	Atom and molecule are the fundamental unit for all matters in universe.
	Description	Matter, whatever the states, is made of atoms. The properties of all matters
		are governed by the electronic structure of atom and molecule. They have
		individual properties like electronic, magnetic and optical properties, which
		are quite different from the collective properties of matter made of atoms and
		molecules. This course will enlighten the knowledge of atoms and molecules
		and build up the pre-requisite knowledge for all science and engineering field.
		The course contains description of atomic models, atomic spectra, energy
		levels of hydrogen atom and other heavier atoms, effect of magnetic and
		electric field on the energy spectra, spin orbit interactions, molecular spectra,
		Raman spectra and Raman Scattering.
8	Outline syllabu	
	Unit 1	Atomic model



			Beyond Boundaries	
A	Elementary particles of atom; Atom radius; electron's discovery			
В	Thomson mo	del, Rutherfor	d model, Bohr's model, Somerfield model	
С	Bohr's postul	ates, Bohr's tl	heory of hydrogen atom, Somerfield correction.	
Unit 2	Atom in electric and magnetic field			
A	Electron Ang	ular Momentu	ım, Space Quantization, Electron Spin and Spin	
	Angular Mon	nentum.		
В	Larmor's The	orem, Spin M	lagnetic Moment, Stern-Gerlach Experiment	
С	Total Angula	r Momentum	of an electron, Gyromagnetic Ratio and Bohr	
	Magneton. No	ormal and And	omalous Zeeman Effect. Paschen Back and	
	Stark Effect (Qualitative Di	iscussion only).	
Unit 3	Many electro			
A	Pauli's Exclu	sion Principle	. Symmetric and Antisymmetric Wave Functions	
В	Fine structure	, Spin orbit co	oupling, Spectral Notations for Atomic States,	
	Total Angula	r Momentum		
C			couplings, Hund's Rule, selection rules, Spectra	
	of Hydrogen	and Alkali Ate	oms (Na etc.).	
Unit 4	Molecular S ₁	pectra		
A	Born-Oppenh	hiemer approximation, potential energy curve		
В	Introduction to rotational and vibrational spectra of a molecule			
С	Introduction to electronic spectra of a molecule, energy levels and Selection			
	rule.			
Unit 5	Scattering			
A	Rayleigh scat			
В		ring, Raman E		
С	Characteristic	s of Raman L	ines, Stoke's and Anti-Stoke's Lines.	
Mode of	Theory/Jury/l	Practical/Viva		
examination				
Weightage	CA	MTE	ETE	
Distribution	30%	20%	50%	
Text book/s*			mic Spectra: H.E. White.	
			ular Spectra, Raj Kumar, Kedar Nath and Ram	
		Delhi.		
Other			nd Molecules: Bransdenand Joachain.	
References	4. Introd	uction to Ator	mic Spectra: HG Kuhn.	
	5. Funda	mentals of Mo	olecular Spectroscopy, IVth Edition, Colin N.	
	Banwell and Elaine M. McCash, Tata McGraw Hill Publishing			
	Company Limited, New Delhi. (Text Book)			
 L	l .			



PHB320 Instrumentation

School: School of		Batch: 2020-23		
Basic Sciences				
and	Research			
	gram: B.Sc.	Current Academic Year: 2022-23		
(Ho				
	nch: Physics	Semester: VI		
1	Course Code	PHB320		
2	Course Title	Instrumentation		
3	Credits	4		
4	Contact	3-1-0		
	Hours			
	(L-T-P) Course Status	Compulsory		
5	Course Status	Compulsory 1. To provide students an understanding of fundamentals of various		
3	Objective			
	Objective	measurement techniques and errors along with the working principle		
		of digital and analog instruments.		
		2. To demonstrate CRO, variety of transducers and sensors used in		
		physics, material sciences, chemistry, nanotechnology and electronics.		
		3. To provide knowledge of various mechanical pumps in line with		
		physics principles and theories.		
6	Course	After the completion of this course,		
	Outcomes			
		CO1: Students will show that they have learned basic measurements		
		techniques and errors CO2: Students will differentiate among digital and analog instruments used		
		in daily life		
		CO3: Students will gain knowledge of CRO to analyze input output signals		
		CO4: Students will have a clear understanding of fundamentals of various		
		transducers and sensors used in professional and scientific community.		
		CO5: Students will learn the concept of different types of mechanical pumps		
		and their uses in research problems.		
		CO6: Students have complete knowledge of various instruments used in		
		laboratories and day to day life.		
7	Course	This course provides basic knowledge of various instruments used in scientific		
	Description	laboratories and the measurement errors encountered during experiments.		
8	Outline syllabu			
	Unit 1	Measurement and Errors Analysis		
	A	Instruments accuracy, precision, sensitivity and resolution range, Errors in		
	D	measurements		
	В	Statistical analysis – T test and chi ² test		
	С	Units and Standards of Measurements, Fundamental and Derived Units,		
		Hierarchy of Standards.		



	Unit 2	Analog and Digital Instrumentation			
	A	Galvanometer (moving coil, and moving magnet), Voltmeter and ammeter -			
		Principle and working, Impedance and sensitivity, measurement of high/low			
		voltage, AC and DC options.			
	В	Digital Instruments: Principle and working of digital meters. Comparison of			
		analog & digital instruments.			
	C	Multimeter: Principles of measurement, Specifications of a multimeter and its			
		significance			
	Unit 3	Cathode Ray Oscilloscope			
	A	Block diagram of basic CRO, Construction of CRT, Electron gun,			
		electrostatic focusing and acceleration (Explanation only), Front panel			
		controls			
	В	Use of CRO for the measurement of voltage (dc and ac frequency, time			
		period, Special features of dual trace),			
	C	Introduction to digital oscilloscope, probes, Digital storage Oscilloscope:			
		Block diagram and principle of working.			
	Unit 4	Transducers & Sensors			
	A	Static and dynamic characteristics of measurement Systems.			
	В	Transducers and their characteristics, Temperature transducers.			
		Thermocouples.			
	С	Sensors – definition and classification, LDR, Photo diode.			
	Unit 5	Fundamental of Vacuum System			
	A	Characteristics of vacuum: Mean free path. Applications of vacuum.			
	В	Measurement of Vacuum: Pressure gauges – Pirani and Penning Gauge.			
	С	Mechanical pumps, Rotary Vane Pumps, Diffusion & Molecular pump, pumping speed.			
	Mode of	Theory			
	examination				
	Weightage	CA MTE ETE			
	Distribution	30% 20% 50%			
	Text book/s*	• Industrial Instrumentation and Control; S. K. Singh; The McGraw-			
		Hill.			
		• Electronic Instrumentation: Second Edition, H. S. Kalsi; The McGraw-			
		Hill			
		• Electrical Measurements and Measuring Instruments (EMMI), A. K.			
		Sawhney.			
		Modern Electronic Instrumentation and Measurement Techniques,			
		Albert D. Helfrik and William D. Cooper.			
	Other	• Instrumentation Devices and Systems, C.S. Rangan, G.R. Sarma,			
	References	V.S.V. Mani, Tata McGraw Hill			
		Principles of Electronic Instrumentation, D. Patranabis, PHI Learning			
	Pvt. Ltd.				
		Statistical Methods, S. P. Gupta			



PHB340 Digital Electronics

Sch	ool: : School	Batch: 2020-23	
	asic Sciences		
and	Research		
Pro	gram: B.Sc.	Current Academic Year: 2022-23	
(Ho	ns)		
Bra	nch: Physics	Semester: VI	
1	Course Code	PHB340	
2	Course Title	Digital Electronics	
3	Credits	4	
4	Contact	3-1-0	
	Hours		
	(L-T-P)		
	Course Status	Compulsory	
5	Course	1. 1. To provide students an understanding of different number systems	
	Objective	and their conversion.	
		2. To develop concepts of Boolean algebra and logic circuitry such as	
		adders, subractors, encoders, decorder and parity checkers.	
		3. To provide knowledge of basics of flip flops used in sequential circuits.	
6	Course	After the completion of this course,	
	Outcomes		
		CO1: Students will show that they have learned basics of number system.	
		CO2: Students will gain knowledge of Boolean algebra and various switching	
		functions.	
		CO3: Students will learn the concept of different types of logic gates and their	
		truth tables.	
		CO4: Students will differentiate between different combinational circuits	
		such as adders and subtractors.	
		CO5: Students will have a clear understanding of Flip Flops used in	
		electronic industries.	
		CO6: Students will be able to know about concepts of digital circuits useful	
		in electronic industry.	
7	Course	This course will provide an in depth understanding of various digital electronic	
	Description	circuits such as logic gates, adder subtractors and flip flops.	
8	Outline syllabu		
	Unit 1	Number System	
	A	Binary, octal, hexadecimal and decimal number systems,	
	В	Conversion among different number systems, Binary arithmatic,	
	С	1's and 2's compliment of a binary number.	
	Unit 2	Boolean Algebra	
	A	De Morgan's Theorems, Boolean Laws, Simplification of logic circuit using	
		Boolean algebra	
	В	Conversion of a Truth Table into an Equivalent Logic Circuit by (1) Sum of	
		Products (SOP) method and (2) Product of sums (POS) method	
	C	Simplification of switching functions using Karough maps upto 4 variables	



Unit 3	Logic Gates	Logic Gates			
A	Positive and	negative logic	, AND, OR, NOT (using diodes and transistors),		
	Symbols and	truth tables			
В	NAND, XOR	NAND, XOR, NOR and XNOR Gates			
C	NAND and N	NAND and NOR gates as universal gates			
Unit 4	Combination	nal Logic Circ	cuits		
A	Half Adders	and Full Adde	rs and Subtractors (only up to Eight Bits)		
В	Decoders, En	coders			
С	Parity Check	ers			
Unit 5 Sequential Circuits					
A	R-S, D, J-K F	R-S, D, J-K Flip-Flops			
В	Level Clocke	Level Clocked and Edge Triggered Flip-Flops			
С	Master-Slave	Master-Slave JK Flip-Flop			
Mode of	Theory	Theory			
examination	-				
Weightage	CA MTE ETE		ETE		
Distribution	30%	20%	50%		
Text book/s*	1. Digital Pri	1. Digital Principle and Application: Malvino Leach.			
Other	 Digital Electronics by R.P. Jain, Digital Electronics by V K Puri, TMH 				
References					
	3. Digital Fundamentals, 3rd Edition by Thomas L.				



PHB341 Particle and Astrophysics

Sch	ool: SBSR	Batch: 2020-23	
	gram: B.Sc.	Current Academic Year: 2022-23	
	nch: Physics	Semester: VI	
1	Course Code	PHB341	
2	Course Title	Particle and Astrophysics	
3	Credits	4	
4	Contact	3-1-0	
	Hours		
	(L-T-P)		
	Course Status	Compulsory	
5	Course	1. To know the basic interactions among particles and quantum numbers	
	Objective	2. To classify elementary particles on the basis of properties	
		3. To get introduced to particle accelerators and their working principle	
		4. To analyse the different types of cosmic rays present in the universe and to	
		understand the celestial bodies of the universe	
6	Course	CO1: Learn the different types of interactions among particles	
	Outcomes	CO2: Understand the existence of elementary particles	
		CO3: Importance of particle accelerators for different application	
		CO4: Study of different phenomena caused by cosmic rays	
		CO5: Figure out different celestial body and their existence	
		CO6: Understand the structure of sun and stellar energy source	
7	Course	This course is concerned with the physical nature of stars and other celestial	
	Description	bodies, and the application of the laws and theories of physics to the	
		interpretation of astronomical observations.	
8	Outline syllabu		
	Unit 1	Basic interactions in nature and Conservation laws	
	A	Four basic interactions in nature and their relative strength, examples of different	
		types of interactions	
	В	Feynman diagrams for basic electromagnetic, weak and strong interactions.	
	С	Quantum numbers – mass, charge, spin, isotopic spin, intrinsic parity,	
		hypercharge, strangeness, and conservation laws.	
	Unit 2	Elementary Particles	
	A	Classifications of elementary particles – hadrons and leptons,	
	В	baryons and mesons	
	С	elementary idea about quark structure of hadrons – octet and decuplet families	
	Unit 3	Particle Accelerators	
	A	Particle Accelerators: Van de Graff generator, Principle and working of Linear	
	D	accelerators (LINAC)	
	В	Principle and working of Cyclotron, Betatron	
	C	Synchrotron, Large Hadron Collider	
	Unit 4	Cosmic Rays	
	A	Introduction and origin of primary cosmic rays; energy and charge spectrum,	
		Secondary cosmic rays and its composition	



				Beyond Boundaries
	В	Variation in o	cosmic ray into	ensity, latitude effect, east-west effect, longitude
		effect, altitude effect.		
	C	Geomagnetic	and solar effe	ects, van Allen belts, aurora
Unit 5 Astrophysics			S	
	A	Structure of the Sun, sunspots, solar flares, stellar energy source, p-p and C-N		
		cycles.		
	В	Stars and the	eir temperatu	res and magnitudes, H-R diagram. Stellar evolution
		(hydrostatic a	and thermal eq	uilibrium).
	С	White dwarfs	, Chandrashel	khar mass limit, pulsars, neutron stars and black holes,
		Schwarzschil	d radius.	
	Mode of	Theory		
	examination			
	Weightage	CA	MTE	ETE
	Distribution	30%	20%	50%
	Text book/s*	1. H.A.	Enge: Introduc	ction to Nuclear Physics (Addison Wesley)
	Other	2. Robei	t C. Harymes:	Introduction to space science (John Wiley and sons)
	References	3. Segre: Nuclei and Particles		
			Pomerantz: C	
		Ŧ. WI./X.	i omerantz. C	osine tays
	l .	l .		



Practical Courses: Physics Department



PHB151 Physics Lab 1

Scho	ool: SBSR	Batch: 2020-23
	gram: B.Sc.	Current Academic Year: 2022-23
	nch: Physics	Semester: I
1	Course Code	PHB151
2	Course Title	Physics Lab 1
3	Credits	1
4	Contact Hours	0-0-2
	(L-T-P)	
	Course Status	Compulsory
5	Course	To provide students an understanding about fly wheel, compound pendulum.
	Objective	To provide students an understanding of gravity via simple pendulum and
		compound pendulum setups.
		To study bending of a beam via stress and strain.
		To understand the viscous nature of any liquid using Pouselli method.
6	Course	CO1: Students will understand simple harmonic motion and its conditions
	Outcomes	of one dimension.
		CO2: Students will be able to understand the fly wheel structure and its
		different applications.
		CO3: Students will have a clear understanding about depression in a beam
		via loading it at its one end.
		CO4: Students will be able to handle travelling microscope, vernier calipers,
		screw gauge, stop watch also students will gain knowledge of manometer,
		capillary tube. CO5: Students will learn to measure the height of a building.
		CO6: Students will learn about modulus of rigidity of a material and
		moment of inertia also.
7	Course	This course deals with the basic concepts of mechanics. Students will be
	Description	guided to use travelling microscope, vernier calipers, screw gauge, stop
	P	watch. This course deals with many different concepts of mechanics via
		simple experiments.
8	Outline syllabus	
	Unit 1	Practical's related to gravity
	A	To measure the acceleration due to gravity using a simple pendulum. And
		verify the relation.
		\overline{L}
		$T = 2\pi \sqrt{\frac{L}{g}}$
		Y 8
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b, c	 (i) To determine the acceleration due to gravity (g) by means of a compound pendulum. (ii) To determine radius of gyration about an axis through the center of gravity for the compound pendulum. 			
Unit 2	Practical related to moment of inertia			
A	To determine the moment of inertia of Flywheel about its axis of rotation.			
b, c	To calculate Moment of inertia of different irregular shapes.			
Unit 3	Practical related to coefficient of viscosity of water			
a, b, c	To determine the coefficient of viscosity of water by Poiseuille's method.			
Unit 4	Practical related to measuring of height of a building			
a, b, c	To determine the height of a building by the help of a Sextant.			
Unit 5	Practical related to elasticity			
a	To determine Young's modulus of a material by the bending of abeam clamped at one end and loaded at one of its end by cantilever method.			
b, c	To determine the modulus of rigidity of a material of a given wire with an inertia table (torsion pendulum) by dynamical method.			
Mode of examination	Jury+Practical+Viva			
Weightage	CA MTE ETE			
Distribution	60% 0% 40%			
Text book/s*	B.Sc. Practical Physics- Harnam Singh, S. Chand Publishing			
Other	B.Sc. Practical Physics- C L Arora, S. Chand Publishing			
References	Basic electronics and linear circuits – N N Bhargava, D C Kulshreshtha, S C Gupta, Tata McGraw-Hill publishing company Ltd.			



PHB152 Physics Lab 2

School: School of Basic Sciences and Research		Batch: 2020-23
	gram: B.Sc.	Current Academic Year: 2020-21
Bra	nch:Physics	Semester: II
1	Course Code	PHB152
2	Course Title	Physics Lab 2 (Optics and Thermal Physics)
3	Credits	1
4	Contact Hours (L-T-P)	0-0-2
	Course Status	Compulsory
5	Course Objective	 To provide students an understanding of prism, Fresnel's biprism, and spectrometer. To provide students an understanding of thermal conductivity. To study the thermocouples and also to have knowledge of Stefan's law. Students will learn about plane transmission grating and Newton's ring method.
6	Course Outcomes	After the completion of this course, CO1: Students will learn about the fundamentals of optics i.e. dispersion, diffraction, interference etc. CO2: Students will understand about bad conductor, good conductor and how to determine their thermal conductivity. CO3: Students will learn about thermocouples and their working. CO4: Students will learn about black body radiation through Stefan's law. They will also learn to determine the wavelength of light through plane diffraction grating and Newton's Ring method CO5: Students will gain knowledge of lenses and learn to determine the focal length of lenses. CO6: Students will be able to correlate theory and practical together through the experiments and get the clear understanding of the concepts behind them.
7	Course Description	This course will help students to have basic understanding of basics of Optics, Thermal conductivity and blackbody Radiation. It also helps them to understand the working of spectrometer, Newton's ring, plane diffraction grating and Nodal slides.
8	Outline syllabus	8
	Unit 1	
	A B C	 To determine the dispersive power of a material of the prism and its angle using spectrometer. Also calculate speed of light in the given prism. To determine wavelength of monochromatic light source (λ) by Fresnel's biprism



Unit 2	seyona soundaries		
A B C	 To determine thermal conductivity of a bad conductor in form of a disc using Lee's method. Calculate the thermal conductivity of copper by Searle's method 		
Unit 3			
A	To calibrate a thermocouple to determine the temperature of a given		
В	object.		
С	To verify Stefan's law using radiation method.		
Unit 4	, c		
A	To determine the wavelength of prominent lines of mercury by plane		
В	diffraction grating.		
С	• To determine the wavelength of monochromatic light by Newton's Ring method.		
Unit 5			
A	To determine the focal length of the combination of two lenses		
В	separated by a distance with the help of a nodal slide and to verify the		
С	formula.		
Mode of	Practical/Viva		
examination			
Weightage	CA MTE ETE		
Distribution	60% 0% 40%		
Text book/s*	B.Sc. Practical Physics- Harnam Singh, S. Chand Publishing		
	B.Sc. Practical Physics- C L Arora, S. Chand Publishing		
Other	1. Basic electronics and linear circuits - N N Bhargava, D C		
References	Kulshreshtha, S C Gupta, Tata McGraw-Hill publishing company Ltd.		



PHB251 Physics Lab 3

Schoo	ol: School of Basic	Batch: 2018-21
Scien	ces and Research	
	ram: B.Sc. (Hons)	Current Academic Year: 2021-22
Branc	ch: Physics	Semester: III
1	Course Code	PHB251
2	Course Title	Physics Lab 3
3	Credits	2
4	Contact Hours (L-T-P)	0-0-2
	Course Status	Compulsory
5	Course Objective	To gain practical knowledge by applying the experimental methods to correlate with the Physics theory.
6	Course Outcomes	On successful completion of the course the students will have: CO1: Knowledge of basic electronic components (R, C, L, diodes, transistors), digital Multimeter, Function Generator and Oscilloscope. CO2: Use the concept of semiconductor to calculate the energy band, Hall coefficient and mobility of the semiconducting materials. CO3: Understand how to measure the susceptibility of paramagnetic solution. CO4: Understand how to measure the specific resistance of a wire and verification of Stefan's law. CO5: Knowledge and study of variation of magnetic field and LCR circuits. CO6: Apply the mathematical concepts/equations to obtain quantitative results and ability to conduct, analyze and interpret experiments.
7	Outline Syllabus	
	Unit 1	
	A B C	 To familiarize with basic electronic components (R, C, L, diodes, transistors), digital Multimeter, Function Generator and Oscilloscope. To calculate the energy band gap of a semiconductor material using four probe method.
	Unit 2	
	A B C	• To study Hall's effect and determine the Hall coefficient, carrier density and the mobility of a semiconductor material.
	Unit3	
		• Magazament of augustibility of managementslevies
	A B C	Measurement of susceptibility of paramagnetic solution (Quinck`s Tube Method)



	To determine the sp wire using Carey Fo	pecific resistance of	the material of a given
Unit 4			
A	• To verify Stefan's 1	aw using electrical	method.
В		_	
С			
Unit 5			
A	To determine the va	ariation of magnetic	field along the axis of
В	a current carrying c	oil and estimate the	radius of the coil.
C	 To study the charac 	teristics of a series l	RC Circuit.
Mode of Examination	Practical/Viva		
Weightage	CA	MTE	ETE
Distribution	60%	0%	40%
Text books	B.Sc. Practical Phys	sics- Harnam Singh	, S. Chand Publishing.
	B.Sc. Practical Phys	sics- C L Arora, S. O	Chand Publishing.
Other References	1. Geeta Sanon, BSc	Practical Physics,	1st Edn. (2007), R.
	Chand & Co.		
	2. B. L. Worsnop and	•	ced Practical Physics,
	Asia Publishing Ho	use, New	



PHB254 Physics Lab 4

School: School of Basic Sciences and Research		Batch: 2020-23		
Progr	ram: B.Sc. (Hons)	Current Academic Year: 2021-2022		
Branch: Physics		Semester: IV		
1	Course Code	PHB254		
2	Course Title	Physics Lab 4		
3	Credits	2		
4	Contact Hours (L-T-P)	0-0-3		
	Course Status	Compulsory		
5	Course Objective	 To gain practical knowledge of experiments related to classical mechanics, relativity and electromagnetic theory. To understand hysteresis curve of magnetic material; to measure specific rotation of an optically active material. To provide students an understanding various element used in electrical circuit. To acquire knowledge of ultrasonic waves and to calculate its speed in a given medium and also to demonstrate them the working of all the experiments. 		
6	Course Outcomes	After the completion of this course students will/will be able to, CO1: Measure speed of light. CO2: Interpret hysteresis curve of magnetic material and obtain specific rotation of optically active material. CO3: Demonstrate series and parallel LCR. CO4: Calibrate voltmeter and ammeter. CO5: Determine self-inductance, capacitance etc CO6: Use equations/theoretical concept to verify the experimental results with ability to conduct, analyze and interpret experiments		
7	Course Description	This course is designed to provide students with lab experience to interpret the results of various effects, study characteristics of LCR circuits in series and parallel and to analyze their result.		
8	Outline Syllabus			
	Unit 1			
	A	Find the speed of light using Michelson-Morley experiment.		
	В	and appeal of again daming internation into information.		
	C			
	Unit 2			
	A	To draw hysteresis curve (B-H curve) of a specimen in the form		
	В	of a transformer on a C.R.O. And to determine its hysteresis		
	C	loss		
		To find the specific rotation of cane- sugar solution by a polarimeter at room temperature, using Half shade polarimeter.		



	beyond Boundaries				
Unit 3					
A B C	•	 To study resonance effect in series and parallel LCR circuit and quality factor. To study the variation in current and voltage in a series LCR circuit. Also find the resonant frequency of the LCR circuit. 			
Unit 4					
A	To convert a galvanometer into a voltmeter reading up to V				
В	 volts and calibrate it. To convert a galvanometer into an ammeter reading up to I amperes and calibrate it 				
С					
Unit 5		_			
A	To compare unknown capacitance using De Sauty bridge.				
В	•	To determine self inductance of a coil by Anderson's brid			
С					
Mode of Examination	Practical/Viva				
Weightage		CA	MTE	ETE	
Distribution		60%	0%	40%	
Text books	•	 B.Sc. Practical Physics- Harnam Singh, S. Chand Publishing B.Sc. Practical Physics- C L Arora, S. Chand Publishing Geeta Sanon, BSc Practical Physics, 1st Edn. (2007), R. Chand & Co. 			
	•				
Other	1.				
References					
	2.	2. B. L. Worsnop and H. T. Flint, Advanced Practical Physics,			
	Asia Publishing House, New				



PHB255 (Physics Lab-5)

Program: B.Sc. (Hons) Current Academic Year: 2022-23 Branch: Physics Semester: IV Course Code PHB255 Course Title Physics Lab- 5 (Electronics) Credits 2 Contact Hours (L-T-P) Course Status Compulsory Course Objective 1.To provide students an understanding of PN junction dioded diode. Course Status Compulsory Course Objective After the completion of clipping and clamping circuits. Course Outcomes After the completion of this course, Course Outcomes Col: Students will show that they have learned fundary Course Status Compulsory Course Outcomes Col: Students will show that they have learned fundary Course Outcomes Col: Students will show that they have learned fundary Course Outcomes Col: Students will show that they have learned fundary Course Outcomes Col: Students will show that they have learned fundary Course Outcomes Col: Students will show that they have learned fundary Course Outcomes Col: Students will show that they have learned fundary Course Outcomes Col: Students will show that they have learned fundary Course Outcomes Col: Students will show that they have learned fundary Course Outcomes Col: Students will show that they have learned fundary Course Outcomes Col: Students will show that they have learned fundary Course Outcomes Col: Students will show that they have learned fundary Course Outcomes Col: Students will show that they have learned fundary Course Outcomes Col: Students will show that they have learned fundary Course Outcomes Col: Students will show that they have learned fundary Course Outcomes Col: Students will show that they have learned fundary Course Outcomes Col: Students will show that they have learned fundary Course Outcomes Col: Students will show that th	
Program: B.Sc. (Hons) Semester: IV	
Branch: Physics Semester: IV 1	
Branch:Physics	
1 Course Code PHB255 2 Course Title Physics Lab- 5 (Electronics) 3 Credits 2 4 Contact Hours (L-T-P) Course Status Compulsory 5 Course Objective 1.To provide students an understanding of PN junction diode diode. 2. To provide students an understanding of waveforms formed for and full wave rectifiers. 3. To study waveforms of clipping and clamping circuits. 4. To study BJT in common base and common emitter circuits. 6 Course Outcomes CO1: Students will show that they have learned fundated	
2 Course Title Physics Lab- 5 (Electronics) 3 Credits 2 4 Contact Hours (L-T-P) 0-0-3 5 Course Status Compulsory 5 Course Objective 1.To provide students an understanding of PN junction diode diode. 2. To provide students an understanding of waveforms formed for and full wave rectifiers. 3. To study waveforms of clipping and clamping circuits. 4. To study BJT in common base and common emitter circuits. After the completion of this course, 6 Course Outcomes After the completion of this course,	
3	
4 Contact Hours (L-T-P) Course Status Compulsory 5 Course Objective 1.To provide students an understanding of PN junction diode diode. 2. To provide students an understanding of waveforms formed for and full wave rectifiers. 3. To study waveforms of clipping and clamping circuits. 4. To study BJT in common base and common emitter circuits. 6 Course Outcomes After the completion of this course, CO1: Students will show that they have learned fundare	
Course Status Compulsory 5 Course Objective 1.To provide students an understanding of PN junction diode diode. 2. To provide students an understanding of waveforms formed for and full wave rectifiers. 3. To study waveforms of clipping and clamping circuits. 4. To study BJT in common base and common emitter circuits. 6 Course Outcomes CO1: Students will show that they have learned fundamental common formed for an emitter circuits.	
5 Course Objective 1.To provide students an understanding of PN junction diode diode. 2. To provide students an understanding of waveforms formed for and full wave rectifiers. 3. To study waveforms of clipping and clamping circuits. 4. To study BJT in common base and common emitter circuits. 6 Course Outcomes CO1: Students will show that they have learned fundamental fundamental common formed for any common base and common emitter circuits.	
Objective diode. 2. To provide students an understanding of waveforms formed for and full wave rectifiers. 3. To study waveforms of clipping and clamping circuits. 4. To study BJT in common base and common emitter circuits. Course Outcomes CO1: Students will show that they have learned fundamental common formed for any formed for any formed for any formed for any formed fo	
and full wave rectifiers. 3. To study waveforms of clipping and clamping circuits. 4. To study BJT in common base and common emitter circuits. 6 Course Outcomes CO1: Students will show that they have learned fundar	
4. To study BJT in common base and common emitter circuits. Course Outcomes CO1: Students will show that they have learned fundary	or half wave
6 Course Outcomes After the completion of this course, CO1: Students will show that they have learned fundamental course.	
Outcomes CO1: Students will show that they have learned fundar	
	mentals of
semiconductor junction diodes and their V-I characteristics.	
CO2: Students will understand waveforms formed in half wave re	ectifier with
and without filters.	
CO3: Students will have a clear understanding of how zener did voltage regulator.	ode work as
CO4: Students will learn the concept of clipper and clamping cir	rcuits.
CO5: Students will gain knowledge of characteristics of PNP BJ different configurations.	T in
CO6: Students will be able to correlate theory and practical toget the clear understanding of electronic circuits.	ther and get
7 Course This course will help students to have basic understanding of semi	niconductors
Description and its applications in on chip devices. This lab work will help the	
hands on training on various instruments used in electronic indus	
8 Outline syllabus	
Unit 1	
A • To draw the characteristic curve of a PN junction diode.	
To trace the circuit of a Half Wave Rectifier circuit and	d determine
C efficiencies and ripple factors with capacitor and inductor	or filters.
Unit 2	
A • To trace the circuit of a Full Wave Rectifier circuit and de	
B efficiencies and ripple factors with capacitor and inductor	
C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C	letermine



					Beyond Boundaries		
Unit 3							
	A	•	To st	udy Zener dio	de characteristics and use Zener Diode as voltage		
	В		regulator.To design various diode clipper circuits and to study their waveform.				
	С	•					
	Unit 4						
	A	To design clamping circuits, clamping positively and negatively					
	В		V usi	ing diode and t	to study their waveforms.		
	С	•					
	Unit 5	To plot the wave shape of the electrical signal at the output point with and without filters (capacitor, inductor, single LC and pi) in a half wave rectifier and in a full wave rectifier.					
	A						
	В						
	С						
	Mode of	Practical/Viva					
	examination			.			
	Weightage	CA		MTE	ETE		
	Distribution	60%		0%	40%		
	Text book/s*	B.Sc. Practical Physics- Harnam Singh, S. Chand Publishing					
		B.Sc. Practical Physics- C L Arora, S. Chand Publishing					
	Other	2. Basic electronics and linear circuits - N N Bhargava, D C					
	References		Kulshreshtha, S C Gupta, Tata McGraw-Hill publishing company				
			Ltd.				



PHB366 Physics Lab 6

Sob	ool: School of	Batch: 2020-23
Basic Sciences and		Batch. 2020-23
	earch	
Pro	gram: B.Sc.	Current Academic Year: 2022-23
(Ho		
Bra	nch: Physics	Semester: V
1	Course Code	PHB366
2	Course Title	Physics Lab- 6 (Quantum and Oscillations of waves)
3	Credits	2
4	Contact Hours (L-T-P)	0-0-3
	Course Status	Compulsory
5	Course Objective	 To provide students an understanding of discrete nature of radiation by Planck's constant and Frank-Hertz experiment.
		2. To provide students an understanding of silicon solar cell.
		3. To study Lissajous figures by using CRO and transverse and
		longitudinal mode of vibrations by tuning fork.
		4. To study speed of ultrasonic waves in kerosene oil.
6	Course Outcomes	After the completion of this course,
		CO 1: Students will show that they have learned fundamentals of mercury vapor filled tubes and discrete energy levels.
		CO 2: Students will understand basics of solar cell and their characteristics.
		CO 3: Students will have a clear understanding cathode ray tube and measure e/m ratio.
		CO 4: Students will learn the concept of superposition of waves "Lissajous figures by using C.R.O".
		CO 5: Students will gain knowledge of longitudinal and transverse mode of vibrations by tuning fork.
		CO 6: Students will be able to correlate theory and practical together and get
		the clear understanding of waves and oscillations.
7	Course	This course will help students to have basic understanding of quantum
'	Description	mechanics and wave and oscillations. These experiments enable students to
	P*****	see various oscillators in action, investigate factors that affect their periodic
		time and represent the motion graphically. They are suitable for students at
		introductory and intermediate levels of study.
8	Outline syllabus	
	Unit 1	
	A	
	В	



С	1.	To determine the Planck's constant by measuring radiation in a fix spectral range.				
	2.	To m	o measure the excitation potential of mercury using the Franck-Hertz nethod.			
Unit 2						
A	3.	То	determine the	value of the ratio of charge to mass (e/m) of an		
В		electron by Thomson's method using a cathode-ray tube.				
С	4.	To s	tudy Solar cell	characteristics.		
Unit 3						
A	5.	Stud	y of damping a	bar pendulum and determination of coefficient of		
В		damp	oing, relaxatio	n time, and quality factor of a damped simple		
С		harm	onic motion.			
	6.	To d	etermine the fi	requency of an electrically maintained tuning fork		
		using	g Melde's Ap	paratus. (i). Transverse mode of vibration (ii).		
		Longitudinal mode of vibration				
Unit 4						
A				of ultrasonic waves in kerosene oil.		
В	8.	8. To determine unknown frequency or to compare the frequencies of				
С		two unknown signals with the method of Lissajous figures by using				
		C.R.	O			
Unit 5						
A	9.			ase difference between current and voltage in R-C		
В	1.0			th the method of Lissajous figures by using a CRO.		
C				elocity of sound using resonance tube.		
Mode of	Practio	cal/Viv	va .			
examination			3.600	Towns.		
Weightage	CA		MTE	ETE		
Distribution	60%		0%	40%		
Text book/s*	 B.Sc. Practical Physics- Harnam Singh, S. Chand Publishing B.Sc. Practical Physics- C L Arora, S. Chand Publishing 					
Other				ves by A. P. French. (CBS Pub. & Dist., 1987)		
References	2. Fundamentals of Waves & Oscillations by K. Uno Ingard (Cambridge					
		Univ	ersity Press, 19	988)		

PHB367 Physics Lab 7

Sch	ool: SBSR	Batch: 2020-23		
Pro	gram: B.Sc.	Current Academic Year: 2022-23		
	nch: Physics	Semester: V		
1	Course Code	PHB367		
2	Course Title	Physics Lab 7		
3	Credits	2		
	Contact			
4	Hours (L-	0-0-3		
	T-P)			
	Course	Compulsory		
	Status			
		1. To make the students familiar with the concepts of fiber optic		
		communication systems, diffraction using laser.		
	Carras	2. To understand the concept of diffraction at a single slit, slit by using		
5	Course Objective	Laser. 3. To know how to determine wavelength of laser light using measuring		
	Objective	scale, Verification of Thevenin and Norton theorem.		
		4. To explain the maximum power transfer theorem, transistor as a		
		switch, Transistor as common emitter, Transistor as common base		
		CO1: Discuss the basic concepts concepts of fiber optic communication		
		systems, diffraction using laser.		
		CO2: To describe the diffraction at a single slit, slit by using Laser.		
		CO3: To explain the laser light using measuring scale, Thevenin and Norton		
	Course	theorem		
6	Outcomes	CO4: To Discuss the maximum power transfer theorem, Make transistor as		
		a switch		
		CO5: To analyse the Configurations of Bipolar Junction Transistor.		
		CO6: Able to explain about the concepts optic communication systems,		
		diffraction using laser, slit by using Laser, Thevenin and Norton theorem, the		
7	Course	maximum power transfer theorem, Bipolar Junction Transistor.		
/	Description	This course is about explaining the concepts optic communication systems, diffraction using laser, slit by using Laser, Thevenin and Norton theorem, the		
	Description	maximum power transfer theorem, Bipolar Junction Transistor.		
8	Outline Syllabus			
	•	Practicals based on optic communication systems, diffraction using		
	Unit 1	laser		
		Sub unit a, b and c detailed in Instructional Plan		
Unit 2 Practical related to single slit, slit by using Laser				
	Sub unit a, b and c detailed in Instructional Plan			
		Practical related to laser light using measuring scale, Thevenin and		
	Unit 3	Norton theorem		
	Sub unit a, b and c detailed in Instructional Plan			



Unit 4	Practical related to maximum power transfer theorem, Make transistor as a switch				
	Sub unit a, b and c detai	led in Instructional Plan			
Unit 5	Practical related to Co	nfigurations of Bipolar	Junction Transistor		
	Sub unit a, b and c detai	led in Instructional Plan			
Mode of Examination	Practical/Viva				
Weightage	CA	MTE	ETE		
Distribution	60%	0%	40%		
Text Book/s	B.Sc.Practical Physics By Harnam Singh & P S Hemne S. Chand Publishing.				
Other	Physics for Degree Stud	Physics for Degree Students B.Sc.First Year			
References	1 -	By C L Arora & P S Hemne			
	S. Chand Publishing				

PHB368 Physics Lab 8

Sch	ool: SBSR	Batch: 2020-23	
	gram: B.Sc.	Current Academic Year: 2022-23	
	nch: Physics	Semester: VI	
1	Course Code	PHB368	
2	Course Title	Physics Lab 8	
3	Credits	2	
4	Contact Hours (L- T-P)	0-0-3	
	Course Status	Compulsory	
5	Course Objective	To make the students familiar with the concepts of amplifier and Operational amplifier parameters. To understand the concept of S.C.R, zener diode, RC circuit. To know the RL circuit, transistor Biasing, DC load line. To understand the concepts of Single stage Common emitter and Double stage Common emitter transistors.	
6	Course Outcomes	CO1: Discuss the basic concepts of frequency response of a common emitter amplifier and Potential divider biasing in common emitter transistor. CO2: To describe the Operational amplifier parameters- Common Mode Gain, Differential Mode Gain, and CMMR. CO3: To design a 6.2 volts d.c. power supply using zener diode and also the study the circuit of op-amp for getting full gain, V-I characteristics of S.C.R. CO4: Discuss the RC circuit, RL circuit, transistor Biasing. CO5: To analyse Draw the DC load line, Single stage Common emitter, Double stage Common emitter transistor. CO6: Able to explain about the concepts of Operational amplifier parameters, S.C.R, zener diode, RC circuit, RL circuit, transistor Biasing, DC load line, Single stage Common emitter and Double stage Common emitter transistors.	
7	Course Description	This course is about explaining the concepts Operational amplifier parameters, S.C.R, zener diode, RC circuit, RL circuit, transistor Biasing, DC load line, Single stage Common emitter and Double stage Common emitter transistors.	
8			
	Unit 1 Practicals based on common emitter amplifier		
		Sub unit a, b and c detailed in Instructional Plan	
	Unit 2 Practical related to Operational amplifier		
	Sub unit a, b and c detailed in Instructional Plan		
	Unit 3	Practical related to zener diode and S.C.R.	
		Sub unit a, b and c detailed in Instructional Plan	
	Unit 4	Practical related to RC circuit, RL circuit, transistor Biasing	
		Sub unit a, b and c detailed in Instructional Plan	



Unit 5	Practical related to DC load line, Single stage Common emitter, Double stage Common emitter transistor				
	Sub unit a, b and c deta	iled in Instructional Plan			
Mode of	Practical/Viva				
Examination					
Weightage	CA MTE ETE				
Distribution	60% 0% 40%				
Text Book/s	B.Sc.Practical Physics By Harnam Singh & P S Hemne S. Chand Publishing.				
Other References	Physics for Degree Students B.Sc.First Year By C L Arora & P S Hemne S. Chand Publishing				



PHB369 Physics Lab 9

Scho	ool: SBSR	Batch: 2020-23
	gram: B.Sc.	Current Academic Year: 2022-23
	nch: Physics	Semester: VI
1	Course Code	PHB369
2	Course Title	Physics Lab 9
3	Credits	2
4	Contact Hours (L- T-P)	0-0-3
	Course Status	Compulsory
5	Course Objective	 To make the students familiar with using CRO and logic gates. To understand the concept of NAND gate and Boolean expression. To know the Half Adder and Full Adder, Half subtractor and Full subtractor. To build Flip-Flop, design an astable multivibrator and monostable multivibrator.
6	Course Outcomes	After completion the students will be able to CO1: Learn the basic concepts of measuring (a) Voltage, and (b) Time period of a periodic waveform using CRO and the concepts of logic gates. CO2: To describe the NAND gate Boolean expression. CO3: To explain the Half Adder and Full Adder, Half subtractor and Full subtractor. CO4: Discuss the Flip-Flop, astable multivibrator. CO5: To analyse a monostable multivibrator of given specifications using 555 Timer CO6: Able to explain about the concepts CRO and logic gates, NAND gate, Half Adder and Full Adder, Half subtractor and Full subtractor, Flip-Flop, multivibrator.
7	Course Description	This course is about explaining the concepts CRO and logic gates, NAND gate, Half Adder and Full Adder, Half subtractor and Full subtractor, Flip-Flop, multivibrator.
8	Outline Syllab	
	Unit 1	Practicals based on CRO and the concepts of logic gates
		Sub unit a, b and c detailed in Instructional Plan
	Unit 2	Practical related to NAND gate Boolean expression
		Sub unit a, b and c detailed in Instructional Plan
	Unit 3	Practical related to Half Adder and Full Adder, Half subtractor and Full subtractor
		Sub unit a, b and c detailed in Instructional Plan
	Unit 4	Practical related to Flip-Flop, astable multivibrator
		Sub unit a, b and c detailed in Instructional Plan
	Unit 5	Practical related to monostable multivibrator



	Sub unit a, b and c deta	Sub unit a, b and c detailed in Instructional Plan				
Mode of	Practical/Viva	Practical/Viva				
Examination						
Weightage	CA	CA MTE ETE				
Distribution	60% 0% 40%					
Text Book/s	B.Sc.Practical Physics By Harnam Singh & P S Hemne S. Chand Publishing.					
Other	Physics for Degree Students B.Sc.First Year					
References	By C L Arora & P S Hemne					
	S. Chand Publishing					



Dissertation: Physics Department



PHB371 Dissertation 1

Scho	ool: SBSR	
		Batch:2020-23
Prog	gram: B. Sc	Current Academic Year: 2022-23
Bra	nch:Physics	Semester V
1	Course Code	PHB371
2	Course Title	Dissertation 1
3	Credits	3
4	Contact Hours	0-0-3
	(L-T-P)	
	Course Status	Compulsory
5	Course Objective	 Deep knowledge of a specific area of specialization.
		 Develop research skills especially in project writing and
		oral presentation.
		 Develop time management skills.
		Develop skill to summarize the published work by
		literature survey
		•
	C 0 1	• Inculcate Team spirit
6	Course Outcomes	CO 1: The course gives an introduction to the concept of research
		within the subject, as regards approaching a question,
		collecting and analyzing background material and
		presenting research questions and conclusions.
		CO 2: investigation of a physics-based or physics-related problem
		CO 3: planning, management and operation of an investigation to
		test a hypothesis
		CO 4: development of information retrieval skills
		CO 5: carrying out a health and safety assessment
		CO 6: Establishment of co-operative working practices with
		colleagues.
		concagues.
7	Course	Reading in a field of special interest under the supervision of a
	Description	faculty member. Intended for students interested in studying topics
	_	not offered in regularly available courses. Format and grading are
		determined by the supervising faculty member and then approved
		by the Head of Department.
8	Outline syllabus	
	Unit 1	Introduction
	TT 1/ 0	
	Unit 2	Hypothesis
<u> </u>	II:4 2	Constant de Martin de Constant
	Unit 3	Case study/Lab work



				Seyond Boundaries	
Unit 4	Report				
Unit 5	Presentati	ion			
Mode of examination	Jury/Practi	Jury/Practical/Viva			
Weightage	CA	MTE	ETE		
Distribution	60%	0%	40%		
Text book/s*	5 Recent I	5 Recent International Journal Articles of repute.			
Other References	-				

INSTRUCTIONAL PLAN

Academic Year: 2022-23 (Odd Semester)

School: SBSR	Subject: Physics
Program: B.Sc	Subject Code: PHB 371
Branch: Physics	Instructor:

Scheme			Scheme of Examination		
L	P	T	Internal Assessment	Mid Term	End Term
0	0	3	60%	Examination	Examination
				-	40%

Course outline

Reading in a field of special interest under the supervision of a faculty member. Intended for students interested in studying topics not offered in regularly available courses. Format and grading are determined by the supervising faculty member and then approved by the Head of Department.

Course Evaluation				
Attendance	None			
Any other	CA judged on the presentation, report and work done with supervisor.			
References				
Text book	-			
Other References	5 Recent International Journal Articles.			
Softwares	NA			



List of tasks introduced and deliverables:

Since this is related to projects, studios, dissertations, etc, the detailed units should comprise of weekly schedule of tasks introduced and devliverable details of the assigned task.

Week	Unit	Deliverables	Days & Date of Lecture/Submission
Week 1-	1a-	Introduction: investigation of a physics-	
4	1c	based or physics-related problem	
Week 5-	2a- 2c	Select 5 Recent International Journal Articles	
Week 7-11	3a- 3c	Complete the case study from the selected articles	
Week- 4a- Preparation of the report. 12-13 4c		Preparation of the report.	
Week	5a-	Preparation of the presentation.	
14-15	5c		



PHB372 Dissertation 2

Sch	ool: SBSR	Batch :2020-23
	gram: B. Sc	Current Academic Year: 2022-23
	nch: Physics	Semester VI
1	Course Code	PHB372
2	Course Title	Dissertation 2
3	Credits	3
4	Contact Hours (L-T-P)	0-0-3
	Course Status	Compulsory
5	Course Objective	 Deep knowledge of a specific area of specialization. Develop communication skills especially in project writing and oral presentation. Develop skill to summarize the published work by literature survey Develop some time management skills.
6	Course Outcomes	 CO 1: The course gives an introduction to the concept of research within the subject, as regards approaching a question, collecting and analysing background material and presenting research questions and conclusions. CO 2: Cultivate a deeper interest in physics and acquire a taste for research. CO 3: engage in activities that support their professional goals. CO 4: learn effective project organizational skills.
7	Course Description	Reading in a field of special interest under the supervision of a faculty member. Intended for students interested in studying topics not offered in regularly available courses. Format and grading are determined by the supervising faculty member and then approved by the Head of Department.
8	Outline syllabus	
	Unit 1	Introduction
	Unit 2	Hypothesis
	Unit 3	Case study/Lab work
	Unit 4	Report
	Unit 5	Presentation
	Mode of examination	Jury/Practical/Viva



Weightage	CA	MTE	ETE		
Distribution	60%	0%	40%		
Text book/s*	5 Recent International Journal Articles of repute.				
Other References	-	-			

INSTRUCTIONAL PLAN

Academic Year: 2022-23 (Even Semester)

School: SBSR	Subject: Physics
Program: B. Sc	Subject Code: PHB 372
Branch: Physics	Instructor:

Scheme			Scheme of Examination		
L	P	T	Internal Assessment	Mid Term	End Term
0	0	3	60%	Examination	Examination
				-	40%

Course outline

Reading in a field of special interest under the supervision of a faculty member. Intended for students interested in studying topics not offered in regularly available courses. Format and grading are determined by the supervising faculty member and then approved by the Head of Department.

Course Evaluation				
Attendance	None			
Any other	CA judged on the presentation, report and work done with supervisor.			
References				
Text book	-			
Other References	5 Recent International Journal Articles.			
Softwares	NA			



List of tasks introduced and deliverables:

Since this is related to projects, studios, dissertations, etc, the detailed units should comprise of weekly schedule of tasks introduced and deliverable details of the assigned task.

Week	Unit	Deliverables	Days & Date of Lecture/Submission
Week 1-	1a- 1c	Introduction: investigation of a physics- based or physics-related problem	
Week 5-	2a- 2c	Select 5 Recent International Journal Articles	
Week 7-11	3a- 3c	Complete the case study from the selected articles	
Week- 4a- Preparation of the 12-13 4c		Preparation of the report.	
Week 5a- Preparation of the presentation. 14-15 5c		Preparation of the presentation.	



Courses from Other Departments



MSM101 Foundation Course in Mathematics

Scho	ool: SBSR	Batch: 2020-23
	gram: B.Sc.	Current Academic Year:
(H)		
Bra	nch: Maths,	Semester: I
Phy	sics, Chemistry	
1	Course Code	MSM101
2	Course Title	FOUNDATION COUSE IN MATHEMATICS
3	Credits	4
4	Contact Hours (L-T-P)	3-1-0
	Course Status	Compulsory
5	Course Objective	• To familiarise the students with basic concepts of matrices, determinants and solving the system of linear equations.
		To understand the basic concept of sets theory, co-ordinate geometry, complex number and vector algebra.
6	Course Outcomes	CO1: Explain the concept of matrices and solve systems of linear equations and determinants. (K2,K3, K4) CO2: Explain the concept of complex numbers and calculate the nth roots of complex numbers and illustrate the solutions of simple Polynomial equations. (K2, K3, K4)
CO3: Memorize the basic of Cartesian coordin techniques to explain intercepts and explore equ		CO3: Memorize the basic of Cartesian coordinate system and use algebraic techniques to explain intercepts and explore equations of lines on the number plane. (K1, K3, K4)
		CO4: Describe and differentiate the symmetries from graphs of conic sections. (K1, K2)
		CO5: Describe and use the concepts of set theory, relation and functions. (K1,K2,K3)
		CO6: Explain the basic concepts of vector algebra and use to find area of parallelogram and quadrilateral, Vector triple product .(K2,K3,K4)
7	7 Course Description This course is an introduction to the fundamental of Mathematics. The primary objective of the course is to develop the basic understanding linear algebra, complex number, co-ordinate geometry, sets theory and vector algebra.	
8	Outline syllabu	
	Unit 1	Matrices
	A	Evaluation of determinants, Properties of determinants,
		Matrices: types of matrices, addition, subtraction and multiplication of
	В	matrices, symmetric and skew symmetric matrix. Inverse of matrix.
	C	Rank of a matrix, Consistency of system of equations, Characteristic
		equation, Cayley -Hamilton theorem.



Unit 2	Complex N	umbers	Beyond Boundaries	
A	Representat	ion of comple	x number in Argand plane, Modulus and	
	argument of	complex nun	nber	
В	Algebraic operations, De- Moivre's theorem			
С	Nth root of complex number, Euler's formula			
Unit 3	Co-ordinat	Co-ordinate geometry		
A	Cartesian coordinate system, Distance between two points Equations of line in various forms			
В			ous forms, Equation of tangent and normal to the	
С	Equation of	ellipse, parab	oola and hyperbola	
Unit 4	Sets Theory	y	•	
A		of set, types of e-Morgan's la	sets, Union and intersection of sets, Venn w.	
В	Relation and			
С	Composite f	function and i	nverse function.	
Unit 5	Vector Alge			
A	Addition and subtraction of vectors and their geometric application.			
В		ector product ector, area of	t, their physical application, Projection of vector friangle.	
С			d quadrilateral, Vector triple product.	
Mode of examination	Theory			
Weightage	CA	MTE	ETE	
Distribution	30%	20%	50%	
Text book/s*	 Kreyszig, E., "Advanced Engineering Mathematics", John Wiley & Sons Inc. Jain, M.K., and Iyengar, S.R.K., "Advanced Engineering Mathematics", Narosa Publications 			
Other References	 Thomas, B.G., and Finny R.L., "Calculus and Analytical geometry", Pearson Education Asia, Adison Wisley. Simmons, G.F., "Differential Equations with applications", Tata McGraw-Hill. 			



MSM105 Calculus I

School: SBSR		Batch: 2020- 2023
Prog	gram: B.Sc. (H)	Current Academic Year:
Brai Phys	nch: Mathematics,	Semester: I
1	Course Code	MSM105
2	Course Title	Calculus-I
3	Credits	4
4	Contact Hours (L-T-P)	3-1-0
	Course Status	Compulsory
5	Course Objective	To make students familiar with the concepts of successive differentiation along with the concepts of partial differentiation, basic integration & multiple integration. A brief of first order ordinary differential equation has been also introduced.
6 Course Outcomes Students will be able to		Students will be able to
		CO1: Memorize the basic of differentiation & Successive differentiation and solve with Leibnitz's theorem. (K1, K3)
		CO2: Explain and solve the Taylor's theorem, Maclaurin's theorem of one variable & two variables, Maxima minima for one & two variables, Lagrange's multipliers method and point of inflexion for various functions. (K1, K2, K3)
		CO3: Describe the Partial differentiation, Homogeneous functions and drive Euler's theorem with applications and apply the concept of Jacobian and its applications. (K1, K2, K3,)
		CO4: Memorize the basics of Integration with by parts method, partial fraction, Definite integration & its properties and evaluate the Beta and Gamma functions. (K1, K3, K6)
		CO5: Evaluation of double integrals, Change of order of integration, change of variables, Area bounded by the curves, evaluation of triple integrals and its applications. (K1, K6)
		CO6: Formulate and evaluate first order differential equation. (K2, K5, K6)



7	Course Description	This course is an introduce the concepts of successive differentiation along with the concepts of partial differentiation, basic integration & multiple integration. A brief of formulation and evaluation of first order differential equation.			
8	Outline syllabus : Calculus 1				
	Unit 1	DIFFERENTIATION			
	A	Concepts of limit, continuity and differentiability, differentiation of standard functions, product and quotient rule for differentiation, chain rule			
	В	Successive differentiation and its applications, Leibnitz's theorem			
	С	Taylor's theorem, Maclaurin's theorem, Maxima-minima, Points of inflexion			
	Unit 2	PARTIAL DIFFERENTIATION			
	A	Partial differentiation, homogeneous functions, Euler's theorem			
	В	Jacobian of explicit and implicit functions and its applications, Taylor's expansion in two variables			
	С	Maxima-minima in two variables, Lagrange's multipliers method			
	Unit 3	INTEGRATION			
	A	Integration of standard functions, integration by parts, by substitution			
	В	Partial fractions, Definite integrals and its properties			
	С	Beta and Gamma functions.			
	Unit 4	MULTIPLE INTEGRATION			
	A	Evaluation of double integrals			
	В	Change of order of integration, change of variables			
	С	Area bounded by the curves, evaluation of triple integrals and its applications			
	Unit 5	ORDINARY DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS			
	A	Formation of an ODE, Order and degree of an ODE			



	В	First order differential equation and methods of solution including variable separable, homogeneous				
	С	Exact differential equations, Equation reducible to exact differential equation				
	Mode of examination	Theory				
	Weightage Distribution	CA	MTE	ЕТЕ		
		30%	20%	50%		
	Text book/s*	• Kreyzig, E., "Advanced Engineering Mathematics", John Willey & Sons.				
	Other References	 Jain, M.K. and Iyenger, S.R.K., "Advanced Engineering Mathematics", Narosa Publications. Thomas, B.G., and Finny R.L., "Calculus and Analytical Geometry", Pearson education Asia, Adison Wesley. Simmons G.F., "Differential Equations with applications", Tata McGraw Hill. 				



BCH101 PHYSICAL CHEMISTRY-I

School: SBSR		Batch: 2020-23			
Program: B. Sc		Current Academic Year:			
Branch: Physics		Semester: 01			
1	Course Code	BCH101			
2	Course Title	PHYSICAL CHEMISTRY-I (C)			
3	Credits	4.0			
4	Contact	(3 1 0)			
	Hours				
	(L-T-P)				
	Course	Compulsory			
	Status				
5	Course	1. To provide the understanding of physical states of matter and how they are			
	Objective	related to daily life application			
		2. To define how the initially primitive models of real gases in physical			
		chemistry are elaborated to take into account more detailed observations.			
		3. To understand the laws of solid state chemistry and the arrangement of			
		ions/atoms/molecules in a crystal lattice			
		4. To list different properties of liquids involving surface tension and viscosity			
		coefficients.			
		5. To extend the concept of solutions from Raoult's Law to industrial			
		application processes.To provide the introduction and application of solid, liquid and gaseous			
		states.			
6	Course	CO1: The structural features of solid-state material by having the			
	Outcomes	knowledge of packing arrangements.			
	Gutcomes	CO2: Different properties of liquids and their application in daily life.			
		CO3: The separation processes of steam distillation and solvent extraction.			
		CO4: Ideal and Non ideal gas behaviour and their properties.			
		CO5: The basics of thermodynamics to the lab-scale heat exchange processes.			
		CO6: Fundamental properties, thermodynamical properties and application of			
		all states of mater			
7	Course	Course emphasizing on the various solid state structures and its correlation to			
	Description	atomic coordinated, distinguishing properties of liquid state, physical			
		properties of molecule's in solutions and gaseous state, thermochemistry			
		aspects of chemical process.			
8	Outline syllabu				
	Unit 1	Solid State			
	A	Crystalline and amorphous solids, crystal lattices and unit cell, Crystal			
		systems, types, close packing,			
	В	Packing fraction, crystal density, Ionic Radii, radius ratio. X–Ray diffraction:			
		Bragg's law,			
	С	Structures of NaCl, KCl and CsCl (qualitative treatment only). Point Defects.			
	TT 1/ 0	Glass and liquid crystals.			
	Unit 2	Liquid State			

*	SH	[A]	RI)A	١
	UN	IVE			

				Beyond Boundaries		
	A	Qualitative tr function	reatment of th	e structure of the liquid state, Radial distribution		
	В		perties of liqui their determin	ds: vapour pressure, surface tension, coefficient of nation.		
	С	Effect of ad	dition of var	ious solutes on surface tension and viscosity.		
	Temperature variation of viscosity of liquids and comparison gases.					
1	Unit 3	Solution				
	A			law – non-ideal solutions. Colligative properties: on and temperature composition curves of ideal and		
			-	<u>.</u>		
	В	non-ideal solution, azeotropes, distillation of solutions. Partial miscibility of liquids: critical solution temperature, effect of impurity on partial miscibility of liquids.				
	C			Principle of steam distillation. Nernst distribution		
		law and its ap	pplications, so	lvent extraction.		
1	Unit 4	Gaseous Stat				
	A	Kinetic theory of gases, derivation of Ideal gas equation, Maxwell distribution of molecular velocities and molecular energies, principle of equipartition of				
	В	energy, Deviation of	gases from	ideal behaviour, compressibility factor (Z) and		
			-	er Waal's equation of state and its application to		
		explain devia	tion of gases.			
	C	Critical const	ant of gas in t	erms of van der Waal's constant: derivation of Pc,		
		T _c and V _c , principle of corresponding states.				
1	Unit 5 Thermodynamics and Thermochemistry					
	A	and irreversil		Thermodynamics, Entropy changes in reversible Entropy changes for an ideal gas in isothermal, esses.		
	В	Physical sign Energy (G), v	ificance of en	tropy, Helmholtz free energy (A) and Gibbs free ee Energy with pressure and temperature, Maxwell		
	C			y of reaction at constant volume and pressure,		
			-	irchhoff equation, Hess's Law and application,		
		measuring the enthalpy of combustion.				
	Mode of	Theory				
	examination					
,	Weightage	CA	MTE	ETE		
	Distribution	30%	20%	50%		
-	Text book/s*	 P.W. Atkins and Julio de Paula, "Physical Chemistry", 8th Ed., W. H. Freeman Publication, 2006. G.M. Barrow, "Physical Chemistry" Tata McGraw-Hill Education, 2008. Puri, Sharma and Pathania, "Principles of Physical Chemistry" Vishal 				
		Publishing Co.				
				and J.D Tuli, "Essentials of Physical Chemistry",		



5. KL Kapoor, "Textbook of Physical Chemistry" Volume 1 and 2,
Macmillan Publishers



BCH102 Organic Chemistry-1 BCH102

School: SBSR		Batch: 2020-23		
Program: B. Sc		Current Academic Year:		
Branch: Physics		Semester: 02		
1	Course Code	BCH102		
2	Course Title	Organic Chemistry-1 (C)		
3	Credits	4.0		
4	Contact Hours (L-T-P)	(3 1 0)		
	Course Status	Compulsory		
5	Course Objective	 To introduce students to many of the key concepts of organic chemistry through a survey of the basic reactions types. To promote understanding of basic facts and concepts and to inculcate interest in Organic chemistry. To elaborate various electronic factors, an understanding of nucleophiles, electrophiles, electronegativity, and resonance, reaction intermediates and their effect on the course of organic reactions. 		
		 To discuss the theories of organic acids/bases, the concept of Formal charges and Curley Arrow rule. To explain, classify and apply fundamental organic reactions such as SN2, SN1, E2, E1, alkene addition, electrophilic aromatic substitution, 1,2/1,4-additions to organic molecules. To elaborate logical and detailed mechanisms for various fundamental reactions which involves nomenclature, physical properties, synthesis, reactions, of alkanes, alkenes, dienes, and alkynes. To demonstrate the basics of Stereochemistry, Classify molecules as chiral or achiral, identify chiral carbons as (R) or (S), identify relationships between pairs of molecules as enantiomers, diastereomers, or equivalent, and identify when a solution is racemic versus optically active. To provide knowledge of basics of organic chemistry, alkanes and cycloalkanes, alkenes and dienes, alkynes and stereochemistry. 		
6	Course Outcomes	Students will be able to: CO1: explain many concepts like electronic displacement, bond fission, Reaction intermediates, curly arrow rule, nucleophilicity etc. CO2: understand the synthesis, reactions of alkanes, cycloalkanes and their mechanism CO3: explain the synthesis, reactions of alkenes and dienes CO4: summarize the physical and chemical properties of alkynes CO5: explain and apply the concept of stereoisomerism and conformation		

*	SHARDA
	UNIVERSITY

	T	Beyond Boundaries
		CO6: apply the basic concept of organic chemistry in synthesis &
		reactions of hydrocarbons and analyze the stereochemistry of
		hydrocarbons
7	Course	Course emphasizing basic organic chemistry which encompasses various
	Description	types of electronic displacement, reaction intermediates. Further this course
		enables the students to generalize the structure properties relationship of
		Alkanes, alkenes, alkynes and cycloalkane. It also gives in-depth idea to
		prepare various above compounds by different methods. It also covers the
		basic information about stereoisomerism.
8	Outline syllabus	
	Unit 1	Basics of Organic Chemistry
	A	Electronic Displacements- Inductive, electromeric, resonance and
	Α	mesomeric effects, hyperconjugation and their applications; Homolytic and
		Heterolytic fission with suitable examples,
	В	Reaction Intermediates types, shape and relative stability of carbocations,
	D	
		carbanions, free radicals and carbenes Dipole moment; Organic acids and
	C	bases; their relative strength
	C	Curly arrow rules, formal charges; Electrophiles and Nucleophiles;
		Nucleophilicity and basicity.
		Introduction to types of organic reactions and their mechanism: Addition,
		Elimination, Substitution and rearrangement reactions.
	T I:4 2	Allegans and Cycleallyanes
	Unit 2	Alkanes and Cycloalkanes
	A	Alkanes- Methods of synthesis (with special reference to Wurtz reaction,
		Kolbe reaction, Corey-House reaction and decarboxylation of carboxylic
	D	acids & their salts)
	В	Chemical reactions: Nitration, Halogenation, Mechanism of free radical
	G	halogenation of alkanes: orientation, reactivity and selectivity.
	С	Cycloalkanes- Nomenclature, synthesis, relative stability-Baeyer Strain
		Theory, physical properties & Chemical properties.
	Unit 3	Alkenes and Dienes
	A	Methods of synthesis, mechanisms of dehydration of alcohols and
		dehydrohalogenation of alkyl halides, regioselectivity in alcohol
		dehydration, The Saytzeff rule, Hofmann elimination,
	В	Relative stabilities of alkenes Chemical reactions – hydrogenation,
		electrophilic and free radical additions, Markownikoff's rule,
		hydroboration, oxidation, oxymercuration-reduction.
	C	Epoxidation, ozonolysis, hydration, hydroxylation and oxidation with
		KMnO ₄ , polymerization.
		Dienes, Relative stability of dienes, Conjugated dienes, 1,2 and 1,4
		additions.
	Unit 4	Alkynes
	A	Methods of synthesis, chemical reactions, acidity of terminal alkynes,
	В	Mechanism of electrophilic and nucleophilic addition reactions
	C	Hydroboration-oxidation, metal-ammonia reductions, oxidation and
	C	Hydroboration-oxidation, metal-ammonia reductions, oxidation and polymerization.



Unit 5	Stereochemis	strv	Beyond Boundaries	
A	Concept of isomerism and its types, Projection: Newman projection and Sawhorse formulae, Fischer and flying wedge formulae and their			
	interconversion	on, Difference	between conformation and configuration.	
B Conformational isomerism in ethane, n-butane and				
	cyclohexane (axial and equa	torial bonds),	
	Optical isome	erism –Molecu	lar chirality, enantiomers, stereogenic center,	
	optical activit	y, chiral and a	chiral molecules with one & two stereogenic	
	centers			
C	Disasteromers	s, meso compo	unds, Absolute configuration, sequence rules,	
	•	s of nomenclat		
	Geometric iso	omerism – cis/	trans, E/Z system of nomenclature, geometric	
	isomerism in	alicyclic comp	ounds.	
Mode of	Theory			
examination		<u> </u>		
Weightage	CA	MTE	ETE	
Distribution	30%	20%	50%	
Text book/s*	_	•	y Solomon & Fryhle.	
		_	hemistry by Bahl and Bahl.	
	3. Organic Chemistry by Morrison and Boyd.			
	4. Stereochemistry of carbon compounds; E. L. Eliel.			
	5. Stereo Chemistry: Conformation and Mechanism; D. Nasipuri.			
		•	formation and Mechanism; P. S. Kalsi.	
	7. Confo	rmational anal	ysis; Eliel, Allinger, Angyal and Morrison.	



BCH201 Inorganic Chemistry-I

School: SBSR		Batch: 2020-23			
Program: B.Sc		Current Academic Year:			
Bra	nch:Physics	Semester:3 rd			
(H)					
1	Course Code	BCH201			
2	Course Title	Inorganic Chemistry-I			
3	Credits	4			
4	Contact	3-1-2			
	Hours				
	(L-T-P)				
	Course Status	Compulsory /Elective/Open Elective			
5	Course Objective	1. To provide the basics of structure of atoms and the basics of theories involve there in.			
		2. To introduce the concept of ionic bonding of solids and the different factors that affect ionic bonding.			
		3. To illustrate the importance of covalent bonding and its usefulness in			
		predicting fundamental properties of the molecules.			
		4. To explain to the student about shapes of a covalent molecule5. To provide an introduction to the basic concepts in Molecular Orbital Theory and apply them to understand and compare the stability and reactivity of the molecules.			
		6. To introduce other types of non-covalent interaction that could be present in a molecule.			
6	Course Outcomes	The student will be able to CO1: understand the various theories to describe atomic structure CO2: know about ionic bonding, significance and factors affecting the strength of ionic bonding CO3: explain the basis of covalent bonding in molecules CO4: explain the basics of M.O Theory CO5: explain about band theory of solids and non-covalent interactions present in them CO6: gain insight about various ionic, covalent and non-covalent interactions that are present in the molecule and their structural studies			
7	7 Course Description This course describes the basic theories involved in atomic structure chemical bonding. This course satisfies the requirement of B.Sc chemical bonding. This course satisfies the requirement of B.Sc chemical bonding.				
8	Outline syllabu	ıs			
	Unit 1	Atomic Structure			
	A	Bohr's theory, its limitations and atomic spectrum of hydrogen atom.			
	В	Wave mechanics: de Broglie equation, Heisenberg's Uncertainty Principle and its significance, Schrödinger's wave equation, significance of ψ and ψ^2 .			

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	Beyond Boundaries			
Quantum numbers and their significance. Radial and angular wave f for hydrogen atom.				
С	Radial and angular distribution curves. Shapes of s , p , d and f orbitals. Pauli's			
C	Exclusion Principle, Hund's rule of maximum multiplicity, Aufbau's principle			
	and its limitations,			
II:4 2	,			
Unit 2	Chemical Bonding-I			
A	Ionic bond and factors affecting ionic bond; lattice energy and its calculation			
_	by Born-Haber cycle.Madelung constant,			
В	solvation energy, factors affecting solvation energy and solubility of ionic			
	solids.			
С	Polarizing power and polarizability; Ionic Potential, Fajan's rules.			
Unit 3	Chemical Bonding-II			
A	Covalent bonding: Concept of Hybridization, Extent of d-orbital participation			
	in molecular bonding (SO ₂ , PCl ₅ , SO ₃).			
В	Bent's Rule, Resonance in Inorganic molecules and ions, VSEPR theory,			
	Shortcomings of VSEPR theory,			
С	Prediction of structures and variation of bond angles on the basis of VSEPR			
	theory, prediction of hybridization and shapes of simple inorganic molecules			
	and ions such as NH ₃ , H ₃ O ⁺ , SF ₄ , ClF ₃ , ICl ₂ , and H ₂ O by valence shell electron			
	pair repulsion (VSEPR) theory.			
Unit 4	Chemical Bonding-III			
A	Valence bond theory - A mathematical approach and its limitations, direction			
	characteristics of covalent bond. Molecular orbital theory (LCAO method)			
В	Symmetry of molecular orbitals, Applications of MOT to homo- and hetero			
	nuclear diatomic molecules,			
С	Molecular orbital energy level diagrams (He ₂ , B ₂ , C ₂ , Be ₂ , N ₂ , O ₂ , F ₂ , NO, CO,			
	HF, CN ⁻), Applications of MO theory to explain the stability of homo ar			
	hetero dinuclear diatomic molecules.			
Unit 5	Chemical Bonding-IV			
A	Polar covalent bonds, Dipole moment.			
В	Hydrogen bonding and its effect on the physical and chemical properties of			
	compounds of the main group elements. van der Waal's forces (dipole-dipole			
	interactions, ion-dipole interactions, ion-induced dipole interactions)			
С	Metallic bonding: Band theory and its illustration.			
Mode of	Theory			
examination				
Weightage	CA MTE ETE			
Distribution	30% 20% 50%			
Text book/s*	References			
10/10 OOM 5	1. Lee, J.D. Concise Inorganic Chemistry ELBS, 1991.			
Other	Lee, J.D. Concise morganic Chemistry ELBS, 1991. Douglas, B.E. and McDaniel, D.H. Concepts & Models of Inorganic			
References Chemistry Oxford, 1970				
	2. Atkins, P.W. & Paula, J. <i>Physical Chemistry</i> , 10 th Ed., Oxford University			
Press, 2014.				



- 3. Day, M.C. and Selbin, J. *Theoretical Inorganic Chemistry*, ACS Publications, 1962.
- 5. Rodger, G.E. *Inorganic and Solid State Chemistry*, Cengage Learning India Edition, 2002.



BCH151 Syllabus of Chemistry Lab I

School: SBSR		Batch: 2020-23			
Program: BSc. (H)		Current Academic Year			
Bran	Branch: Physics		Semester: 1		
1	Course number	BCH151			
2	Course Title	Chemist	ry Lab I		
3	Credits	1			
4	Contact Hours (L-T-P)	0-0-2			
5	Course Objective	species by	To learn methods for quantitative estimation of different chemical species by various volumetric methods and to understand calorimetric formula, heat capacity of calorimeter, water equivalent of calorimeter and enthalpy.		
6	Course Outcomes	 Able to prepare primary standard and secondary standard solutions. Understand the importance of pH and pH meter. Explain the cause of change in thermal energy of a system during any physical or chemical change. Correlate the change in thermal energy with the heat lost or gained by the system. Distinguish between heat capacity and water equivalent of calorimeter. Able to understand the colligative properties. Able to understand the concept Kinematic viscosity. 			
7	Outline syllabus:				
7.01	CHB 151.01	Task 1	To prepare a standard solution of sodium carbonate (Na ₂ CO ₃) and use it to standardise a given solution of HCl.		
7.02	CHB 151.02	Task 2	To determine the strength of given HCl solution by titrating it against 0.1 N Na ₂ CO ₃ solution pH metrically.		
7.03	CHB 151.03	Task 3	To determine the heat capacity of the calorimeter.		
7.04	CHB 151.04	Task 4	To determine the enthalpy of neutralization of NaOH and HCl.		
7.05	CHB 151.05	Task 5	To determine the enthalpy of hydration of anhydrous copper sulphate.		
7.06	CHB 151.06	Task 6 Determination of integral enthalpy of solution of salts (KNO ₃ , NH ₄ Cl).			
7.07	CHB 151.07	Task 7 Study the variation of viscosity of sucrose solution with the concentration of solute using Ostwald viscometer.			
7.08	CHB 151.08	Task 8 To demonstrate the colligative property of elevation in boiling point.			

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7.09	CHYB151.09	Task 9	To demonstrate the colligative property of depression in freezing point.		
7.10	CHB 151.10	Task 10	To demonstrate the phenomenon of osmosis using semi permeable membrane.		
8	Course Evaluation				
8.1	Course work: 10	00% marks			
8.11	Attendance	None			
8.12	Homework	None			
8.13	Quizzes	None			
		Evaluation	n of work done on each lab turn in the lab notebook and		
		feedback f	rom oral quiz about the work done that day. Zero, if the		
		student is	absent. 0.75N best marks out of N such evaluations: 100		
8.14	Labs	marks	marks		
8.15	Presentations	None	None		
8.16	Any other	None	None		
8.2	MTE	None	None		
8.3	End-term exami	nation: No	ne		
9	References				
9.1	Text book	O.P. Pando	ey, D.N. Bajpai, S.Giri, "Practical Chemistry", S. Chand &		
9.1		Co.			
			astman. E.D. and Rollefson, G.K. Physical Chemistry 1947		
		e	d. McGraw-Hill p307.		
	Other	2. P	auling, Linus: General Chemistry 1970 ed. Dover		
9.2	References	P	ublications pp459-460.		
			Moore, Walter J. <i>Physical Chemistry</i> 1962 ed. Prentice Hall		
			132.		
		þ	1,52.		



BCH152 Chemistry Lab

	School:SBSR	Batch: 2020-23		
	Program	Current Academic Year:		
	Branch:	Semester:3 rd		
	Phys			
1	Course number	BCH152		
2	Course Title	Chemistry Lab		
3	Credits	1		
4	Contact Hours (L-T- P)	0-0-2		
5	Course Objective	 To learn methods for, purification and qualitative analysis of organic compounds To execute independently purification techniques to organic compounds like filtration, recrystallization, sublimation and distillation. To perform the qualitative test on unknown organic compounds i.e preliminary tests, tests for extra elements. To understand the basic concept of quantitative analysis for organic compounds To understand the concept of organic acid and perform the acid base titration to calculate their solubility in solvents at room temperature. 		
6	Course Outcomes	 Students are able to Understand the methods of separation and purification Understand the Qualitative analysis of organic compounds Prepare solutions of different strength and standardize them Execute the volumetric analysis experiments for organic compounds 		
7	Outline syllabus:			
7.01	BCH-152.01	To check the solubility of organic compounds and Filtration/Purification of organic compounds by recrystallization using: Water solvent (Phthalic acid, Benzoic acid), Determination of the melting points of above compounds and report the yields of pure compounds.		
7.02	BCH-152.02	To check the solubility of organic compounds and Filtration/Purification of organic compounds by recrystallization using Alcohol (naphthalene), Determination of the melting points of above compounds and report the yields of pure compounds.		
7.03	BCH-152 .03	Task 3 To check the solubility of organic compounds and Filtration/Purification of organic compounds by		



		recrystallization Alcohol-Water (Aspirin from tablet),		
	Determination of the melting points of above compounds and			
		report the yields of pure compounds.		
		To perform the purification of crude naphthalene by		
BCH-152 .04	Task 4	sublimation method and calculate the percentage yield and		
		M.P		
RCH-152 05	Tools 5	Purification of organic compounds(Water + acetone) by		
BCII-132. 03	Task 3	simple distillation.		
RCH 152 06	Took 6	Elimination reaction of 2-pentanol		
BC11-132.00	Task 0			
DCH 152 07	Tools 7	Cycloaddition reaction of Cyclopentadiene and maleic		
BCH-152.07	Task /	anhydride		
DCII 153 00	Tools 9	To To Analyze the presence of extra elements (N, S, halogens)		
DC11-132.06	Task o	other than C, H, &O in the given organic compound.		
BCH-152.09	Task 9	To To Analyze the presence of extra elements (N, S, halogens)		
		other than C, H, &O in the given organic compound.		
BCH-152 .10	Task 10	To determine the solubility of given organic acid(oxalic acid		
Course Evaluation				
	Course work: 100% marks			
	None			
Homework	None			
Quizzes	None			
	Evaluation of work done on each lab turn in the lab notebook and feedback			
	-	iz about the work done that day. Zero, if the student is absent.		
	0.75N best marks out of N such evaluations: 100 marks			
	None			
•	None			
MTE	None			
End-term examination: None				
References				
Text book	O.P. Pandey, D.N. bajpai, S.Giri, "Practical Chemistry", S. Chand & Co.			
Other	Vogel's "Textbook of quantitative Analysis", Pearson.			
	BCH-152.05 BCH-152.06 BCH-152.07 BCH-152.09 BCH-152.10 Course Evaluate Course work: 1 Attendance Homework Quizzes Labs Presentations Any other MTE End-term example References	BCH-152.05 Task 5 BCH-152.06 Task 6 BCH-152.07 Task 7 BCH-152.08 Task 8 BCH-152.09 Task 9 BCH-152.10 Task 10 Course Evaluation Course Work: 100% marks Attendance None Homework None Quizzes None Evaluation from oral quitabs O.75N best resentations None Any other None End-term examination: None References Text book O.P. Pandey		



BCH251 Chemistry Lab

	School: SBSR	Batch: 2020-23 Current year Semester: 3rd BCH251		
	Program: BSc			
	Branch: Phys			
	Course number			
2	Course Title	Chemistry Lab		
3	Credits	1		
4	Contact Hours (L-T-P)	0-0-2		
5	Course Objective	 To learn the methods for calibration of laboratory glass wares used in experiments. To understand the method of solutions of different normality and Molarity. To understand the process of standardization of a given solution. To understand the concept of redox titration and the reactions involved To perform the qualitative analysis of inorganic compounds. To identify cations and anions in a given mixture. To execute independently the determination of flash point of a given oil. To determine the calorific value of any given material by bomb calorimeter. 		
6	Course Outcomes	 Students will be able to Calibrate the burette and pipette used to get the results with zero error. Prepare the solutions of any given normality and strength. Understand the estimation of mixture of salts. Standardise NaOH with oxalic acid. Understand the reactions involved in redox titrations. Measure the calorific value of any given fuel. Understand the process of determination of flash point and fire point. 		
7	Outline syllabus:			

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	ı	1	Beyond Boundaries		
7.01	CHB-251 .01	Task 1	To calibrate the lab apparatus and preparation of solutions of		
			different Molarity/Normality of titrants.		
7.02	CHB-251 .02	Task 2 To standardization of NaOH with standard Oxalic acid			
7.03	BCH-251.03	Task 3	To estimate the carbonate and hydroxide present together in		
7.03	BC11-251.05	Task 5	mixture.		
7.04	BCH-251.04	Task 4	To estimate of Fe(II) and oxalic acid using standardized		
7.04	DCH-251.04	Task 4	KMnO4 solution.		
			Semi-micro qualitative analysis using H2S of mixtures - not		
			more than two ionic species (one anion and one cation and		
			excluding insoluble salts) out of the following: Cations: NH4+,		
			Pb2+, Ag+, Bi3+, Cu2+, Cd2+, Sn2+, Fe3+, Al3+, Co2+, Cr3+,		
7.05	BCH-251.05	Task 5-8	Ni2+, Mn2+, Zn2+, Ba2+, Sr2+, Ca2+, K+ Anions: CO32-,		
			S2-, SO2-, S2O32-, NO3-, CH3COO-, Cl-, Br-, I-, NO3-		
			,SO42-, PO43-, BO33-,C2O42-, F- (Spot tests should be carried		
			out wherever feasible)		
7.06	BCH-251.06	Task 9	To detect flash point and fire point of a lubricant.		
7.00	BCH-251.00	Task 9			
7.07	BCH-251.07	Task 10	To determine the calorific value of a fuel using Bomb		
			Calorimeter.		
8	Course Evaluation				
8.1	Course work:	100% marks			
8.2	Attendance	None			
8.3	Homework	Yes			
8.4	Quizzes	Yes			
		Evaluation of work done on each lab turn in the lab, notebook and feedback			
		from oral quiz about the work done that day, punctuality, interaction. Zero, if			
		_	the student is absent. 0.75N best marks out of N such evaluations:		
8.5	Labs	60 marks			
8.6	Presentations	None			
8.7	Any other	None			
8.8	MTE	None			
8.9	End-term examination: Yes, 40 marks				
9	References				
9.1					
9.2	Other References	Other Vogel's "Textbook of quantitative Analysis" Pearson			
9.2	Vogel's "Teythook of quantitative Analysis" Pearson				